

WOMEN SLAVE PREPARE TO HIT

Federal Women Envoys Hear Advice of Labor Leaders at Meeting

(NATIONAL SOCIALIST PRESS BUREAU.) Washington, D. C., April 7.—(By Mail.)—Federal Labor Union No. 12,776, composed of the women employed in the Bureau of Engraving, met in the Typographical Temple for the purpose of strengthening their union and listening to the speeches of the officers of the American Federation of Labor and other.

It was thought by some that the plate printers, who now hire the women as assistants, would oppose the effort of their employees to organize and better their condition. Those who feared such a reactionary stand were pleasantly disappointed by the address of Charles T. Smith, who was sent as the representative of the plate printers to address the meeting.

Girls Deserve Increase "I believe the girls are entitled to the higher wages which they ask," said Mr. Smith. "As I understand it, the girls ask \$2 a day from the government, instead of the \$1.50 which they are receiving. That increase is deserved no plate printer doubts. If any young woman ever mistreated the standard of the plate printer in this matter, she can cast all suspicion from her mind. The men will do all they can to give aid, both personally and collectively.

"The fact is recognized that the interests of the plate printer and his assistant are identical: Neither one can suffer without the other feeling it. It is natural that in a great institution where laborious and exacting work is pursued under trying circumstances much friction and dissatisfaction should arise, but in the engraving plant printer's assistant must feel that they must work together."

Morrison Gives Advice Frank Morrison, secretary of the A. F. of L., made the principal address to the girls' union.

"The organization of this union means that you will now undertake earnestly what you have hitherto undertaken sporadically," he said. "That is the principal upon which unionism is based. It isn't the spasmodic, emotional campaign which counts, but the slow, quiet, persistent work, the wearing away of the stone, which brings results. Labor today realizes this, and is pursuing its fight along these lines. "It is the history of unionism that no sooner is one advantage gained, than work is begun to procure another. If you gained a \$2 a day wage, which you deserve, it will merely mean that you will shortly afterward begin work to obtain \$2.25 and \$2.50 a day. But this is another question. The immediate problem is to obtain what you are after. If you do that by dint of a year's work, you will have vindicated the organization of the union. All that is needed is faithful attendance at monthly meetings, and payment of dues, amounting to at least \$6 a year. If you procure a \$156 per annum increase at a \$6 outlay, you are obtaining a rather heavy rate of interest on your investment.

Humanitarian Instinct "Get all the girls into lines. Do not let those who vacillate and are indifferent, believing that a wedding next month, or next year, will relieve them of all further concern in the bureau, remain outside. Gain their support and co-operation. It is not merely for yourselves you are working, but for younger sisters and cousins to come after you.

"All union labor welcomes the new union. All of our officers will heartily support your cause. So buckle down to the work outlined for you, and results will come."

The securing of this raise will not be as easy a matter as might at first be supposed. Already Director Ralph is beginning to back water on the proposition, since the women have signified a desire to have all the money come to them directly from the coffers of the government instead of through the printers indirectly.

Say Cost Will Be \$600,000 Taking advantage of the recent orders issued to economize and disregarding the fact that the installation of new machinery in the bureau of printing and engraving has cut down the expense of operating the plant and employees, and ignoring the move on foot to raise Taff's allowance by \$25,000 more during the special session of congress, the director says that the proposed increase would mean an increased annual cost of \$600,000 in operating the bureau and that it is out of the question for at least fifteen months.

Ralph says he will not begin the making of his annual report until July and that it will be October before it is completed. If he should recommend in his report that the raise be granted it will have to be taken up next winter at the session of congress and threshed out there with the result that should congress pass it the appropriation therefor would not become available until July, 1940.

WANTED TO BET WIFE ON THE RACES; SHE IS GIVEN DIVORCE

St. Louis, April 9.—Henry Becker, better known as "Kid" Becker, "king of sports," often expressed chagrin because he could not wager his beautiful wife on the races, according to Mrs. Becker, who was divorced by her husband yesterday. The decree was granted to Becker after a settlement with his wife in which she agreed not to contest. Mrs. Becker last night advised young women never to marry gamblers and blamed her own troubles on the inherent trait of human nature to gamble.

"Tell girls, wherever they may be, never to marry a gambler," said Mrs. Becker, who is a blonde and winner of a beauty contest, and the niece of Chief of Police Sylvester of Washington. "I knew when I married at 15 that I should not marry a gambler, but I got the gambling fever myself and decided to take a chance on the turn of the wheel. It took five years for the wheels to turn. Sometimes it went fast and I was bewildered as to where it was going to stop. Then, again, it went slow and I could see the two colors of the wheel, black for despair and red for happiness."

MME. MODJESKA PASSES AWAY

Noted Polish Actress Dies in Her Western Home at the Age of 65

Los Angeles, Cal., April 9.—Mme. Helena Modjeska, the famous Polish tragedienne, died at 10 o'clock yesterday morning, at her island home at Bay City, Orange county, at the age of 65, after an illness of about two months. For several days she had been unconscious and her death was almost hourly expected. Bright's disease, complicated with heart trouble, was the immediate cause of death. The body will be embalmed and brought to Los Angeles, where it will lie in a vault



for some time. Later Count Bozenta will take the body to Cracow, Poland, the early home of Modjeska, and there it will be interred.

Burial May Incite Demonstration The decision to take the body to Poland gave rise to the question as to whether the Russian government would permit this in view of the departure of the actress from her native land, and the fact that the obsequies might invite a national anti-Russian demonstration.

At the Russian embassy at Washington it was said no objection would be made by the Russian government, so far as is known there, to the interment of Cracow.

Stage Career of Thirty Years Mme. Modjeska's career on the stage extended over a period of thirty years. She was born in the old town of Cracow, the ancient capital of Poland, on Oct. 12, 1844, at a time when the Austrians were tyrannizing the country. Her father, Michael Oplid, though a mountaineer, was a man of artistic and scholarly tastes and a great lover of music. Her mother, at the time she married Oplid, was the widow of a man named Bendis.

Her father died when she was a mere child, and her mother, who was the greater part of Mme. Oplid's possessions, so that the actress was by no means reared in luxury.

First Appearance for Charity At the age of 7 she married her guardian, M. Modrzewski. Modrzewska (afterwards shortened to Modjeska) is the feminine form in Polish. Shortly after their marriage her husband lost his position as a small official in Cracow and the couple went to live in Bohemia. At the time of their stay there a calamity caused the death of several men who left widows and orphans entirely destitute. The bride's husband went out to them, and, as the husband had no money to give them, she suggested that they organize a charity performance for the benefit of the survivors.

Mme. Modjeska secured a large room in the Casino, a local club, and the hall consisted of three small pieces. The principal piece was a French comedy-drama called "The White Camellias." Modjeska played the part of a French countess. Her sister played the soufflete part, and M. Lidojko, a provincial actor of some experience, personated the husband. In the face that followed the comedy Modjeska acted

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'ALL WANT JOBS'; TAKE WAGE CUTS

Surplus of Steel Workers Causes a Ready Acceptance of Reductions

BY MAY WOOD-SIMONS Continuous wage reductions in practically every industry is the order of the day. In the steel industry, which is still a fair barometer of conditions, there are constant reports of such reductions and the Iron Trade Review states that further announcements of such cuts will soon follow.

The United States Steel corporation this week announced a cut of 15 per cent in wages. It is estimated by the Wall Street Journal that there are 40 per cent more men in the Pittsburgh district than there are jobs when the steel works are at full capacity.

They "All Want Jobs" So severe on the steel workers has been the present depression that the financial journals are congratulating the employers that the large number of unemployed men are so hard put to it through long idleness that they are taking the cuts without any talk of strikes, because "all want jobs."

The Financial World makes the following comment on the cuts in wages: "The laboring men are accepting the cut in wages as something natural and submit to the inevitable, while not cheerfully, yet gracefully. The adjustment in the labor market is going on without strikes or disturbances. How sensible the laboring masses have become, and how little they allow themselves to be influenced by demagogues. Their present attitude will give them a good and valid claim on advances in wages and secure them the public sympathy when better days come and they insist on a restoration of higher wages." By their graceful acceptance of the present situation, our workmen are actually making a speedy return to better industrial conditions possible.

Only Where Unions Are Wrecked It should be noted that these reductions in wages are being taken "graciously" and quietly only by the men in those industries in which the unions have been already wrecked by the employers.

From Sharon, Pa., comes the statement that there will be an attempt made by the Republic Iron and Steel company to reduce the wage scale of its workers when the present scale expires in June.

The Wall Street Journal states that a large number of furnaces throughout the country are closing down as a result of the falling off in the demand for material.

The tendency of iron prices continues downward, sales of southern iron having been reported at \$18.50 a ton. It is admitted by R. Nicoll & Co. in their communication to the Wall Street Journal that steel prices have not yet reached bottom but that conditions are rapidly becoming acute.

Will Reduce "Independents" Indications are that before the present steel war is over the steel industry will have considerably reduced the number of independent manufacturers and the process of concentration will be nearer completion. From present indications a large number of independent companies will have to either reduce or pass their dividends within the next six months. The Steel corporation can take them. The Steel corporation is making an aggressive campaign for business. It will be able to operate a larger percentage of production than the independents.

According to the Wall Street Journal, shareholders can expect very slim earnings from the steel corporation for the rest of the year. It is estimated that the United States Steel corporation is operating only between 68 and 62 per cent of its capacity and the independents considerably less.

Concerning the Wire Trade Says the Iron Age of the wire trade: "The wire trade is beginning to feel the approach of the close of the spring trade, so far as the mills are concerned. The leading interest, which was operating a few weeks since at the rate of 85 per cent of capacity, is now down to 75 per cent, and a further gradual restriction is expected as we approach the month of May."

The copper trade is making far from a cheerful showing. The metal is accumulating much faster than the feeble consumptive demand can handle and the boom in copper stocks is deceptive. With the advent of April 1 one of the important days of the money market is reached. The accumulation and subsequent distribution of over \$150,000,000 for quarterly dividends entails, as a rule, a certain strain on the market. It is hard to find, however, any material effect that the present occasion has had upon money conditions.

Money on Even Course It is probable that the money market will pursue an even course during the next few months. There are no indications ahead of any extraordinary demands upon it. The department of commerce and labor has prepared statistics showing the mortality from consumption in dusty trades. Forty-two occupations are considered, divided into four groups, according as they are subject to exposure to metallic dust, mineral dust, vegetable fiber dust, or animal and mixed fiber dust.

Of the deaths from all causes among males 15 years of age and over in the registration area of the United States, 14.8 per cent were from consumption. According to industrial insurance experience the corresponding proportions were 28.9 per cent for occupations exposed to metallic dust, 23.6 per cent

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THIS IS THE TIME OF THE YEAR—

Cartoon titled 'THIS IS THE TIME OF THE YEAR—' depicting a man in a suit and hat looking at a sign that says 'FOR RENT'. The sign lists various conditions like 'MAY FIRST!! APPLY TO HOLDEN & SOAKEM AGENTS.' and 'THE WAY YOU IMAGINE THE RENT SIGN LOOKS GIDDAP!'. Other signs include 'SIGN THOSE PAPERS', 'APARTMENT LEASE', 'WHAT'S THIS?', 'DO YOU THINK SOCIALISM WOULD BRING UP THE HOME?', 'I WANT ANY HOME I LIVE IN A REAL HOME', 'NO TROUBLE FOR ME TO MOVE', 'THE FLAT HUNTER'S DREAM', and 'MOVING VAN'. A speech bubble says 'YESSIR!' and another says 'THIS IS THE KIND YOU USUALLY GET'. A caption at the bottom reads 'THAT CAPITALISM BREAKS UP A FEW HOMES'.

PATTEN MAKES MORE MILLIONS

By Creating an Artificial Wheat Famine He Realizes \$1,500,000

By creating an artificial famine in wheat James A. Patten of the Bartlett, Frazier, Carrington company has made a fortune of \$1,500,000 in four days. This is only a part of his speculative windings during the past year. In that time he has cleaned up several more millions. Today with May wheat at \$1.26 1/2 a bushel and July wheat at \$1.12 1/2, Patten is wearing an expansive smile. Of course he has not bought a single bushel of real wheat. He has merely bought and sold "options" on May and July wheat. When the time comes to deliver the wheat which the options call for Patten won't have the wheat. He will have sold the "options" and will have in exchange much cold hard cash. "Options" are "contracts" for future delivery.

Still Has 10,000,000 Bushels The wheat Patten has sold, however, does not represent his entire holdings by any means, for he is said still to hold contracts for 10,000,000 bushels of May wheat and a like amount of July. But what he has let go of has been sold at enormous profits, and there was good reason for his smile as he thought of the 20 to 25 cents a bushel profit he was making. A conservative estimate of his windings during the last three or four days is said to be \$1,500,000.

The great stringency in cash wheat is said to be due almost entirely to Patten's manipulation of the market. The latest report of the visible supply shows about 37,000,000 bushels available in the United States. Of this amount about 20,000,000 bushels is stored in Minneapolis and Duluth and can be shipped to Chicago for delivery on contracts in a comparatively short time. Practically no wheat remains in the farmers' hands, it is said by millers, who have scooped the country looking for it, and about the only wheat coming in from the country is being sent in by country elevators.

Not for Sale to Millers "The wheat stored in the northwest is not for sale to millers—it is being held under contracts to deliver to Patten. Therefore there is an apparent shortage of cash wheat for consumption, simply because those who hold the wheat have sold it to Patten for future delivery and cannot sell it to the millers," said a cash grain man.

BRAND WHITLOCK OF TOLEDO WILL ADDRESS CHICAGO CLUB

Mayor Brand Whitlock of Toledo will address the Chicago Sunday Evening club at Orchestra hall on April 11 at 8 p. m. His subject will be "The Golden Rule at Work." The same service will include an organ recital by Clarence Dickinson at 7:45 and a special program of Easter music, in which Miss Grace Nelson, soprano, will be assisted by the club chorus of 75 voices.

MAN WHO FORGOT IDENTITY WILL BE LED TO OLD HOME

New Haven, Conn., April 9.—Charles Osten, who has puzzled physicians here by his lapse of memory and loss of identity, will be taken to New York today to see streets and scenes with which he is supposed to have been familiar. While hypnotized, Osten has talked incoherently of his former home in New York.

PARENTS MAY SPANK GIRLS OF 17, SAYS DETROIT JUDGE

Detroit, Mich., April 9.—Justice Jeffries, in police court, yesterday, upheld the right of a father to administer the old fashioned spanking to his 17 year old daughter, Margaret Granzi, had her father arrested after a spanking, and the justice decided that the punishment was permissible in moderation.

\$8,500 UNEARTHED BY MEN DIGGING POST HOLE IN LOT

Lexington, Ky., April 9.—While digging a posthole in an abandoned lot yesterday, workmen discovered a brass kettle containing \$8,500 in gold and silver that apparently had been buried for half a century. The lot was sold at commissioners' sale a week ago for \$110.

BIG TRUNK LINE MERGER PLANNED

N. Y. Capitalists Arranging System With Capitalization of \$359,000,000

Plans for the formation of a great trunk line railway system, reaching from the Atlantic seaboard to the Missouri river and as far north as South Dakota, by the consolidation of the roads now controlled by Edwin Hawley and his associates and the purchase of the Chicago, Cincinnati & Louisville railway as a connecting link, were outlined in a report from New York yesterday.

Would Form Gigantic System

Such a combination would form a system of 4,800 miles of main track, with a capitalization of \$359,000,000, and would include the Chesapeake & Ohio railway, recently acquired by the Hawley interests, the Chicago & Alton and Toledo, St. Louis & Western (Clover Leaf) system, the Iowa Central and the Minneapolis & St. Louis railways. These roads are controlled by the Hawley interests, allied with which are Theodore F. Shonts, Paul Mecton, John W. Gates and other influential capitalists. They are operated as separate groups, the Alton and Clover Leaf and the Iowa Central and Minneapolis & St. Louis being operated as two systems.

Report Frequently Denied

Reports of a combination of the Hawley roads have been frequent of late, but have been declared unfounded because of the lack of connections between the individual roads. It is stated now that control of the Chicago, Cincinnati and Louisville, now operated by a receiver, has been secured. This line extends from Cincinnati to Hammond, Ind., entering Chicago over the track of the Illinois Central, and intersects the Clover Leaf at Marion, Ind.

The Chesapeake & Ohio extends from Cincinnati to Tidewater at Old Point Comfort, Va. The Alton-Clover Leaf system connects Toledo with Chicago, St. Louis and Kansas City, and there is a break of only a few miles between the Alton and the Iowa Central-Minneapolis and St. Louis system, which reaches St. Paul and Le Beau, S. D., on the Missouri river.

Ends Life in Wedding Gown

New York, April 9.—Mrs. Margaret Cody, the girl wife of an ex-convict, man, committed suicide by inhaling gas in her bedroom in Third Avenue after carefully arraying herself in her wedding gown. Her husband, Herbert Cody, was captured last fall after deserting the army.

CATHOLIC WOMEN SENT TO POLLS

Action of Milwaukee Priests Gives New Angle to the Suffrage Issue

(SPECIAL TO THE DAILY SOCIALIST.) Milwaukee, Wis., April 9.—In looking over the election it appears that in the contests for members of the school board the Roman Catholic priests influenced the women members of their churches to vote "The Citizens' Anti-Socialist ticket." This was unavailing, but it gives a new angle to the "equal suffrage question."

The Social-Democrats in electing Emil Seidel alderman-at-large carried eleven wards—two more than they ever carried before. The Socialists also elected two members of the school board, Mrs. Victor L. Berger and Frederic Heath, editor of the Social-Democratic Herald.

Damper on Rose Forces

THIS VICTORY is the more encouraging since it puts a decided damper on the Rose forces. A leading issue of the campaign was the school bond question. Mayor Rose vetoed the school bonds which were voted by the people. The Social-Democratic aldermen voted against the veto and put up a strong fight in the council for the full amount of the bonds. This result therefore comes as a marked rebuke to the illegal and high-handed action of the mayor and the reactionary forces.

In all the Roman Catholic churches last Sunday little dodgers headed "Citizens' Anti-Socialist Ticket" were distributed, containing the list of six Anti-Socialist candidates. Many of the priests from the pulpit urged the women to get out and vote this Anti-Socialist ticket. Accordingly, Tuesday about five thousand women appeared at the polls carrying these Anti-Socialist tickets in their hands. The Social-Democratic women appeared in much smaller numbers, although some of them did excellent work in getting out their friends and neighbors.

Splendid Reply to Trick

The introduction of the system of having aldermen-at-large in addition to the ward aldermen, was introduced in Milwaukee to injure the Socialists. It was supposed that the Social-Democrats could not carry the entire city, and therefore could not elect aldermen-at-large. The election of Seidel is a splendid reply to this trick. Seidel served four years as alderman from the twentieth ward and made an excellent record as one of the Socialist leaders in the council. He ran for mayor of Milwaukee last spring and polled a large vote. His election gives us ten Social-Democratic aldermen in the present council.

PRIZE BRYAN MULE GOES TO EMERALDA COUNTY, NEV.

Lincoln, Neb., April 9.—Announcement was made yesterday at the office of W. J. Bryan that Emeralda county, Nevada, having made the greatest Democratic gain in the election last November, has been awarded the prize mule. The mule, Major Minnemacot, was presented to Mr. Bryan during the campaign by Minnesota admirers, and the candidate offered it as a prize to the county making the best showing in the election. Emeralda county showed a gain of 894 per cent.

U. S. WARSHIPS 'SHADOW' CASTRO

Secret Service Is Also Said to Be Watching Venezuelan and His Wife

(SPECIAL TO THE DAILY SOCIALIST.) Washington, D. C., April 9.—Not content with inciting the European governments against Castro by direction and by indirection, the United States government is using its warships to shepherd the "Napoleon of the Andes" and see that no other government becomes soft-hearted and allows him to land and remain on any of the colonial possessions of European powers on this side of the water.

Asphalt Trust Behind Move

Of course, the underlying motive for the actions of the government in burning up coal and incurring expense on the warships for which all the people are paying is to protect the asphalt trust from a return of Castro to Venezuela.

The cruiser Montana has been acting as sailing mate to the French liner Guadeloupe, from which Castro landed at Fort de France, presumably to see that France or the French captain did not permit the "dancer" to get closer than Fort de France to the Venezuelan coast.

Not content with watching the dictator himself, the United States cruisers, for which the people pay, are also being used to shadow Castro's wife. It is even said that the secret service, which has been called off the congressman and the white slavers, is being used to follow Castro and his wife—lest the asphalt trust be damaged again. The people pay for this secret service, too.

Every European power that has possessions in the groups of islands near Venezuela has closed the portals of its possessions to the former president.

United States Took Action

It is an open secret that this has been done on the suggestion and request of the state department of the United States. Holland has closed the doors of Willemstad. France has ordered Castro to leave Port of France, Martinique. The British foreign office will not let him land at Port of Spain, while the United States forbids his presence at Colon.

By battering him from pillar to post, it is the purpose of the powers to drive the dictator back to Europe, where he must remain, a man without a country.

Mrs. Castro Plots for Husband

The secret service men are confident that he has placed all his plans in the possession of his wife, and it is Mrs. Castro who will personally plot and work to place her husband back in power.

She was his confidante in the days of his glory and her sharp wit has contributed no little to his former success. Finding nothing but emity on every side, it is said that Castro's health has again showed signs of falling and that he looks to be a very sick man. He refused to believe the reports of his being ordered from Martinique, and will remain on the island until commanded to go by the French military authorities.

SOCIALIST GAINS FOR ST. LOUIS

(SPECIAL TO THE DAILY SOCIALIST.) St. Louis, Mo., April 9.—The election in this city has given the Socialists an increase of 631 votes and Dr. Emil Simon as a member on the school board. The voting was very light, only 50 per cent of the total registered voters entering the polls, but the Socialists as usual showed up in full strength, and again materially increased their party total vote. The total vote cast for the two principal socialist candidates was 111,412, and the Socialist majority vote was about 5 per cent of the total. Kreisman was elected by a majority of 11,718 votes.

On the basis of free holders, Hoehna and Prismsneyer, two Socialist candidates received 5,319 and 5,516 votes respectively, which shows an increase of 631 votes against the total cast in the presidential election. These figures are practically taken as accurate, but it is almost positive that they will be increased when the official returns are known.

The biggest surprise came when it was discovered that Dr. Emil Simon, Socialist candidate for member on the school board, had received 6,364 votes, thus being placed fourth on the list of the six members elected. It appears that the big vote cast for Simon is the result of his being placed on the Republican ballot as a substitute.

J. P. MORGAN TO TRY AEROPLANE

Rome, April 9.—J. P. Morgan wants to own and go up in an aeroplane. With the military attaches from all the legations, Mr. Morgan inspected the Wright machine here yesterday, and Wilbur Wright explained the mechanism of the aeroplane. Mr. Morgan had a long interview with Hart O. Berg, the European manager for the Bergs, and said he would like to own a machine. He also expressed a desire to make a flight with Wilbur Wright if the aeroplane would not be overweighted or overbalanced by the weight.



# EASTER TRADE IN A SUDDEN SPURT

### Bulk of Patronage Given to Neighborhood Merchants; Spring Trade Good

The workmen of the city are beginning to understand the value of the neighborhood store. The continued antagonism to the cause of labor by the big department stores down town is now bearing fruit. The working class realizes that it has an effective weapon against their enemies in the loop district and are patronizing the big neighborhood stores.

#### Good Reports from North Side

Over on the north side at North avenue and Larrabee street, Yondorf's clothing company is doing a rushing Easter trade, according to Manager Schroeder. "We have a specially fine run on our first communion dresses and dresses for confirmation," said the manager. "We note that people are at last beginning to understand that it is 10 per cent of one dollar when you pay cartage to go downtown to buy things when you can buy just as cheaply near home. The neighborhood store has come to stay, you may be sure of that."

#### Socialists Patronizing Stores

The furniture stores along North avenue also report prosperity. At Tausig's, 233 North avenue, both trade and payments are better than last year. The Socialists of the neighborhood now understand that Tausig is carrying one of the finest lines of furniture in the city at prices which cannot be beaten anywhere.

#### Swinging around into Milwaukee Avenue's Merchants

Swinging around into Milwaukee avenue we meet another crowd of hustling Socialist advertisers. Benson & Rixon company, the enterprising clothiers of 947-949 Milwaukee avenue, are turning out one of the most comprehensive lines of spring clothing in the city. This firm has always been one of the strongest friends of the laboring man in the city.

#### Peace Demanded of Nicaragua?

Washington, D. C., April 9.—Nicaraguan mutilation of official dispatches to this government and continued grave conditions in Central America are under consideration by the Washington government.

#### Prices for Repairing

Balances, American Expansion	\$1.25 to 2.00
Cleaning ordinary Swiss, Duplex or American	.75
Cleaning high-grade American railroad watches according to number of jewels	1.00 to 1.25
Cleaning English watches	1.00 to 1.25
Demagnetizing watch movements	.75 to 1.00
Diagnosing ordinary faults	.75 to 1.00
Repairing ordinary	1.00 to 2.00
Hands	10 to 25
Jewels, ordinary American, Swiss or foreign	.75
Jewel Plate	.50
Endstone	.75
Cook and foot for high-grade railroad watches	1.00 to 1.25
Two rubby, etc.	1.00 to 1.25
Jewel Roller	.50
Main Springs, American	30 to 1.00
Staff Balance, ordinary American	1.00 to 1.75
Staff Balance, ordinary	1.25 to 1.75
Swiss	1.25 to 1.75

#### Some Loop District Firms

Dropping down into the loop district, we hear of a good trade along many lines. Martin Larson, the man who makes shoes for lame people, is prospering nicely. He has laid in a fine new stock of different leathers and is prepared to make shoes for any shape of foot. He also supplies crippled persons with all the paraphernalia they need. Larson is a genial little man, and it is refreshing to pay him a visit and look over his interesting shop.

#### Lively Fifth Avenue Store

Down at 255 Fifth avenue the United Woolen Mills have put in an entirely new stock, and the spring orders are

pouring in. This is always a rush season here, and many of the employees are getting on good overtime because of the crowded condition of the order book. This company's excellent line of clothes is responsible for the ever-increasing trade.

#### Can't See Him Face to Face

You can't see Tom Murray face to face this week. In fact, you can't even see the back of his head. Because Tom is down east getting together a line of co-operators for the general public that purchases at the corner of Jackson boulevard and Clark street, Tom's spring line this year is something out of the ordinary. This store, too, is drawing the workmen whose work forces them to come down to the loop, because Tom Murray pays lower rents than the State street stores, and can sell cheaper; besides he has always been a friend of the working class. Go around to the big corner store and take a look at those windows; it will be worth your while.

#### Socialist Tailor Doing Well

Tyl, the tailor, at 786 South Halsted street, reports a thriving spring trade. Tyl has lately removed from the corner at 772 and has carried most of his old trade with him, besides building up quite a prosperous new trade. Tyl is a Socialist of the Socialists, and was greatly rejoiced over the victory in Milwaukee.

#### Good Reasons for Prosperity

Better goods, lower prices and careful and time saved, as well as avoidance of the wear and tear and scramble and crush of the State street stores, is what it means to trade with Schoenfeld. The people of the south side know it and act accordingly.

#### Appeal Right for Discharged

"It is further agreed that the right to hire and discharge is vested exclusively in the mine manager or operator, and in all cases of discharge the person or persons discharged shall have the right of appeal, and if it is shown after thorough investigation that he or they were discharged without good and sufficient cause, shall be reinstated to their former positions."

#### Commercial Paper Scarce

Commercial paper is scarce, the banks having more money than they know what to do with. Four and six months bills of the very choicest kind can be placed at 3 1/2 per cent in New York, and outside prices range from 3 1/4 to 4 per cent. Bills receivable in 60 and 90 days range from 3 1/4 to 3 3/4 per cent.

#### Theatrical War Seen in Withdrawal of Shuberts

New York, April 9.—The announcement yesterday that the Messrs. Shubert that they have withdrawn from the Theatrical Managers' association is the first gun, it is said, of what will undoubtedly be a big theatrical war.

#### Wanted to Become Professional

Modjeska was so gratified by the manner in which her first histrionic efforts had been received that she determined to try her talents again upon the public. After giving two more performances as amateurs the organization was changed into a professional company. This company was much of a family affair, as it was composed of Modjeska as manager, Modjeska's sister, her sister's husband, her brother, and her sister's husband.

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# MINERS OFFER NEW PROPOSAL

### Union in Another Move for Peace Approves Old Agreement With Changes

Philadelphia, Pa., April 9.—In another endeavor to reach a peaceful settlement with the mine owners in the anthracite field, the union miners have decided on a new proposition to the operators. The miners' representatives held a meeting here yesterday to consider further the refusal of the operators to give the miners anything but the present agreement renewed for three years longer.

#### Want Changes in Agreement

In the new proposal the miners agree to the renewal of the recently expired wage agreement with a few changes. These changes are provided for in the following terms: "It is further understood and agreed that if wages of employees have been reduced during the past three years under the stipulation that it was new work or for other cause, such wages shall be restored and the same rate of wages, as provided by the award of the strike commission for the same kind of work shall remain in force during the life of this agreement."

#### Statement Given Out

No statement was given out by the operators, and it is not known how they view the proposition of the miners, carrying as it does the recognition of the union in a different form than originally presented.

#### For Those Exposed to Mineral Dust

For those exposed to mineral dust, 2.8 per cent for those exposed to vegetable fiber dust, and 2.1 per cent for those exposed to animal and mixed fiber dust. The occupation showing the highest consumption mortality was grinders, among whom 43.2 per cent of all deaths were from that disease.

#### Theatrical Business Hard Hit

Never has there been a time, according to the theatrical managers, when that profession was in such a condition as it is today. Thousands of thespians all over the country are being stranded in various country towns where the companies they have been engaged with have gone to pieces because the depression has practically emptied the playhouses.

#### Commercial Paper Scarce

Commercial paper is scarce, the banks having more money than they know what to do with. Four and six months bills of the very choicest kind can be placed at 3 1/2 per cent in New York, and outside prices range from 3 1/4 to 4 per cent. Bills receivable in 60 and 90 days range from 3 1/4 to 3 3/4 per cent.

#### Theatrical War Seen in Withdrawal of Shuberts

New York, April 9.—The announcement yesterday that the Messrs. Shubert that they have withdrawn from the Theatrical Managers' association is the first gun, it is said, of what will undoubtedly be a big theatrical war.

#### Wanted to Become Professional

Modjeska was so gratified by the manner in which her first histrionic efforts had been received that she determined to try her talents again upon the public. After giving two more performances as amateurs the organization was changed into a professional company. This company was much of a family affair, as it was composed of Modjeska as manager, Modjeska's sister, her sister's husband, her brother, and her sister's husband.

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the stage and the continuous round of social festivities he attended, partly from pleasure and partly to comply with the social requirements of the circle to which her husband belonged.

#### Health Hampers Her Early Career

So in the latter part of 1876 she and her husband went to what even in far distant Poland was known as the best climate in the world and settled down upon a ranch in southern California not far from Los Angeles.

#### Foremost Player in America

Soon her position became assured among the foremost players in America and for the next twenty-five years she was constantly before the public, touring the country every season except from 1886 to 1887, when she went to London unheralded and won the unqualified commendation and admiration of the English public and press.

#### Appeal Right for Discharged

"It is further agreed that the right to hire and discharge is vested exclusively in the mine manager or operator, and in all cases of discharge the person or persons discharged shall have the right of appeal, and if it is shown after thorough investigation that he or they were discharged without good and sufficient cause, shall be reinstated to their former positions."

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# THE PLACE TO BUY FINE EASTER APPAREL

Men and Boys, come to the Continental, where a vast collection of smart, up-to-date clothes await your selection. Elegant suits of the very latest design—beautifully patterned—well-made shirts—nobby hats and shoes. Our line contains every article to clothe the men folks in unlimited variety. Our goods are all dependable, product of the best manufacturers in the country. And we can truthfully say that in our present showing of the latest fabrics and styles we have surpassed all our past efforts. You could not find better clothes anywhere than right here in our special selection for Easter—and you never have found, and never will find, such wonderfully big worth for your money.

### Beautiful Things to Wear for the Children

Our new children's department is second to none in the country. Here the needs of the little fellows are well taken care of. Our clothing stock consists of stylish, dressy suits of all descriptions, made to look well and to wear well. Here, too, are furnishings, shoes, hats and caps, all at remarkably low prices. The special bargain offered this week is a fancy worsted suit with knickerbocker pants at \$2.95. A value way above the usual big bargain. You should see it.

### Easter Togs for the Men Folks

Bright colored effects in furnishings to go with the cheerful season. Shirts showing all the beautiful tones and color schemes, so popular this spring. In every approved fabric—plain and corded weaves—plain or pleated.

### WATCH REPAIRING At Slaughtered Prices

I have cut the price of strictly first-class watch repairing below second-grade work done by the average watchmaker. Mr. McConnell, who has charge of my repair work, is one of the best experts in high-grade watch repairing in Chicago. My seventeen years at the bench count for something.

### DON'T

let some incompetent workman spoil your watch and charge you more for doing it than I charge for the very best work. If out of the city send in your work by registered mail. Remember, I do work for people in every state in the union, Alaska, Canada, Cuba and Mexico, because our work is right. We like to get hold of a watch no one else can make run, providing it is worth repairing.

#### Prices for Repairing

Balances, American Expansion	\$1.25 to 2.00
Cleaning ordinary Swiss, Duplex or American	.75
Cleaning high-grade American railroad watches according to number of jewels	1.00 to 1.25
Cleaning English watches	1.00 to 1.25
Demagnetizing watch movements	.75 to 1.00
Diagnosing ordinary faults	.75 to 1.00
Repairing ordinary	1.00 to 2.00
Hands	10 to 25
Jewels, ordinary American, Swiss or foreign	.75
Jewel Plate	.50
Endstone	.75
Cook and foot for high-grade railroad watches	1.00 to 1.25
Two rubby, etc.	1.00 to 1.25
Jewel Roller	.50
Main Springs, American	30 to 1.00
Staff Balance, ordinary American	1.00 to 1.75
Staff Balance, ordinary	1.25 to 1.75
Swiss	1.25 to 1.75

Bring in your repairing and let us give you an estimate.

### A. B. CONKLIN,

Room 79, 147 5th Ave., CHICAGO.



'SPIN HIM ON HIS HEAD': SCHNEIDER

President of School Board Suggests How to Treat Some Principals

The five high school principals who were docked \$12.50 each for taking time to go and visit Mayor Busse...

One Took President to Task This little explanation grew out of the fact that no single member of the board of education at last night's meeting had summoned up nerve enough to take the president to task for his summary action in docking the school principals...

Maximum Salary Group The meeting after which this conversation took place was marked by a sage recommendation from Acting Superintendent of Schools Megan...

Almeda J. Wilder, a teacher who had retired and was on the pension list, desired to come back into the active teaching force...

BAR JEWS FROM HEALTH RESORTS

St. Petersburg, April 9.—A dispatch from Pysiatgorsk, a town and watering place in Ciscaucasia, says that the governor of the province has issued orders that Jews be denied admission to the health resorts in the Caucasus during the approaching season...

TYPHOID FOLLOWS NEGROES, SAYS DOCTOR; GIVES DATA

New Orleans, April 9.—Dr. C. W. Smith of the United States Public Health and Marine hospital service, in discussing at the Tulane Medical college last night "The Medical Side of the Negro Problem," declared:

ANOTHER QUAKE HITS MESSINA

Messina, Sicily, April 9.—A violent earthquake was experienced here at 9:45 o'clock last night. It was accompanied by subterranean rumblings.

CHAMPION BUTTER OOW DIES AFTER FALLING INTO DITCH

Columbia, Mo., April 8.—Pedro S. Estella, the champion butter Jersey cow of the world, is dead. She died at her home, the Missouri agricultural college farm in Columbia, last night...

Tax Collectors \$50 a Day

Reading, Cal., April 9.—Fifty dollars a day has been fixed by the city trustees as the license fee to be paid by fortune tellers and clairvoyants who want to do business in Reading.

YOUNG BRIDEGROOM, HEIR TO \$600,000, TAKEN FROM WIFE

Sandusky, O., April 9.—By a ruling of Judge Reed yesterday afternoon Valentine Fries, 17, heir to \$600,000, was taken from his wife, 15, and awarded to the custody of his grandfather and guardian, Frank Cross of Cleveland. An action to annul the marriage is pending.

DRUG FAMILY AND FIRE HOUSE

Burglars Seek to Burn Mother and Three Children to Hide Their Crime

Information that Mrs. Mary Scanlon and her three children were chloroformed in their home a 3706 Logan avenue by burglars, who, after looting it, set fire to the house in two places, was received by Fire Attorney Frank J. Hogan today, and he promptly began an investigation of the blaze...

Woman's Husband Died Recently Mrs. Scanlon's husband, John Scanlon, who was a contractor, died about a month ago and carried a \$2,000 life insurance policy. It is the theory of the South Eaglewood police that the thieves believed a large sum of money was concealed in the house.

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HOUSE TAKES UP CHARTER TODAY

Campaign Is Planned to Obtain Quick Action on the Eleven Bills

Springfield, Ill., April 9.—Charter bills will be taken up today by the house committee, to which they have been referred, and preliminary plans perfected for pushing them earnestly toward passage.

Campaign for Quick Action James M. Kittleman, chairman of the house charter committee, has laid out a campaign for favorable and quick action on the charter propositions. He proposes to have the members of his committee informed on all the details and as soon as possible call sessions for public hearings, at which all interests may be heard in afternoon and night sessions.

Prof. Freund today is to go over the phraseology of the bills, showing why different language had to be used in dividing the charter act that was here last session into eleven different bills.

Nub of Charter Propaganda. Hard licks are to be put in to force the consolidation measure, which is considered the nub of the charter propaganda. Of almost equal importance is the bill intended to give Chicago increased power on bonded indebtedness.

A. B. Farwell of the Chicago Law and Order League, who is here, is ready to go before the committee and oppose favorable action on the bill dealing with Sunday closing.

'Joker' in Pure Water Bill

Manufacturers who have plants lining the Chicago river are interested in a discovery John J. McLaughlin of Chicago made. He places a clause in No. 429 in the "joker" clause. The measure weathered the legislative grid and all right until late yesterday, when Mr. McLaughlin took a hard fling at it and succeeded in having it referred to a subcommittee of which he is the chairman.

The controversy over the tuberculin tests between Speaker Shurtliff and Health Commissioner Evans was advanced a notch by the house committee on live stock and dairying yesterday, when the Shurtliff joint resolution calling for an investigation was ordered reported favorably.

Pension Men Who Escaped

Washington, April 8.—Soldiers, sailors and marines who served in the civil war and were confined in Confederate prisons, but escaped and rejoined the union forces, are to be pensioned at the rate of \$3 a day, if the bill introduced by Senator Heyburn of Idaho is enacted.

Larson's Shoes for Tender Feet



Most people neglect their feet until serious troubles develop. If your feet have a burning, itching sensation, they are tender, and need attention at once. Don't crowd your feet into ill-fitting shoes made over wooden lasts. Buy shoes fitted to your own feet.

Easter Apparel IN Grand Showing. A grand array specially prepared for this once-a-year occasion. Classy-snappy garments in exclusive patterns for men folks of all ages.

Elegant Easter Garments for Men \$15 to \$20. Values such as you have never seen before included in this offering. All thoroughly made garments, hand tailored throughout.

Hats. We offer men the greatest hat in both soft and derby styles in Chicago for \$2.00. A Pair of Roller Skates Free With Every Suit at \$3.45 and Up.

GROCERIES AT WHOLESALE PRICES TO THE PEOPLE. This Means a Saving to You of 40c on the Dollar. Every Article warranted to give satisfaction or your money back.

First National Grocery Co., 55 Wabash Ave., Near Randolph St. Telephone Central 5812. Just As Important as interior illumination, is the proper lighting of your store, outdoors. An Electric Sign tells what your business is and where it is.

THE STERN CLOTHING CO. Beautiful Easter Furnishings. You'll find in Stern's furnishing department all the very latest effects in shirts, neckwear and hosiery. We save you from \$3 to \$5 on every suit or overcoat.

Bart. CORRECT CLOTHES READY TO WEAR FOR MEN WHO CARE. 117 MADISON 209 WABASH AT CLARK AT ADAMS.

Joseph Siegan. He Manufactures Clocks, Suits, Entries and Watches as Good as the Best and as Cheap as the Cheapest. 810 S. Halsted St. Chicago, Ill.

WOMEN'S TRADE UNION LEAGUE OF CHICAGO. PUBLIC MEETING Sunday, April 11, 3 p. m., Federation, Hall, 275 La Salle St. Speaker—Mr. John B. Andrews, Executive Secretary, American Association for Labor Legislation, on "The Early American History of Women's Trade Unions."



SOX PLAY BEST GAME OF SEASON

Chicago Athletes, Forced to Play Fast by Southern Pitchers, Win 1 to 0

Memphis, April 9.—The White Sox played by far the best game yesterday that they have put up this season and captured a highly entertaining battle from the Memphis Southern league team, 1 to 0.

MARATHON WINNER IS TO RACE AGAIN



Henry St. Yves, the French distance runner, who sprang into fame by winning the recent professional Marathon race in New York, has accepted a local offer for a match race with Alfred Schrub, the Englishman, at the Buffalo ball park on May 1.

Frank Smith worked the whole game for the Sox. He blanked the locals on straight ball pitching. His speech never was better, but he did not try to curve the ball much.

Chicago won the game in the seventh inning in rather unusual manner, Cravath securing the sole run of the afternoon without aid from a base hit.

MAHMOUD A DISCIPLE OF FITZ

Mahmoud, the Turkish wrestler, is following in the footsteps of Bob Fitzsimmons in the matter of eating a piece of raw beef daily as part of his training fare.

TROOPS TO GUARD RACE COURSE

Illinois Militia Will Patrol Indiana Road During Auto Contest. Illinois soldiers will invade Indiana and guard the Crown Point-Lowell course during the two-day races of the Chicago Automobile club June 15-19.

THE HUSTLERS' COLUMN BY A. W. MANCE

IT CAN, IT MUST BE DONE!

Would you get one new subscriber if you thought by doing so there would be an end to the deficit and mental strain on the management of your paper to meet current expenses? Of course you would.

If every party member who is now a subscriber for this paper will secure one more permanent subscriber the deficit will be a thing of the past. Which of you will not do this at once when you know that will solve the financial problem? How can we persuade EACH OF YOU TO DO THIS WITHIN THE NEXT TEN DAYS?

There are a whole lot of you who have fairly good jobs and a few hundred in the bank. Won't you buy one of those Daily Socialist bonds for \$10 to \$100? If all of you who can do this without hurting your will do so at once you will dispel the gloom and make a better paper possible.

PETROSINO'S BODY ARRIVES IN NEW YORK CITY TODAY

New York, April 9.—The body of Joseph Petrosino, the New York lieutenant of police, who was assassinated in Palermo, Sicily, a month ago, arrived today from Naples on the Cunard steamer Slavonia. The body will be

It is up to the Chicago Socialists to get a hustle on them if they don't want to get behind the outside in securing that 8,000 new subscribers we are hot after now.

Don't neglect to look over our advertising columns before you spend your money. Our advertising space is becoming a great source of income. You will get as good or better bargains from the merchants who patronize your paper as you will from the merchants who are doing all their advertising with other papers.

Advertising and circulation are now on the increase. Keep it going up! We must have at least one new subscriber from the efforts of EACH OF YOU.

THE MAY DAY EDITION

No Socialist local in the country can afford to miss the opportunity to distribute a bundle of the great international peace edition.

In that edition there will be articles by well known writers in practically every great industrial country.

A glaring light will be turned on the waste of life and substance of the workers by the present insane military policies of the nations.

English Walling will deal with the present situation in Russia, where he has spent several years of investigation.

Morris Hillquit will write on the situation in America.

Brand Whitlock, mayor of Toledo, in reply to an invitation to contribute an article for this edition, writes:

Dear Mr. Simons: I shall be glad to prepare a little article for the May 1st number of the Daily Socialist, first, because I am in sympathy with the ideals of the Daily Socialist and consider that it is doing a good work and am anxious to help it along; and secondly, because I am with you against militarism and desirous of promoting international solidarity. Don't speak about paying me. I do not want any pay; it is all for the cause.

Yours fraternally, BRAND WHITLOCK.

Take this matter up at your next branch meeting and get your order for a bundle in early.

Owing to the extra expense of illustrating, etc., this edition will cost \$7 per 1,000, 75 cents per hundred.

HUSTLERS' BULLETIN BOARD

There are so many letters received which would make interesting reading in this department that we are unable to print all of them.

Pat Tracy of Chicago, Ill., writes: "Dear Comrade Editor: I enclosed find a dollar, which I would like to see you put to use in the present struggle for life."

Have you secured one or more new subscribers as your share to wipe out the weekly deficit? If not, please do so today.

Can you afford to stand idle at this time and see your comrades bear your share of the load of the paper? If not, please do so today.

Pat Tracy of Chicago, Ill., writes: "I enclose check for one dollar to the backbones fund because if by my lethargy and neglect the Daily Socialist should be closed, I would regret it very much."

Dr. George F. Baker will speak on "The Eyes, Throat and Ear Abuse of Them" at the Public Library, 120 N. Dearborn St., at 8 P. M. on Sunday, April 11, at 8 P. M.

A concert and ball will be given in the South Side Turner hall, Thirty-first and State streets, on Sunday, April 11, at 8 P. M.

A lecture on "Toil and His Works" will be given by Dr. Melman at the Progressive Library, 120 N. Dearborn St., on Sunday, April 11, at 8 P. M.

Grove Club hall, 43 East Thirty-first street, on Sunday, April 11, at 8 P. M.

Maquette men will feed those who attend the entertainment, lecture and dance which will be given at the Turner hall, 33 East Belmont street, Sunday evening, April 11, by the North Side Socialist League.

Walter Higgins will speak at the Twentieth ward branch headquarters, 67 West Van Duzen street, Sunday evening, April 11, at 8 P. M.

The Women's Trade Union League of Chicago will hold its regular meeting, which is announced by the following: Sunday, April 11, at 3 P. M. in the South Side Turner hall, 33 East Belmont street.

Prof. Graham Taylor, head of the Chicago Commission will lecture under the auspices of the West Park Educational club, 22 E. 22nd street, on Sunday, April 11, at 8 P. M.

James F. Thompson, Marxist economist, will lecture Sunday, April 11, at the new headquarters of the Propaganda League of the I. W. O. at 22 West 12th street, 7:30 P. M.

The Chicago Daily Socialist wishes to announce that the book department will be open for business on Sundays hereafter between the hours of 9 and 5.

TRUST CORNERS LOOP OR TRADE

City Fuel Company Gobbles Up Business Through Its Political Friends

The retail coal dealers of Chicago are making a desperate fight at Springfield to prevent Fred W. Upham from sitting at one and the same time on the board of review and as the head of the City Fuel company, which has absorbed 75 per cent of the coal trade in the "loop" district of Chicago.

The City Fuel company, the \$15,000,000 coal-piling trust, with Fred W. Upham at its head, has cornered the coal business of the downtown loop. This business is the cream of the coal trade. The City Fuel company has also secured most of the coal contracts for the city of Chicago under the Busse administration and the retail coal dealers of Chicago have been driven to desperation.

Has Three Tremendous Points: Point One—It has sales yards scattered all over Chicago, and so makes only short deliveries to fill orders. Point Two—Frank Peabody is a leading Democrat and takes care of Democratic coal business. Point Three—Fred W. Upham is on the board of review and guides the taxation of Chicago's coal companies and department stores, huge downtown office buildings and great industrial corporations.

Therefore such companies, and stores and office buildings see a great light and buy from the City Fuel company. Such at least is the talk among coal men. The city of Chicago buys heavily, too.

Bill to Oust Upham

Spurred by these things the representatives of the retail coal dealers' association appeared before the house committee on revenue at Springfield yesterday and pled for the passage of a bill which will make it a punishable offense for a man to be a member of the board of review and at the same time be connected with business enterprises which come under that board's jurisdiction for taxation.

L. R. Rutter, president of the Chicago Retail Coal Dealers' association, told the committee yesterday that the retail coal business of Chicago, or at least that which is to any particular extent possible, is being absorbed by a single company, meaning the City Fuel company. Charles Moderwell, another coal man, said that the same company had absorbed 75 per cent of the coal business within the loop district of Chicago.

The Method of Absorption: The method of absorption has been this: Frank Peabody was at one time a star salesman for Williams and Peters, eastern coal men, who were selling agents for the Erie railroad's hard coal. In that employ Peabody prospered. He is now heralded as the president of five "Peabody Coal companies," the Peabody Coal company of Maine, the Peabody Coal company of New York, the Peabody Coal company of Ohio and the Peabody Coal company of Illinois. Peabody keeps in the background and is a leading Democrat.

He is vice-president of the City Fuel company, while Fred W. Upham, leading Republican, comes out into the limelight and, if rumor is true, gets good coal contracts thereby. Thus Upham and Peabody and others going hand in hand have gobbled up the coal business.

They handle the hard coal of the Erie railroad and give it a great market.

Socialist News

Two New Socialist Papers: Two new Socialist weeklies have been born this year, one in St. Louis, Mo., and the other in Findlay, Ohio. Both are already in a prosperous condition.

Subscription and Advertising Rates of the Chicago Daily Socialist: Ten cents per copy for display. Discounts for time and space. Classified 5 cents per line.

Where To Go

All Socialist speakers are urged to emphasize the necessity of increasing the circulation of the Chicago Daily Socialist at all meetings where they can consistently do so.

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Two Things We Want to Emphasize Before You Purchase Your Easter Clothes.

One point is that you ought to buy them from the Lincoln Clothing Co. at Wrightwood and Lincoln Avenues—and you can't deal with a better concern, we believe. Your needs and wishes will be carefully looked after here in accordance with fashion's mandates.



Wrightwood and Lincoln Aves.

OPEN EVERY NIGHT TILL EASTER; ALSO SUNDAY MORNING.

MOYER'S "Songs of Socialism"

THE GREAT NEW SOCIALIST SONG BOOK. (WITH MUSIC) One Hundred and Twenty-eight Pages of Genuine Socialist Inspiration. Solos, Duets, Quartets, Male Quizzes, Choruses, Marching Songs, Children's Songs, Humorous Songs, Tellin' Stories, Christian Socialist Songs, Etc., Etc. (See Copy in Index.)

FOURTH AND REVISED EDITION: The fourth edition of Moyer's "Songs of Socialism" contains the best songs of all the former editions and more than a dozen other stirring Socialist songs, new and old, by such well-known Socialist authors as Markham, Ross, Pastor Stokes, Ormiston Chant, Morris, Carpenter, Kingsley, Moyer, and others.

The Great Need in Socialist Propaganda Supplied: This popular new Socialist song book is rapidly winning its way into all Socialist Homes, Socialist Sunday Schools, Socialist Locals, and Socialist meetings everywhere.

Well Known Social Workers Enthusiastic: "We need the stirring and inspiring influence of music in the propaganda of Socialism, and your efforts in this direction are most commendable."

How to Use Moyer's "SONGS OF SOCIALISM": With plenty of song books on hand, invite your friends and neighbors, including the children, to spend an evening with you in singing these Socialist songs.

Prices: prepaid, single copy, 50 cents; five copies, \$1.00; one dozen, \$2.50; one hundred, \$18.00. A beautiful red cloth bound edition, 50 cents per extra.

Brotherhood Publishing Co., 5403 Drexel Av., Chicago.

WIN OR MONEY BACK

We mean every word of this. No man, especially a workman, has any money to lose. Most workers own not a cent of stock and do not know where there is danger of loss.

"WIN OR MONEY BACK"

is GUARANTEED should interest you, and all the more if we can PROVE that it is an opportunity to make big, very big, money. Look! For six weeks we have known of a property in California in which you should invest. BUT WE ARE NOT EXTRAORDINARY! WE ARE EXTRAORDINARY!

WIN OR MONEY BACK

IF AFTER A REASONABLE TIME YOU ARE DISSATISFIED. Outside a little village in California we are sole agents for the stock and our option on 10,000 shares expires April 15th, with an option of renewal. Don't, therefore, "fall asleep" over this—get busy. WE will buy (this half-month only) 30 shares, and 50 shares are expected to yield from \$10 to \$20 yearly; \$100 will buy 200 shares yielding from \$10 to \$20 a year.

WIN OR YOUR MONEY

will be RETURNED, SALES AND RESERVATIONS TO DATE: Ohio doctor-comrade, \$1,000; Iowa farmer-comrade, \$100; Chicago housewife-comrade, \$200; Chicago conductor-comrade, \$200; Nebraska man, \$100; Maryland man, \$100; Ohio, Texas, Missouri, Pennsylvania comrades and others elsewhere have taken smaller amounts. Full in mail to-day!

Form for ordering shares, including fields for name, address, and amount.

Roosevelt Leaflet

A grand opportunity for Socialists to put in sledge-hammer blows with material furnished by the mighty welder of the "BIG STICK."

ORDER NOW! DO NOT DELAY! CHICAGO DAILY SOCIALIST 180 E. WASHINGTON ST. CHICAGO.

Advertise in the Daily Socialist



DAILY SOCIALIST MAGAZINE PAGE

The Fall of the House of Usher

BY EDGAR ALLAN POE

(Continued from Yesterday) feeble movements in the hollow coffin. I heard them—many, many nights ago...

SCHOOL BOYS TRAINED TO KILL



SCHOOL BOYS AT SEA GIRT RANGE

Another phase of the militarism that is spreading across the country is shown in the National Rifle Association meet...

IN BEAUTIFUL BULGARIA

A TRAGEDY OF THE BALKANS

I was on my way from Macedonia (Turkey) to Sofia, the capital of Bulgaria. It was during the last days of the massacre...

Changes Socialism Would Bring

It is to Socialism alone that the home life must look for its rescue and purification. By assuring to every member of society the opportunity to work under conditions healthful and pleasant...

WOMAN AND THE SOCIALIST MOVEMENT

BY OLIVE M. JOHNSON.

There is today no woman question, no religious question, no nationality question and no race question. There is only one question before which all the rest disappear or into which they dissolve themselves...

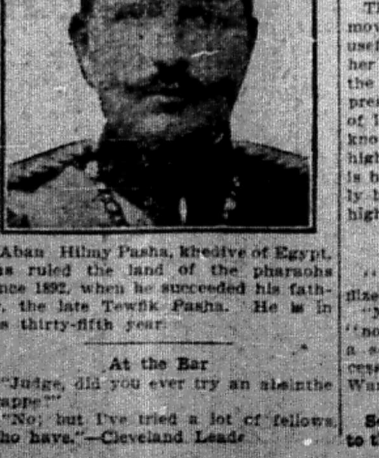
THE PHOTOGRAPH

BY PAUL LAURENCE DUNBAR. See ds pietyah in my han? Dat's my gaff. Ain't she purty? Goodness lan!

THE KHEWIVE OF EGYPT

Aban Hilny Pasha, khewive of Egypt, has ruled the land of the pharaohs since 1892, when he succeeded his father, the late Tewfik Pasha. He is in his thirty-fifth year.

SELF-TRANSFERABLE EMBROIDERY DESIGN. Directions for using: Place pattern face downward on the material and press with a hot iron...



Aban Hilny Pasha, khewive of Egypt, has ruled the land of the pharaohs since 1892...

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THE CHICAGO DAILY SOCIALIST

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LOOKING FOR A JOB

BY CHARLES W. WOOD.

My only excuse for lacking "The Unemployed, Great Social Problem," is that I'm it. I am, therefore, one of the most interesting problems in the United States. All agree that the workman who sticks to his job isn't a problem. There is no horse problem in the United States and no employed problem. If my horse is willing to pull me and I am willing to ride, what business is that of yours? And if one class of people are willing to do all the dirty work for another class who are willing to let them do it, the arrangement should be and is perfectly satisfactory. Socialists and amiable buffaloes may cry that such a system is unjust, but their cries are deservedly ignored. But when several million of us are looking for a job, the plot begins to thicken and there surely is a problem to unravel.

Let me confess, by way of explanation, that I am not looking for a job because of any inherent love of toil. I have been told that I don't want to work, and the criticism is measurably just. I have shovelled coal when I did not just hanker after the exercise and I have carried brick when all my aesthetic instincts rebelled against such a pastime. Wherefore should I seek such grief again? Primarily because the climate is cold and my stomach is a discontented thing that won't stay fed. There may be other ways of obtaining food and shelter besides working for them, but they are ways that I do not understand. Hence, I am "looking for a job."

I am not demanding work. I have read too much about what has happened in the big cities when groups of the unemployed have demanded work. I had a theory once that a man possesses the right to work, but that theory has been exploded by the revolver, the big stick and other crushing arguments in the hands of our municipal police. To be sure, we cannot live long without a job, but there is no law against starving to death and there is no reason, from the policeman's standpoint, why we shouldn't.

I remember declaiming when I was a little boy about the "right of life, liberty and the pursuit of happiness," and of begging for a job for the last six months, that thrill has not been much in evidence. It is a confession of such idleness, I admit, but I can't get enthusiastic over a country that tells me I have a right to live and refuses me the right to earn a living.

But this isn't the problem. This country isn't afraid of me. If I starve to death, I shall not be seriously missed and Uncle Sam can go about his usual business. The problem arises when it is once suspected that I may not starve. There are millions of us looking for work because that is the only way it has ever occurred to us to pay expenses. Perhaps we may hit upon some other way—and there lies the problem. I am quite comfortable and amiable today and I wouldn't commit a crime for any money. But how about next week? I may be desperately hungry then; and I'm sure I wouldn't beg my dinner directly.

I am told that I am to blame for my condition; yes, I am. It is my fault that I am out of a job and I am willing that you should blame me to your heart's content. If I had spent my whole life fitting myself to be an expert sand shoveller (instead of wasting my energies reading books and magazines) doubtless I should now be shovelling sand. But that does not alter the problem.

The problem is that there are millions of us willing and anxious to work, even begging for jobs; and the jobs are not. I grant that we are a lot of culls and misfits that we don't know how to save our money and that we are recklessly improvident when we get hold of a dollar, but that is all beside the point.

The point is that "looking for a job" is one way of fighting for life, and if we get discouraged and try some other way, it bodes danger for the rest of you.

Of course, this involves a very trying personal problem for each of us. We shall solve them in various ways. Some of us will roll over on the mat and die without a struggle. Some of us will get nervous ahead of time and put a bullet through our brains, and some of us will succeed in bawling enough booze to make our passage fairly easy.

Any of these solutions will be eminently satisfactory to society at large; but, unfortunately, some of us do nothing of the sort. Instead, we are apt to do wild, unheard-of things. We are apt to meet men on the street who have money in their pockets, and we might leave them there for the police to find.

We might even visit the haunts of the rich, those good, amiable, kindly millionaires who are no more responsible than us for the way our stomachs cry for food; and we might do horrible things. In fact, there is no telling what we might do. Our president was asked during his campaign, "What is a starving workman who can't find a job going to do?" And he wisely answered, "God knows." You surely don't, we don't know ourselves and the Omnipotent won't tell. It is a problem over which you have a right to worry.

Now for the solution. It is evident that society must do something to ward off the possible and even probable results of keeping too many of us out of work. To the superficial thinker the simplest method would seem to be to shoot half of the unemployed.

This would never do. Not only would it involve a tremendous expense but it would practically ruin business throughout the nation; for, needless to say, though we are, nevertheless, almost indispensable to society.

Imprisonment is hardly less objectionable. It is being tried today in a number of states but the results are not encouraging. I have several friends in New York state who have been convicted of looking for a job (vagrancy, I believe, is the legal term) and the result of their incarceration, while it has been fairly satisfactory to the incarcerated, has been anything but satisfactory to the public. When a man has been locked out all his life, he rather enjoys being locked in; and the sweet security of the jail eventually becomes more attractive than the rigorous hardships of a job.

Understand I do not question the right of society to kill or imprison us. I merely point out the uselessness of such a course. The state owes protection to its citizens but no one but a fool would accuse us of citizenship. We may have votes but we don't know what they mean, and not having the right to work, it follows that we have not even the right to live. Crazy sentimentalists persist in saying that the man who wants clothes and is willing to make them should be allowed the opportunity, that he who wants food and is willing to raise it should have access to the land and that even he who wants luxuries and is willing to manufacture them should have access to the machinery. But these fools ignore the fundamental rights of property.

We know it is far better that a few million of us should starve along looking for a job than that any citizen's rights should be impaired. Granting us the right to create wealth would be the next thing to giving us the wealth which we create, and we workmen, employed and unemployed, are opposed to that.

Unless one set of people does the manufacturing and an entirely different set the possessing, none of us could become millionaires and, deprived of that expectation, what would our lives amount to? Though we are not citizens now, we all hope to enjoy full citizenship sometime; and surely this would be a sorry honor if we could not see, by way of contrast, our half-starved subjects looking for a job.

It stands to reason that any insane theory which proposes equal opportunities for all will not solve the problem of the jobless. President Eliot of Harvard has also demonstrated that Socialism is incompatible with human nature, although his demonstration was neither so thorough nor so simple as my own.

To my mind there is only one solution to the problem and that solution is the religious one. In some way the church must get hold of the workman. He must be thoroughly impregnated with a spirit of non-resistance; a religious fear must be instilled into his mind that unthinkable penalties await him hereafter if he presumes to complain of his presidential position; and above all, a hope must be extended that, if he meekly suffers everything in this world, he will be rewarded richly in the next.

For years society has been carelessly drifting away from the old gospel; and if it does not return, society will inevitably pay the penalty. Let those who have been blessed with a large share of worldly goods remember this and give freely of their substance to spread the gospel of patience and forbearance of contentment with the position in which Providence has placed them and of meek subjection to all the powers that be.

Do this and great will be your reward. I speak from experience, for I am an unbeliever and I have already confessed that I may not decide to strive, while, if I still had the faith which I lost twenty years ago, I am sure that I would die submissively.—American Magazine.

A FALSE STANDARD

BY JOHN M. WORK

Many a time I have heard men who were under indictment to do some criminal or disgraceful thing exclaim, "I'd rather dig in a ditch than to do that!" As much as to say that digging in a ditch is about the most ignominious and shameful thing outside the penitentiary.

What is the cause of this opinion? I have dug in a ditch myself. Certainly it is hard work. But I know by experience that it is also a healthy, wholesome contact with mother earth. It is positively beneficial to the digger, physically, mentally, morally and spiritually, provided he does not have to overdo it.

Why, then, should he be considered a disgrace? Because the man who does it is one of the most abject slaves in the world. Because he is one of those who receive the least compensation for the most toil.

Because he is one of those who yield up to their masters the greatest proportion of what is rightfully theirs on account of their useful work. The present capitalist system of industry is based upon the exploitation of the many by the few. It does not judge men or their merits. It does not say, "Here is a man who is doing honest, useful work; let us respect him." On the contrary it has twisted the criterion of character and respectability entirely out of recognition.

Under capitalism, money-making is necessarily considered the chief object of life. Consequently, everything and everybody is measured by the financial yardstick.

The man who has the most money is the most respected. The man who is tolerably well off is tolerably respectable. The man who has the least is below the line where respectability tapers off into disgrace.

This explains why, under this wonderful system, the honest man who honestly digs an honest ditch is looked down upon as a social outcast. That the money standard is a dastardly low and mean one ought to be evident to any sane man.

But it cannot be helped so long as the capitalist system lasts, for it is of the essence of the system. It is an inevitable effect of the system. If the money standard were not in use, it would be a case of a cause failing to produce its due effect.

Mankind has grown to a stage in its development wherein it is childish to judge men by such a ridiculous standard. A man ought to be judged on his merits. If he is an honest man, an industrious man, an able man, an unselfish man, a magnanimous man, or the reverse, he ought to be judged accordingly, without for a moment inquiring how much money he has or how large his income is before making up one's mind regarding his title to respect.

This new and rational standard of judgment will be as natural and inevitable an effect of Socialism as the vicious money standard is of capitalism.

HUGE KITCHEN ON NEW STEAMER

With a population of more than 4,000 to be cooked for and fed, three, four and five times a day for a week, and with no butcher, bakery and grocery "around the corner," the culinary arrangements of a modern steamship must be most complete. Great cold storage rooms for perishable provisions must be provided, as well as the appliances for cooking and preparing the raw material. The kitchen and provision rooms of the George Washington, the newest steamship of the North German Lloyd and the largest German vessel afloat, which will arrive in New York on June 20, are of enormous dimensions. The kitchens of the first and second cabins are near the dining rooms of their respective classes. In them are great steaming, stock pots, ranges, steam tables, and all modern machinery which can in any way aid the chefs in their work. Many of these devices, such as egg beaters, potato parers, mincing machines, automatic egg boilers, coffee mills and dish washing machines are worked by electricity, says the New York Herald. In addition to the kitchens there are on board ice houses for meats, bakeries, a confectionery room and scullery rooms. In all, the kitchen and provision rooms occupy a space of 47,000 cubic feet. The cold storage and provision rooms are so arranged that their contents may be readily sent into the kitchens by electrically operated dumb waiters.

TWO KINDS OF KIDNAPING

The kidnapers of little Billy Whitta taught him to hide under the sink so in case the police came he would not be found. Billy was stolen from his parents, his school, his playmates and his sister. The great state of Pennsylvania rounded itself. It sent out troops of mounted police. It offered \$25,000 reward for the capture of the kidnapers. Every state, county, city and village official from governor to constable, backed by the state treasury, joined the hunt. It was fine. They caught the guilty ones, and plan to send them to prison for life. That is not too severe for one who would rob a mother of her child and rob a child of his childhood. You remember that Billy Whitta groined quite as much over being deprived of the fresh air, the sunshine and the "fellars" as he did of losing his home. Not far from Sharon, Pa., is Scranton. The other night the silk workers at Scranton had a meeting and, among other things, said this: "Whenever a factory inspector comes to our mill the forewoman puts the little boys and girls in the bobbin boxes and tells them to be quiet until he goes away." Thousands of children of Billy Whitta's age are in factories in America. They are no longer children but bread-winners, and to that extent they are stolen from their parents. They themselves are undoubtedly robbed of the sun, the air, the school, the play--

robbed of their childhood—and that is at least half the crime of kidnaping. Well, did they order out the coal and iron police in Scranton to find the little boys and girls in the bobbin boxes? Not yet! Has the governor offered \$25,000 reward to him who will punish the guilty ones? Not yet! Has any officer in the whole state stirred a hand? Not yet! It's mighty lucky for the Scranton silk mill owners that they hide their little captives in bobbin boxes instead of sinks— For that seems to be one of the principal differences in the two cases.—Columbus Citizen.

SPRING'S COMING

The spring will come again, The swallow o'er the sea, The bud will hang upon the bough, The blossom on the tree; And many a pleasant sound will rise to greet her on her way, The voice of bird and leaf and stream, And warm winds in their play; Ah, sweet the airs that 'round her breathe and bountiful is she; She bringeth all the things that fresh and sweet and hopeful be, She scatters promise on the earth with open hand and free. —Selected.

THE WILY BURGLAR

First Burglar—What's that? Second Burglar—That's my sample case. Ye see, I've just become a house to house canvasser. First Burglar—What are you sellin'? Second Burglar—Oil to keep the doors from squeakin'. Great scheme, ain't it? —London Telegraph.

TO THE EDITOR

REPLY TO MOONEY

Comrade T. L. Mooney notwithstanding to the contrary, I still maintain that no religion ever stood in the way of a revolution. What does Comrade Mooney call a revolution? Would he define a revolution in a Marxian sense as the uprising of a lot of starving peasants? A revolution has to have its economic foundation and mere poverty or starvation does not necessarily furnish that. The only real revolutions in the past have been those based on the few great economic changes, namely, from the Matriarch to the Patriarch, from that to Slavery, Feudalism and to Capitalism. From the fact that no religion did stand in the way of these revolutions, shows us that no religion will stand in the way of the social revolution. As I said before, religion itself is but an expression of an economic determination, so that as the economic conditions change human relations, religious ideas will change or disappear altogether. If necessary, the poor and starving of Ireland did not present an economic force organized and powerful as does the modern wage workers. The peasant if he should revolt at all does so only to obtain a reactionary reform, the ownership for himself of a piece of land. If the Irish peasant should have succeeded there, would have been a revolution, but only the re-establishing of an outgrown institution, private ownership of land. If the Irish people had held to any other religion than Catholic or no religion, they would not have established a revolution. THOS. N. FREEMAN, Leesburg, Ala.

A DESPERADO

BY CLYDE J. WRIGHT.

He was a dangerous man. He was of good appearance; his face indicated intelligence; he wore an expression of kindness; his language was that of a man of culture and education. You would scarcely have believed that this man was a desperado.

It was proven that he was a man of a family. Two bright-eyed, handsome, little girls called him "papa," and he was proud of them. A faithful wife greeted him and trusted him as the social guardian of the home.

This man was a factor in a great society, armed with a power to protect the life and happiness of those who loved him and whom he loved, which power he misused.

This man was more dangerous than dynamite. His power to destroy was equal to a demon.

He was a criminal of the blackest type. He was a man with an unjudged mind. He was a man who believed, He believed that which sounded pretty.

He never indulged the necessary mental exertion to reason out the truth. He was one of those men of "fixed" opinions. He did not understand. He simply believed.

Once he formed an opinion; he took it for granted that he could not possibly be wrong. Not because he knew that he could not be wrong—he simply "believed." He was one of those "because" fellows. He was a republican because he was a republican.

He walked around chairs for luck. When he saw the moon over his right shoulder he made wishes; not because he knew the reasonableness of what he did. Somebody told him to do these things. He simply believed them and could not change his mind.

Somebody asked him if he knew anything about Socialism and he said: "I don't and I don't want to."

It was here he crossed the danger line. It was here he became a menace to society—a dangerous man to be at

large. The man who "don't know and don't want to know" is more dangerous than a cyclone—he is liable to unconsciously deal death to the best friend he has on earth. He is like a man asleep at the switch.

The man who "don't know and don't want to know" might have been able to save himself from hell—he might have been able to help save society from chaos. "Of all bad words—it might have been."

But he didn't know and he didn't want to, yet we trusted this man with the ballot. He had the power to vote issues which concerned the welfare of the people and he doesn't know and doesn't want to know what it is.

The man who goes to the polls and votes, when there is a single political issue before the people which he does not understand, is a dangerous man to be at large.

A fool cannot understand—a bigot won't understand. Neither of them ever did anything for a waiting world.

NOBODY LOVES A FAT MAN

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A Case for the Grand Jury

Why does not Prosecuting Attorney Wayman call a special grand jury to investigate the traction finances? He was quick to get that body in action when a labor leader was accused of grafting. In that case the evidence was slight and the amounts involved comparatively insignificant.

In the case of the street car companies and their franchises the evidence is much more clear, the amounts involved many times greater.

It is charged that \$270,000 was used to secure the passage of the present ordinance. It is admitted by "Traction Expert" Bion J. Arnold that an item of that amount has been mysteriously manipulated upon the books of the company. This is confirmed by James B. Hogarth, former auditor of the company. Walter Fisher admits that he has discovered that while he thought he was making speeches for the dear public as represented by the famous "Strap Hangers' League," that he was really in the employ of the traction companies who were financing that league.

Finally ex-Mayor Dunne has plainly stated that he possesses evidence showing that this money was spent for political purposes, and more than hints that it was used for direct corruption.

Does anyone deny that if one-tenth as much evidence were presented in regard to corruption by a trade union that there would be a special grand jury in very short order?

WHY DOES WAYMAN NOT CALL HOGARTH, FISHER, ARNOLD AND DUNNE BEFORE THE GRAND JURY AND FIND OUT WHAT THEY KNOW?

Is he afraid that HE WILL FIND SOMETHING?

War Upon War

The question of militarism bulks larger every day. The weight of armament, with standing armies and fortifications and "Dread-nought" battleships presses down with almost geometrically increasing weight. It is not alone that there is a grim race between every capitalistic nation to obtain the heaviest and most murderous equipment. This alone would sooner or later bring about a terrible crisis. But this is aggravated by the swift advance of invention, that constantly renders old equipment useless and demands new and more expensive ones.

It is upon Labor that this burden falls. Labor must pay all—the bloody toll of lives for the army, the equally bloody, if more ineffect, toll of the added exploitation to pay for the worse than wasted wealth devoted to war and the preparation for war.

Whenever Labor asks for any sort of social legislation it is met with the reply that all available funds must be used for military equipment. The money that would establish old age pensions goes to erect a battleship. The funds that might fight tuberculosis is shot away in target practice. The sums that would provide work for the unemployed by erecting factories to produce food and clothing are melted into cannon.

Most significant of all, there has long been a lurking suspicion that is now growing into something near a certainty that all this terrible preparation for war is not only at the expense of Labor, but is intended to be used AGAINST LABOR. Every effort of Labor to improve its condition is met by the threat of the army, and more than once it has been whispered that if Labor should ever gain intelligence enough to use the ballot to throw off the yoke of exploitation that the power of militarism would be used to replace that yoke.

Here in America the last few years have seen an almost inconceivable increase in the military preparations. The navy has been enlarged to one of the most powerful in the world. The regular army has been recruited by the most strenuous endeavors to more than double its ordinary "peace footing." The Dick military law, whose very existence was denied for months after it had been secretly passed by Congress, has been put into active operation until the entire strength of the militia of the various states has been added to the regular army. The provisions of that law can add every able-bodied man of military age to the army at a moment's notice. Every state has seen the greatest possible efforts put forth to strengthen the military forces. The daily press has been used to work up the military spirit.

The time to meet and fight this growing giant of militarism is now, and the ones to fight it are Socialists.

The International Socialist Congress and nearly every national convention of the Socialist party has declared its antagonism to militarism. The Socialists by their international character based on the solidarity of Labor are the only ones who can offer a possible basis of universal peace.

The First of May, the great international holiday of Labor, is of all dates the most proper on which to strike a blow for peace. The occasion becomes especially fitting this year because the National Peace Congress will be held in Chicago, beginning the third of May.

All these work together to make it particularly the mission of the DAILY SOCIALIST to produce a First of May Peace-Issue that will set a high water mark in the war of the Socialists upon war.

This will be done. The best Socialist writers of Europe and America have been secured to cover the various subjects. There will be a survey of the movement of Labor in each of the various countries, and the whole sweep of Socialism during the last year will be reviewed by Morris Hillquit, who is without doubt the one man in America most familiar with that phase of the subject.

Internationalism and peace will be the keynote of the whole issue, and its distribution at the moment when the whole country will be considering this subject will be a most effective stroke of work for Socialism.