

THE KENYA STORY -- AFRICANS IN REVOLT

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After Nov. 4th Labor Will Still Have No Voice

By Myra Tanner Weiss

The fifteen million union men and women, through the solicitations of their leaders, have coughed up millions of dollars for Adlai Stevenson's campaign.



MYRA TANNER WEISS

Yet, for all its vast outpouring of money, talent and energy in this election, labor will end up without a single solitary voice of its own in Washington even if Stevenson wins.

This kind of politics is ignominious. Still worse, it gets no concessions for labor — not even the pitiful ones used to justify this policy in the early years of the New Deal.

Whatever the outcome of the elections, I am confident that the next four years of continued capitalist political rule will demonstrate conclusively the folly of leaving labor's fate in the hands of the Big Business parties.

"Bring GIs Home," Dobbs Urges on Nation-wide Hookup

Harvester Strike Continues Firm Despite Injunction

By Frank Roberts

CHICAGO, Oct. 2 — In its latest move to break the strike of the Farm Equipment section of the independent United Electrical Workers, the International Harvester Co. has secured an injunction limiting pickets to six per gate at the McCormick Works.

Despite the injunction, production remains at a virtual standstill. There is no appreciable gain in scabs working.

Negotiations remain stalemated. The company's best offer is an abbreviated version of the worst features of the CIO United Auto Workers contract in a UAW-organized plant, with favorable clauses omitted.

It is rumored the UAW leaders signed the contract ending the strike at Melrose Park to facilitate a raid on the FE at the Canton Works.

The FE-UE's main concern is a pressing relief problem. With 30,000 on strike, numerous hardship cases have developed.

Harold Ward, Financial Secretary of Local 108, who is being framed for the slaying of William Foster, a Harvester scab, is now being held without bond for first-degree murder.

The House Un-American Activities Committee has come and gone. The company got an injunction at a key plant.

Truman called in the union and company spokesmen after the Bituminous Coal Operators Association also objected to the WSB's action.

Truman hit something of a low in hypocrisy when he charged that Eisenhower is "willing to accept the very practices that identify the so-called 'master race' because the Republican candidate has 'embraced' his party colleagues in Congress who voted for the Nazi-like McCarran Immigration Act.

Truman carefully "forgot to remember" that this "master race" law was authored by the Democrats; that a majority of the Democrats in both Houses voted for it; and that Truman himself and his protegee Stevenson have also fervently "embraced" members of their own party who voted for this "repellent" law, as Truman termed it.

The President is quite correct, of course, when he says that Eisenhower "cannot escape responsibility" for his failure to repudiate Republicans who backed this discriminatory law that designates peoples of Eastern and Southern Europe as "less desirable" than those of Western Europe and excludes the former



COURT RULING ON LEGLESS VETERAN SPURS STRUGGLE ON WITCH HUNT

The Circuit Court of Appeals decision in the case of James Kutcher is being welcomed widely as a victory in the fight for civil liberties.

EDITORIAL: A "top secret" government memorandum, containing the Joint Chiefs of Staff's views in 1947 on withdrawal of U.S. occupation troops from Korea, was read to a political rally in Minnesota on Oct. 27 by Senator Wayne Morse of Oregon, who quit the Republican Party to stump for Stevenson.

editorially, was "shocking." When such "confidential" documents are "dragged into partisan politics," said the horrified Times, "the precedent . . . from the point of view of both political morals and national security, is not pleasant to contemplate."

Yes, indeed, there's no telling what might happen if the American people got a real peek into the secret files. They might find out the full facts about the war plots of Wall Street's government and call for the only possible answer — a nation-wide movement to clean out the Democrats and Republicans and put a Workers and Farmers government in power.

employee loyalty program last week. The District of Columbia Court of Appeals held that an employee could not be dismissed solely because he admitted membership in the Socialist Workers Party.

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SWP Candidate Calls For Continued Anti-war Fight After Elections

NEW YORK, Oct. 29 — The American working people "are against the Korean war; they want it stopped right now; they want the boys brought back home," said Farrell Dobbs, Socialist Workers Party candidate for President of the United States, in a nation-wide NBC-TV and radio broadcast tonight.

Climaxing a fighting campaign that has taken him across the country and back on national speaking tours, Dobbs told the American people that neither Stevenson nor Eisenhower intends to end the Korean War.

He called on the workers to vote the Socialist Workers ticket to express their demands for an end to the Korean War and for the immediate withdrawal of all U.S. forces from foreign soil.

Votes for the SWP, he said, also "will help speed the formation of a mass labor party" to work and fight for a labor government that will let the people decide foreign policy.

The full text of Dobbs' speech follows:

I have traveled the length and breadth of this country in the last three months. I have talked to industrial workers, white collar workers, students, housewives all the way from Boston to San Francisco. I am in a good position to know what the working people are thinking.

They are against the Korean war; they want it stopped right now; they want the boys brought back home.

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NEW THOUGHT-CONTROL MOVES MADE BY GOV'T

A series of new witch-hunt moves, partly designed as pre-election efforts to beat off Republican charges of "softness towards Communism," have been made by the Truman administration in the past two weeks.

On Oct. 20, a two-member subcommittee of the Subversive Activities Control Board set up under the McCarran Act called the Communist Party "a puppet of the Soviet Union" that "lives for the day when it can install a dictatorship of the proletariat" and recommended that the CP be compelled to register its officers, members and finances.

On Oct. 22, Truman's Attorney General McGranery announced the following three actions:

(1) Demanded surrender by eight so-called "Communists" now under deportation proceedings.

(2) Requested a new medical examination for William Z. Foster, 71-year-old CP national chairman, in an effort to bring him to trial under the Smith "gag" law.

(3) Initiated deportation or denaturalization proceedings against ten of the 85 Communist Party leaders thus far indicted under the Smith Act.

Like all previous persecutions under the Truman witch hunt, all of these actions were based upon the mere holding of unorthodox political opinions, and not upon the commission of any criminal acts.

The day after the Subversive Activities Control Board panel



FARRELL DOBBS

— and we say again now — that the United States has no business in Korea, and we would never have been there if the American people were given a chance to vote on the question.

This sentiment has proved so powerful that it has broken through the Republican-Democratic conspiracy to keep the Korean war out of the election campaign. Eisenhower and Stevenson are now arguing about Korea, not because they want to give the Korean people the right to run their own affairs, not because

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SWP Election News Campaigning for Socialism

Mine Strike Called Off at Least Until After the Election

After a 24-minute conference with Truman at the President's request, John L. Lewis on Oct. 27 urged the 350,000 soft coal miners to call off — at least until after the election — their strike against the adverse ruling of Truman's Wage Stabilization Board.

Truman called in the union and company spokesmen after the Bituminous Coal Operators Association also objected to the WSB's action.

The only immediately obvious effect of the decision to call off the strike is to save the Democrats embarrassment on a labor issue just before the elections.

It was not revealed whether Truman offered the United Mine Workers any inducement to call off the strike other than the promise of a "fair hearing" on the union's appeal against the WSB ruling.

Truman's Hypocrisy on the McCarran Act

Truman hit something of a low in hypocrisy when he charged that Eisenhower is "willing to accept the very practices that identify the so-called 'master race' because the Republican candidate has 'embraced' his party colleagues in Congress who voted for the Nazi-like McCarran Immigration Act.

But neither can Truman and Stevenson escape responsibility for the actions of the Democratic majority in the Senate and House who voted for the bill over the President's veto and whom Truman and Stevenson have endorsed or failed to repudiate.

Among others who urged Truman to sign the bill were Secretary of State Acheson and Attorney General McGranery. Truman vetoed the bill — knowing that there was no danger of its

not being passed over his veto. The next day, June 26, the House overrode the veto by 278 to 113, with 170 Republicans and 108 Democrats in the affirmative; 25 Republicans and 88 Democrats were against.

On June 27, the Senate voted down Truman's veto by 57 to 26. The majority was formed by 31 Republicans and 26 Democrats; the minority was eight Republicans and 18 Democrats.

Truman failed to mention that one of Stevenson's campaign advisers is Senator Fulbright of Arkansas who helped put the law over. The Democratic candidate has accepted the support of dozens of Democratic senators who voted for the law.

Like Eisenhower, Stevenson too is "willing to accept . . . practices" characteristic of the so-called "master race."

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McCARRAN





