

CHICAGO DAILY SOCIALIST

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PRICE ONE CENT

WILL LABOR HELP THESE YOUNG GIRLS

Telephone Company Forces Pretty Operators Into Immodesty.

ANYTHING FOR PROFIT

Young Women May Rebel—Succeed in Keeping Sell Respect in Face of Difficulties.

Working girls employed by the Chicago Telephone Company are being forced to go into the streets and "make themselves agreeable," and other public places, approach men, get names to a petition for a new franchise for the company.

If a girl refuses to make of herself the sport of any man that cares to take advantage of her position she is discharged. President Wheeler's wife and his other women relations are not doing this work. If they were he would feel himself degraded and would expect to lose his position in "society."

Modesty Insulted. It is the daughters of working men that are thus compelled to overcome all natural modesty and approach men they do not know in an intimate manner.

Only the pretty girls are selected for this work. In the days when black people were held as slaves the girls born beautiful was not envied by her sisters. She was certain to become the sport of her master. So it is today in the telephone offices the pretty girl is selected to make a public thing of herself in this fight between the Chicago Telephone Company and a crowd of disreputable schemers headed by Levy Mayer, whose ambition it is to die the richest lawyer in the world. If he wins and Mayor Dunne signs an ordinance giving him a franchise for a telephone system he may achieve his ambition.

Girls May Organize. Efforts are being made to organize the telephone girls for a strike against the company that is forcing them to go before all men to get names to the grafting petition.

Trade unions, always standing in defence of the weak, should jump into this telephone fight and protect the telephone girls. The young women themselves are conducting themselves in a way that causes respect even in the most insulting of men. Many crooked things have been done by Chicago's captains of industry, but this is the first time the bold captains ever came out publicly and traded in the beauty of young women by wholesale.

PHONE CROWD, CHARGED WITH ROBBERY, PLEADS FAVORS.

City's Wise Men Listen Gravely and Are Impressed.

The laughable farce of a City of Chicago beseeching a public service corporation to reduce its rates was continued today before the committee on gas, oil and electric light.

Judge Barton Payne, attorney for the Chicago Telephone Company, and Manager A. S. Hibbard were present to ask for a renewal of the company's franchise.

It was the farce of a thief asking his victim for another chance to rob him.

The Chicago Telephone Company, is the concern that charged \$175 a year for telephones, although its last ordinance limited the rate to \$125 a year, and the Supreme Court held that \$50 was nothing but practical highway robbery.

Instead of being treated as a thief the company was dealt with just as if its record was white.

General Manager Hibbard, of the telephone company, declared that it would be ruinous to his stockholders to fix a maximum rate for business telephones. He feared some one would get a free telephone message over the wires. Saloon keepers,

druggists and business men would all want unlimited service, and then nickel-in-the-slot business would

Richard T. Hibbard overlooked the fact that the public don't care two hurrals whether there are any slot telephones or not and that it is extremely doubtful if the whole nickel and dime system now in use is not illegal under the present ordinances. He pleaded for "fair" treatment to the vested interests.

Mayor Dunne has told the company it will have to fix a maximum charge on the measured service plan or the city will deal with another concern. Every one ought to be satisfied, because the other concern is backed by the Illinois Manufacturers' Association, which has consistently fought the union workmen of Chicago.

PULLMAN WORKERS ON VERGE OF STRIKE

Shop Managers Scheming to Reduce Wages to Pay Interest on Watered Stock.

At the time the Pullman company directors were dividing up over \$27,000,000 of accumulated profits, the managers of the plant at Pullman were devising means to reduce wages.

In the car trimming department a change from time work to piece work was made which compelled trimmers to work much harder to earn the same amount of money.

The reason given by the company for making the change is that it is under contract to deliver a large lot of cars to the Metropolitan Railroad Company by Dec. 15.

Must Work Longer Hours.

Last Friday a notice was posted in all departments of the Pullman works that for the next four weeks the works would run until 4:30 o'clock Saturday afternoon, instead of closing at 12:15, as has been the custom.

In return for the extra work on Saturday afternoon the company has promised full pay for Christmas and New Year's.

Blacksmiths and Machinists Quit, as Usual.

Last Saturday machinists and blacksmiths refused to obey the order to work Saturday afternoon, and went home at 12 o'clock, as usual.

Other Departments Not Organized.

The employees in the other departments are not organized, and most of them obeyed the order under protest.

Unorganized Departments Helpless.

An old employe of the Pullman company Saturday night said that if it were not for the fact that there is no organization in most of the departments the arbitrary order would have precipitated a strike last Saturday.

"As it is," he said, "it may be the means of causing Pullman employes to organize." It is believed by many of the Pullman employes that the order to work Saturday afternoon was posted in the interest of South Chicago merchants.

Their reason for desiring the change is to make it more inconvenient for the workers of Pullman to do their purchasing downtown.

It is a fact that only a few months ago the South Chicago Merchants' Association petitioned the Pullman company to make some arrangements with their employes to have them work Saturday afternoon so they would not get their money in time to go downtown to trade.

JOB FOR "NOBLE" BONI. Will He Work?—Gould Boys Will Give Him More to Be Idle.

New York, Nov. 19.—Count Boni de Castellane need not starve because Mme. Anna Gould cut him off without a penny. He can get a job here as head waiter in the Cafe Martin.

J. B. Martin, proprietor of Cafe Martin, sent Boni the following cablegram:

"Count Boni de Castellane, Paris: Will contract to engage you as major domo at salary of 50,000 francs a year to take entire charge of waiters and manage restaurant privileges of Cafe Martin. Oblige with immediate answer."

Mr. Martin said today that he had received no answer.

George Gould, it is understood, will give Boni twice as much to remain in Europe.

HERE IS A REAL ROMANCE.

Paris, Nov. 19.—Madame Emma Calve, the grand opera star, is engaged to be married to an American millionaire, according to a report today, who was stricken blind while sitting in a box here.



OSLERIZED!

STEAMER SINKS; FORTY LIVES LOST

Sailors Are Heroes—Passengers Asleep When Vessels Crash.

[Scripps-McRae Press Association.] Seattle, Wash., Nov. 19.—The steamer Dix, Captain P. Lermon, bound from Seattle to Port Blakeley with passengers, sank two miles north of Iki Point shortly after 7 o'clock Sunday night after having collided with the steamship, Jeanie, Captain Mason, of the Alaska Pacific Navigation Company. Forty-one passengers and members of the crew of the Dix are missing, and thirty-nine were saved. The Dix is a total wreck. The Jeanie was not injured in the least, and no member of her crew was lost. The master of the Dix was saved.

Passengers Are Saved.

The Jeanie, a heavy ore-laden boat on her way to the smelters at Tacoma, crashed into the starboard side of the Dix just abaft amidships, tearing a great hole and bowling the lighter vessel over on her port side. As the Dix swung back the water rushed into the hole on the starboard. She filled and foundered within five minutes of the time she was struck.

All of the passengers were in their staterooms when the crash came, and in the panic which followed many of them never gained the deck. Others were carried down to death by the suction of the sinking craft and never came up.

The crew of the Jeanie made desperate efforts to rescue the victims, Captain Mason sending all of his boats to the rescue. About forty of the seventy-nine passengers of the Dix were taken from the water by the crew of the Jeanie.

Sailors Are Heroes.

The heroes of the disaster were Charles Dennison, mate, and Engineer Parker, both of whom went to the bottom with their ship while making desperate efforts to save the lives in their care. Dennison was at the wheel of the Dix when the crash came. He immediately signaled for full steam ahead, intending to try and beach the vessel. Parker received the signal and responded, working his engines for all they were worth. There was no hope, however,

and the deluge of water swept in on him. He was drowned at his post. Members of the crew shouted to Dennison to save himself, but he paid no attention and went to the bottom clutching the spokes of the wheel.

SIoux CITY TO FRONT FOR DAILY

Proposes Plan That Will Make Chicago Daily Socialist Greatest Newspaper in the World.

[Special Correspondence.] Sioux City, Ia., Nov. 19.—It was decided at the last meeting of the Socialist local here to subscribe for one share of stock in the Chicago Daily Socialist.

It was also decided that every local in the United States be requested to take stock. It was pointed out that daily newspapers must be published if the working class is to be aroused to its interests.

NEW SIGN OF JAP PROGRESS.

Socialist Weekly to be Founded at San Francisco for Orient Workers.

After December 1, a Socialist monthly in the Japanese language will be published at San Francisco. The new magazine will be called "Labor" and will be edited by S. Oka.

Mr. Oka returned a few weeks ago from Japan, where he had purchased the printing material and machinery necessary for the publication of a magazine in the Japanese language. The new publication will have its office at 680 Hayes street.

CAP MAKERS WILL MEET.

The Hat and Cap Makers' Union will hold a special meeting this evening at 188 Blue Island avenue.

Colder and Cloudy.

Colder tonight and tomorrow. Probable snow flurries. Minimum temperature about 20 above 0.

ROME IN A PANIC OVER BOMB PLOT

Anarchists Believed to be Determined to Kill Pope Pius.

[Scripps-McRae Press Association.] Rome, Nov. 19.—Rome is in a panic to-day following the attempt to blow up St. Peter's yesterday, the assassination of Prof. Rossi at Naples and a reported bomb outrage at the Quirinal, the royal palace. It is believed a gang of the most desperate anarchists in the world is operating in the city.

The report that a bomb had been exploded at the quirinal was started shortly after the outrage at St. Peter's, and was regarded as an attempt on the life of King Victor Emmanuel. It has been shown to-day that a small boy exploded a fire cracker in a tunnel under the royal palace. Agitated as the city was by the previous bomb explosion, the incident was magnified.

Bomb Meant for Pope.

There is no doubt that the bomb at St. Peter's was meant for Pope Pius. It had been erroneously reported that the pontiff would attend the services in St. Peter's yesterday. Anarchists are supposed to have arranged a plot for his murder.

Added alarm, due to the assassination of Prof. Rossi at Naples, had been caused by the assassin, who escaped, sending word that he intends to kill another professor and that Rossi's funeral will be made the occasion.

WORK OF I. W. W. CONVENTION ILLEGAL.

Charles Moyer, president of the Western Federation of Labor, has addressed a letter to the locals of that organization in which he declares that he is of the opinion that the work of the second annual I. W. W. convention, so far as it changed the constitution, is illegal. And he advises members of the W. F. of M. to repudiate it. President Moyer points out that the convention has only initiative power and that no law made by the convention should go into effect until ratified by a referendum vote of the rank and file.

FINS GET GUNS.

Helsingfors, Finland, Nov. 19.—(Special.)—The police of Bjornberg took possession of fifty boxes of ammunition which were smuggled over for the Russian revolutionists. It is reported that 298 of such boxes, each one containing twenty rifles, have been transported that way. The police, however, have not been able to find them, and it is believed that these boxes are already in the possession of revolutionists.

CARS CAUSE ILLS SAY HEALTH MEN

Woman Gets Consumption in Public Vehicle and Others Are Urged to Walk.

Following the story published in the Chicago Daily Socialist last week about a woman contracting consumption in a Halsted street car, the health department issued a warning to the people of Chicago to shun the cars as they are reeking with bacteria, tuberculosis, pneumonia and influenza.

The bulletin issued advises the people to walk any reasonable distance rather than enter a car. If the distance is too great to walk the bulletin advises that the passenger get out and walk the last mile or so and help to disinfect the lungs.

The cars are especially to be avoided during the rush morning and evening, as they then are inevitable mediums for spreading these diseases.

POET'S FAMILY POISONED.

Amesbury, Mass., Nov. 19.—The home of John Greenleaf Whittier here today houses several very sick descendants of the poet. They think an attempt has been made to poison the family by putting arsenic in their beefsteak. Those affected are Greenleaf Whittier, son of the poet's biographer, his wife, W. Pickard and Mrs. Lizzie Degnan, a nurse. All were taken ill after eating the steak. An analysis showed the meat to be full of arsenic. The police suspect a woman who has frequently expressed hatred for the family.

W. W. ASTOR TO BE NAMED IN DIVORCE

Expatriated American Tenant Owner Breaks Up Family of Earl of Westmoreland.

London, Nov. 18.—Aristocratic Britain is on the verge of a divorce scandal which will surpass in interest any similar event of recent years.

William Waldorf Astor, the former American citizen, the present American real estate owner, the proprietor of the Pall Mall Gazette, the persistent and unsuccessful applicant for admission to the inside set of British society, is to be named as co-respondent by an injured husband who is no less a dignitary than the earl of Westmoreland.

The countess of Westmoreland is a very beautiful woman. She comes of a family noted for its matrimonial troubles. Her brother is the notorious earl of Rosslyn, who made such a jackass of himself on the stage a few years ago. Her sister, Lady Angela Forbes, has but recently obtained a divorce from her husband. Other sisters are the duchess of Sutherland, the countess of Warwick and Lady Algernon Lennox.

It will be shown in the divorce trial that Mr. Astor was for a long time devoted to the countess, but that she consistently rejected his advances until within the past year, when he presented her with jewels valued at \$1,250,000.

Who Paid for the Jewels?

Mr. Astor gets most of his income from rentals from his human lives in the east side of New York city. The occupants of these tenements are chiefly Russian Jewish peddlers and Greek fruit vendors. Thus is still further emphasized the justice of the cognomen of which Mr. Astor is so proud of being, "the world's greatest cosmopolitan."

EMPLOYERS HOLD UP UNION FUNERAL

Crimes of the Burial Trust to be Exposed in Court.

Petition for a sweeping injunction against the "undertakers' trust" was filed today by Charles H. Perrigo. It is believed he is acting for the Union Burial Association, which was organized a few months ago with the support of the Chicago Federation of Labor.

In the suit it will be charged by Mr. Perrigo that the liverrymen's association and the undertakers' association have an agreement which prevents the undertaker who is not a "union man" from getting carriages from any liverryman.

A case will be cited where the funeral of a member of the Safe and Machinery Movers' Union was held up because the dead man owed another undertaker for the burial of his wife. The man could not be buried by any one until his union raised the money for the debt and for the burial of the husband.

Employes Tell False Stories.

A few years ago the entire civilized world was told that union funeral drivers stopped the burial of the dead in Chicago. All Chicago papers carried long stories of these supposed outrages. Every one of the stories was false. They were printed and circulated at the request of the Chicago Employers' Association and the Liverrymen's Association. If such things had occurred many arrests would have been made. There were no arrests of any picket or striker. The suit filed today will show that the organized undertakers and liverrymen are themselves "holding up funerals."

CHANGES IN MANAGEMENT.

New Officers Elected by Directors of the Chicago Daily Socialist.

At last week's meeting of the Board of Directors of the Chicago Daily Socialist, A. M. Simons was elected editor, vice J. M. Patterson, resigned. Otto McCreely was elected managing editor.



LABOR ENTERS SCHOOL FIGHT

Business interests to Be Met By a United Working Class—Federation News.

The Chicago Federation of Labor adopted strong resolutions in support of democracy in the management of public schools at its regular meeting yesterday.

Whereas, The corporation interests and influences speaking through their subsidized papers are placing before the public incorrect and false information concerning the school situation in Chicago, be it

Resolved, That the interests of the school children demand that the Chicago Federation of Labor take steps to provide means for securing and distributing correct information on this important question, and to that end, be it

Resolved, That arrangements be made by the executive board for holding a public mass meeting under the auspices of the Chicago Federation of Labor on Nov. 25, and that such meetings be continued until the object intended be attained.

Miss Margaret Haley took the floor in support of the resolution. Not a Personal Fight. Among many other things she said: "We should not lose sight of the fact that this is not a personal affair between Superintendent Cooley and the Teachers' Federation...

FEDERATION FOR M. O.

No Socialist Resolutions Are Introduced—Peace is Favored.

Minneapolis, Minn., Nov. 19.—(Special.)—Only a short session was held on Saturday. The resolution committee reported favorably on a resolution favoring the government ownership of telegraph lines.

MODEST BOURKE

New York, Nov. 19.—W. Bourke Cockran was asked at his home in Port Washington, L. I., today if he had any reply to make to Richard Croker's interview of Saturday.

MAKE A START!

JOIN the Fraternal Homemakers and help the cause by PROVING Socialism. At the same time you will secure an assured income and perfect protection for your family by a system of wealth production that really increases the world's wealth and gives the worker the full product of his labor.

LANDLORDS' UNION IN CRUEL SUIT AGAINST WIDOW

With Oust Lone Woman and Four Children—Tenants Should Organize.

Mrs. Daniel O'Leary, 933 South Albany avenue, who buried her husband yesterday, will be turned out of her home with her four small children by virtue of a decree of eviction issued by Justice Niles Olson, 515 Lincoln avenue.

UNION PRINTERS DID NOT RIOT

Wm. Golding and David Patterson, the union printers, charged several months ago with riot by the Employers' Association and bound over to the Criminal Court, were to-day cleared.

LAST LOVE LETTERS IN MURDER CASE

Wronged Girl Begged Rich Youth to Wed Before She Was Slain.

Herkimer, Ky., Nov. 17.—More facts on which the prosecution in the case of Chester E. Gillette on trial here for the murder of his sweetheart, Miss Grace Brown, came to light today when it was learned that the prosecuting attorney has scores of letters written by the girl to Gillette in which she reproaches him for his treatment of her, and refers to threats, bodily violence and expressed wishes on his part that she were dead.

A week before the girl's body was found in Big Moote Lake she sent Gillette the following: "You remember, Chester, that you told me that you never would come to this section until my dead body was brought back. I have heard that you wished me dead. You must come to me as you promised."

Factory Girls Testify

Factory girls, who worked in the Cortland shirt factory, where Grace Brown first met the defendant, took the stand and told of the early relations between the pair. They told the jury that Gillette met Grace Brown clandestinely. That he never appeared in public with her; that one night he would appear in public with Nettie Benedict in Cortland and the next night would go off with Grace Brown to some town where he was not known. Gillette listened calmly.

CHAUFFEURS WIN BIG STRIKE

New York, Nov. 19.—Chauffeurs of the New York Transportation Company, who have been out on strike for several weeks, to-day are returning to work satisfied with the agreement reached last night between themselves and the management. The men will get \$2 a day for station work and \$2.50 a day for private calls. They will get 20 cents an hour overtime. The men agree to a twelve-hour day and the open shop.

DESPERADO SLAUGHTERS POLICEMAN

Brother Officer Quickly Avenges Murderer—Criminal Now Lies Dying Beside His Victim.

In a desperate battle to the death early this morning, Luke J. Fitzpatrick, a policeman, was killed by two criminals on Madison avenue station of the elevated railroad.

CHURCH vs. SHOWS; RELIGION WINS

New York Pastor Gives Vaudeville and Theatres Are Raided.

The Central Baptist church is in the heart of the tenderloin. Adjacent theaters and music halls proved more alluring than the pastor's best sermons until a week ago, when Miss Edith Palmer introduced a whistling solo at the regular service.

PREACHERS BITE ON GET-RICH SCHEMES

Teachers of Morals and Ethics Fertile Ground for Stock Frauds.

The methods for promoting all kinds of swindles have in recent years been refined down to an exact science. Experience has proven that the most vulnerable class of people to be attracted by investing swindles, aside from women, are ministers, doctors, teachers, and other professional people.

Don't Learn by Experience

These lists are classified into \$10 investors, \$25 to \$100 investors, \$100 to \$500 investors, and investors having \$10,000 or more available. The \$10 investors are mostly made up of a class of people who are in the habit of taking a small "fyer" occasionally of not over \$10, investing this amount on the theory that it may turn out with a big profit, but that in any event the loss cannot exceed \$10.

Small Investors Skinned

This class appeals to the swindler also, in spite of the fact that the amounts invested are so small, for the reason that even if the scheme is exposed as a swindle, the individual amounts are so small that it would not pay any single person to resort to law for the recovery of his money. True it is that a large number of such investors, if acting in concert, would become a menace, but as a rule such investors are too widely scattered or too unintelligent or indifferent to make any move of this kind.

HARRIMAN WANTS TO QUIT

Rockefeller, the Younger, Doesn't Like Riches—They are Not Joking.

E. H. Harriman, industrial despot, wants to "let go, but can't." John D. Rockefeller, Jr., urged his Sunday school class to remain poor.

INVENTOR LOSES WEALTH IN OLD AGE

How the Rewards of Useful Work Slip From Hands of Kindly Man.

This is the story of an inventor, the incentive to work, the rewards and how they slip away from men in this day.

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NEWS FROM FAR AND NEAR

REPORT OF EVENTS REDUCED TO PARAGRAPHS FOR EASY READING AFTER SUPPER

Persons familiar with the way immigrants are treated by the railroad companies when travelling to their destination declare that the statement made by the officials of the B. & O. Railroad that there was no possibility of the coaches being locked in the accident last Monday is false.

Thomas F. Ryan and John D. Rockefeller are mentioned in connection with the three Congo companies who were granted concessions to exploit the natives, cut off their land and torture the children.

An automobile factory in Detroit turned out twenty-four complete runabouts in one day last week, and the average day's work is almost that number, or a car every fourteen minutes.

The Chicago & North-western has given 1,600 station agents wage increases, which taken together will amount to \$1,200,000 a year. How much will each man get? These station agents work from twelve to twenty hours a day, every day in the year.

Prosperity reaches the working class in more regular employment and wages for all members of the family, except those required to keep the house going. This convinces many wage workers that they really are getting a larger share of their product.

Since labor has taken such a hand in British politics and the Socialist faction in parliament increased, "sixty" is duller than ever before. Working men are boldly talking of abolishing the house of lords, and some even propose discharging King Edward. If Edward is discharged he will have to move to Newport. No other community would give him such a welcome.

King Edward and Lord Rothschild have sent heavy draft horses to the stock yards to be exhibited at the annual live stock show. While the king and his lord will get the credit for producing these beautiful animals, neither selected the parents of the horses, nor fed them, nor groomed them, nor trained them for the show ring. It was all done by working men.

In an address at Richmond, Ind., Senator A. J. Beveridge of Indiana announced his intention to introduce a bill at the next session of congress to prohibit child labor in this country.

Believing that only by killing himself by flames could she save her son from eternal punishment, Mrs. Stella Bowman, 94 North California avenue, set fire to their home yesterday.

A mass meeting of Zionists will be held tomorrow night at which, it is said, Overseer Voliva will expel a number of members from the church because of their adherence to Parham, the apostle who organized a large following in Zion City.

Fire destroyed the Avenue Theater, 6237 Halsted street, yesterday, causing a loss of \$20,000.

An indescribable scene of confusion followed the explosion of a bomb in St. Peter's Cathedral in Rome. All escaped unhurt. No clue to the outlaw has been found.

Nearly 3,000 love letters written by the French statesman Gambetta to Mme. Leone Leon, whose death just occurred, will be published soon.

Secretary Shaw will urge congress to pass the law proposed by the bankers, which means that they can issue money against their "credit" whenever they need it. This is all right. Shaw is a banker. If a working man was secre-

ary of the treasury he might propose that every trade union be given power to issue money to its members out of work. That would be "anarchy," however.

Hiram Maxim, the British inventor, is the latest scientist to declare that flying machines will be in common use in the near future.

Senator R. M. La Follette of Wisconsin, in a speech at Portland, Ore., declared the so-called railroad senators. Senator Fulton at Washington declined to discuss La Follette's criticism.

Other Chicago newspapers are supported by the class they serve—by State street merchants, banks, employers' associations and others. Wealthy persons look out for their own interests and the working class should look out for its interest with the same energy.

Don't blame Harriman, Rockefeller, Morgan or the Pullman company because they get all they can. The working class has the power to change at any time the laws that now give the big rewards, not to producers, but to schemers, gamblers, traders and plain frauds.

Women are to be used as cab drivers in Paris, and for the same reason that the Chicago Telephone company is using young women to circulate its petition.

It seems to require a lot of litigation to prevent the South Shore Country Club from running a "blind pig." If some man without a pile of money should open a "club" in the same neighborhood with this club, it would be closed by Mayor Danne in a moment. It would be an interesting experiment for some of the working men living on the south side to make.

Socialists, when elected to office, refuse passes from railroads. The acts always are popular as it is a petty thing. Governor Deenen will demand an anti-pass law at the next session of the legislature. Don't let this fool you. He got more than \$250,000 in fees when he was state's attorney of Cook county.

Deenen is confident he will be president of the United States.

John S. Miller, head attorney for Standard Oil, favors a "trust commission" similar to the Inter State Commerce Commission. This shows how afraid the crowd is of Roosevelt's commerce commission.

In the second Sunday edition of the Chicago Daily Socialist the news that E. H. Harriman soon would be collecting gas and electric bills here was given. Yesterday the Chicago Tribune published the same story on its front page, two weeks after the news was given in these columns.

In every bank, every large factory, in almost every La Salle and Wall street office, Socialists are employed. In a short time many of these men will be correspondents of the Chicago Daily Socialist. If you have inside facts that will be of interest, send them along. Your name will be kept a secret.

H. P. McIntosh, M. G. Vilas and J. M. Robertson, indicted officers of the Standard Oil company, appeared today at Findlay, O., to face trial on charges of violating the trust law.

A war between the United States and Japan in the near future is predicted by a Paris paper. The Panama canal, the paper says, will quadruple the danger to Japan.

A violent earthquake occurred at Tucuman, the birthplace of Argentine independence, about the first capital of the Argentine Republic.

H. R. EAGLE 19 EAST RANDOLPH STREET. We have been closing out our Mail Order Department of General Merchandise. Most of the Dry Goods, Underwear, etc., is sold, and Monday we will place on sale the SHOES. That were in this department. They must all be sold this week. Remember, not one pair left by Saturday, Nov. 24. Cost will cut no figure in this closing-out sale. Men's Shoes, Women's Shoes, Boys' Shoes, Girls' Shoes and Children's Shoes. We will put these up in 6 lots: Lot No. 1—Children's Heavy Winter Shoes at... 20 cents. Lot No. 2—Boys' Heavy Winter Shoes at... 25 cents. Lot No. 3—Ladies' High Lace and Oxford Shoes at... 49 cents. Lot No. 4—Men's Extra Heavy California Work Shoes at... 69 cents. Lot No. 5—Men's Dress Shoes, worth up to \$5, per pair... 65 cents. Lot No. 6—Women's kid and patent leather Dress Shoes, worth from \$3 to \$5 per pair, to go at... 95 cents. You can readily see that we mean to close these out at once. Better come at once and get first choice. We also have placed on sale for next week a complete new stock of groceries which we will offer at strictly wholesale prices. CLEANING, DYEING, REPAIRING, PRESSING Ladies' and Gent's Garments. Suits French Dry \$1.00 SPONGING AND PRESSING, etc. Comrade A. CONEN 707 Grand Ave. COMRADES: PATRONIZE US! CHAS. TYL & CO. THE POPULAR TAILORS 772 S. HALSTED STREET COR. 17th FLOOR CHICAGO

Varicocele. Restoration to a sound and healthy condition is the result of my method of treating this common and when neglected, dangerous disease. My GUARANTEE: Over four thousand cases treated in 25 years is not a boast. I guarantee that if you cannot cure it, I will refund your money. If you cannot cure it, write me about it. J. H. GREER, M.D., 52 Dearborn Street, Chicago

## Ought the Trusts to Be Busted?

No, that head is not a typographical error. We did not mean to say "Can we bust the trusts?"

What are these trusts which every newspaper in the city of Chicago is attacking? Why is it that there has arisen such a cry for their destruction?

The trust is simply the cheapest way of conducting business. It is to the old partnership and corporation what the machine is to the hand tools of our fathers.

Because in our present society the great struggle is always for cheaper production, therefore those who are engaged in anything connected with industry seek constantly to reduce the cost of production. This can be done by adulteration, by shoddy work, by various forms of cheating and lying, upon all of which this system puts a premium.

It can also be accomplished by improving the method of production. Sometimes this improvement takes the form of a machine to displace labor. Sometimes it takes the form of a more economical organization of industry.

It is this latter form that has given rise to the trust. Every such improvement causes suffering to those whose interests are bound up in the old methods of production.

This is because it is impossible for the older expensive method to exist alongside the new and cheaper method.

**UNDER CAPITALISM ONLY THE CHEAPEST CAN SURVIVE.**

When the first power looms were invented the displaced weavers went about in great mobs carrying clubs and torches to destroy the machines.

But the machines stayed, though the weavers starved, because the power loom could produce faster and cheaper than the hand loom.

The same process has gone on in the organization of industry. The corporation, by lodging responsibility, combining a large amount of capital and being endowed with eternal legal life can produce cheaper than the individual firm or partnership. So although there was a great howl at first, the echoes of which have even yet not wholly died away, from those who were crushed out, against the corporations, yet because the later form of organization could produce cheaper it stayed.

Then there came a time when the perfection of transportation had made the market so large that only the very biggest firms could produce cheap enough to fill it. Then the large industry had a tremendous advantage. It had so great an advantage that only the largest industries could live at all.

Soon there were only a few great industries in each market. These were so large that they could produce much more than could be profitably sold within this market—not more than could be consumed if all wants were satisfied, but more than could be PROFITABLY SOLD.

Then it was that another inventor arose, or rather was developed out of the conditions. His invention consisted in the idea of combining these competing firms into one great trust that would save all the tremendous wastes of competition.

Once that the trust was in existence and it was found that it could place its goods upon the markets cheaper than the older forms of industrial organization, these older forms were doomed.

It is as silly for the owners of the corporations and partnerships and little individual firms to go out in legislative mobs trying to bust the trust as it was for those laborers of a generation ago to organize mobs to break up the machines.

What then are we to do with this new industrial monster. If we cannot destroy it why shall we not turn its gigantic energies to the benefit of all.

That is what we will be forced to do sooner or later. It is so powerful, its benefits are confined to so few, the suffering which it inflicts falls upon so many that it is impossible to conceive that it will be permitted to continue without change.

**THE ONLY CHANGE WHICH IS LOGICALLY POSSIBLE, AND WHICH WILL SECURE THE BENEFITS FOR ALL AND PREVENT THE ABUSES IS TO VEST THE OWNERSHIP IN THE HANDS OF ALL THE PEOPLE.**

THAT IS WHAT THE SOCIALISTS PROPOSE.

## Wasting Human Life

There are few stronger counts in the indictment against our present society than its prodigal wastefulness of the resources at its disposal.

This society spends over two thousand million dollars annually in advertising the goods it has produced. This is more than the total value of any cereal crop in America. It is ten times as much as is spent on the educational system from kindergarten to university. It is a tax of twenty dollars annually on every man, woman and child in the country.

For all this energy nothing is obtained that feeds, clothes, houses, warms, or in any manner contributes to the comfort of the people of the United States.

From one to three million men who are willing and anxious to work, are constantly out of employment. Millions more are thrown out for longer or shorter periods every year by strikes, lockouts, or other industrial disturbances.

The standing army, militia, police, private watchmen, spies, etc., would not be necessary under a society where production and not individual accumulation and exploitation was the main purpose of social effort.

Whole armies of men are today engaged in the manufacture of safes, vaults, locks of intricate design and a host of devices whose only reason for existence is the protection of forms of property which would have but little value if they could not be used by the owners to take the fruits of other men's labor.

To meet the exigencies of a profit system goods are shipped to and fro across the country in a manner, that were the same things done in an individual plant, a commission in lunacy would soon be inquiring into the mental condition of the owner and manager.

Fifty milk wagons go into a block where one postman does the work. Everywhere effort is duplicated and therefore wasted.

Human beings are forced into occupations for which they are unfit, and the talents that might have been of greatest service to society are lost.

These are just a few suggestions of the way in which human life is wasted under our present society. The man or society who wastes human life commits murder.

Think these things over. As you go about your work notice in how many places human energy is being sacrificed to the profit system.

Some time we are going to ask you to tell us about what you see.

Wonder how it feels to Platt and Depew to be ostracized? Plenty of express and railroad employes could tell them.

Every laborer's breast ought to swell with pride over the increase in the importation of diamonds last year.

Still that ten per cent. rise in wages remains a long way behind the forty per cent. rise in prices.

## FALLING!



Ryan Walker in the Arena.

## A Laugh or A Smile

By P. B.

### The Reason.

"Why is it that the monks of a thousand years ago were always turning out 'illuminated manuscripts'?"  
"Oh, I suppose it was because they lived in the dark ages."

Those politicians who looted the San Francisco relief fund would steal the butter off a sick nigger's bread, as the saying goes down south.

Dispatches say that Count Boni is taking a rest in the country. The truth, perhaps, is that he is dodging creditors in the country.

It is said that Standard Oil has lost \$150,000,000 since the crusade began. That sum would go a long way in a boodle fund, provided American legislators were not altogether incorruptible.

Mayor Schmitz of San Francisco should take the trouble to go through some old newspaper files and read all he can about the case of one Tweed, who used to rule in Manhattan.

### Good Scheme.

"Do you believe in trusts?" asks the first hobo.

"Of course I do. I was readin' in the paper yesterday about a soap trust bein' formed in New York."

Mr. Harriman did not participate in those Pullman dividends, but never mind. If he keeps on he will own the whole blamed business some day.

The Pennsylvania railroad may refuse to carry intoxicated persons, but the cab drivers will continue to cater to that sort of trade.

When the president gives out a statement concerning the canal he may not mention Poultny Bigelow by name but he will doubtless be there, between the lines, anyway.

### Other Consolation.

"It says here in the paper that a milk famine is threatened in Milwaukee."  
"Oh, well, that won't worry Milwaukee any."

The north pole must shiver every time it hears those direful threats of Commander Peary to get it sooner or later.

The mayor of Pittsburg is overlooking a chance. He should all get that it is

the Socialists who are doing all the robbing and murdering in his city.

Mrs. Platt can buy a nice little French duke for that \$250,000 and get her name in the papers some more.

While Thaw is said by his lawyer to be a nervous wreck, it has never been asserted that his toother is a financial

wreck, and that is the thing which most interests a lawyer.

Count Boni is now free to marry any other American girl who would like to see her name in the papers.

It would be useless to get the opinions of the big universities on Mrs. Sage's methods for getting rid of her fortune.

## SOCIALISM VS. UNIONISM

By J. N. BELL

[The following are extracts from the address delivered to the American Federation of Labor by J. N. Bell, fraternal delegate from the British Trades Union.]

There is one more subject we have in common. I am one of those who for sixteen years past have been trying to persuade the trade unionists of England to go into politics. At first it was said that if we introduced politics into the trade unions men of different creeds and parties would fall out and trade unionism would be injured. But the time came when those of us who thought we should go into politics received very powerful assistance. That was when the judges interpreted the law against us. The judges, of course, did not intend to assist us, but they did. There was nothing left for the trade unions but to enter politics, whether they liked it or not.

### No Affiliation with Other Parties.

We determined if we entered politics it should not be under the auspices of either of the great political parties, but would have a party of our own. We did so, and found the money to run that party, and as a consequence we are in a position to control it. About a million of trade unionists are now affiliated with the National Labor Party, and we have joined with us in that party two Socialist societies, the British Fabian Society, a small one, but one that exerts great influence through its literature—and the Independent Labor Party. Despite its name the latter is an out-and-out Socialist organization.

### Socialism and Unionism.

We have found there that the differences that divide Socialism and trade unionism are, after all, not so very great. The trade unionist wants as large a share of what he produces as he can get, and the Socialist wants all he produces. The trade unionist says the Socialist is demanding a great deal and that his prospect of getting it all is small, but after, he does not think the Socialist is unreasonable in asking for all. In the meantime the trade unionist is willing to be content with what he can get. The Socialists, on the other hand, admit there is reason in what the trade unionist says. Although the Socialists cannot get the

trade unionist as far as he wants him to go he is willing to travel the same road as long as it is possible for them to travel together.

### Socialists Supported by Trade Unions.

When the election came the Socialist candidates were supported by the trade unionists and the trade union candidates were supported by the Socialists. To that policy is to be ascribed the great measure of success that awaited us, a success that went far beyond our anticipations for a real and lasting labor party in Great Britain. The Socialist Party, to which Mr. Foster referred in his report, refused to join with the National Party. That society has a number of able men in its ranks, but it failed to secure the return of any one of them to the House of Commons at the general election.

### Has Helped Unions.

You may ask if all this has injured trade unionism along other lines. So far as I can judge there has been no bad effect; on the contrary, the success that has awaited us in the election has quickened interest generally in the labor unions in our country. The inspiration we had in the general election came, it is only fair to say, from the Socialist ranks. On the other hand, the organized and disciplined battalions of trade unionists were what enabled us really to rout the enemy. We are cheered to know that, not only in our own country, but in this country also, trade unions are able to do something in the political field.

### Same Tactics Needed Everywhere.

We know also that in all the countries in Europe this great struggle is going on. It matters not where you turn, in Germany, in France, in Austria, in Spain, aye, even in Russia itself, we find the same struggle going on and we have to adopt the same tactics to beat the enemy. In whatever country the struggle is going on we can feel assured the workers of the other countries are looking on with sympathy and with a hope that the day will come when the workers in all the countries will stand together to secure a common victory. Whether that be so or not, at least this can be said that there must be no turning back, there must be no faint-heartedness. If we cannot secure to-day what we are seeking for we must look forward to securing it to-morrow.

## Ready For The Fight

The Federation of Labor has at last begun to awake to the importance of the fight for the public schools of Chicago.

It is now preparing to hold meetings throughout the city to defend the working class interests involved.

This is good. But the Federation will accomplish little if its speakers do not recognize the full scope of the fight upon which they are entering.

This fight is not of today alone. It is touching deeper things than the Teachers' Federation, promotional examinations, or even leases and taxation. None of these things would have roused the combined forces of the Union League Club, the Merchants' Club and the Employers' Association. Not for the defense of a few dishonest leases of cheap tax dodgers would the Church have been whipped into line.

Capitalism does not call up its reserve forces for such small skirmishes.

The public school has long been one of the chief means by which the present ruling class has molded public opinion. Through the public schools the lesson of humility, obedience, slavish unreasoning patriotism, and the worship of the sacred rights of private property, has been inculcated into the rising generation.

The ruling class interests of Chicago see this control of the schools, and through them the minds of the young, slipping away. They are becoming desperate. They are organizing every force at their disposal in order to retain this control.

We are only at the beginning of the fight. Before it is finished it will have gone through the legislature, the charter convention and next municipal election.

In that fight there is only one daily paper in Chicago that dares to unreservedly support the working class side of this fight. There is only one paper that has dared to tell the whole truth about the matters that have come up. There is only one paper that has opened its editorial columns in defense of the laborer's side of this fight.

That paper is THE CHICAGO DAILY SOCIALIST.

We are in this fight to a finish. We have no school leases, do not belong to any department store advertiser, are under obligations to no banking interests, have no political goods to barter. Like the proletariat whom we represent we have nothing to lose and a world to gain.

## The Love of Men

Here's a health to the love that links all men;  
'Tis the force that levels the upper ten.  
Come, let's seek it while we have breath  
For there's no seeking after death.  
And he who will this wealth deny,  
Down among the dead men let him lie.

Let friendship and the ties of blood  
Bring all mankind to Brotherhood;  
And let us crush the craze for gold,  
Wherein the soul and body are sold.  
And he who will this health deny,  
Down among the dead men let him lie.

Let worth of hand and heart, these two  
Alone, be test of what is due;  
For wealth nor titles make the man—  
They only rend the human clan.  
And he who will this health deny,  
Down among the dead men let him lie.

But let no man an idler be,  
For all must toil with labor free.  
May he who'd shrink and shirk and sneak  
Become what's fated—false and weak.  
And he who will this health deny,  
Down among the dead men let him lie.

HENRY ALLSOPP.

Considering the great increase in lace imported last year, no workman's wife should lack for clothing.

What has become of that politician that loved the workers so the week before election?

There's many a slip twixt the trial and the bust,—of a trust.

## Wages vs. Dividends

That rise in wages has been nicely graduated. Railroad officials have had their salaries increased 28.86 per cent, the well organized trades from 10 to 4 per cent, clerks and unorganized workers 1.37 per cent. Dun's report, from which these figures are taken, does not give the rate of increase of dividends, but that seems to be beyond any ordinary calculation.

It calls to mind the story of the boy whose teacher asked him what per cent would be made on an article bought for 10 cents and sold for 15.

"Fifty per cent," replied the boy.  
"Suppose it was bought for 10 cents and sold for \$1, what per cent profit would that be?"

This was beyond the boy's powers of calculation, so he was asked to consult his father on the subject.

Next day he made his report: "Please, teacher, father says that sort of a transaction gets out of percentage and into larceny."

## An Army of Children

Picture an army of 1,700,000 children, all under fifteen, and then realize that that army tramps, day after day, not to school and playground, but to the factories, fields and mines and workshops of the United States. One million seven hundred thousand was the number of child laborers estimated when the census of 1900 was taken. Only the God of fallen sparrows knows what it is by this time. In the twenty years preceding 1900 the number of boys in the manufacturing, and mechanical pursuits—boys between ten and fifteen—had increased 100 per cent; the number of girls 150 per cent. But only a 50 per cent increase had been added to the population. Today, in spite of all the child labor agitation of the last few years, it is estimated that 40,000 children under sixteen are at work in Pennsylvania alone, and that the Southern mills are said to employ 20,000 children not yet twelve.—Success.