# THE WILL TANT

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# Raise Wages To Meet Rise In Living Costs!

— An Editorial —

Just as Wilson did in 1917, Roosevelt is now opening a campaign against wage raises by going through the motions of obtaining price control.

Roosevelt's answer to the growing demand for wage raises to meet the rising cost of living is a bill introduced in Congress to give the administration the power to set price ceilings.

Roosevelt, however, revealed his main objective when, in his message to Congress, he said: "Labor has far more to gain from price stability than from abnormal wage increases." Even before his price "control" begins to operate he wants the workers to give up their demand for wage increases.

In return for his empty promise of price control, he wants the workers to abandon the struggle for the higher wages they need to meet the price rises that have already occurred.

All the signs point to the fact that the workers will be fixing."

In the last war the government also got the price-fixing Wilson's war administration jumped nearly 140 percent.

The fact is that a government run for the benefit of the capitalists will not and cannot curb prices, for that means curbing the profits of the capitalists who really run the government.

Both from the experiences of World War I, and from the very nature of capitalism ("free enterprise"), it is clear that Roosevelt's bill will not materially affect the rise in prices.

Roosevelt may use troops against strikers but portunity for war profiteering.

Maybe many workers will not believe this, maybe they still have faith in Roosevelt and think that he will really try to stabilize prices and succeed at it.

But even workers who feel this way will be making a great | "guilty of an unfair labor pracmistake if they place all their reliance on Roosevelt's bill to solve tice" in having called the furnithe problem that means food and clothing for their children.

For under Roosevelt's bill, control of prices will not be in the hands of the workers who are most affected by disastrous price rises. Control of prices will be in the hands of the dollar-a-year men, the friends of "free enterprise."

Workers who try to organize a union have learned better than to place all their hopes in the activities of a government labor relations board. They know that in addition to labor board votes, and far more decisive, organization and action on the job are necessary.

In the same way it would be incorrect, for workers to sit back and await the outcome of Roosevelt's bill.

What is required in this case is the independent action of the workers to meet the rising cost of living. Regardless of Workers Organizing Committee what Roosevelt says he will do, the workers must begin at once (CIO) to which Local 544 is now to take those steps they can take to prevent a decline in their living standards.

When prices go up, wages must go up. This is the workers' answer to rising prices.

No machinery yet exists that will guarantee price control in the interests of the workers. But already the workers have the instruments for securing wages that will at least neutralize the price rises that are sure to come.

Those instruments are the trade unions, the same organs for workers' struggle for better conditions that make possible wage increases in "peace-

For a rising scale of wages to meet the rising cost of living! This slogan must be taken up by every trade union, and provisions to put it into effect mus be written into every union contract.

Only in this way, through the automatic adjustment of wage scales to the rise in the cost of living, can the workers be sure that, regardless of what happens to government promises, they will avoid a repetition of World War I experiences when promises were given about price control, but only wages were frozen.

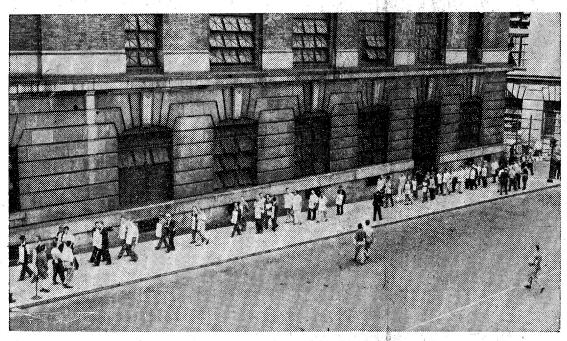
#### **NEXT WEEK'S ISSUE** is the

TROTSKY MEMORIAL ISSUE

Nov. 7, 1879—Aug. 21, 1940

The Story of His Heroic Life In Articles and Pictures

#### Electrical Workers Still On Strike



One of the many mass picket lines thrown around Consolidated Edison's New York power plants this week by Local 3 of International Brotherhood of Electrical Workers (AFL). As usual, Sidney Hillman is attempting to break this strike which is aimed at a union contract.

# Labor has no reason to believe that the government will really prevent a rise in the cost of living. Labor has no reason to believe that the government will really prevent a rise in the cost of living. faced with a steady decline in living standards as the war progresses, in spite of governmental "price Election In One Industry

MINNEAPOLIS, August 5—The unholy alliance of government, bosses powers requested in Roosevelt's bill. Nevertheless, prices during and AFL will go to any lengths to prevent the Minneapolis truck-drivers from democratically establishing which union they want to belong to. That became clear Saturday, when Alfred P. Blair, head of the State Labor Board, brazenly refused to grant the request of Local 544-CIO that a secret, government-supervised election be held to determine which union the 300 furniture drivers and helpers of this city want to represent them.

The CIO petition covering the furniture industry was the first on which the State Labor Board ruled, but the CIO has presented petitions 3 covering all other drivers and allied workers in the city. The AFL always enjoyed an advantage over St. Paul in the matter of wages. is opposed to any elections, knowing that any balloting will dehour and conditions." monstrate that the drivers stand with Local 544-CIO, which has That's true. And the reason been the union of the drivers since it organized them in 1934. why Minneapolis has better

he certainly is not going to use them against the capi- On June 13 the membership of Local 544 voted to disaffiliate talists, who will oppose any limitation on their op- from the AFL and join the CIO. Tobin, AFL teamsters chief, here to smash the union.

The State Labor Board refused 544-CIO's proposal for an election on the pretext that the union was ture workers out on strike June 18 without having filed a strike off" period required under the notorious "Slave Labor Law" of Republican Governor Stassen.

The State Labor Board justified this preposterous ruling on the ground that the strike notice filed on June 1 by Local 544 was invalid because in the "cooling off" period between then and the strike, Local 544 had dissaffiliated from the AFL and joined the CIO!

Frank Barnhart, regional director of the United Construction affiliated, exposed the state

"Such a decision by the state conciliator is an open invitation to the AFL to continue its terrorist tactics against the employes of the industry," said Barnhart.

The State Labor Board now must rule on the petitions covering the rest of the 6,000 workers in the industry. In the open fact that Minneapolis has might be proven to be a wolf in acquitted."

rest of the cases it does not even have the flimsy pretext of the strike among the furniture workers. But it is clear that state machine, supplementing Tobin's hoodlums and Rooseof Justice, will move heaven and earth to prevent the truck drivers from voting for the union of their choice.

On Monday, August 11, the 29 Socialist Workers Party, Local 544-CIO and other defendants, indicted on July 15 on "seditious conspiracy" charges at the instigation of Roosevelt's Department of Justice, will be arraigned in the federal court here.

In return for their aid to Tobin, he bosses are now demanding their pound of flesh. They will discuss contracts with Tobin's paper "union" here - but only on condition that Tobin helps them to impose wages and working conditions far lower than those which have been established here since 1934 by Local 544.

Last week's issue of the "AFL Teamster," Tobin's organ here. the AFL sheet, "it has been an

wage scales for truckers is because of Local 544-CIO, whereto resist government interference as St Paul drivers are in the and government strikebreaking, hands of Tobin's henchmen. and to oppose the subservient

For Acquittal Of SWP MINNEAPOLIS-In spite of the frameup indictment of the Socialist Workers Party by Roosevelt's Department of Justice, the Negro people here, who have had the best opportunity | When the board whitewashed to observe the activities of the party, can find nothing but praise Richard Frankensteen's notorious and commendation for the Socialist Workers Party.

This was shown in the editorial printed in the August 1 issues of the Minneapolis Spokesman and the St. Paul Recorder, outstanding Negro papers published in the Northwest, which expressed the hope that the de-9

fendants will be acquitted. is entitled "Leaders O.K. By Us",

"We are not familiar with the merits of the case of the governers Party, but we do know that lution. many of its leaders have repeatedly attacked the enemies of the colored people in this area.

"With developments in this case and the all-out labor war between factions occuring so rapidly the general public has not mand wage scales for Minneapolis | had an opportunity to get at the as low as those in neighboring real basis for the indictments St. Paul. "For years," complains voted by the Federal grand jury. "The Socialist Workers Party

sheep's clothing but most of its The text of the editorial, which campaigns on public measures have been open as far as we have seen. Our faith in most political parties is limited. We still have faith in democracy working and ment against the Socialist Work- are not interested in 'the revo-

> "We cannot, however, deny that members of the S.W.P. and its leadership or at least many of them named in the indictments have fought anti-Negro programs and racial bigotry wherever they found it. That's enough for us to hope the charges upon which they have been indicted are proven false and that they will be

# Hillman, Lewis In **Auto Union Clash**

Hillman's Pro-War Machine Starts Fight In Auto Convention; Fundamental Issues Remain Unclear As Lewis Group Vacillates

BUFFALO, August 5-The long smouldering struggle between the Reuther-Hillman and the Addes-Lewis forces in the United Automobile Workers (CIO) convention flared into the open today as a preliminary test of strength between the groups on the question of seating ten delegates from Allis-Chalmers Local No. 248 resulted in a victory for the Reuther-Thomas-Frankensteen

The Addes group, which supported the Allis-Chalmers delegation, was defeated by a vote of approximately 1200 to 1700, after R. Leonard and Reuther delivered vicious red-baiting speeches.

George Addes, secretary treasurer of the UAW, spoke openly for the first ime against the Hillman-Reuther group. He attacked the reactionary maneuvers of the Reuther group and demanded the followed Reuther in this test vote seating of the Allis delegates as a reply to the capitalist press only because they knew little which has conducted a barrage of red-baiting against the Milwaukee local that waged a 79 day strike against the opposition of Knudsen and Knox.

However, although this preliminary skirmish has taken place, the basic problems facing the UAW-CIO and the labor novement generally have not

been clearly and precisely brought Roosevelt-stooging of Hillman. before the delegates. But Addes and his supporters

in the UAW have thus far in the THE FUNDAMENTAL ISSUE auto convention failed to rally the It is increasingly evident to militant spirit of the auto dele the militant delegates, who gates around a fighting program. have followed the forces at The Addes group has reflected the work in the CIO since the be-Lewis struggle against Hillman ginning of Roosevelt's all-out only as a pale shadow. war campaign, that the burn-WHY ADDES' SILENCE? ing question is whether the The only reason for the defeat UAW-CIO is to remain a union of the militant elements on the free of all interference and control by the government, or to become a union controlled and hog-tied by the government, shackled to the OPM, the Mediation Board, and the dollar-a-year men of the Roosevelt-Wall Street war machine. The tendency of the John L. Lewis group in the CIO has been

question of the seating of the Allis-Chalmers delegates is that the meek and hesitant Addes lead ership has failed to rally the del egates around a clear program For months previous to this con-

vention, a seething struggle has been going on between the two groups on the International Executive Board. There have been plenty of differences of opinion within these meetings, but not once has the Addes group come out into the open on any major Governor Stassen's Republican state machine, supplementing Negro Newspapers Call issue and challenged the strikebreaking, pro-war policy of the breaking, pro-war policy of the

of unity the International Executive Board has published all its Coast, the vote was announced as unanimous. In reality, it is known that the board backed Frankensteen only by the slim margin of ten to nine. Why didn't the Addes group dare to announce its real and file, educate the militant membership on the issues at stake? That is the question now in the minds and on the Lips of many a militant delegate to this conven-

REUTHER GROUP ORGANIZED

The failure of Addes to bring such issues to the membership has spelled defeat for the militants in the first test of strength At least two hundred delegates who voted with Reuther today to unseat the Allis delegation are wavering elements who know that he cannot attend this conlittle about the real issues. They

about the program of the Addes group, and had been fed a mountain of propaganda by the Thomas-Reuther group, which has been conducting an open offensive for several months.

The Reuther group has already held two full national caucuses since the beginning of this convention Monday.

Many militant delegates now realize that the failure to lay down a basic program, has cost the progressive forces the Allis-Chalmers delegation. They have been pressing Addes and other International Board members for a caucus. This caucus was finally held tonight.

In this caucus meeting the Addes forces again showed their hesitancy to give the militant elements a lead. Addes did not appear. The only basic proposals came from rank and file delegates. speeches, calling the Addes leadership to task for not providing a program. One delegate clearly put

the question: "Is this going to be a Hillman-controlled union, a union controlled by the dollar-a-year men in Washington, or is it going to be a fighting independent force to protect labor?" MILITANTS STILL

LEADERLESS But all this militancy is as yet without firm leadership.

Under pressure from these militant delegates, the Addes group has scheduled another national caucus of its supporters.

Should the militant men who have fought so many victorious battles on the picket line have their way at this caucus, there will yet be a basic and fundamental struggle against the Hillman-Reuther program at this auto convention Should the Addes caucus take the offensive, on the basis of independent unionism and a firm antiwar and anti-government strikebreaking stand, there is no doubt but that it can still win over a majority of the delegates of the convention.

As the convention convened, it was announced in the press that fact that he has since announced (Continued on page 3)

# Cannon-for-Mayor Petition

#### Workers Are Signing To Place Trotskyist **Party On Ballot**

It was a blistering hot day in New York last week when members of the Socialist Workers Party marched out of headquarters petitions in their hands. The peacross the top of them, in bold type, were the words, "TROT-SKYIST ANTI-WAR PARTY" and "JAMES P. CANNON FOR MAYOR OF THE CITY OF NEW

These anti-war militants headed for the crowded working-class sections of the city.

petition is a picture of a world when it comes time to eat they're in chains. The workers under not good enough to eat with the stand chains. They put their sig- white soldiers. And during rest natures in an hour's time,

natures to the fresh paper. They time they can't even talk to a concentration and determination. An old man, a Pole, approaches.

He is curious about the paper his friends are signing. Yes, he is a citizens. Yes, he voted in the last with long unsigned nominating of Cannon, but if he's against the wars - then be's a good man. The Europe and most of them are in concentration camps. War put them in concentration camps. He doesn't want that to happen here in America. And so he signs.

"I have three brothers in the army," a young Negro says, looking at the petition. "They're good asks. At the top of the nominating enough to march and fight, but

write haltingly, but with great white soldier. Can't be any war for democracy if there isn't any demands. democracy in the first place. I'll

They have been fooled too often election, Cannon? He never heard against Jim Crowism but only against Jim Crowism. Old pamphlets are produced for a rapidly growing crowd to see. "Negroes March on Washington,' "The Negro and the Army," "De-U. S. S. Philadelphia."

"Mr. Trotsky was always against Jim Crow?" one of them

Now they sign rapidly, one after another. Almost a hundred sig-

How do I know you aren't the Communist Party?" one man

We are against the imperialist war - the C. P. is for it.

ganizations? First they are for until after election day. But the then they're for it. I can't keep Trotskyists have a long record up with 'em. I'm not signing anything. I don't trust Communists.' He must be visited again. He

> In a shopping center we get walk and shouting our slogans.

deserves a full explanation.

People turn their heads to listen. A well-dressed woman rushes up, her face contorted with anger.

"Aren't you ashamed of youryou have any patriotism?" tract a crowd. Others in the crowd ers as their candidate for Mayor,

Before she can be answered an Anti-War Program other woman appears out of the gathering crowd. She is motherly. Her eyes also flash with anger, With New Yorkers but not at the young man col

ting the people vote on war. It is late and slowly the com-That's more than Mr. Roosevelt rades trudge back to the head-

pretty clothes. "If he were my son all, successful. Tomorrow they fend the Negro Sailors on the signatures by standing on the side. I would have drowned him long will go out again — and the next

softly. "I'd be proud to have him

for my son," she says. self?" she shouts. "Don't you want yell: "Fascists! Provocateurs! dicted by the war-mongers for

## Proves Popular are willing to discuss, and having

"Why are you yelling at this discussed to sign. The Stalinists young man?" she demands of the are our press agents. They atwell dressed woman. "He's doing tract crowds by their slander. a wonderful thing. He's for let- They gain for us many signatures.

quarters. It has been hard work "He's dislayal to his country," but it has been important work. screams the woman with the Important and exciting and, above day, and the next.

It is obvious by now that more The motherly woman replies than enough signatures will be gathered to place the "TROT-In Union Square, Stalinists the ballot. James P. Cannon, into defend your country? Don't Agents of Hitler!" Their cries at- "sedition," is accepted by work-

# Impetus To Struggles Of Conquered Peoples

By GEORGE STERN

Germany's blitzkrieg invasion of the Soviet Union, now in its seventh week, has slowed to bare walking pace. In titanic battles on the central portion of the 1,800 mile front around Smolensk, the Red Army has held the Nazis for nearly three weeks. Unable to dent Soviet defenses there, the Germans have apparently transferred their central pressure to the Ukrainian front, toward Kiev and it is here that the next major battles are apparently about to unfold.

The Red Army stand against Hitler's legions has come as a revelation to the rest of the world. Churchill and Roosevelt

For the moment, Japan's

stress is still southward, des-

pite multiplying reports of Jap-

anese troop concentrations in

Manchukuo along the Siberian

frontier. The U.S. economic

sanctions of last week did not

prevent the Japanese from pro-

ceeding with their unopposed

occupation of Indochina. Wash-

ington consequently followed

up by imposing an embargo on

aviation gasoline. The Japanese

appear to be opening up pres-

sure on Thailand (Siam) with

a view to getting into position

for eventual operations against

will force a crucial decision in

Tokyo. Any move beyond Indo-

china and possibly beyond Thai-

land will bring Japan into a clash

with the Anglo-American bloc

and the developments to the

north may bring it simultaneous-

ly into conflict with the Soviet

For Japan, its forces already

strained and stretched wide on

Chinese battlefields, the pros-

pect is grim indeed. And this

accounts in no small measure

for the stronger attitude now

being taken in Washington.

From Washington's point of

view, the Red Army stand

against Hitler has provided an

possible to deal with the Jan-

anese. During the next month

the Battle of Asia in World

War II may open.

the British in Malaya.

THE SITUATION OF

JAPAN IS DESPERATE

have greeted it as "magnificent" and the press gives surprised recognition to the fact that the Red Army has exploded the myth of Nazi invincibility.

This explosion has been felt in the widest reaches of the insecure Nazi European empire. In Norway, in Holland, in Yugoslavia, and even in France it has given fresh impetus to the continuing struggles of the conquered peoples. The very prospect of a Nazi bog-down on the Russian steppes has released hopes that a turn in the tide of war has already come.

So far the Red Army has made its stand quite alone. The steppedup British air offensive in Germany has been supplemented only by minor operations off Northern Finland, where a possible British invasion is being rumored. In Washington, an arrangement has just been announced under which material aid again bring Japanese relations is to be extended by this country.

CLASH MAY NOW COME WITH JAPAN

Since the transpacific route via Vladivostok is the only practicable one for these supplies to take, this issue is likely in the near future to bring Japanese-American tension to a head. The Japanese imperialists, being pushed against the wall of isolation, will have to decide whether they can, in their own interest, allow American shipments of military supplies to the USSR pass und hindered through Japanesecontrolled seas.

In Washington it has already been indicated that any Japanese attempt at interference will be met by any necessary means. The actual test of this issue may touch off war in the Pacific.



German soldiers taken prisoners by the Red Army, receive water from a Red nurse before

#### 'Anti-Alien' Smith Act But the development of events will not allow the Japanese to concern themselves only with a drive southward. U.S. shipments **Inmasked as Anti-Labor** to the Soviet Union will once with the Axis into review and

The Smith Act, the main section of the law under which that Roosevelt had loosed. Ten the CIO and Socialist Workers Party militants have been in minutes each was alloted to the dicted in Minnesota, passed Congress in 1939 as an alien opponents of the bill, and when neasure. In reality, as the St. Paul indictment now shows, the main purpose of the Smith Act is against the labor movement.

Almost any bill labelled anti-alien could probably have quite simply: passed Congress the summer of 1940 when the Smith bill was dopted. As Representative Thomas Ford of California said on the floor of the House then:

"The mood of this House is such that if you brought in the Ten Commandments and asked for their repeal, and attached to that request an alien law, you

NAVY DRAFTED IT

would get it."

In the debate on the Smith bill interval in which it may prove

> drafted and sent down by the Navy Department, and I included it in this bill. It was their earnest request that it be

An so the truth was out. The Smith bill was aimed at citizens who opposed the war; the key section of the Smith bill was drafted by the administration.

"The proponents of this b. l," said Representative Celler of New York, "are the spiritual descendants of the Salem witch burners ... of the 'Know-nothings'... of the Ku Klux Klan. They are the Moseleys, the Fritz Kuhns and the Pelleys. They and their kind want to Americanize everybody but themselves... This pattern is

Rep. Geyer of California said: "Hitler rose to power on just this type of laws."

COFFEE DENOUNCED BILL

Rep. Coffee of Washington said: "On page 19, section 4, line 3 will be found this tricky little phrase: 'it shall be unlawful for any person to attempt to commit, or to conspire to commit, any or the acts prohibited by any provision of this title.' Under the broad provisions of these words what chance would an accused have to prove his innocence because the phrases 'attempt to commit' or 'conspire to commit' give they had finished, Representative Smith got to his feet and said,

"This bill does not do anything to aliens (and radicals) that ought not to be done to them."

version of the war-time alien and sedition acts of 1812 and 1917. The new act will be used for the same purpose as the old ones.

whipping boy -- and no doubt company, supposedly employing he'll receive plenty of blows. But 700 men Franklin Doublecross Roosevelt doesn't really care whether you problem, first of its kind to be corced by opponents, Representa past, irrespective of its termina What he wants to know is whether troops will act out the parts of tive Howard (poll-tax) Smith, tion or of how it may have or not you are ready to stop a workers, srikers and soldiers in few bullets with your chest in complete detail. Picket lines, clubs, "That section (sedition) was Words fail me in attempting to Dakar. That is his final test of Americanism.

lowing press release issued by the Army July 2 at Camp Stewart:

"Camp Stewart's first troops to handle a 'strike' situation today were prepared for action. "The 101st Separate Battalion

was set to move out early tomorrow morning to put down a sham The alien has always been the strike at a theoretical aluminum

"In the maneuver and field were born in France or America. staged at Camp Stewart, the 101st placards and soap-box speeche will be part of the show."

duty has become a routine part of the "military" training being

throughout the country, the CIO

The July 28, CIO News, begins

its report with the recent incident

at Camp Edwards, Massachusetts.

when several trainees were in-

jured in a skirmish between sev

eral hundred troops representing

other soldiers supposed to be

Similar training is being given

at an encampment of 20,000 draf

tees at Coleman, Texas, According

to the News, one entire division

has been receiving two months in-

tensive training in strikebreak ng

duty, including jui jitsu and other

methods of dealing with union

"The course is also reported

to include propaganda to sup-

ply moral justification for pos-

sible use of the troops against

American strikers," states the

Other instances of this type of

training which the CIO reports

Camp Stewart, Georgia-

large-scale anti-labor man-

Fort Hancock, New Jersey-

Fort Meade, Maryland-in-

Fort Bragg, North Carolina

—use of bayonets to break

Camp McClellan, Alabama-

lectures on "domestic disturb-

The News also reprints the fol-

tensive training in "riot" duty. Ford Ord, California-strike

machine gun practice against

News reports.

shaft."

pickets.

are as fellows:

euvers.

strikes.

# **Draftee Says Officers** Ordered To Be Tough

communication that the "soft" of from our camp. The soldier was ficers would soon become hard has entirely in the wrong. He went come true. The big squeeze is be- into a Negro saloon in that town ing put on them by their supe- and proceeded to hurl epithets at riors and they are beginning to this Negro after which he chased toe the mark.

There is no real spirit of friendmen. The military bureaucrats There has not been one lecture are supposedly fighting for "de- that called off the Negro march

The military bureaucrats keep the men in line by fear of all soldiers. You keep clean because

place last week. A corporal from lectors. our camp was killed by a Negro

the Negro into his house. The ship between the officers and the his shotgun. Many of the soldiers rule, not through respect, but fear. the wrong. It is entirely the fault of the Jim Crow policy of the to my knowledge in our camp on army that these occurrences take the issues of the war, that we place. (Those yellow "leaders"

on Washington should be unmer-

At no time do the officers kinds of punishment. You are preach to the white soldiers for not taught that cleanliness is ne a friendlier relationship, with the cessary for the good health of the Negro soldiers in the army. It is pointed," they write, "not to find so pathetic to see a Negro soldier you'll get extra dues if you don't. hesitatingly respond to the Kitchen police, confinement to friendly advances of a white solquarters, week-ends taken away, dier. I have spoken to many Nespecial details, etc. No real tests gro soldiers and they feel very are given on ratings of corporal bitter. They do the most menial or sergeants. It's whom you know type of work in the army. The tion: "The subscriber is a colored and the amount of bootlicking white soldiers are being taught that the Negro soldier is good for

# On The War Fronts Red Army Blasts Myth of Hitler Strength Soviet Resistence Gives Clo News Says ArmyTaughtto Break Strikes Break Strikes Now. 83% Filled Training for strikebreaking

Last week the \$10,000 War Chest stood at 76 per cent of given soldiers in the army camps completion. This week it has risen to 83 per cent.

Eleven branches now are over the 100 per cent mark and another eleven at the mark, making 22 branches that have fulfilled or more than fulfilled their quota.

Buffalo increased its lead by 3 per cent, climbing to 167 per cent. That's the record of the youngest branch in the party!

Akron, Boston, Flint, St. Paul and Allentown went over the top this week, with Chicago having \$10 to its credit over the 100 per cent mark. Pittsburgh also joined the 100 percenters.

a strikebreaking force and 100 All these advances mean that completion of the War Chest by August 21st, the day commemorating the death of Leon Trot-"rioting strikers" at a "mine sky, is well-night assured.

#### Contributions This Week

	Branch	Amoun
	Minneapolis	.\$110.6
•	New York	
	Chicago	
	Los Angeles	. 69.0
	St. Paul	. 68.80
-	San Francisco	. 66.00
	Boston	
	Flint	. 33.00
	Pittsburgh	. 10.00
	Milwaukee	
	Akron	
	Allentown	
	New Haven	. 5.00
	Buffalo	. 1.50
		<u> </u>
	TOTAL	. \$631.44

## \$10,000 War Chest SCOREBOARD

Branch	Quota	Amt.	Pd. %
BUFFALO\$	60.00	\$ 100.	00 167
READING	25.00	38.	30 153
CLEVELAND	150.00	186.	50 124
BALTIMORE	10.00	12.	00 120
AKRON	50.00	60.	
ST. PAUL	300.00	325.	
ALLENTOWN	25.00	27.	
YOUNGSTOWN	150.00	160.	00 107
SEATTLE	25.00	26.	E 0.00
FLINT	200.00	207.	
Boston	350.00	353.	7,77%
San Diego Portland St. Louis	100.00	100.	
Portland	30.00	30.	May be a secretary or product the con-
St. Louis	25.00	25.	
Quakertown	25.00	25.	
Toledo	10.00	10.	
Detroit	500.00	500.	0.0 100
Louisiana	25.00		The state of the s
Newark	500.00	500.	V
Philadelphia	125.00	125.	2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2
	1200.00	1210.	
Pittsburgh	40.00	40.	
Rochester	50.00	46.	
New Haven	50.00	42.0	
Milwaukee	55.00	46.	00 84
San Francisco Bay Area	1100.00	883.	83 80
New York City 2	2500.00	1726.	
Los Angeles	500.00	345.	
Texas	20.00	10.0	00 50
South Chicago	125.00	55.	00 44
	1200.00	516.	54 43
Fresno	30.00	0.	
Members-at-Large	475.00	511.	
TOTALS\$10	0,000.00	\$8268.	92 83
er e general			2.0

SUBS. PLEASE! LET'S SEE THEM ROLL IN

Los Angeles, after looking peated circulations of the paper over its subscription list, reacted which are not followed up by subin a manner we wish would be scriptions have failed to realize come universal. "We were disapmore names on the list. It suggests that a little more attention to the subscription phase of our work here would be in order." Quakertown sends in a subscrip-

tion with the following explanaworker to whom I sent the paper by mail for a few months. Then went to see him and he gave me a sub."

A subscriber in Denver comes through with a joint subscription renewal and says: "I am enclosing \$3 for my over-time neglected payment on two most interesting papers. Sorry I'm not sending in many subscriptions."

We suspect our members of beng a little shy when it comes to asking workers for subs. Those who make a constant practice of trying to establish permanent connection with their worker-contacts by broaching the subject of subscriptions report that the securing of subs is simple.

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War Contracts Show Who Profits From War

Who runs this country and who profits from the war? The answer is provided in compact form by the Office of Production Management's Bureau of Research and Statistics, which issued a report on July 26, showing that six corporations held 31.5 per cent of the total War and Navy Department contracts awarded up to the end of May.

These six giant corporations, together with 50 others most of them subsidiaries of the largest corporations or controlled by

the same three or four financial directorates-have secured threefourths of the total contracts. The total of all contracts amounts to \$9,839,000,000.

The six leading corporations and the amounts of their contracts are as follows: Beth. Steel Corp. ... \$927,000,000

New York Shipbuilding Corp ..... \$507,000,000 Gen. Motors Corp. \$490,000,000 Curtiss-Wright Corp. \$444,000,000 Newport News Ship-

building and Dry Dock Co. .......\$389,000,000 E. I. du Pont de Ne-

mours & Co. ...\$318,000,000 Every one of these corporations has maintained a notoriously vile anti-labor policy, with a record of resisting wage increases and union organization during the period when they were receiving these contracts. The du Pont and Curtiss-Wright corporations still

unions of the workers.

20,000 smaller independent plants operating under capacity. Meanwhile the giant corporations hog all the contracts and have backlogs of orders which in some instances cannot be filled in three production bottleneck!

> In Los Angeles MILITANT

and four years. Here's the real

Brooklyn Ave. Book Store E. 1st St. & Rowan Ave. Sam Smith's Newsstand 5th

through inter-locking maintain company unions and re-

Recent government estimates show that there are close to

Lazerus Candy Store 2109

of Fascist design."

fuse to deal with the genuine

such broad latitude that no limits can be conjured.

"In this bill . . . we find on page" he administration supporters at 27 a section which I quote, ... tempted to say as little as pos membership in any of the classes... sible about the section of the bill enumerated in section 1 of this which, in effect, labeled anti-war act, at any time, no matter of how literature as seditious. But when short duration or how far in the sponsor of the bill, said frankly: ceased, shall require deportation. properly describe this action. It has no parallel in law. It is sui generis. It stands by itself. Under

> possibilities." Representative Marcantonio New York said:

its provision I am aghast at the

"If there was a strike and the national guard was called out to break it ... it would be seditious, under this bill, for the strikers to pass out leaflets to the guards stating their side of the case."

BUT FOR WANTED IT But these few voices could not

Trotsky's Last Work

shout down the fear and prejudice

MANIFESTO OF THE FOURTH INTERNATIONAL on the

IMPERIALIST WAR and the

PROLETARIAN REVOLUTION

5 cents per copy Order from

New York City

# PIONEER PUBLISHERS 116 University Place

A very important incident took one thing only, to be garbage col-

cifully exposed).

Trotsky Memorial Meeting

to commemorate the death of Comrade LEON TROTSKY, August 21, 1940 FRIDAY, AUGUST 22, 8:30 P. M. -- Manhattan Plaza, 66 E. 4th St., N. Y.

Speaker: JAMES P. CANNON National Secretary of the Socialist Workers Party

# At The Auto Convention

# Struck at the Very Outset

By ART PREIS

muffled roll of drums sounded local union defense guards. from behind the closed doors at the rear of the mammoth audito- ner is lettered in gold: "Local

ing of the Sixth Annual Conven- ing Squadron." tion of the United Automobile Workers Union (CIO) had already Flying Squadrons and their union taken place. But for the workers brothers are recorded in the re from all the automobile and air ports of R. J. Thomas, UAW pres- which the delegates demanded, craft centers of the country the ent, and George Addes, secretary were greeted with the loudest apreal opening of the convention treasurer. was just about to start.

"Here comes the Ford Local 600 band!"

The thousand delegates stood on

It was the tribute of fighting ion in the country. union men and women to the livthe open-shop and industrial op-covering 398,000 workers. pression and have made the UAW CIO the most dynamic union in

gates, no belarded business agents general average 10 cents an hour certain people (the Stalinists) a of the reactionary AFL craft-un wage increase in the automobile few months ago when I advocated Ion vintage. These are the men industry. and women from the ranks, the leaders of the picket lines, the job who have won the greatest tion have opened the way for an that these same people will be confidence and respect of their

sembled delegates.

THE UNION'S DEFENSE GUARDS

Symbolic of the character of this union, as reflected in this convention, are the hundreds of delegates wearing their brightly colored service caps - the caps BUFFALO, 'August 4 - A of the flying squadrons, the UAW realize the slogan of this conven-One white and purple silk ban-

581, Flint, Mich., Fisher No. 1. Everyone of the thousand auto The Flying Wedge." Another, letworker delegates seated at the tered gold on a green background, dozen rows of tables, stretching says: "The Flying Squadron, hundreds of feet along the length Chrysler Local 7, Detroit." On of the auditorium, turned his head numerous service cans and on the away from the speakers platform. uniform shirts of delegates is pro-The formal opening this morn-claimed their function: "The Fly-

The accomplishments of these

UNION'S GREAT GAINS

The paid-up membership of the UAW-CIO is today 526,413, an increase of 93 per cent over the militant expression affected the diately. the tables and chairs, roared, membership reported at the last talks of the various union officers stamped and cheered a titanic convention. This makes the UAW who spoke. It forced R. J. Thomas, welcome to the Ford union local. the third largest international un. when he gave his opening address

The union has contracts covering symbol of their mighty vic- ing 982 plants, protecting a total of him. tories of the past year, the vic- of 703,760 workers. At the previtories which have smashed ous convention last year in St. ponse to any portion of Thomas's through the greatest bulwarks of Louis the union had 494 contracts

During the past year, through the strike struggles in Ford, Genthe American labor movement to- eral Motors, Allis-Chalmers and a statement which received scarcescores of lesser plants and corpor- ly any response — Thomas stated: These are no hand-picked dele- ations, the UAW has secured a

AIRCRAFT IS NEXT

The militant strike struggles at people wanting to go much further organizational drive in the mush- advocating we go to war. rooming aircraft industry which There is an electric atmosphere has already added 50,000 members

of vitality, of confidence, of bold- to the ranks of the UAW. It is Militant Note ness, emanating from the asclear from the vigorous response of the delegates to every mention of the aircraft organization drive

that one of the key ambitions of the UAW members is to carry through a drive on the scale of the Ford campaign to bring the 500,000 aircraft workers into the UAW in the next year, and thus tion - to make the UAW-CIO the largest and most powerful international union in America.

The initial proceedings of the convention today clearly revealed the moods and feelings of the auto

The kind of language they respond to is fighting language. Every note of militancy struck by any speaker was the occassion for loud applause and

Those speakers who sensed this. plause.

THOMAS TAUNTS WARMONGERS

The desire of the delegates for this afternoon, to strike a much stronger note than was expected

Perhaps the most significant resspeech was when he dealt with the war question.

After declaring that he was for material aid to Great Britain -

"I was called a war-monger by material aid to Britain. "Today we can hear these same

"I still say we should keep ourselves on record as against any foreign adventure." This last remark brought

forth an instantaneous and treatives. FRANKENSTEEN BOOED mendous volume of applause, and indicated that there is potentially no more powerful an anti-war force in this country today than the auto workers. UNION DEMOCRACY JEALOUSLY GUARDED

The delegates are quick to resent and loudly oppose anything that smacks of high-handed or arbitrary decisions from the chair. and jealously guard every democratić right.

The minority of the Credentials Committee reported that an atempt was being made to refuse seating to the large delegation from the militant Allis-Chalmers local, whose 8,000 members recently won a bitter 79 day strike. The report charged that the seating of these delegates was being held and responded in the fashion up on the technicality that the local, in violation of a clause in the constitution, had nominated and elected delegates at the same meeting. The minority of the committee nut in a motion to seat the Allis-Chalmers delegation imme-

> The minority motion was greeted with a tremendous volume of applause and stamping of feet. When Ed Hall, a former board member, took the floor and condemned any attempt to deprive the Allis-

> Chalmers workers of representation, and charged that this would be an act greeted most warmly by the open-shoppers throughout the country, he nearly brought the house down.

The storm was quieted finally by the explanation that the committee majority had not acted against seating the Allis-Chalmers delegation - although it had been the decision of a caucus of the right-wing to attempt this - and shop stewards, the workers on the Vultee and North American Avia- than I want to go today. I predict by a motion instructing the Credentials Committee to bring in its recommendation on the disputed delegates as the first business tomorrow morning, so as to

prevent any stalling of the seatin of the Allis-Chalmers represent

The maker of the motion to refer the decision to the next morning was Richard Frankesteen, the supported the use of troops against the North American Aviation workers.

No sooner had he approached all sections of the hall. Thomas in his published report had denied Tobin's attempt to impose a dic O that Frankensteen had condoned the use of troops, but this has not convinced a large section of the membership of Local 544 answered delegates. And many of those who do accept the explanation on this ten setup and accepting an invipoint, are still bitter about Fran-tation to be chartered by the CIO. kensteen's arbitrary action in sus pending the officers of the North American local. The lesson of Homer Martin's union-disrupting tactics has sunk deep.

NEGRO DELEGATES ACTIVE Once more, at this convention, s shown the freedom from racial prejudice that has marked the policies of the UAW and the CIO. Almost every large delegation at the convention includes Negro delegates, who participate fully and freely in all the convention activ

It was especially gratifying to see the many Negro workers in the Ford delegation and in the Ford Local 600 band. One of the most vicious features of Ford's anti-labor policies was his attempt to split the workers by playing Negro and white workers against each other.

MANY WOMEN PRESENT

Women workers are playing an important role in this convention, reflecting the vital part they are to listen in meeting after meeting playing in the whole organizational life and struggles of the auto workers.

One of the brightest spots in the stirring tune of "Solidarity Party. He goes on: Forever." The banner which headed the parade proudly announced that the membership of the UAW Women's Auxiliary has increased 345 per cent in the past year. No other union has been able to draw the wives and mothers of the workers into the union struggles so well as the UAW. The militancy of the women on the UAW picket lines is traditional.

Whatever decisions are made and some of them may be poor the trend toward a dictatorial | certain: The whole character, trabureaucracy within the union? dition and composition of the Whether the Reuther group suc- UAW-CIO will not tolerate for ceeds in sweeping this convention long policies which will lead to or not, there still is and will be the destruction of union democpotent militant core in the racy and militancy. Time and UAW which will not stand by and again efforts have been made to see the union cut to pieces by the enforce such policies on the auto Wall street war machine with the union - Francis Dillon and help of their lackeys at the union Homer Martin tried it — but these head. The fighting ranks, still un attempts have failed. Each time defeated, and moreover inspired the auto workers have spewed by the Ford victory, will meet the forth these poisonous reactionary coming attacks by Roosevelt and elements. And each time the UAW his mediation board and OPM, has made new giant strides for-

One has only to sit for a brief At this convention these mili-time among these delegates, to tants are fighting to put some observe their seriousness, their backbone into the fight against stern sense of responsibility, their Reuther. After the convention, boundless militancy and confiregardless of the results, they will dence, their innate love of freeproceed to build the kind of fight- dom of expression, their hatred The next test of the contending ing union, and the kind of deter- of bureaucracy to be convinced forces at this convention, and the mined leadership, that the UAW that here is a union capable of test which will reveal the basic will have to have in the fight confronting all the hosts of reacinists at a pro-war rally in New for the purpose of pushing sup-problems facing the CIO gener-against the war and against the tion and ending the struggle vic-

# Hillman, Lewis in UAW

(Continued from page 1) Addes leadership will not make a

But the rank and file militants will not give up so easily. They are determined to give battle to Reuther, and many say openly that should Reuther be allowed to STALINISTS ARE SILENT run away with this convention, to reduce the UAW to a company Reuther, who attacks them

union stooge of the government. | merely as a cover for his drive Board and who have not the sto- group. mach for it.

The Stalinists at this convenhe would do everything he could tion are only whitping boys for

## Hillmanites Beginning To Work With Stalinists Again

In spite of all the harsh names that they have thrown at each other in the last two years, the Stalinists and the Hillmanites appear to be gradually getting together again. In the long run, it is the political line that counts. And the political line of the Stalinists today is the same as that of the Hillmanites: both fully support the war program of Roosevelt. The reconciliation of the two is not yet talked about openly

by either the Stalinist leaders or . Hillman. At this stage of the game, it would be embarrassing for them both.

Nonetheless, the process goes steadily on.

HILLMANITE DEFENDS STALINISTS

Two weeks ago Frederick F. York. A few days later, Murray Weinstein, manager of Cutters Local 4 of the Amalgamated

"Labor should stand united this time regardless of political | a committee with Stalinists withdifferences," he said, meaning out Hillman approval.

together with anyone who supports the war. HILLMANITE-STALINIST

that the Hillmanites will work

reported the formation of a "New | by the coming CIO convention.

Clothing Workers of America, a papers are functioning in the or- strikebreaking dictatorial acts of faithful follower of Hillman, ad- ganization. The president of the dressed his local and expressed outfit is J. B. S. Hardman, editor disagreement with Umhey's re- of Hillman's The Advance and earnest bootlicker of Hillman, who would never function in such

GROUPS

York Labor Union Press Association for Defense," an organ-Umhey, secretary-treasurer of ization of editors of CIO and the I.L.G.W.U., attacked the Stal- AFL papers in New York state port of the war program in the all, will probably occur on the attacks of the employees. trade union press.

#### SPECIAL THIS WEEK

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#### LEON TROTSKY'S

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vention, is an indication that the There will be a battle of some to get a bureaucratic grip on the kind here, but conducted by the UAW and water down its militrank and file and not the leaders ancy. In reality, the Communist who have sat for the last year Party policy is closer to that of on the International Executive Reuther than to that of the Lewis

> Both Reuther and the Communist Party are all-out defenders of Roosevelt's war drive. With the change in the 'party line" the CP is now trying its best to crawl back into the camp of the Hillman-Roosevelt warmongers. Since Reuther, however, persists in kicking them around, the Stalinists lie back quietly, and wait for the wrath to blow over, so that they can make their peace

with the Hillman elements. The comparative lack of Stalinist activity at this convention is a reflection of their political about-face.

While the Stalinists will continue to maneuver for posts in typical opportunist fashion, their basic political line is now in agreement with the extreme right wing of the CIO. This will be clearly The Daily Worker this week borne out by this convention, and

AVIATION STRIKE ISSUE

resolution concerning the North Stalinist editors of trade union American Aviation strike, and the Frankensteen.

> A strong condemnation of Frankensteen will be put on the floor of the convention by

#### Anton Penyaska

Comrade Anton Penyaska died on Monday, August 4, in Montgomery, Pennsylvania at the age of 69 years.

He was one of the founders of the Communist Party in the United States and was for years a leading figure in the Hungarian Federation of the party, editor of Uj Elore, Com-

munist Hungarian newspaper. He was among the earliest leaders of the Communist party to be expelled for Trotskyism and became a charter member of the Communist League of America, the Workers Party of the United States and the Socialist Workers Party.

The Socialist Workers Party salutes an old and loyal fighter for working class freedom.

basic question will be discussed: Will the UAW tolerate government strikebreaking, and the Homer Martin type of violation of the local union's democratic rights, or will the union continue the fight for decent wage and working conditions in the face of govern-

with a firm struggle in defense of ward.

Tobin fight to prevent teamsters

# Hillmanites Attack Lewises For CIO Teamster Charter

ROCHESTER, July 29—The Rochester Industrial Union Council controlled by followers of the Sidney Hillman wing in the CIO, last night openly attacked John L. Lewis, A. D. Lewis, the United Construction Workers Organizing Committee and the CIO's granting of a charter to the Minneapolis motor transport workers who left the AFL.

It was evident from the ferocity of the attack that the Hillmanites, in addition to opposing the militant policies of the ClO, intend to conduct a campaign of full support to the Roosevelt-

from joining the CIO. labor." The attack was opened by The resolution specifically Council President John H. Cooper condemned A. D. Lewis, "and particularly his unwarranted who called John L. Lewis' acand self-serving attempted tions "dictatorial." It was carraids on the teamsters' union,' ried on by the delegate from the using almost the same language Amalgamated Clothing Workers, Tobin uses to justify the thugs

Milton Hofferbert, who introhe keeps in Minneapolis. duced the resolution claiming In the same resolution thes that the activities of John L. stooges of Hillman could not re-Lewis' brother, A.D., in seeking strain themselves from comto organize teamsters into a CIO mending him and the OPM for industrial union, "not only fail their efforts to get a "stabilizato promote the best interests of tion," no-strike program adopted organized labor but actually tend by the construction industry.

to operate to the detriment

# Tobin Hints He May Purge New York, Chicago Locals

#### His Editorial Attack On New York and Chicago Teamsters Is Like Attack He Made on Local 544 of Minneapolis in May "Journal"

Three more big teamsters union locals—Locals 807 and 584 of international board member who of New York and Local 705 of Chicago are the next on the under which unions are compelled 'purge" list of AFL Teamsters International President Daniel to file strike notices, wait 30 days J. Tobin, it is clear from the July, 1941 issue of Tobin's per- before striking and are hampered sonal organ, the "Teamsters Journal."

These three locals are named in that issue in an editorial the microphone to speak than he by Tobin in terms much like those which Tobin used against was met by a chorus of boos from the Minneapolis Teamsters Local 544 in the May, 1941 issue of the same "Journal." That editorial attack was followed by

> tator-receiver over Local 544, a union-disrupting move which the by disaffiliating from Tobin's rot-

Local 544's affiliation to the CIO has inspired many other progressive teamsters locals to seek ways and means of getting out of Tobin's dictatorial control and to join the CIO. That is why Tobin has sent hundreds of strong-arm men into Minneapolis in a desperate attempt to crush Local 544, and why Tobin's friend Roosevelt ordered the Department of Justice to indict sixteen members of Local 544, along with Socialist Workers Party members and others—a total of 29 defendants-for "seditious conspiracy" on July 15.

#### TOBIN ATTACKS SWP

Tobin's latest editorial plains that "in some of our big unions like Local 807 and 584 of New York, Local 705 of Chicago and many others," members "have to men who are full-fledged members of our unions, working on these dangers to our general memtrucks or in ware-houses, and at the same time are full-fledged the convention thus far was the agents of one of the above named parade of the Women's Auxiliaries disturbing government — and in the convention hall this morn- union-destroying organizations. ing. As they marched down the Among the "government-destroyaisle, all the delegates rose and ing" organizations that Tobin cheered them and then broke into names is the Socialist Workers

> "The rank and file listen to them and in their innocence believe they are able men. Bear this in mind: that a member of the Socialist Workers Trotsky Party is never absent from a meeting...Before you know what you are doing you will be caught by the throat in a lockout a strike or in some other form of rebellion..." To Tobin's | mous "Stassen Slave Labor Law,"

boss-minded way of thinking, a strike is a rebellion. FEARS 544'S NEWSPAPER

In another editorial in the same issue, entitled "Return Dunnes" Poisonous Literature," Tobin serves notice on officers of local unions, that if they receive copies of the Industrial Organizer, weekly organ of Local 544-CIO, "We expect you as red-blooded Americans to return to them their poi sonous literature or any other such literature which vou may re ceive." Above all, Tobin fears that the rank and file of the teamsters everywhere may hear Local 544 CIO's side of the story.

The minutes of the June 8th Teamsters' International General Executive Board, published in the same issue, indicate that Tobin's assault on Local 544-CIO, and his contemplated assaults on other locals, may be at the direct instigation of the Roosevelt administra-

After attacking the Socialist Workers Party and other organizations as "subversive," the minutes include these significant words: "Information reaching us through many sources, including our government, advises the Gen eral Executive Board to explain bership . . . We caution and warm our membership to stamp out wherever possible, those serpents of destruction posing as union

In short, Tobin is out to purge the truckdrivers of all militants, at the behest of the War Deal.

TOBIN'S ANTI-LABOR ALLY A report in the "Journal" from Tobin's representative in Minnea polis, T. T. Neal, boasts that "Gov ernor Stassen of Minnesota has promised to do everything within the law to be helpful to us" that is, against Local 544-CIO. This reactionary Republican Governor is the author of the infa-

in other ways. That's the kind of ally that Tobin finds.

The mentality of this \$30,000 a year scoundrel is sufficiently characterized by the fact that Tobin approvingly prints in his "Journal" a vicious attack on the CIO by Premier Hepburn of Ontario, Canada, who is perhaps the most rabid anti-labor official on the North American continent.

#### Frankensteen OK'd Use of Troops in **Aviation Strike**

Richard Frankensteen and his friends are trying to tell the UAW-CIO Convention delegates that he never supported Roosevelt's use of troops against the North American Aviation strikers.

But here is what Frankensteen said then, as he is quoted in the New York HERALD TRIBUNE, June 12, early edition, in an Associated Press dispatch:

"I take this opportunity to publicly recognize the action of the United States government and Army which was taken in this situation, in the national interest. The action of the army under Col Branshaw. has been completely fair. There has been no abuse of power and no violation of individual rights.

"I disapprove of use of troops in strikes which are legitimately called as a last resort. This position is shared by and practiced by the President of the United States. As Governor of New York State he never saw fit to use troops against labor. In his eight years as Chief Executive of our nation, he has never used troops against labor.

But no honorable citizen. be he union member or not, can disapprove of the President's position in refusing to tolerate the wildcat strike precipitated by the enemies of our nation."

# **VOICE YOUR PROTEST** FBI PROSECUTION OF SWP!

Members of the Socialist Workers Party and the leaders of Motor Transport and Allied Workers Union, Local 544-CIO-a total of twenty-nine defendants-have just been indicted in Minnesota on charges of "conspiracy to over throw the Government." Not since the infamous Palmer cases following the last war has the Federal Government conducted such a persecution against members of a working class party for their opinions or trade unionists because of their activities in the labor movement.

The defendants urgently need funds to defray the heavy costs of fighting this case. DO YOUR

#### THE AMERICAN CIVIL LIBERTIES UNION

"The American Civil Liberties Union went on record in opposition to the Smith Act when it was introduced in Congress and after its passage in 1940 the Union announced its intention to test the constitutionality when and if the occasion arose. Such an occasion, we believe, is at hand now, in these first cases under the law.

#### THE NATION

"For the first time in peace since the Alien and Sedition Laws of John Adams a mere expression of opinion is made a federal crime. Under these provisions a man might be sent to jail for ten years because he circulated such un-American documents as the Declaration of Independence and Lincoln's Second Inaugural, for both 'advocate, abet, advise, or teach the duty, necessity, desirability, or propriety of overthrowing or destroying any government' by force... If the leaders of Local 544 can be convicted for their opinions, so can others."

#### THE C.I.O.

"It is deplorable that the functions of the U.S. Department of Justice have been perverted in this reprehensible manner...The National C.I.O. will not be deterred by the indictments but will continue to carry forward with all the resources at its command the campaign to organize the Motor Transport and Allied Workers in Minneapolis and the nation."

#### THE NEW REPUBLIC

"This is one of the most serious issues involving civil liberties to arise in the United States in many years... That the Minneapolis case is tremendously important goes without saying. President Roosevelt and Acting Attorney General Francis Biddle have repeatedly promised that there would be no such violations of civil liberties as stained the honor of America in the last war. For a country preparing to fight for the principles of democracy, now to violate those principles ... would be unforgivable; it would be worth ten divisions to Hitler."

#### SEND YOUR CONTRIBUTIONS TO

THE CIV	IL RIGHTS	DEFENSE	COMMITTE	EE.	
Organize of the So	d on Behal ocialist Wor	f of the Derkers Party	fendants in	the Federal	Prosecution
			ry- Treasure w York City.		
	I enclose	\$	for your D	efense Fund	

Fill Out This Coupon As Your Protest

The Indictments

Against

# Red Army Morale Astonishes Its Enemies

## But Soviet Soldiers Fight Bravely Because They Have Something Worth Defending

By GEORGE BREITMAN

On several occasions since the outbreak of the Nazi-Soviet war, the Nazi authorities have sought to explain the holding up of their war machine on the Eastern Front by the unusual way the Red Army soldiers fight back.

The New York Times of July 31 carries a story telephoned by their Berlin correspondent, C. Brooks Peters, containing the most recent of these "explanations":

"The Russians, the Germans reiterate, simply do not fight according to the European rules of war. Regardless of the hopelessness of their positions, they allow their troops to be slaughtered rather than capitulate, it is asserted. Communist education and national administration for the last twenty years, the Germans add, have killed the souls of all

"For that reason, they continue, there is no possibility of the Russian armies suffering from a collapse of morale, 'because all the prerequisites of such a collapse are lacking' as a result of the bestializing of the individual that has oc-

The predictions of "victory within six weeks" made by the Nazis and echoed by "informed" U. S. generals and military experts have fallen to the ground. They made their estimates

on the basis of the weaknesses wrought by the Kremlin bureaucracy through its purges and repressions, and on the slow start of the Red Army in the 1939 Finnish war, a campaign toward which the Soviet masses for the most part had been lethargic. But they completely disregarded the other side of the picture.

Leon Trotsky, because he understood that whole picture, often stated that the outbreak of a capitalist war against the Soviet Union would at the very beginning bring forth the strongest defensist tendencies in the country.

#### Trotsky's Prediction Now Comes True

In 1934 he wrote in "War and the Fourth International" (and he repeated this thought many times thereafter):

"Within the USSR war against imperialist intervention will undoubtedly provoke a veritable outburst of genuine fighting enthusiasm. All the contradictions and antagonisms will seem overcome or at any rate relegated to the background. The young generations of workers and peasants that emerged from the revolution will reveal on the field of battle a collossal dynamic power..."

Trotsky was able to foresee this stubborn resistance chiefly because he understood the class character of the first worker's state and as a result the determination of the workers and peasants, even under the parasitic Stalinist bureaucracy, to hold on

Of course the Red Army soldiers don't fight "according to the European rules of war." That isn't because they have a different military technique or different kinds of weapons, but because, unlike the European armies, the soldiers have something to fight for, and they know it!

The "European" armies (and this includes the United States

and all other capitalist armies as well) have a different morale because they are made up of workers and farmers who don't want imperialist wars, who know they have nothing to gain because after the war as well as before, they will be victims of the same depressions, hunger and exploitation. They know that it is not the people who will benefit from the results of the war, but their masters, the imperialists, and that the lives of the workersoldiers are being thrown away in a cause that is not theirs.

That is why the soldiers in the "democratic" armies do not fight with any conviction. That is why they don't feel ready to sacrifice their lives. That is why their main thought is to get out of the army and go back to their homes. That is why they have no confidence in their military leaders.

That is why the French army marched off to war, even against Hitler and everything hateful that he represents, with no cheers or enthusiasm; observers noted only lethargy. That is why in America today there is so little popular support of Roosevelt's war plans. That is why the American draftees these past few weeks have been so resentful toward the presidential proposal to extend the term of their service indefinitely.

#### Nazi Army Is "European" Too

It is true that up to this point in the war the Nazis have maintained a certain high discipline in their armies, which would seem to indicate a much higher morale than is present in the armies of the democratic imperialists.

This morale, however, is only skin deep, and can disappear overnight. It was fostered by Hitler's great successes, including the "peaceful" successes of 1933-1939 against the "democracies." It continues to exist because the German soldiers know what

The crux of the whole policy of

was to pave the way for freezing

meet the rocketing prices and

In keeping down wages, Wilson

was far more successful than he

was in "price fixing" and in "tak-

Under Wilson, the average

money wages of union men-

and that meant then the highly

skilled craft unionists of the

AFL-rose on an average only

30 per cent during the war.

Their real wages—the amount

they could actually buy-fell

23 per cent. If wages of skilled

labor were "standardized" to

the extent of a 23 per cent

actual wage cut, imagine what

happened to the majority of

workers in the then unorgan-

ized mass production indust-

Roosevelt is following Wilson in

almost every single war policy.

He will be able to control prices

Until the time comes when

the government is forced to

take over the war industries

and place them under the con-

trol of the workers, the work-

ers must reject all phony

schemes of price "control"

which, in reality, simply set the

The best immediate answer t

increasing prices is increasing

wages. The "price control" slogan

For a rising scale of wages

to meet the rising scale of

of all organized labor must be:

basis for wage freezing.

no more than did Wilson.

happens to the vanquished in imperialist wars. They have suffered one Versailles Treaty already; they are desperately fighting to prevent another.

But once the series of Hitler victories is broken and the myth of Nazi invincibility exposed, and once the fear of another Versailles in the event of defeat is removed, discipline and morale in the Nazi army will fall even lower than in the armies of the "democracies." Because fundamentally the German army too fights "according to European rules of war" and is made up of men who know they are not fighting for their own interests.

The Red soldiers, on the other hand, not only have something to fight against, as do all the other armies (against a semislave status under Hitlerism, or a semi-slave status under another Versailles Treaty), but they also have something to fight for.

#### What the Red Army Defends

The October revolution of 1917 destroyed the political power of the capitalist class, and then destroyed its economic power. The factories and industries were taken away from the bosses by the state, and the economy was nationalized. The peasants took the large estates away from the landlords and the land went to the peasants who tilled it. In spite of all the crimes and blunders of the Stalinist bureaucracy since then, the economic foundation established by the Russian Revolution still exists. It is this for which the Soviet troops are willing to give their lives rather than capitulate.

When the Red Army soldier fights the Nazi legions, he knows that he is not doing it for the benefit of a gang of bosses who will continue to exploit him after the war just as viciously as before. He knows that he is fighting for himself and his children, to preserve what he has left of the greatest revolution of all time, the nationalized economy which must exist and be extended before society can go ahead to socialism, peace and plenty.

The experiences of the last twenty years have not "killed the souls of all Russians" nor bestialized the individual. On the contrary, these experiences have shown the Russian masses the superiority of living in a workers' state, even though isolated and degenerated under Stalinism. Because they have freed themselves from the bestialization of capitalism and opened up the possibilities for a new life, they are ready against the greatest odds and with inferior military equipment, as in the civil war days following the October revolution, to fight until death to protect what they have already won.

#### Red Army Fights Despite Stalinism

The Nazis see in this great defensive struggle by the Soviet masses only "dead souls" and "bestialized individuals." History however will decide differently and will record it as the beginning of the awakening of the masses of the world in World War II.

It is not that the Soviet workers live in a perfect state. No one knows better than they what is wrong with the regime whose foreign policies have done so much to alienate the sympaties of the workers of the world from the Soviet Union. No one knows better than the Soviet workers how this bureaucracy has fastened itself onto the state, sapped its energies and resources and weakened the nationalized economy.

They have seen with their own eyes the destruction of the Soviets, the emasculation of the trade unions, the elimination of workers' democracy, and the transformation of the Communist Party from a party of Bolshevism to a mere docile figurehead for the bureaucracy.

But in spite of all this, they have something to defend. They know that if imperialism defeats them, not only won't they get back the political rights and workers' democracy usurped by Stalinism, but that they will also lose the economic foundations that they still have.

#### Stalinists Silent on Class Nature Of Red Army Morale

. And when we consider how heroically they are fighting, w can correctly say that in their own language, spoken with the rifle and tank, the Soviet masses show a much clearer understanding of the historic processes of liberation than do the learned professors and lawyers who excel at "socialist" warmongering.

These "socialist" gentlemen find the task of herding the workers into the war in the "democracies" a far from easy one. But the Soviet masses, living on a progressive economic foundation, even though they have been robbed of their democratic rights, not only rush to the front but continue to fight when it means almost certain death.

It is only the Trotskyists who understand, explain and support the real reasons for the great defensist struggles of the

The Stalinists, who are afraid to speak in class terms, do not give the real reasons because it would offend the imperialists on whom they are placing so much confidence; and because it would open the eyes of the workers in the democracies, whom the Stalinists are urging to support the imperialists in the war, to the fact that they have nothing to fight for until they too establish a workers' state.

Those "radicals"-in reality counter-revolutionists-who are indifferent to the outcome of the military struggle between the Red Army and Hitler also have nothing to say about the reasons for the Soviet workers' fighting enthusiasm, because it ill fits their pseudo-revolutionary theory that the Soviet workers should not defend the Soviet Union.

#### A Program for Soviet Victory

Nevertheless, the resistance of the Soviet masses by itself cannot insure Soviet victory. For that a program is necessary.

This program must call for (1) the institution of a revolutionary policy toward Germany, and (2) the extension of workers' democracy, control and rights in all spheres of Soviet life.

Such a policy would include the open perspective of revolutionary unity of the Soviet working class with the German working class; a pledge that the Soviet Union would oppose another Versailles Treaty at the expense of Germany; propaganda for the proletarian revolution in Germany and the Socialist United States of Europe.

The morale and strength of the Soviet masses would be raised to the heights by the revival of workers' democracy—the restoration of the Soviets and democracy in the trade unions," the legalization of all pro-Soviet political parties, the release of all pro-Soviet political prisoners and their return to their rightful places in the army and industry.

If the masses are waging such a heroic struggle for a degenerated workers' state, how much more courageously will they strain all their energy and resources when they feel that political power belongs to them and not to the bureaucrats! When they feel that they have the right to determine the important questions, when they feel that their success on the battlefields will not merely bring back the status quo, but will facilitate the extension of the revolution to advanced capitalist countries and result in a socialist world that will forever destroy the possibility of imperialist invasion.

With the adoption of this program, the struggle of the Soviet masses would indeed be transformed from what is still essentially a defensive fight, to maintain what they already have, into an aggressive offensive to gain what they want: workers' democracy inside the Soviet Union and the assistance and collaboration of workers' states in the rest of the world.

# FDR Repeats Wilson's 'Price Control' Fraud

#### Presidential Schemes of World War I **Proved Powerless to Halt Price Boom**

By DON DORE

Roosevelt's proposals for the control of inflationary war prices repeat in all essential features the schemes and devices of the Wilson administration during World War I.

We can get an accurate pre-vision of the results which Roosevelt's plans are bound to obtain by studying the effect of the similar attempts of Wilson to establish "price ceilings," "price controls" and "price fixing.

Using 1913 as the base of 100, the U. S. Department of Labor cost of living and wage

index for	the war years is	as fol-
lows:		
Year	Wage Rate	Cost of
		Living
1914	102	103
1915	102	105.1
1916	106	118.3
1917	112	142.1
1918	130	174.4
Thug f	rom 1914 through	h 1918

money wages rose an average of refused to accept the price ceil-30 per cent. The cost of living ings which the War Industries rose at the same time 74.4 per Board attempted to establish. cent. The increase in the prices of food and clothing - two main items in the workers' budget were even higher than this general figure. Food rose to 187 and clothing to 205.3 on the 1918 cost of

By 1920, two years after the war but while the country was still governed by the war-time regulations, the cost of living index had soared to an all-time high of 208, a 108 per cent increase over the pre-war figure.

WISON'S IMPOTENT MOVES TO CONTROL PRICES

Throughout the war the Wilson administration sought to control and regulate price inflation. When Congress and declare that: "Prices the iron and steel price index mean the same thing everywhere to "compromise" with the steel reached 370 in July 1917 — a now. They mean the efficiency or industry. That is, it virtually ac purely speculative rise of 270 per inefficiency of the nation. They cepted the prices dictated by the cent in anticipation of war or- mean victory or defeat." ders - there was such a tremendous public protest at this brazen profiteering that President Wilson

steel interests that those "who do not respond in the spirit of those who have gone to give their lives for us on bloody fields far away may safely be dealt with by opinion and the law, for the law must, of course, command these things." But the "law" didn't command these things. For months the steel, Thus, from 1914 through 1918, copper and munitions monopolies

> When the big industries couldn't get the prices they wanted, they refused to produce or held up the deliveries of goods. The government had two alternatives: set up its own plants, or comandeer the industries and operate them under government control. It did

The War Industries Board, which was composed of the biggest corporation men and their representatives selected by Wilson, would rather have lost the war than permit the capitalists to lose control of their plants and profits

Woodrow Wilson could address

But this cut no ice with the any threat to commandeer was forced to warn the iron and | plants - and the threat was | ernment should not fix the



Milwaukee consumers used this float to agitate against the rising cost of living. It's OK-but the fight for the automatic adjustment of wages upward as the cost of living rises is the basic method for the worker-consumer to beat the bosses' game.

war, was asked what he would have done if his "bluff" to commandeer plants had been called by the industries. He answered: "I would have been in a devil of a fix."

FORMULA UNDER WHICH PRICES SOARED UPWARD

The War Industries Board had steel trust. The steel trust, speaking through Judge Gary, head of corporations. They knew that United States Steel contrived tion. the argument that the gov-

made on numerous occasions- prices at a point where "the many was an idle one. Baruch, head independents could not make a of the War Industries Board, profit." This sudden solicitude for testifying before the Senate the small companies, which did Munitions Committee after the not produce five per cent of stee. heavy prices.

> Some of the smaller fly-by-night independents had operating costs, due to inefficiency and small scale production, anywhere from two to five times as great as the big corporations like Bethlehem and U.S. Steel. If prices were fixed on the basis of allowing a "reasonable" profit to the smallest so-called marginal producers, the big corporations could and did realize went on under Wilson, as it does hundreds of per cent profits on under Roosevelt now? their much lower costs of produc

The prices finally agreed upon for steel sheets were fixed at the price index of 270 - 170 per cent above the pre-war figure. For pigiron, it was 250, a 150 per cent rise over the pre-war figure. Thus the steel prices were "fixed" at a point relatively 100 per cent higher than the high point of all inflated commodity prices during

After the war, it took 22 government accountants five vears to check U. S. wartime income tax returns. This corporation's net profits, after all taxes were deducted, were \$544,994,879 in 1917. In 1918, after the prices were "fixed," the net profits were "only" \$500,806,116.

SAME PROFIT FORMULA USED IN OTHER INDUSTRIES

With a few variations price "control" in the vital copper industry had the same results as

When the government tried to fix

the price at 16 2 3 cents per pound for all copper purchases, the "patriotic" industry balked and demanded 25 cents. In September 1917, the government "compromised" and set the price at 231/2 cents. In June 1918, under the Price-Fixing Committee, it was jacked up to 26 cents.

The argument used to get the government to fix this price was that the "small" companies, which operated at high production costs. had the right to a "reasonable" profit. The Federal trade Commission estimated then that only 2.09 per cent of all the copper produced Assessment and the copper produced

in the country cost above 20 cents way for standardization of wages. a pound to produce.

When the copper price negotia- the Wilson administration - just tions were on between Baruch's as it is with Roosevelt now -Price-Fixing Committee and the big producers, Secretary of Navy wages and preventing the workers Josephus Daniels sent a message from getting increased wages to to Baruch informing the latter that the Navy Dept. had secured profits. figures showing that the average production cost of copper was 10 cents a pound. Even at the original price which the government ing the profits out of war." had fixed, 16 2 3 cents, the copper industry was making an average profit of 66 2 3 per cent.

The food starles field is another example of how the Wilson administration "fixed" prices. A special Food Control Act was passed, and a separate Food Administration was established to administer the Act, which was to stabilize and control inflationary prices in food stuffs.

Prices were actually fixed for only three commodities, wheat, flour and sugar-all three of which had been first artificially inflated in price by speculators and corporation fabricators.

The index of the wholesale price of wheat in 1919-based on the government's "fixed" price-was 240. That is, an increase of 140 per cent over the pre-war price. Flour stood at 225; sugar, at 220. The index figure for all commoditiesthat is commodities which had not been fixed in price-was only 208.

#### PRICE "FIXING" WAS USED TO KEEP DOWN WAGES

What was the purpose of all this ballyhoo about "price-fixing" that

given by Felix Frankfurter, chief executive officer of the War Labor Policies Board, in a bulletin issued by him on July 25, 1918, which stated:

"Congress, through the taxes on excess profits, the War Industries Board through its price-fixing, the President, through the veto of \$2.40 wheat, have prepared the

The answer to that question was

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# Negro Struggle By ALBERT PARKER

#### Bosses Responsible for Jim Crow

Every thinking Negro worker who is conscious of the real cause of racial discrimination against Negroes in industry will agree with the recent charges of John T. Jones, director of Labor's Non-Partisan League and legislative representative of the CIO, who told a congressional sub-committee that "a handful of rich and powerful corporations" were guilty of such discrimination, and

"The use of one racial group against another, one national group against another, in order to beat down the economic standards of all, is an old story to the labor movement. It is the ancient maxim of divide and rule - divide and exploit."

It would of course be foolish for Jones, or any other representative of labor, to deny that some workers too are guilty of discrimination, and of falling into the trap laid by the bosses.

But the important thing is: Who, or what, is responsible for Jim Crowism? The answer to that question gives us the answer to the responsibility for some white workers practising racial prejudice:

The answer, as we know, is that the bosses, manufacturers, industrialists through their capitalist system, are responsible for Jim Crow, they are the ones who profit from it. When we wipe out their power to discriminate against Negroes, we will at the same time remove the possibility of white workers succumbing to their propaganda.

#### The Bosses' Flimy Alibi

The same week that Jones spoke on the question, a representative of another organization appeared before another congressional sub-committee, and spoke on the same question.

He was Noel Sargent, secretary of the National Association of Manufacturers.

Sargent spent some time declaring how sorry he and his organization were that discrimination should exist, and claiming that the N.A.M. was doing its share in eliminating discrimination.

To prove this point, Sargent referred to advice given by the N.A.M. to its members that there should be no "arbitrary prejudices in employment," and declarations by the officers of the N.A.M. that "manufacturers should employ Negroes wherever, and whenever possible, in keeping with their general ability and their 'acceptability' to white fellow-workers."

What is meant by the dropping of "arbitrary" prejudices? Only this, that the bosses should not practice prejudice without good reason.

The N.A.M. is not really opposed to Jim Crowism; all it opposes is overdoing it; what it opposes is making its prejudices too obvious and flagrant: what it opposes are actions which will make it clear to the Negroes that the bosses are responsible; what it opposes are cases of prejudice where the bosses cannot make it appear that the white workers are responsible for Negroes being denied employment.

The N.A.M. continues that "wherever employes themselves have not directly or indirectly put up color or creed" manufacturers generally are ready

In other words, the N.A.M., if you would believe it, is ready to hire Negroes, but it doesn't because of the white workers who put bars in

It is strange that the N.A.M. is not so eager to comply with the wishes of its workers in other respects. For example, recognition of the right of workers to organize. higher wages, shorter hours, etc. When it comes to these questions, the bosses fight the workers 24 hours a day, and no time off on Sundays. But when it comes to the alleged racial prejudices of the workers, the N.A.M. suddenly becomes very cooperative and gives in to every request and wish, real and fancied, of the workers.

It does not take a great thinker to see through the game of the N.A.M., and to understand that the bosses, who profit from Jim Crowism by dividing and ruling, prefer to place the responsibility for their maneuvers on the white workers. most of whom as children went to school alongside of Negro children and never entertained a single Jim Crow thought until it was introduced to them by the white supremacy propaganda of

#### **Boss Tells Truth About Roosevelt**

At the same time that Sargent tried to present the question in an anti-labor light, he could not refrain from taking a crack at the government for its pious statements urging industry to hire

. Claiming that the government "has sought to concentrate the heat engendered in this issue on industry," Sargent stated: "The fact is that both the Government as well as organized labor might well put their own houses in order." He then went on to enumerate the different instances where the government itself was practicing Jim Crowism in the armed forces and governmental

Sargent was paying Roosevelt back for daring to even hint that the employers were responsible. In effect, he said, what right has Roosevelt to preach to us when he doesn't practice his own

He made a good arguing point, but of course it wasn't made in the interests of the Negro people. It was simply made to remind Roosevelt to stay in his own place, and not even pretend to interfere with industry's handling of the problem. He made it to emphasize the ridiculousness of Roosevelt's hypocritical position, something which Roosevelt has already done for himself in his executive order urging an end to discrimination, but naming no penalty for disregard of his

# The "LABOR WITH A WHITE SKIN | Churchill Fought the USSR

# The Chief Advocate of Intervention Has Always Hated Soviets

By PHILIP BLAKE

From an imperialist warmonger before the Nazi-Soviet war late in 1917, although some historbroke out Winston Churchill has, so far as the Stalinists are lians suspect it, but at any rate concerned, changed into a guardian of progress and democracy, they did not go through. Perhaps a fighter against freedom, and a friend of the Soviet Union. For the German militarists, faced with sections of the Soviet Union, the mies would mutiny." "If a milithem the leopard has changed all his spots. And in the name of an apparently helpless Soviet Unaid to the Soviet Union, the Stalinists now call for all aid to ion, felt it could have that and Russian border states, Poland, and against the Bolsheviki, that would Britain and its prime minister, Churchill.

But Churchill has not changed his line. He not only does not claim any change in his views toward the Soviet Union, but he insists he hasn't changed. In his speech after the Nazis attacked the Soviet Union, he de-

"The Nazi regime is indistinguishable from the worst

features of Communism ... No one has been a more consistent opponent of communism than I spoken about it."

that because of the critical posi- in the Councils of the Allies come war against Germany even Crisis, 1918-28"). by the Soviet Union. But by his There is reason to believe that declaration that he would "unsay even at the end of 1917, while Brit the western front. They were wilthat his basic attitude toward the with Germany, Churchill consisia who would help in this task. soldier than unresting persecution also occurred among the other Al-Soviet Union remains unchanged, dered, the possibility of a peace

Churchill, one has only to review writes: the "words" and deeds that Churchill refuses to unsay.

#### CHURCHILL'S FIGHT AGAINST THE RUSSIAN REVOLUTION

From the beginning Churchill took the most ruling class-conscious stand against the revolution led by Lenin and Trotsky. He realized that world imperialism would have been a million times better off if Czarism had not been overthrown and the train of events begun which culminated in the overthrow of capitalism. For him, Russia without the Czar became 'Russia forlorn."

"Just when the worst (of the

SCHOOLS OF INTERVENTION when victory was in sight, when the fruits of measureless sacrifice were at hand, the old Russia many. When Germany, after tak-

Of course he went on to explain Bread. Thus there was no Russia and Big Intervention. tion now occupied by the British only an abyss which still continues Empire, it must be ready to weld in human affairs." ("The World in creating an eastern front to helmets' life again became bear

To fully understand the treach evidently believed that there was was hard from their actions to ery and stupidity of the Stalinists a possibility of such a peace. In tell which aim they considered in their call for all-out aid to "The World Crisis, 1916-18," he most important.

"The immense conquests which Germany had made in Russia, and the hatred and scorn with which the Bolsheviks were regarded by the Allies, might well have made it possible for Germany to make territorial concessions to France, and to offer Britain the complete restoration of Belgium. The desertion by Russia of the Allied cause, and the consequent elimination of all Russian claims created a similar easement in negotiations with both Austria and Turkey." It is not known to this day

whether secret negotiations based

victory over the Allies as well. THE "LITTLE" AND "BIG"

The Bolsheviks sought first a general peace and, when the Allies refused it, were forced to negotiate a separate peace with Gerhad been dragged down, and in ing rich sections of Russia, turned her place there ruled the name its almost full attention to the less beast' so long foretold in Rus | western front, two schools of have for the last 25 years. I sian legend. Thus the Russian thought on the question of the will unsay no words that I've people were deprived of Victory, Soviet Union arose among the Al-Honour, Freedom, Peace and lied powers: Little Intervention.

mans, and draw forces away from quiet, and obey: thereafter everyno words" about it, he made clear tain was still locked in battle ling to work with anyone in Rus. Better the iron heel of the foreign

and that whenever he can he will at the expense of the revolution interested in two things: the over- and fanatics." follow the course consistent with which threatened all imperialism. throw of Bolshevism and the re-At any rate, looking back, he creation of the eastern front. It

> Winston Churchill became known as the leading and most consistent advocate of the "Big" intervention. It was his maneuvering, and his pressure, which resulted in the adoption of that policy by all the Allied powers to one degree or

Of course, he was not at that ime Prime Minister, and he did not have full power to affect the course of events. In every way hat he could, however, he did. length of the civil war period.

CIVIL WAR, 1918-1921 After "precious months," as Churchill complains, has been wasted, the Ailies began, ostensibly in the name of the war against Germany, to land troops on Russian soil, seizing strategic sea ports and beginning to occupy

ied lines, in every case, new "gov ernments" sprang up, armies were equipped, and counter-revo lutionary forces organized. As

Churchill records it: "In the ups and downs of civil war the Russian Volunteer Army widely extended the limits of its authority during the latter part of 1918...While all else was at first disputed and confused, a sense of association with a great world outside was a sure foundation upon which the authority of the counter-revolutionary leaders could rest, and this association

#### Limited Monarch



was soon to take a practical

counter-revolutionary groups in tary enterprise were started the Ukraine, rushed to welcome them. Churchill saw nothing there would be a Soviet in Lonwrong in that: "Everything is relative. Every-

one remembers (and tries to forget) the German occupation of these same Germans came as deliverers and were spontaneously recognized as such, not only by the general population, but by those patriotic elements most hos tile to the invaders of Russia. A dose of Communism induces a desire in any population to welcome any other form - even the harsh Advocates of the "Little" inter- est - of civilized authority. With vention were interested primarily the arrival of the German 'steel engage the attentions of the Ger able. One had only to submit, keep thing was smooth and efficient. The "Big" interventionists were by a priesthood of blackguards

> (That means that Churchill would today prefer a Nazi victory to a Workers' Government in England.)

And when Germany was deturned to the victorious imperial-Government in Russia.

#### WAR AGAINST USSR AFTER THE ARMISTICE

With the defeat of Germany, It was not his fault that the So- Churchill admits, "Every arguviet Union was not overthrown in ment which had led to intervenits early years, and he, above all tion had disappeared." It was unothers, was responsible for the der these conditions in January, 1919, that Churchill became Secre-CHURCHILL'S ROLE DURING tary of State for War. In this post he did his best to complete what he called "the unfinished task" of the war.

Prime Minister Lloyd George, Churchill's superior believed that "the Bolsheviki movement is as dangerous to civilization as Ger-

man militarism." But he was afraid that if he sent à large arm-When the Germans annexed ed interventionary force, "the ar make England Bolshevist, and

There were threatening rumbles from Ireland, Gibraltar, Malta, India. The head of the Imperial Belgium. Here in the Ukraine General Staff, Sir Henry Wilson who also favored intervention if possible, was forced to state:

"We are sitting on top of a mine which may go up any minute." And a few days later: "... Even now we dare not give an unpopular order to the troops, and discipline was a thing of the past..."

The British trade union move ment announced opposition to intervention. Strikes broke out in English cities, Lloyd George knew that "The Canadian soldiers would not agree to stay and fight against lied troops . . . " As Clemenceau put it, "the Allies were in need of a speedy solution . . . their populations would stand no more."

Thus when Churchill entered the War Office, he was to a con siderable degree restrained by feated, these "patriotic" elements Lloyd George and had to follow out his operations within the gen ists. "And when in the end all eral sphere of the perspectives esistance fell in one stupendous of his chief. That meant little crash, it was to the triumphant chance of a British army of occuwestern allies that all these peopation. The best he could hope and ples and embryo governments ral- work for was full and effective lied with joy and conviction." For aid to the Russian counter-revothem, anything but a Workers' lution. To this task Churchill ap plied himself with all his energy.

(A second article on Churchill will appear next week).

#### **GET YOUR COPY!** THE JUNE ISSUE OF LA VERITE Monthly Organ for French-

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## ever wider territory. The Bol-sheviks were too occupied with Army Incites Draftees other more immediate dangers to be able to do much about it. And behind these spreading Al Against Trade Unions

Sometime ago a General spoke over the radio. He spoke against the workers on strike in defense industries while the soldiers were willingly working for \$21-\$30 a month. This, of course, isn't true; the draftees never voted on or bargained for their salary. On the contrary they were cursed with it. Nevertheless the General's speech did have an effect on the draftees.

In the same way that unskilled workers get angry when the skilled workers go out on strike demanding higher wages without demanding a raise in the pay of the unskilled, so also

does the soldier get angry when 9he sees workers going on strike struggle in this war is between for a raise and seemingly not giv- U. S. and Germany) and much of ing a damn about the plight of this so-called opposition will the soldier who continues to get crumble away. Only a firm work \$21 or \$30 per month. The gov- ing class outlook can be depended ernment is trying to utilize this upon to remain anti-war. situation to create a cleavage be SOME SEEK ESCAPE ween the soldier and civilian

Just as there came a time when he trade union movement found itself at a standstill and could the time is near when labor can term). not advance without aiding the soldiers.

I've heard this from many privates (previously workers): "They're complaining about their \$30 a week while we get \$21 or \$30 per month."

It is not a matter of the trade ions will either actually help him centage of the draftees. or else the government will try to utilize him as a strikebreaking find ways and means to escape

#### DRAFTEES ANTI-WAR BUT LIKELY TO CHANGE

stand the test of war.

was and then the U.S. declared war war against Germany. ourselves, not for England."

AT ANY PRICE

Meanwhile it is most tragic to watch the lengths to which indi vidualistic-minded fellows will go get away from the army. One not advance without the organiz- guy chopped off his hand hoping ing of the unorganized (formation for a medical discharge and finand growth of the CIO), so also ished up in Leavenworth (7 year Another got married a year ago.

After listening to Roosevelt's last speech he said he would be lucky if he went to sleep and never woke. He wouldn't have to worry anymore. I would not be the least bit surprised if he committed sui cide. This is not the mental attiunions sympathizing with the tude of one or two individuals plight of the soldier but the un- but is the attitude of a large per

The petty-bourgeois elements the drudgery. One fellow we know is here. Back home instead of looking for a job in a factory he The sentiments of the majority stayed home and studied for a civil of soldiers is anti-war. But their service exam. Well, he finally anti-war outlook is today akin to made it, here. By impressing a hat of Wheeler. "Why should we captain he got a clerk's job. Have be a sucker for England," they we problems? War? Fascism? Unsay. This sort of stuff will never employment? He solved 'em all by becoming a pencil pusher.

I asked one soldier what he Another petty-bourgeois is a law would do if England were knocked | yer in the draft. He's for the lendout of the war the way France lease bill, for using convoys, for

on Germany. He said: "Then it Sounds like a militant guy would be all right for we would ready to risk his life to fight be fighting against Germany for Hitler. He got himself a job as a clerk. He says he wants to fight All Roosevelt has to do is con- against Hitler but there is still a vince them of the truth (the main law of self-preservation.

# to 'Fight' War With a Petition

Last week four of the outstanding pacifist outfits got together, set up the "Citizens Peace Mandate Committee," and launched another of their many campaigns.

The chairman of the committee is Dr. John Haynes Holmes, pastor of the Community Church of New York; the secretary is Helen Alfred; and the members are J. N. Sayre and A. J. Muste for the Fellowship of Reconciliation, Oswald Garrison Villard and Mary Hillyer for the Keep America Out of War Congress, F. J. Libby and Florence B. Boeckel for the National Council for the Prevention of War, and Hannah Hull and Dorothy Detzer for the Women's International League for Peace and Freedom.

· Realizing that prayer alone is not effective in the fight against war, these ladies and gentlemen have decided to resort to a petition.

It is entitled "Citizens Petition for an American Peace Offensive." People are urged to sign the petition and return it to the Committee which will then carry through its offensive by giving them to the assistant of the 3rd administrative secretary of the president.

The petition reads:

"WHEREAS, As citizens of the United States of America, we are opposed to American entrance into the present wars, and

"WHEREAS, As human beings, we believe that everything possible should be done to stop the destruction of human values and the slaughter of men, women and children which these wars entail,

"THEREFORE, We urge the President of the United States to use the influence which he possesses as the elected representative of the American people for the cessation of hostilities and the achievement of a just peace."

Feeling that the contents of the petition may not sufficiently explain the need for such action as the committee proposes, "Five Reasons For Peace Offensive Now" are printed on the side of the petition.

The fifth of these reasons is evidently the most important: "A nationwide demand by American citizens for peace will insure action by the President to induce warring nations to cease fighting.'

#### They Spread Harmful Illusions

The nation-wide dissemination of such pacifist illusions as motivate these people will only confuse and disorient the workers and disarm them rather than aid them in the genuine strug-

The first of these illusions is that Roosevelt can help "in the achievement of a just peace." Roosevelt, who is straining every energy to drive the American people into the war for the defense of Morgan-Rockefeller interests in Europe, Asia and South America, who is harnessing the whole economy and all the available manpower in the country to that drive, and who is ready to frameup and suppress every person and movement that stands in his way-this man,

they say, can bring about "a just peace." Such confusion can redound to Roosevelt's advantage only. For if Roosevelt is capable of achieving a just peace, why isn't he capable of carrying on a just war?

We Trotskyists maintain that Roosevelt is an imperialist and therefore bound to carry out imperialist policies in war and in peace, and that he is incapable of seeking anything but an imperialist, that is, an unjust, peace. Pacifists who deny this can have no method of disproving what Roosevelt contends: that the war he is entering is a just war. And they don't have it. That is why so many of the professional pacifists of peacetime become warmongers after the declaration of war.

Their second illusion is that it is possible by petitions of all things!-to dissuade Roosevelt from his war course.

. Roosevelt, who is spending countless billions of dollars to prepare for armed entry into the war, who is staking the whole future of American imperialism on the outcome of the war, who knows that the whole economic structure of capitalism would be shaken to its roots if a change to peace-time economy were now undertakenthis man, they say, can be induced to "call it off" now and try to get the other imperialists to do the same...if only enough petitions are signed.

#### Real Anti-War Fight Is Ansi-Capitalist

The third illusion they spread is that it is possible to conduct the fight against war as something separate and apart from the fight against the breeder of war, capitalism.

Fight against war, they say, but continue to let the bosses control the government, the armed forces and the economic power. And how they can work their will on the bosses whom they have left with all power in every sphere, they

The best thing about the pacifists is that most workers, who have to learn lessons in the hard school of the class struggle, strikes and picketlines-don't pay any attention to their confusionist drivel.

#### Punishing Generals . . .

While public attention was focused on the Yoo-hoo Gen. (von) Lear's punishment of troops, another army man was being disciplined in Washington, D. C.

General R. C. Marshall Confessed to the General Staff that he had been taking bribes from private contractors in return for routing army orders their way. \$31,816 was his most recent

Did the General face a court-martial with sabers on the table? No.

Did the General march 20 miles in the broiling sun? No.

With permission of his-superiors the General quietly resigned from the army and returned home to live modestly on his "earnings."

# the "oasis of peace and democ-With surprising suddenness

ing 1932-35 spilled much blood on

the soil of the Chaco. Peru and

continent.

of both countries have been with In view of these developments, the populace of South America uneasily ask themselves what is happen ing, and why, during the present grave international situation, is

#### WORLD WAR FORCES ARE BEHIND THIS INCIDENT

there an attempt to provoke ?

conflict over a secondary bound

ary question among countries of

a secondary order on the conti

What is hidden behind this out-(1) The semi-dictatorial governarouse waves of "holy patriotism" to their tottering administrations. (2) The imperialists foment these incidents as part of the inter-imdeveloping in South America.

from the beginning that behind the countries of greatest weight the government of Ecuador was the in South America, the result of hand of Washington. Ecuador post the new mediation in the conflict sesses the strategic Galapagos is between Ecuador and Peru still lands which Wall Street is in appears doubtful for the United terested in controlling since these | States.

war) was over," he mourned, on this idea actually took place Ecuador-Peru Clash Caused by World War

By QUEBRACHO BUENOS AIRES, July 12, 1941 (By Mail)—The boundary conflict between Ecuador and Peru is one more aspect of the inter-imperialist struggle in South America.

Almost all the South American countries have had similar boundary disputes which more than once have led to threats of war and even to bloody struggles.

Argentina and Chile were at the point of armed conflict in the first years of the present century over the frontier in Patagonia, and still today carry on a dispute over the possesion of valislands are extremely useful for

rious islands in Tierra del Fuego, the defense of the Panama Cana a dispute which has been extended from the Pacific side. to a wide area of the Antarctic A base on them or their surrender, or sale to the United Chile ond Peru for more than States, is the price which Wall 40 years carried on a bitter feud Street appears to have stipover the provinces of Tacna and ulated for securing a satisfact-Arica, Paraguay and Bolivia durory ruling for Ecuador in its

boundary quarrel with Peru. But Peru, finding support Colombia were on the verge of among the powers of the Axis war over the possession of the territory of Leticia during these their influence, particularly that of Japan, is strong in this zone Now, like a discordant note in of the South American coast of the Pacific - has placed ob racy," as the imperialist sermons stacles in the path of such a rul like to depict the Western Hemiling. A tense situation ensued sphere, we hear the sound of arms which today has been aggravated along the frontier between Ecua- by the aggression against Ecua dor and which Yankee imperial ism for its own prestige as the hostilities were opened and the 'peacemaker' of the continent must press wires inform us that with- try to solve immediately. This she out the least justification soldiers, is trying to do with the collabor ation of the other South American governments.

#### YANKEE IMPERIALISM STILL MEETS RESISTANCE

Full Yankee success in this en deavor depends upon a series o factors. The schemes of Wal Street are still far from having reached unanimous acceptance in the Latin American countries. The recent proposition of Uruguay to the other republics of the continent not to consider as a belli gerent any country of this Hemi rage? Two coinciding interests: sphere engaged in an extra-con tinental war -- made in accord ments of these countries, by prove with suggestions from Washing oking frontier conflicts, seek to ton - has received a negative reply from four South American to attract a little popular support governments, those of Argentina Chile, Peru and Colombia.

This is quite symptomatic: i means that Yankee imperialism is perialist struggle which continues still unable to count entirely on these countries. And since this It has been clearly apparent list, aside from Brazil, includes

# Tom Girdler, head of the Re-

public Steel Corporation at whose Chicago plant occurred the bloody Memorial Day Massacre during the Little Steel Strike of 1937, has at last been brought to his knees. The great Bethlehem Steel strikes and the relentless organizational drive of the Steel Workers Organizing Committee (CIO) has forced him to agree to recognize the union and sign a union contract.

# THEIMILITANT

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To defend the USSR as the main fortress of the world proletariat, against all assaults of world imperialism and of internal counter-revolution, is the most important duty of every class conscious worker.

**—LEON TROTSKY** 

#### JOIN US IN FIGHTING FOR:

- 1. Military training of workers, financed by the government, but under control of the trade unions. Special officers' training camps, financed by the government but controlled by the trade unions, to train workers to become officers.
- 2. Trade union wages for all workers drafted into the army.
- 3. Full equality for Negroes in the armed forces and the war industries—Down with Jim Crowism everywhere.
- 4. A peoples' referendum on any and all
- 5. Confiscation of all war profits. Expropriation of all war industries and their operation under workers' control.
- 6. For a rising scale of wages to meet the rising cost of living.
- 7. Workers Defense Guards against vigilante and fascist attacks.
- 8. An Independent Labor Party based on the Trade Unions.
- 9. A Workers' and Farmers' Govern-

## The CIO Wins Again

For the second time within a month the CIO has succeeded in pushing enough Congressmen into line to defeat bills giving the President authority to "seize" struck plants and open them with troops. On July 6 representatives of every CIO union gathered in Washington to fight this and other anti-labor bills and their visits to Congressmen which polltax Congressman Howard Smith of Virginia called "goon squad" visits"—secured enough votes to defeat the Connally "plant seizure" proposal in the House of Representatives. A new version of the same proposal, which had been passed by the Senate, came before the House last week, and this one too was defeated, thanks to the activity of the CIO and Labor's Non-Partisan League.

The day before this second version was to be voted on in the House, CIO President Philip Murray publicly denounced it and called on all CIO unions to exert their influence against it.

In condemning the "plant seizure" measure, Murray correctly charged that "the bill is not intended to exercise any compulsion against management, but only against labor," and that "it impairs labor's basic right to strike by permitting occupation of plants and the use of the army and the navy to break strikes as the President may designate."

The prompt action of Murray, in pointing out the dangers to labor in this bill and in directing the opposition of the powerful CIO against it, is to be commended. The time to fight anti-labor legislation and government strikebreaking is not after they are in effect, but the instant such measures are first proposed.

It is reasonable to believe that had the CIO national leadership taken such a prompt and firm position at the time when Roosevelt announced he intended to use army troops against the North American Aviation Corporation strikers, Roosevelt would never have dared to carry through that strikebreaking act.

The recent actions of the CIO leadership against the threat of government strikebreaking have served to recover much of the ground lost after the demoralizing experience of the silence of the CIO leadership during the days that the North American Aviation strike was being broken up the Army.

The Connally and May "plant seizure" pro-

posals should not be confused with the Property Requisitioning Bill, which passed the House on Tuesday. The crux of the "plant seizure" formula was (1) authorizing use of the army to seize plants which are on strike and (2) immediate return of the plants to their private owners when the strike is smashed. These provisions are not in the Property Requisitioning Bill, which appears simply to provide ways and means for government purchase of machinery from reluctant owners. The capitalist press, anxious to cover up the fact that the CIO has twice defeated the "plant seizure' proposal in the House, is calling the Property Requisitioning Bill by the same title.

## Stalinism On Aug. 4th

August 4th, the 27th anniversary of the outbreak of World War I, was a date of the greatest significance to the labor movement, especially since it came in the midst of World War II.

Lenin and Trotsky taught us always to remember and mark this date, and to explain what it meant to the workers.

August 4th symbolizes the fact that capitalism has reached such a stage in its decay that it can continue its rule only by plunging the masses into wide-spread slaughters to determine which set of monopoly capitalists should exploit the world.

August 4, 1914 taught us that the "socialists" who practice class-collaboration with the bosses in peacetime, continue that class-collaboration and support the war in wartime.

August 4th taught us that the decay of capitalism and the degeneration of the pro-war workers' parties made necessary the formation of a new revolutionary workers' party to lead the struggle for the abolition of imperialism and its wars.

These lessons of August 4th were understood best of all by the Bolsheviks in Russia. Their understanding of these lessons enabled them to overthrow capitalism in that country, to establish the Soviet Union, to speed the end of the war and form the Communist International.

These lessons of August 4th became the keystone of the tradition of the Communist International. All who joined the revolutionary movement were schooled in this tradition and thus prepared the better to fight against imperialism and its lackeys in the labor movement.

Last week much of the little space we have in THE MILITANT was devoted to the 27th anniversary of August 4th, to the lessons that Lenin' and Trotsky taught us.

The stories we printed were not mere ritualistic commemorations of a by-gone day. They were applications of the great lessons of August 4th to the struggles of today. We cited the lessons of World War I in order to lead the workers of today along the path of Lenin and Trotsky, Liebknecht, Luxemburg and Debs.

Not a special article, not a story, not an editorial, not even a passing reference to August 4 and its traditions appeared in the August 4 issue of the Daily Worker, central organ of the Communist

For the Stalinist leadership the whole tradition of Bolshevism is wiped out, the rich lessons of the anti-war fight are dropped overboard.

The silence of the Daily Worker on August 4 is more than an index of the degeneration of Stalinism. It is a necessary part of its political line.

For what can the Stalinists, who support the imperialist war today, say about Lenin's fight against the "socialist" warmongers?

## News From The Army

There are 350 soldiers who are prisoners in the one guardhouse in Fort Knox, Kentucky. This figure is known only because of the fact that an Associated Press dispatch reported it on Sunday in the course of describing the circumstances under which one of the prisoners, during what was described as a "guardhouse riot" of the 350, was shot and killed by military police.

One immediately wonders whether this figure is typical. If it is, it means that there are tens of thousands of soldiers in the guardhouses of the army training camps. Why? What offenses are they charged with? How many of them are there because they wrote to Congressmen opposing extension of the service term of draftees? We do not know. The Army hierarchy keeps these matters secret. Only the shooting of one of these soldiers by military police brought out the fact of the number in the particular guardhouse where he died.

This is the kind of democracy we have nowbefore formal entry into the war. And after?...

#### Not for American Public

General Peyton C. March, Chief of Staff of the American Army during World War I, in his book, "The Nation at War," reveals:

"Open mutinies occurred in sixteen French army corps, involving some of the finest troops in France. Divisions went 'Soviet,' electing 'Soldier Councils', to lead them. Whole regiments abandoned their posts and set out for Paris to demand that peace be negotiated. One of the most demoralizing incidents which occurred happened in a Russian division of about fifteen thousand men which had been sent around to France via Archangel to fight with the French. This command went openly Soviet and was not overcome until the French turned their artillery on them and shot down their own comrades. I saw survivors of this shocking episode when I served in France, disarmed and under guard in rear of the French lines ... None of this was allowed to become known to people of America. But I knew, and so did (Secretary of War) Baker,"

# Revolts Against Nazis Spreading Over Europe

#### Growing Unrest in Occupied Lands Spells Hitler's Doom; But British Propaganda Aids Nazis in Putting It Down

Reports last week from many of the territories occupied by ? the Nazis in Europe indicate, even when obvious propaganda is disorganization carried out in this discounted, that there are many genuine movements underway sector this week by E. J. and his against the Nazi machine of oppression.

The city of Belgrade has been fined heavily, to the extent which M. C. and his group a few of 10 million dinars, as punishment for the "increasing sabotage days ago upset a certain admin and terrorist activities". The seriousness of these activities was listrative plan of the Nazis, and indicated by Berlin's statement that "despite repeated German the skill with which those listed warnings there continue to be se-@

structive activities."

The War Minister in Bulgaria has had to draft a bill calling for propaganda within the army.

The Reich Commissioner in Norway was empowered this week to declare a state of emergency. backed by authorization for sentences of death or imprisonment. "to preserve public order, security and economic life in Norway."

The New York Times of August 4 carries stories from Istanbul. Turkey, telling of "mutterings of discontent and reports of disturb bances throughout German-dominated Eastern and Central Europe... The unrest is said to be particularly acute in Rumania . . . Serbian resistance is being steadily maintained against the Germans in Yugoslavia, despite fierce reprisals . . . '

There are also accounts of destruction by Serbian peasants of grain harvests, and "mass revolts in Central Scrbia, Herzegovina and Montenegro led by Serbian guerrillas."

And, most important of all, ac counts of unrest in Germany itself have begun to appear! "Opposition circles" have appeared in Germany proper, and the Nazi authorities have had to take measures against them. Even Nazis are being seized as "pessimists," and women have been held by the police and "admonished for spreading false ru-

It has been the practice of Hitler ever since the first outbreaks against the Nazis in the occupied countries last year, Holland for example, to attribute them to the activities of the British and other agents of belligerent nations.

in the minds of the German work- the V Roll of Honor." ers and soldiers the idea that An example of this news folthese outbreaks are merely part lows: of the Allied struggle to impose "Heroes in Holland: For the ing.

Germany.

ers want to avoid a second defeat drastic punishment of political at the hands of imperialists who will proceed to crush, starve and ganda plays right into the hands maltreat the German people, as of Goebbels and the Nazi propathey did after World War I.

> At all costs, therefore, Nazi prothat are completely independent of the British war operations.

the event of German victory, they hatred of fascist oppression. will be faced with mutinous, bitter, hostile populations which, independent of all connection with the imperialists, will from all sides continue to oppose, harass and attack the German overlords at every opportunity.

That is why the Nazis label all these movemens in the conquered countries as "activities and provocations of British agents" or, in the countries closer to the Soviet Union, as "communist inspired."

#### BRITISH PROPAGANDA COMES TO HITLER'S AID

In this connection, a story in the August 4th issue of the New York Times exemplifies the utter stupidity of British propaganda about the wave of unrest sweeping Nazi-held countries:

"The British Broadcasting Corporation gave Britain's 'V' campaign against Germany a novel the Netherlands, Belgium and Yugoslavia. . . . . And now to end

this bulletin,' the British announcer said, 'is news of some Hitler has followed this policy heroes of the European V Army. pendent of Stalinist ties, can mobdeliberately because it is impor- The brave deeds of these men . . tant for his purposes to establish are inscribed here in London in

rious excesses of terrorist and de- a second Versailles Treaty on 307 successfully bamboozled the The German soldiers and work- V Army expresses its special commendation" etc.

paganda for home consumption protests are merely part of the tries to conceal the fact that there British military fight to conquer are genuine movements of the Germany, and they will use the masses against Nazi oppression British boasts to justify the blood-For nothing could be more de- most of whom have no connection moralizing to the German soldiers with Britain at all, and who are than the knowledge that, even in driven to action solely by their

#### ONLY REVOLUTIONARY HITLERISM

The German masses must be inspired with the idea that Hitler can be overthrown by the masses of Europe without a British victory that would humiliate the German people. The Nazis must be demoralized by the certainty that even if they win the war they will still have to face great mass movements of the peoples in the occupied countries. The masses in the occupied countries' must be organized for the overthrow of all imperialist invaders. These necessary tasks can only be achieved by a movement that will be completely independent of the British or any other imperialist powers.

The Stalinists, subordinating twist yesterday by concluding a British war machine, make more news bulletin with a tribute to difficult the overthrow of Hitler-'heroes of the V Army' in Norway, ism and the successful defense of the Soviet Union.

# comrades, for the clever moves by in the V Roll as 248, 249, 253 and administrators; for these acts the

gandists. They will print it in full, to show that the spreading iest repressions against the population of the occupied countries,

## MOVEMENT CAN SMASH

the movement of the masses to the

Only the revolutionary working class movement, completely indeilize the masses of Europe for the successful struggle against Nazism. That is the movement which we Trotskyists are build-

Annapolis Open To All With Money And Pull

The United States Naval Academy at Annapolis was found- ing proof of its completely bour ed in 1845 and, from that time to the present, America's navy has been in the hands of the lord high admirals drawn from its

The bulk of the appointments to Annapolis are controlled by the members of Congress, each of whom is allowed four appointees in the Naval Academy annually. "An appointment to the Naval Academy," wrote Kendall

Banning in his "Annapolis Today," "is classified as a 'political plum'. The basis on which a Congressman makes his selection s a purely personal matter with 9him. His choice of a principal ap- the remainder is accredited to a pointee and of his first, second, savings account. Enlisted men who and third alternates may be determined on purely personal should not only come from modergrounds, on the basis of political ate well-off families; it might "Rules and Regulations" of the preferment, or by competitive ex- also be advisable for them to get United States Naval Academy. aminations conducted by any in the good graces of their comagency or groups designated by manding officers. the Congressman . . . The results

for such use as he may care to make of them . . . The President makes fifteen appointments-at-large, selected from the sons of officers or men in the Army, Navy, and Marine Corps and four from the District of Columbia. These are selected on the basis of a competitive examination, so constructed as to favor

of the competitive examinations

are submitted to the Congressman

procured a higher education. One hundred other appointenlisted men of the Regular Navy and Marine Corps. These must be between 16 and 20 years old, have had one year of service, and have of educational institutions which of high school. To prepare for the competitive examination, applicants go to the Naval Academy Preparatory Class for six months.

If these applicants come from poor families and have been sendin the world for them. While they boys from bourgeois families.

wish to be appointed to Annapolis

As the government publication, some," while not very likely to of candidates into the Naval Aca- ligence, "are all part of the sysdemy" puts it: "Enlisted men who tem of training and of discipline, fulfill the requirements as to age they all aim to inculcate the carand length of service should make dinal virtue of obedience . . . application to their commanding But the midshipman does not sufofficer for examination. It is not fer in vain! "If he is philosophinecessary to be recommended by cal," writes Kendall Banning, unanyone else."

those fortunate enough to have World War. Half of the forty ap- the same system of training and pointments are made from the of discipline upon his subordisons of officers, half from the sons | nates." ments are made annually from the of warrant officers, soldiers, sailors, and marines.

every year from "honor graduates" the rest of their lives. collèges.

a small part of their pay in cash; napolis is perhaps the most crush-stry."

geois character. "No Negroes have graduated from the United States Naval Academy," states the Negro Year Book. Three entered during the Reconstruction period after the Civil War; one was appointed by Negro Congressman Mitchell in the Spring of 1936. All four were removed on one pretext or an-

Annapolis discipline is rigorous indeed. Several pages of "crimes" subject to one penalty or another are listed alphabetically in the "Tasks that seem pointless to

him, restrictions that are irk-

"Regulations governing admission develop the midshipman's intelofficial spokesman for the Aca-Forty appointments are made demy, "he may find at least a yearly by the President from the crumb of comfort in the knowlsons of officers, soldiers, sailors edge . . . that as he rises in the and marines who died in the naval hierarchy he will impose

The midshipmen, in short, are slaves for a few years that they Twenty appointees are selected may be capable slavedrivers for

Instruction in the amenities been through at least two years the War Department has design plays its part in the Annapolis nated as "Honor Schools" and curriculum - with good reason; from the members of the Naval "Everywhere he (the naval officer) Reserve Officers' Training Corps. goes," writes Bannin, "he is This last has been set up in six thrown into contact with the best people throughout the world Thus, all the methods used to with officers of our own and of ing money home, then the Prep | pick sudents for Annapolis lead | foreign navies, with diplomats, aratory Class is not the best thing to an overwhelming majority of statemen, men in official positions, leaders in society, representatives attend it, the applicants get only The treatment of Negroes at An. of the arts, the tycoons of indu-

# Where We Stand

Why Have We Now Been Indicted?

Capitalist democracy works in a mysterious way its wonders to perform.

By Albert Goldman

Take the case of the Minnesota indictment charging some of our party members and some trade union leaders and activists with conspiracy to overthrow the government by force and violence. What people were responsible for the indictment and why were they obtained? To answer these questions means to get a glimpse into the behind-the-scenes workings of our democratic process.

We shall leave out of consideration the question of the violation of the rights of free press and free speech guaranteed to the inhabitants of this country by the Constitution of the United States. These rights are directly involved in the Minnesota indictment because it was obtained under Federal and not under State laws. The first ten amendments to the Constitution of the United States contain all the guarantees for free press, free assembly etc. And these amendments are a restricion on the Federal Government and not on the various State legislatures.

The prosecution may claim, however, that the question of the constitutionality of the statute under which we are indicted is not a question for the Attorney General's office to decide. The Department of Justice is here to enforce the laws and let the Courts pass on the questions of this constitutionality. But any attempt to pass the buck in this fashion can hardly succeed in this case. The "seditious conspiracy" act, which is the basis of the first count in the indictment, is as old as the Civil War. Our party in its present form was organized more than three years ago, the Trotskyist movement more than twelve years ago. Why did not the Department invested with the great duty of enforcing the sacred statutes take action before? What was the reason for the long delay? There is a rumor that the FBI is a very efficient organization so that it could hardly be that the long delay is to be explained by the inefficiency of that governmental agency.

Even if we exclude the first count and limit ourselves to the second count of the indictment, based on the Smith Act which makes it a crime to advocate the violent overthrow of the government, the reputation of the Department of Justice for efficiency would hardly stand up. For the Smith Act was passed more than a year ago and it should not take long even for FBI agents to read the Declaration of Principles which our party adopted in January 1938 and suspended in 1940.

#### Daniel J. Tobin Set the Wheels Going

The wherefore of the indictment at this time would indeed be a puzzling problem were one to base himself on the idea that the government functions in a democratic manner observing and enforcing all the laws equally and impartially. However, put Daniel J. Tobin. President of the International Teamsters, upon the scene and the democratic process by which the indictment was obtained becomes exceedingly clear. Now Tobin is only one citizen. Like every other citizen he has only one vote on election day. If he suffers injury at the hands of some person or persons he has the right openly to file charges and present his evidence before the prosecutor in the first instance and before the court and jury in the second

That Tobin has suffered injury at the hands of the leaders of Local 544-CIO is beyond any question of a doubt. They disregarded his desires; they flaunted his decisions; they disobeyed his commands. Instead of graciously giving up the posts to which they were elected and permitting Tobin to rule over the truck drivers as he wished and more particularly to pocket the per-capita from over five thousand union men, the 544 leaders decided to defend their democratic rights and the democratic rights of all the union men. It must be admitted that Tobin suffered grievous injury and if that were the charge in the indictment I must confess that the prisoners at the bar would be compelled to plead guilty.

But this is exactly where capitalist democracy steps in and makes it unnecessary for Tobin to come to court with his just grievances in an open and frank manner. Since Tobin understands (if he does not, his lawyers do) that the kind of injury which he suffered cannot be taken cognizance of by the majesty of the law, he must find some other way to utilize the law to punish his enemies and to get justice for himself.

So Tobin, who is eager to help fight for democracy in far-off Germany, runs to his friend Roosevelt, the leader of the fight for democracy in far-off Germany. The chief thereupon gives his orders to the Department of Justice and, unlike the leaders of 544 who believe in disobeying Tobin's orders, the Department of Justice, also fighting for democracy for Hitler's subjects, obeys Roosevelt's orders and the result isthe indictment.

The Hypocrisy of Capitalist Democracy

Tobin's name is not on the indictment: Roosevelt's name is not on the indictment. Only the names of the prosecutors, who obey orders and thus differ from the leaders of Local 544, appear on the indictment. So we have a private citizen by the name of Daniel J. Tobin, who votes only once on election day, going to Roosevelt, who enforces all laws impartially, as should be the case in a land where democracy reigns supreme, and the result is an indictment against twenty-nine people who are not personal friends of Roosevelt and who cannot influence him in any way.

Thus does capitalist democracy work. The constitutions, the laws, guarantee equality and justice. They reveal nothing of the democratic process as it actually functions behind the scenes. They reveal nothing of the secret conferences which the leaders of Congress have with the leaders of industry. Laws are passed ostensibly after a full discussion and by the members of the legislatures. Indictments are obtained ostensibly after an impartial analysis of all the evidence. Capitalist democracy covers itself up with sanctimonious formalities.

But it is better than fascism. Yes, we are compelled to admit that much. But it is not better than workers' democracy and above all, under conditions of capitalist decay, it cannot and will not last. They who do not fight for the establishment of workers' democracy are only helping place a fascist noose around their necks.