

## WAYMAN PROVES TO BE UTTER

### Having Made Busse Gang Divide Spoils, the State's Attorney Subsidies

The cat-fight in the Republican party in Chicago is becoming a joke. State's Attorney Wayman, who compelled Fred Upham and his crowd to lay down after the Springfield rumpus, where Wayman showed Upham a few things that he knew about the board of review, is showing every evidence of being a quitter when it comes to pushing the fight against the city hall in Chicago.

When one cat scratches another with its hind leg blood is supposed to flow, but the only blood that has shown in Chicago yet is that of a cheap saloon-keeper, who has taken wings for England. That is about as far as Wayman has gone after the Upham back-down.

#### Dividing of the Spoils

There is a secret in this reversion of the Republican cat-fight to the industry stage. The secret is "tax." "Tax" is the only really big graft in Chicago and since Wayman whipped Upham out of his boots at Springfield the only question is one of the separation of the booty.

State's Attorney Wayman has in his possession and has shown to men who are connected with the daily press of Chicago documents which would enable him to stir up more things than a cheap city hall probe or a crusade against a few police grafters.

But Upham is to be good and the "tax" graft is to go on. Therefore, the "investigation" of things incidental to the public welfare in Chicago may be confined to chasing a few red light saloon-keepers out of town—as long as Upham continues to be good.

#### Only Saloonkeepers Now

Two large books of "tax graft" are ready for presentation to State's Attorney Wayman if his appetite still runs in that direction, but he still seems to hanker for saloon keepers only.

The people of Chicago were deceived into thinking that Wayman meant business when he started after all the grafters in Chicago, and one state's attorney has been deluged with matter which could be used to hunt down all kinds of graft in the city. That this thunder will be used is assured, but it will be used to keep the Busse machine and Fred Upham quiet. It will not be used for prosecutions.

George Little, head of the Twenty-second street vice racket, who used to have a shop in Custom House place, and on whose trail the federal authorities have been camping for a number of months, concluded to leave town yesterday. He was in town at 2:30 Tuesday morning.

The sudden departure was not because State's Attorney Wayman was particularly after him, but because the federal sleuths were creeping up with some information they had received about importations of women across the Canadian line which were susceptible of proof, and which would not be thrown out of court.

#### Nobody Is Hurt Yet

Emil Dufour of the old Dufour gang came back to Chicago a week ago and Wayman found it out. Dufour will follow Little presently. Nobody has been hurt yet by the Wayman crusade and if the Busse gang will be good nobody will be hurt. Wayman has not even attempted to have the warrant served on Pizal, 467 and 409 Clark street for white slaving. He is holding Pizal in reserve.

Strenuous attempts were made yesterday to quash the inquiry into the "vice" racket. Several prominent politicians visited State's Attorney Wayman and interceded in behalf of the "ring" but to no avail. The prosecutor is said to have told them that he would fight the thing through.

## U. S. TO REVISE RUSSIAN TREATY

St. Petersburg, April 29.—Russia has decided to accept the American proposal to revise the treaty of 1832. Her answer, which was delivered in about a week, will express assent to the negotiation of a new treaty provided that the old agreement remain in force until the new one is ratified.

### DOUBLE DIVORCE WILL MAKE HUSBAND AND WIFE SWAP

Des Moines, Ia., April 29.—The divorce suits of Louis R. Hough and wife and F. B. Hancock and wife, who expect to swap wives and husbands as soon as the court grants them legal separations, have given a shock to Des Moines society.

Not only do Hough and Hancock expect to trade wives, but also houses and furniture. Hough will pack his clothes and move to the home now occupied by Mr. and Mrs. Hancock, while Hancock will take his wife to the house in which Hough and his wife now live. The wives will be saved the necessity of moving. All that is needed to make all four happy, according to their assertions, is a double decree of divorce. Then will come a double wedding.

Hough was recently in the limelight when he failed for \$120,000 in the live stock business and went through bankruptcy. He and Hancock had been business companions for recent years. Hancock is a grain broker and married on December 21, 1901. The Hancocks have three children. The mother has asked the custody of the children in her divorce petition.

## PLACES LITTLE GIRL ON TRACK FOR TRAIN TO KILL

Gary, Ind., April 29.—A man not known to any who saw him, placed a 5-year-old girl on the track of the Michigan Central just before the passenger train which arrives at this place at 5:45 was due, and then disappeared in the woods. Police Officer William Miller witnessed the affair and ran down the track to signal the train. The engineer saw the signal and put on the air and the wheels of the engine were brought to a stop thirty feet from where the child was, unconscious of the danger.

The little girl was taken to the police station and an effort made to find the man, but no trace could be found. The child said her name was Virginia Zaletto and that she is 5 years old. As no reports of the missing child were received today, Officer Miller took the little girl to his home.

## VAN OWNERS ARE THE MAY KINGS

### With Hundreds Moving They Charge as They Please for Their Services

The owner of the moving van is happy. He is wearing a broad grin. He is anticipating that his pockets will bulge with good cold cash. May 1 is his festival. For persons who are forced to move from one home to another must either carry their household goods on their backs or call in the moving van, and moving rates are not the cheapest things in the world right now.

#### Van Prices Up One-Third

The householder who is forced to move is restless and vexed and tormented. Between April 27 and May 15, when most of the moving must be done, the prices of vans go up one-third. Therefore after the tenant has hunted from one end of his home to the other to find various articles of clothing disarranged in the moving, he is in no frame of mind to look with joy on a tussle with his new landlord, who will not want to make any improvements.

Thousands of people will move this year. Hundreds and maybe thousands are moving because they have been so hard hit by the panic that they can not pay rent or must give up payments on the home which they have been buying on the installment plan. Therefore people who have had hopes of owning a small home go back into the tenements to begin all over again. In many localities there is great activity—people moving to the suburbs where, on surface transportation and elevated lines, cheap carrying of passengers is a feature.

#### Subdivisions Filling Up

The new subdivisions are filling up with people who are escaping from the grime of the congested quarters of the city. In all sections new flat buildings are springing up. Rents will be increased chiefly in the new buildings, as the older buildings run down rapidly. In the congested districts of the north, south and west sides of the city rents are, and will be, high compared with the accommodations offered.

## LIEUT. SCHLAU IS DISMISSED

Lieut. Robert Schlaue, the commanding officer of the town hall police station, was discharged from the force yesterday by the police trial board on the charges growing out of his unwarranted seizure of Joseph Joyce, a gambler convicted of burglary. Attorney Francis J. Noonan, who prosecuted the case, announced in the evening that his next step would be a demand for the indictment of the policeman by the grand jury.

Capt. Michael P. Evans, director of the police bureau of identification, who failed to identify Joyce as a known criminal, was censured tacitly in the finding of the trial board. A transcript of the testimony of the captain, which is strangely conflicting in spots, will be submitted to Chief of Police Shippy for his information. The chief then will decide whether charges against Capt. Evans are warranted by the evidence.

The charges on which Lieut. Schlaue was convicted emanated from his conduct in the investigation of a burglary at the residence of James S. Falkenburg, 144 Winthrop avenue, on Feb. 10 last.

The three accusations, each of which was sustained, were:

1. Neglect of duty in releasing the prisoner Joyce, after he had been identified by Mrs. Falkenburg, as the robber of her apartment.

2. Unbecoming conduct in insulting Mrs. Falkenburg with the insinuation that her diamonds were taken by men she was entertaining.

3. Mutilation of public records, namely, the police arrest book from which the name of Joseph Joyce was erased subsequent to his release.

#### Hunt Girl and Baby Nephew

Passaic, N. J., April 29.—Police of a dozen New Jersey towns and cities are searching for Mary Saur, 17 years old, and her four-year-old nephew, Joseph Berger, Jr. of Garfield, N. J., who disappeared while out walking Sunday afternoon. The officers fear the pair may have been captured and held in one of the camps of laborers on railroad and suburban improvements.

## FORGER SHIELDS BANK WRECKERS

### Van Vlissingen Objects to Bringing in Names of Blount and Walsh

Attorney Leasing Rosenthal, a prominent "reformer," yesterday brought the names of Fred M. Blount, president of the Equitable Trust company, and John R. Walsh, former president of the Chicago National Bank, into the hearing of Peter Van Vlissingen before Referee in Bankruptcy Frank Wean, and endeavored to show that Blount and Walsh were in the same boat as Rosenberg and Rosenfeld, who, Van Vlissingen has said, drove him further on his career of forgery.

After two questions tending to bring out such evidence, Van Vlissingen asked for a conference between himself, Attorney Rosenthal and Referee Wean. This conference was held and after it no further questions were put tending to show that Blount or Walsh had knowledge of Van Vlissingen's forgeries prior to the general exposure, which caused Van Vlissingen to be sent to jail.

#### Says Walsh Knew Secret

When the hearing was over Van Vlissingen made the following statement touching on Leasing Rosenthal's methods relative to the Walsh matter: "Mr. Rosenthal came to the penitentiary on Jan. 25, and he himself informed me that Mr. Walsh knew my secret, apparently for the purpose of asking me about it at the hearing. I told Rosenthal this afternoon at the conference when he had done, and if I were a free man I would rather go to prison than to be placed in the position he was placed in as he stood before Referee Wean and listened to what I had to say of him.

"It is most unjust that Walsh's name should be dragged into this trial for some purpose not now evident and I sought by my refusal to answer Rosenthal's question to protect him as much as Walsh, but he would not permit me to do so. Now that Walsh's name has been brought out I want the matter understood."

#### Shows Business Men's Attitude

The attitude of Bernard Rosenberg and Maurice Rosenfeld, whom Attorney Leasing Rosenthal represented, was shown bitterly in the following dialogue between Van Vlissingen and one of the attorneys:

Q.—Did Mr. Rosenfeld ever make any suggestion to you as to whether you could raise any money from these other people with which to pay him off?

A.—On one occasion, it was probably early in 1905, he told me that he was willing to stand a large loss on the papers he held and that he would give me an opportunity to sell them, and he suggested that I might sell them to Mr. Orp or Lefens and Selp or the Blatz people. He may have mentioned some other names, but I remember those.

Q.—And that was after you told him that those that he had were many of them forgeries?

A.—It was early in 1905—after I had told him about his affairs.

Q.—And I think you have testified that at that time when you told him about it you separated the forgeries from the genuine?

A.—Yes, at the time I told him about that I did that, or shortly afterwards.

#### Sold Some Forged Paper

Q.—And after this talk about perhaps you could sell them to Lefens and Selp he did give you back some of the forged papers and you did sell them to some of those people, did you not?

A.—He did give me back some of the forged paper; I used some of it with Lefens and Selp as collateral, and I sold some of it, but I could not say definitely now who I sold it to without an examination.

Q.—And you used some of it as collateral to a loan that you made at the time you put up the collateral with Lefens and Selp; that is, you didn't get the forged paper that you got back from Rosenfeld up as collateral for a loan you had already obtained?

A.—No, I obtained a new loan from Lefens and Selp.

Q.—On the faith of this forged collateral?

A.—On the faith of my note plus the forged collateral.

#### Told to Get Money

Q.—You remember having a talk with Mr. Maurice Rosenfeld about the time of the failure of the Chicago National bank?

A.—Yes, sir; shortly after the failure of the Chicago National bank he came to me one early in the morning—by that I mean probably between 9 and 10 o'clock.

Q.—See you?

A.—He did see me in my private office, and we spoke about the failure of the bank and his losses, and he said that he was desperate; that the people with whom he was doing business—would probably meaning his relatives—would be apt to lose confidence in him and might take his matters entirely out of his hands.

Q.—Take their business matters?

A.—Their business matters. And in that event there was no telling what might happen to me, but that he would have to have money, and that he wanted me to understand distinctly that he had to have money and he had to have it quick; that he didn't care how I got it, but he had to have it.

#### Big Grist Due Today

Several bills aimed at corporations and manufacturers also were reported out of committee and another big grist is due today.

#### Went in Water Waist Deep

Salters Springs, Ill., April 29.—Pearl Johnson and Miss Nora Murray were baptized in a creek and immediately afterward, while standing in water waist deep, were married. More than 300 viewed the ceremony.

## WHEN THAT INTERNATIONAL NEWS BUREAU IS PERFECTED—



SOMEBODY IS GOING TO WAKE UP

## RUSH BIG STEAL THROUGH HOUSE

### Busse's \$16,000,000 Bond Measure Is Passed in Double Quick Time

#### (SPECIAL TO THE DAILY SOCIALIST.)

Springfield, Ill., April 29.—Busse's \$16,000,000 bond steal has gone through the lower house intact and will probably pass the senate. The nine bills carrying this gigantic piece of rascality were slipped through without alteration. The Shurtleff crowd, which has been fighting Busse and generally stirring up trouble in the mayor's camp, were as meek as the proverbial lamb, for reasons unknown except to the inside parties.

#### Shurtleff in a "Lay-Down"

It had been freely predicted that Shurtleff in his present temper over the Hopkins' tangle would kill these bills which will enable the city hall gang of Chicago to spend millions upon millions of the people's money almost without let or hindrance. But Shurtleff quit when it came to the pinch.

There was a show of opposition, just enough to save the face of a few of the gentlemen connected with the deal, whose faces are in great need of saving, but the whole thing was a mere mockery. In order to prevent opposition from taxpayers the bond bills were accompanied by the tax bill which will practically leave matters stationary in the taxing bodies of the city. The main point being that Busse will get that \$16,000,000 to spend as he pleases.

#### The Chicago Bills Passed

The various Chicago bills passed are: BONDS.—By increasing the assessed valuation from one-fifth to one-third of the full value the cities of the state are enabled to increase their bond issues 66 2/3 per cent. In the case of Cook county the assessed valuation, now \$47,190,329, would be \$795,217,331. On this increased assessed value bonds could be issued up to a total of \$38,765,726, or an increase of \$15,906,207 over the issues now outstanding.

TAXES.—By decreasing the tax rate permissible to be levied against the assessed value of property by the various taxing bodies the attempt is made to offset the increase in assessments and hold taxes down to their present amount. In Chicago the present law fixes the minimum rate at \$1.80. The new law would reduce it to \$1.10. In Cook county the present minimum is 65 cents; the new law would reduce it to 40 cents.

BUILDINGS.—The Cermak bill is intended to give city councils in cities and the president and trustees in towns and cities the power to regulate the construction, use, improvement and repair of buildings and to create districts within which no building other than those defined by the ordinances as fireproof shall be erected.

FIRE ESCAPES.—This bill, also introduced by Cermak, relieves cities which have fire escape ordinances from the operation of the state law as enforced by the state factory inspector. If the state laws were enforced against the big office buildings of Chicago they would be plastered with fire escapes.

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## DAUGHTER OF AMBASSADOR, MURIEL WHITE, NOW COUNTESS

Paris, April 29.—Miss Muriel White, daughter of the American ambassador to France, was married in the mairie of the Eighth arrondissement of Paris at noon yesterday to Count Herrmann Scherr-Thoss, an officer of the royal Prussian cuirassiers.

This simple civil ceremony was performed in person by Roger Allon, the mayor. Only a few of the immediate members of the families of the bride and bridegroom were present. Countess Scherr-Thoss, the bridegroom's mother, was not present on account of ill health.

The ceremony consisted of a recitation of the laws of the French republic defining the obligations of husband and wife and the subscription of the couple thereto. The mayor then delivered a brief address in which he expressed his kind wishes for the pair, and referred to the distinguished career of the bride's father and the ties uniting France and the United States.

## AFGHANISTAN IN RESTLESS MOOD

### People Have Thoughts of Revolting and Demanding Constitution

#### (SPECIAL TO THE DAILY SOCIALIST.)

Peshawar, India, April 29.—News has been received here from Jellalabad that the revolutionary spirit which has made Persia an armed camp has penetrated even to Afghanistan. The Amir of Afghanistan, fearing the new movement, has caused the arrest of a number of persons alleged to have been planning a public demand for a constitution and the abolition of absolutism in the country.

#### Woman Starts the Trouble

The revolution is supposed to have been started by a woman from India named Bibi Halima. Reports were spread through Afghanistan that she was plotting in the interest of her son, Umarjan, who is now twenty years old, with the idea of having him replace the Amir.

These reports were used to combat the revolutionary sentiment in the outlying district of the country since Bibi Halima is known to be akin to the Amir himself. Umarjan would be the logical successor to the throne if the revolutionary sentiment developed to the point where the Amir could be de-throned.

The only trouble with this report seems to be that Umarjan has neither the physical nor mental qualifications necessary to make him the strong man of the hour in Afghanistan. Against this, however, can be set the undoubted talent and power of his mother, Bibi Halima, who would be the power behind the throne in the case of his accession.

#### Preachers Spread the Fever

The trouble in Afghanistan seems to have started at Herat, on the western border. The infection has spread to the Durani clan itself, from which the present rulers are chosen. Persian preachers of constitutionalism are going up and down the country proclaiming the new day, and the people are eagerly drinking in the new thoughts. If the constitutionalists are successful in Persia the result will be that Afghanistan will be aflame before the year is out.

The present Amir, unlike his father, Abdur Rahman, is said to be a spineless creature and unable to control the wild hordes over which he reigns.

## HARRISON ON WAY WITH BOOM

### Lure of Fifth Term Causes Him to Pack Up and Start for Chicago

#### (SPECIAL TO THE DAILY SOCIALIST.)

Los Angeles, April 29.—Carter Henry Harrison, four times Mayor of Chicago, has listened to the lure of a fifth term of office, packed his belongings and early next week will desert southern California for his home city. He declares that he will not return to this section until "I am old and have rounded out my career."

#### Gladsome Welcome Arranged

Private advices from Chicago declare that a gladsome political welcome has been arranged for the temporarily deposed Democratic chief, and that the Harrison henchmen have even decided in what ward he must live for the next few years.

These same sources of information declare that Harrison is to be put in the field against any and every candidate and after a fifth term is to be sent to Congress. It is even hinted that his still loyal followers hope eventually to see him nominated as Democratic candidate for President of the United States.

At the Maryland Hotel in Pasadena, where the Harrison family has resided through the winter, the packing is completed. Carter H. III already has been sent ahead to bear the tidings of good joy and spade up the famous mint bed in the rear of the Cass street mansion. The father will reach there May 12, have important "visits" and reunions with friends, proceed to Mount Huron, Mich., for a brief visit, and then on his return plunge into the maelstrom of Chicago politics.

#### Is Coming Back to Stay

"I am going back to stay this time," Mr. Harrison declared today. "I have been urged persistently to get back into an active life, and I have finally acceded. My brother Preston has written me daily for weeks that it is important for me to give up a life of pure recreation and make my home again in Chicago."

"Personally it grieves me in many ways to leave California, for I have lived the greater part of the time here during the last five or six years. Now, however, I have cut every tie. Until I am an old man and until I feel that my career has come to an end I shall live in the White City. When I'm through with it all I expect to return and live out my declining years in this sunshine."

#### What Would Roger Say?

"And you'll be a candidate for mayor again?"

"The ex-mayor smiled genially. "Would Roger Sullivan like to have me admit such a thing?" he laughed.

"Let's rather say that I am going back to attend to my own business."

Despite the fact that Mr. Harrison will only smile for publication when mentioned, he does not deny that he "may" be a factor on "looking after the advancement of his party." And though he will avow nothing publicly there are close friends who sit and smoke with him who have been assured that the urgent letters from Preston Harrison and from others in the east relate in no way to real estate.

#### Fight With Sullivan Wings

They know and have seen some of these letters and are assured that the home-going means the starting of a gigantic fight for supremacy between the Harrison and Sullivan wings of the Democratic party—a fight of national as well as local import.

The word from Chicago is that Harrison will be sent to the Twenty-fifth ward to live.

## ARRANGE SILENT PEACE PROTEST

### Socialists, Denied Use of Grant Park, Are to Gather There, Anyway

More than 20,000 Socialists will march in silent protest on Sunday afternoon against the discrimination practiced on the Socialists by the board of south park commissioners, who refused to grant a speakers' permit for the meeting which the Socialists had planned to hold on the lake front as part of the party's share in the opening of the National Peace Congress Sunday.

#### Will Have No Speaker

Instead of having a speaker on the lake front the Socialists have arranged for a series of hall meetings. The plan made for Sunday involves the assembling of all party members and sympathizers on the lake front opposite Montgomery Ward and company's store. From that point the party members will march down Michigan avenue a short distance and then disperse to the various halls.

The details of the silent protest will be arranged at a mass meeting of the party membership to be held in Braun's hall Saturday night. The model to be taken by the Socialists will be the famous universal suffrage demonstration in Austria-Hungary. At that time it was announced that the troops would fire on anyone who spoke.

#### Government Backed Up

In Vienna and Budapest hundreds of thousands of people assembled silently and marched through the city and past the assembling place of the parliament. Not a sound was uttered. There was no trouble. The next day the government granted the universal franchise.

The Cook county executive committee is arranging for marshals for the parade, and the most perfect order will be maintained. The protest will be impressive in its absolute quiet. The hall meetings will be announced later.

#### MAKE PLANS AT BRAND'S HALL

Final Arrangements at May Day Ball for Silent Protest

All streets in Chicago will lead to Brand's hall next Saturday night. The sages, veterans, patiosophers and militant Socialists will be there to commemorate May Day and join in the festivities of the May Day ball with the young people of all nationalities.

It is most desirable that every active Socialist party member in Cook county be at Brand's hall Saturday night to get information on the plans for the silent peace demonstration, which will be held on the lake front Sunday morning.

The executive committee of the Socialist party in Cook county, at a special session called Wednesday evening, decided to hold a gathering at Grant Park, the use of which the south side park commissioners refused to the peace conference for the demonstration.

The Executive committee urges all party members to be present at Brand's hall Saturday night, when, after the address of Carl D. Thompson of Milwaukee, all preparations will be made to take care of the lake front gathering.

Tickets for the ball are now on sale at the office of the Chicago Daily Socialist and Cook county headquarters, for 25 cents each.

## HAYWOOD MAY SUE FOR LIBEL

#### (SPECIAL TO THE DAILY SOCIALIST.)

Sacramento, Cal., April 29.—In response to the widely circulated story of William Haywood's alleged meeting with a militiaman in a saloon at Sacramento, when he was forced to apologize to the soldier, a report of such character-bills as pass the legislature will be voted on. The Busse bond steal, however, is safe from a referendum. Once passed by the legislature it will give the city administration, now under fire, the right to float a bond issue of \$16,000,000.

"Charter bill No. 1," the bill providing for the unification of the park system and of taxing bodies, is progressing better than the other charter legislation. It is the basis of the whole charter's legislation, and it is being advanced almost step by step with the bond and revenue bills introduced in behalf of the city administration of Chicago and other cities of the state.

#### KANSAS TORNADO KILLS ONE MAN AND INJURES TEN

Wichita, Kan., April 29.—Lewis Ayres was killed and ten injured by a tornado which wrecked a large portion of Douglas, Kan., last evening. The storm spread over a wide area, doing much damage to farm property. Mrs. J. J. Jones was seriously injured. At Udall, a windstorm, accompanied by hail, did much damage. Between Rose Hill and Douglas many houses were blown down. Three school houses were completely wrecked. At Rock, south of Douglas, a store building was wrecked and one man injured.



JUDGES TO FEEL HAND OF LABOR

Members of Unions in City Will Mark Injunction Jurists for Defeat

The issuance of the sweeping injunction against the Associated Building Trades by Judge Julian Mack has torn the cloak of reformer from the shoulders of that eminent jurist, and he will undoubtedly be marked for defeat at the polls by the Chicago Federation of Labor.

While the committee which has such matters in charge has not taken final action yet, John Fitzpatrick, president of the Chicago Federation of Labor, declared this morning that he has not met a single representative of a labor organization who feels that Judge Mack should not be opposed at the coming judicial election.

Opposed to Labor Writs "We are opposed to the twisting of the writ of injunction to serve as a weapon against organized labor," said Fitzpatrick. "If the injunction is used where it legally belongs organized labor does not care, for the writ then has its uses. But a step must be put to the political success of those judges who use their imaginations in making the injunction a power with which to injure labor. It has got to be stopped. The way to stop it is to lay judges who use their imaginations in that way on the political shelf. No official action has as yet been taken, but I have little doubt that Judge Mack will be marked for defeat at the polls. Organized labor is opposed to the illegal use of the injunction."

Fitzpatrick denied that Mrs. Raymond Robins has offered any opposition to the placing of Judge Mack's name on the "reward your friends and punish your enemies" list, which will be circulated for union men at the judicial election.

Mack and Others Marked There is every chance that Mack will be marked for defeat, as will Judges Honore and Carpenter, because of the injunctions which they have granted in labor disputes. The federation will make the decision relative to Judge Mack when the meeting of that body is held on Sunday. It is generally conceded that every effort will be made to defeat Judge Mack.

BOSSSES FIGHT WOMEN WORKERS Appear in Senate and Denounce the Bill for an Eight-Hour Day

Springfield, Ill., April 29.—The brutal spectacle of manufacturers and other "pillars of society" seeking in blind narrowness and greed to make the legal working day for women more than eight hours was presented yesterday before the senate sitting in committee of the whole.

An employer who operates a laundry said that if the laundry women were given the eight-hour day the Chinese laundries would get the business. This man's name is C. A. Werner, and he does business in Chicago.

He further stated that women like to work more than eight hours in a steam laundry. He said they liked it because they belonged to "an intelligent class." Werner stated the contention of the manufacturers in this way: "The majority of the female workers in this state are perfectly satisfied, particularly the laundry girls, who are an intelligent class."

Tells About Petitions Miss Anna Nestor, of the Glove Makers' union, attacked the petition presented from working girls asking that the law be not enacted.

"Why do people go to the Monaghan to do their laundry?" asked Miss Anna Willard of the waitresses' union.

Wants What is Due "Because the laundries tear their clothes, that's why. We don't ask you to be unfair to the manufacturers, but we would like to get what's coming to us for our work. The old rate of \$4.00 a week in laundries has been going down; the price of living is going up, and we are getting the worst of it. When we organized they told us they sympathized with us but we were not going at it the right way. Now we ask for legislation and they say this isn't the right way. Nothing we do is right to them."

What is this right of contract that we are told will be taken away from us?" asked Miss Elizabeth Maloney of the waitresses' union.

"What rights has a woman now? She can take what her employer wants to give her or she can leave it. That is her 'right of contract' and that is the inducement held out to us to sign petitions against this bill."

Boss Would Leave State S. H. Honinger of Chicago, a manufacturer of infants' wear, said that the law if passed would drive many manufacturers out of the state.

E. S. Hobbs of Aurora, a cotton goods manufacturer, said the law would mean financial ruin to him.

CLAIM REWARD FOR GIRL'S RETURN



ADELE BOAS

Adele Boas, the 13-year-old heiress daughter of Arthur E. Boas of New York, who after a disappearance was discovered in Boston, is the subject of a hot tangle for her father. Mr. Boas offered \$5,000 reward for the recovery of his daughter, and upon information from Adolph G. Hoelscher concerning her whereabouts paid him a substantial settlement. Now there are other claimants coming forward for the reward.

day to take a strike referendum as the result of the refusal on the part of the employers to grant the increase of \$1.25 a week asked for. The union has about 80 members.

The pressed brick manufacturers declined to pay an advance of \$1.25 per week and the Knickerbocker Ice company, which employs a large number of sand wagon drivers, refused an increase of \$1.90 per week. The common building brick manufacturers have been asked for a new wage scale. The drivers are paid by the piece. They want \$1 per 1,000 brick for owners and of this the teamsters ask for 45 cents. Owners now receive 30 cents per 1,000 and the teamsters 45 cents. A meeting will be held today with the common brick manufacturers in an effort to avert a strike.

The ice wagon drivers have notified the ice dealers that they will insist upon an increase of wages beginning May 1. They are now paid \$30 and \$30 per month and want \$30 and \$100. The ice cream drivers have asked the employers for a renewal of the present scale for another year. The roofing teamsters want an advance of \$1.50 per week, but no settlement has been reached.

James O'Connell of Washington and Frank Feeney of Philadelphia will come to Chicago next Monday to arrange an agreement between the International Association of Machinists and the Elevator Constructors' International union. They will meet at the Kaiserhof.

EGG INSPECTORS' GRIEVANCE Complain That Union Men Employed by M. J. Powers Are Badly Treated

Members of the Egg Inspectors' union complain bitterly about the treatment given the union men by M. J. Powers, an egg merchant with a place of business at 13 Dearborn street. Powers is charged with treating the union men unfairly and discharging them for trivial causes.

For a slight error in the card reader used in packing eggs into boxes for the retail trade J. Walter, a member of the union, was discharged and docked a day and a half's pay.

The Egg Inspectors' union numbers about 400 members about half of whom are said to be out of work at the present time because of dull trade conditions. The union is not in a position, officially, to bring Powers to trial for his treatment of his employees.

Powers is violating the union agreement calls for 75. Each case contains 30 dozen eggs, all of which must be graded by the "examiners," who inspect them for freshness and other things which go to make up their market value.

The union scale is \$3 a day. The working conditions at Powers' are deplorable. The union is not in a position, officially, to bring Powers to trial for his treatment of his employees.

ELECTION COMMISSION BOARD IS TO HAVE MANY CHANGES The election as city treasurer of Isaac N. Powell, former chief clerk of the board of election commissioners, makes necessary a general shakeup of that body. County Judge Lewis Rinkner, official head of the election machinery of Chicago is expected to make official announcement of the changes tomorrow or Saturday.

It is virtually certain that John C. Cannon, president of the commission, will assume the duties of chief clerk, filling the vacancy caused by the resignation of Powell. It appears quite as certain that Nathaniel Hudson, of the Twenty-fifth ward will be named by Judge Rinkner to fill the place on the commission vacated by the transfer of Mr. Cannon.

When the new board is called upon to reorganize, the presidency will open by Commissioner Cannon's change of place probably will go to the Commissioner Thomas F. Judge, senior member of the commission and the only Democrat on the board.

The position of secretary, which Judge Rinkner has filled for ten years, will be conferred upon Commissioner Abel A. Bach.

No intimation has come from Judge Rinkner as to what may be his plan for the reorganization of the commission, but men close to the political chancellery were satisfied last night that the new regime in control of the vast election system of the city will be announced as indicated above.

The Daily Socialist is delivered by carrier in Chicago for 6 cents per week.

HONOR FOUNDER OF THE CAPITAL

Body of Engineer Who Laid Out City of Washington Is Disinterred

Washington, D. C., April 28.—Honor today was paid to the memory of Maj. Pierre Charles L'Enfant, the famous French engineer, who, under the authority of George Washington, laid out the city of Washington. His body, which was disinterred from its resting place on Diggs' farm, in Maryland, near Washington, where he was buried in 1825, was taken to the capitol under military escort today. In the rotunda, where the body lay in state, ceremonies were held, at which Vice-President Sherman and Ambassador Jusserand of France paid tribute to the Frenchman.

Under Military Escort This afternoon the body will be taken to the Arlington National cemetery under a military escort and religious services will be held there. Besides the regular troops who will take part in the procession there will be various patriotic organizations as well as civic associations of Washington. The Rev. William L. Russell, rector of St. Patrick's church of this city, which Maj. L'Enfant attended, will officiate at the services at Arlington.

Ambassador Jusserand called attention to the primitive condition of the land upon which the future capital of the nation was to be erected and to the great transformation which had taken place in a little more than a century, and said that "the will of congress, the choice made by the great man whose name the city was to bear, the talents of a French officer, the one whose memory was being commemorated today, had caused the change."

Served in the Revolution Maj. Pierre L'Enfant, said the ambassador, had been selected by Washington because during thirteen years of association he had many occasions to appreciate his qualities of character and his abilities. L'Enfant had been one of the earliest enthusiasts of the American cause, served throughout the war of the independence and had been left on the battlefield, severely wounded, at Savannah, where he had led the vanguard of one of the columns of the attack and lost two-thirds of his men. Later he was taken prisoner and afterward exchanged for Capt. von Heyden, a Hessian.

For Maj. L'Enfant, said the ambassador, the planning of the city of Washington was a work of love. L'Enfant, he declared, had foreseen present American conditions. The integrity and greatness in all its aspects. The integrity of the city of Washington was nothing extraordinary, the ambassador continued. "All French people had the same. From the first France thought that the United States would be and should be a great nation. The first diplomat ever sent here came from France."

Pays a Last Tribute "And now, Pierre Charles L'Enfant will sleep his last sleep in that Arlington cemetery where so many are buried who fought as he did and felt as he did for the nation; near that Gen. Sheridan who left such examples of heroism, he will rest on slopes from which can be seen the growth of the 'federal city,' now called Washington, a revered name, with another Frenchman, Chastellux, when visiting in 1782 another and earlier town of the same name in America, the city of New Orleans, whose memory will undoubtedly last longer than the very city called upon to perpetuate it."

FLEET 'SHOW-OFF' WRECKED NAVY? Washington, D. C., April 29.—The fact that as rapidly as possible battle-ships of the round-the-world fleet are being laid up at navy yards has caused the report that the fleet is being wrecked. The report is based on the fact that the journey in had already last been reported in Washington that masts were sprung, plates were loosened, the intricate electrical machinery, including the fire control, was hopelessly out of working order, and that generally the trip had made a wreck of the United States navy.

At the war department it was said yesterday that on the contrary the ships had stood the voyage even better than had been expected and that none of them would fall if called upon to go into battle tomorrow.

But the navy department has decided on a radical change in the type of battleship, and the sixteen that made the world trip are to be remodeled. When the change has been made the modern American fighting vessel will look like an immense barge with a few turrets on it. All of the cumbersome superstructure of the present ships is to be taken away. Instead of the fighting masts and the upper decks that have been found of no use in the way, there will be only one wide "water basket" mast for the purpose of signaling and as a roost for the look-out.

EVELYN THAW FAILS TO APPEAR IN SUIT OVER HAT New York, April 29.—For the second time within ten days Evelyn Nesbit, whose name was called in the City court for the supplementary proceedings in connection with a \$253 bill held by Elsie Hertwig, a milliner, who obtained judgment for that amount. A week ago Monday, when Mrs. Thaw failed to appear, Justice McAvoy directed her lawyers to produce her in court yesterday to show cause why she should not be held in contempt. Daniel O'Reilly, appearing in her behalf, said that the question of Mrs. Thaw's residence in the county at the time of the issuance of the summons was in doubt, therefore he asked for a decision. Justice McAvoy took the matter under advisement.

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This action by the college authorities follows and is a result of Schockley's effort to prove there is something in a name. The professor is mighty handy on the piano, but he figured that as plain Schockley of Illinois he wouldn't startle the natives, even if he could tear off the classical to the tune of Chopin.

So he made a few lightning changes over his original cognomen. In the middle of the day he departed in the middle of the day, and upon Georgia with his baton flying.

As Schockel of Poland, a descendant of virtuosos of time honored length and breadth, he made an instantaneous hit. He got the best job in his line that the town affords. Schockley is naturally of good front. When he twisted his moustache to delicious points, threw in a fifty gaiter for good measure, put on a loosely cut coat, over the shoulders of which he let his hair flow poetically, he got right next to the faculty and landed in a hurry.

Schockley makes no bones about the deception. He says he gave his name the European paraphrase in order to help him out on the concert stage. He declares the change was made openly in his home town, and that there's no harm done, as he delivers the goods with the keys. Further, he avers that he was canned without cause and that the college will have a lawsuit for breach of contract on its hands.

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GROCERIES At Wholesale to You

Advertisement for First National Grocery Co. listing various grocery items and prices. Includes items like Flour, Sugar, Coffee, Tea, etc. Price: 10c.

LORIMER STEAL LIKELY TO PASS

\$20,000,000 Waterway Bill Recommended Favorably by Senate Committee

(SPECIAL TO THE DAILY SOCIALIST.) Springfield, Ill., April 29.—Congressman William Lorimer's pet graft, the \$20,000,000 deep waterway, was recommended favorably by the senate committee yesterday, and Senator Juhl this morning succeeded in having the bill placed upon the calendar for action.

Whether this sudden resurrection of a somewhat comatose bill has anything to do with the calling off of the Lorimer forces from the Busse \$16,000,000 bond steal is not as yet known, but things have very much the look that Busse's crowd in the senate threatened to choke the waterway graft if Lorimer did not let up on the Busse bond.

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Advertisement for WORKINGMEN and others with savings accounts in the bank.

Advertisement for Fred J. Mowry and Company, 80 Broad Street, New York City.

Advertisement for Rleck & Pixley's BOSTON BAKED BEANS AND BROWN BREAD.

Advertisement for HUNGARIAN GYPSY BAND.

Advertisement for VISIT "LITTLE HUNGARY" Cafe and Restaurant.

Advertisement for NOTE TO NEW SOCIALISTS. READ SOCIALIST BOOKS.

Advertisement for WILSHIRE BOOK COMPANY.

Advertisement for ROLLER SKATES FREE.

Advertisement for Central Drug Co. 100 STATE STREET.

Advertisement for INTERNATIONAL UNION—UNITED BREWERS' UNION OF AMERICA.

Advertisement for HELP WANTED.

Advertisement for REAL ESTATE FOR SALE.

Advertisement for FERRY AULT, Dillon, Colo.

Advertisement for FERRY AULT, Dillon, Colo.

Advertisement for ROOMS TO RENT.

Advertisement for BUSINESS PERSONALS.

Advertisement for BOOKS.

Advertisement for MISCELLANEOUS.



FORMER SULTAN FLEES CAPITAL

Abdul Hamid and Eleven Wives Leave Palace at Night for Saloniki

Constantinople, Turkey, April 29.—Abdul Hamid, the deposed sultan of Turkey, left the capital last night for Saloniki. He is accompanied by eleven women of his harem.

He was conveyed quietly under cover of darkness from the imperial palace at Yildiz to the railroad station in Stamboul. Shortly after he was installed on board the train pulled out for the west.

Not one of the Constantinople newspapers has a good word for Abdul Hamid, whose life and reign are being held up to execration. On the other hand, the accession of Mehmed V is regarded as the dawn of a new era.

Big Celebration Tonight

In order to enable the public to indulge in rejoicings there has been ordered a temporary suspension of the state of siege until 10 o'clock tonight. The city will be illuminated, but fireworks have been prohibited.

The cabinet has been requested to resign in order for some days longer. Following the action of the national assembly yesterday which decreed Abdul's deposition a deputation, consisting of two senators and two deputies, visited the palace at Yildiz and communicated to the sultan the assembly's resolution.

How Abdul Heard News

When the assembly deputation arrived at the Yildiz the fetwa of the sheikh-ul-Islam was handed to Ali Djevad Bey, first secretary, for communication to Abdul Hamid, who in an inner apartment was guarded by fifteen eunuchs.

Djevad Bey tried to gain admittance by knocking and, after this was continued for some fifteen minutes, the door was opened and Abdul Hamid appeared. He accepted the fetwa without comment. The deputation was then ushered into his presence, and the spokesman said:

Glad His Life Is Spared

"I expected this," Abdul Hamid replied. "It is my fate. My only wish is that the lives of myself and family may be safeguarded and that I may be able to go to the palace of Cheraghian, as I wish to die where I was born."

Abdul Hamid gave a deep sigh of relief upon being informed that no designs were entertained against his life.

New Ruler Was Radiant

He was plainly dressed, wearing a black frock coat, and appeared happy and radiant. He was ushered into the great hall by the representative of the nation and state dignitaries, civil, military and ecclesiastical. The prince expressed the wish to perform ablutions and say prayers.

Crowds Cheer New Ruler

Returning by the Galata bridge to Dolmabahce palace, where he will take up his residence, the sultan was enthusiastically cheered by great crowds all along the way, to which he responded by saluting repeatedly. Ever Bey, one of the prominent leaders of the young Turks, who followed the procession, was recognized and cheered.

ICE RAISED \$2 A TON IN GOTHAM

New York, April 29.—Independent ice companies have given notice that after May 1 the price of ice will be \$5 a ton, instead of \$3.

STEEL TRUST EARNED \$29,921,000 IN ONE QUARTER

New York, April 29.—The quarterly report of the United States Steel corporation, issued yesterday, showed total earnings for three months of \$29,921,000, which compares with \$28,228,485 for the last quarter of 1904. Net earnings were \$19,185,968, which compares with \$21,012,663 for the previous quarter.

200 OF O'HARA FAMILY GATHER FOR ANNUAL FUNERAL RITES

Atlanta, Ga., April 29.—The O'Haras, the Irish horse traders, about 200 in number, gathered here today from all parts of the United States to attend the funeral of a 7-year-old girl, Anna O'Hara. The large funeral is not merely a special honor to the child, but is a part of the annual burial customs of the O'Haras. Anna O'Hara is the only member of the clan in this section who has died in the last year.

FRIENDS OF BLAIR GOEBEL HANG GOVERNOR IN EFFIGY

Ghast, Ky., April 29.—When the inhabitants of this town awoke yesterday they discovered an effigy of Gov. Wilson hanging in front of the postoffice. On the figure a placard was found which read as follows:

Deposed Sultan May Be Tried

London, April 29.—Hall Halid Bey, the local representative of the Young Turks, declared today that when Abdul Hamid reached Saloniki he probably would have to stand trial on the charges set forth in the fetwa deposing him.

2,000,000 Eggs Received Daily

New York, April 29.—The hens of the middle west have been working so industriously the last week that eggs are now coming into New York at the rate of 2,000,000 a day. The wholesale price is about 25 cents a dozen.

ANTWERP FEELS BIG DEPRESSION

Employment and Demand for Necessities Show a Heavy Falling Off

(SPECIAL TO THE DAILY SOCIALIST.) Antwerp, April 29.—The general depression in Europe is receiving a splendid illustration in this city in the number of applications for wagon permits for delivery of goods purchased.

These permits must be renewed every quarter. During the first quarter of 1905 the permits from March 21 to March 27 ran up to 2,731. This represented the number of wagons actually in use delivering goods to the citizens.

Coal Demand in Decrease

The demand for coal cars, which handle the coal trade from Liege and Namur and the Charleroi districts, has fallen off from more than two thousand to less than fifteen hundred. The three months of the year ending on March 31 showed that the number of ships departing from this port showed a falling off of from eighty-four ships of commerce to thirty-five.

It is this falling off which has left the port full of seamen who are unable to find work anywhere. The tonnage leaving the port in 1905 for this period was 235,341, and the tonnage for this year is only 81,581 tons.

Answers Cry of Prosperity

The prosperity which the capitalist press of this city has been prophesying is answered by the wagons and the ships, fewer wagons delivering goods in the city and fewer ships leaving the port to carry commerce; fewer cars to carry coal from the coal mines because no one can purchase the coal; fewer buildings going up than at any previous time in the city of Antwerp for this season for the past decade, and fewer demands for labor—that is the new prosperity from which Belgium is suffering.

The other ports lower down the river also report much the same condition. At Rotterdam the same conditions obtain as here and at Amsterdam things are even worse than in this port, owing to the failure of the East Indian trade to come up to expectations.

'FRISCO WANTS NAVAL PAGEANT

San Francisco, Cal., April 29.—To induce European nations to send a warship each to San Francisco for the October celebration of the discovery of the Bay of San Francisco by Don Gaspar de Portola, C. C. Moore, ex-president of the chamber of commerce, will leave this week for Europe. Invitations will be extended to Great Britain, Germany, France, Italy, Spain, Japan, and the South American republics. A sham naval attack on San Francisco by the combined foreign warships is projected.

WILL RAISE CASH TO BUILD A 'SUMMER WHITE HOUSE'

New York, April 29.—The plan of a number of New Jersey coast cities to present the nation with a summer capital for the president has obtained fresh impetus in the offer of J. B. Greenhut, Long Branch and other cities had started a fund for the purchase of "Shadow Lawn," the \$1,000,000 mansion built by the late John A. McCall, when he was president of the New York Life Insurance company, at West End, for the purpose of deeding the property to the government to be used as a summer white house.

Before the fund was completed, President Taft selected the place at Beverly, Mass., and a few days ago Mr. Greenhut purchased the McCall property, it is understood, for \$300,000, not knowing the plans of the coast cities. When he learned of these plans yesterday Mr. Greenhut offered to sell the property to the association of cities for \$50,000 less than he paid for it, thus making his donation to the project \$350,000.

FORCES WOMAN TO ATTEND A CHINESE EXECUTION

New York, April 29.—Mrs. N. W. Stowell of San Francisco, who arrived yesterday on the steamer Prinz Friedrich Wilhelm of the North German Lloyd, told how she had been compelled to be present at Canton, China, when a man's head was cut off.

"Mr. Stowell and I were taken to the execution grounds in Canton, among other sights," said Mrs. Stowell, "and when we were within the inclosure the gates were suddenly closed. To our horror they led out a poor wretch, and our guide told us they were going to cut his head off. We wanted to get out, but they would not open the gates until the execution was over. Of course, I turned my head away and suffered intense emotions, but there were no unusual sounds or outcry. Afterward we were told that they had given the victim opium. When the gates were opened we hurried away as quickly as we could."

School Is to Teach Thrift

Oakland, Cal., April 29.—The school board of this city is planning a school banking system to teach pupils the principles of thrift. The money is to be placed in a general fund until each pupil has at least \$1, after which an individual account may be opened.

LARSON SHOES for Calloused Feet

Persons suffering with painful callouses who wish to banish them for all time, order me at once. Callouses are dangerous and should be given attention. So-called "free" powders and the use of the knife, saw, or bread-crust and special shoes worn.

Charles M. Daniels to Marry

New York, April 29.—The engagement of Charles M. Daniels, the champion swimmer, to marry Mrs. G. O. Wagner, daughter of the late F. H. Good-year of Buffalo, has been announced here. Mrs. Wagner, who lives at the Hotel Plaza, inherited a fortune at the death of her father, who was president of the Buffalo & Susquehanna Railroad company.

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MARTIN LARSON Expert Shoe Specialist

47 West Ave., Near Randolph St.

BOOTH BROKE, WIFE, ANGRY AT HIS POVERTY, QUITS HIM

Baltimore, Md., April 29.—General Alfred E. Booth, brother of W. Vernon Booth, his money gone, bereft of means for lavish entertainments, and himself well past middle life, today has been deserted by his young and beautiful wife, who was Miss Rida Shryock of Baltimore. Mrs. Booth is in Philadelphia and declares she will not return to Baltimore. She is making her home with an aunt. General Booth, who was a director of A. Booth & Co., and manager of the Baltimore branch of the now defunct fish trust, declares he is ready to welcome his wife back.

When the Booth company went to the wall, General Booth had to sell his home, his horses and automobiles and dispense with other luxuries. He did secure, however, the best apartments at the Stafford hotel, but this did not suit Mrs. Booth. Her pride had been hurt, she could not stand the finger of scorn being pointed at her, and she frankly told her husband that she intended to leave him and take an extended trip.

SEEKS THE LIFE OF FALLIERES

Monte Carlo, April 29.—A man named Verdier, who was arrested today by the French police, declared that he was an anarchist and that he had come to Monte Carlo to kill President Fallieres of France, who is visiting this place.

A revolver loaded with jacketed bullets was found on Verdier, as well as a letter addressed to the prefect of the department of the Alpes Maritimes, in which the man explained the motive for his contemplated act. Verdier comes from Haute Garche. The police believe that he is insane.

French Police Arrest Man Who Says He Intended to Kill President

President Fallieres arrived Tuesday in an automobile from Nice. He and the members of his party were entertained at luncheon by the prince of Monaco.

Causes Excitement in Paris

Paris, April 29.—Telegrams from Monte Carlo announcing a fresh attempt to assassinate President Fallieres caused excitement in the capital today. The messages were posted on newspaper bulletin boards and published in extra editions of the papers as fast as they arrived. Eager throngs collected and sought details of the attempted crime.

Although M. Fallieres has many political enemies and has been attacked by anarchists, the general opinion is that the latest effort to assassinate him was the act of a fanatic. Nevertheless the secret police began a new crusade against anarchists the moment the news of the Monte Carlo attempt was received.

This the Second Attack

President Fallieres barely escaped death at the hands of an assassin December 25, 1903. He was attacked in a street of this city by a demented waiter, but only slightly hurt. A royalist plot was suggested as being behind the attack. Investigation, however, failed to disclose any such conspiracy.

ROOSEVELT OFF FOR LION HUNT

Nairobi, British East Africa, April 29.—The members of the Roosevelt party will start tomorrow from the ranch of Sir Alfred Pease on their first hunting expedition after lions. The remainder of the Roosevelt camp was moved this morning from Kapiti Plains to the Pease ranch.

FIRST WOMAN RECEIVER IS TO HANDLE SHOE FIRM

New York, April 29.—Miss Amy Wrenn, 349 Henry street, Brooklyn, has just been made receiver for a shoe business—the first woman receiver in the history of the United States. Miss Wrenn has a lawyer's license to practice in New York state. The company of which Miss Wrenn is receiver is the firm of Koslow & Co., shoe dealers, 1721 Pitkin avenue, Brooklyn. United States Circuit Judge Chatfield appointed her and her fee will amount to at least \$2,000.

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Persons suffering with painful callouses who wish to banish them for all time, order me at once. Callouses are dangerous and should be given attention. So-called "free" powders and the use of the knife, saw, or bread-crust and special shoes worn.

Charles M. Daniels to Marry

New York, April 29.—The engagement of Charles M. Daniels, the champion swimmer, to marry Mrs. G. O. Wagner, daughter of the late F. H. Good-year of Buffalo, has been announced here. Mrs. Wagner, who lives at the Hotel Plaza, inherited a fortune at the death of her father, who was president of the Buffalo & Susquehanna Railroad company.

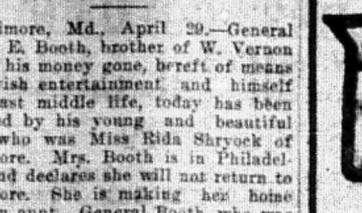
3,200,000 Eggs Received Daily

New York, April 29.—The hens of the middle west have been working so industriously the last week that eggs are now coming into New York at the rate of 3,200,000 a day. The wholesale price is about 25 cents a dozen.

MARTIN LARSON Expert Shoe Specialist

47 West Ave., Near Randolph St.

Named shoes are frequently made in Non-Union factories.



DO NOT BUY ANY SHOE no matter what its name, unless it bears a plain and readable impression of this Union Stamp.

All Shoes without the Union Stamp are always Nonunion. Do not accept any excuse for absence of the Union Stamp.

BOOT AND SHOE WORKERS' UNION,

246 SUMMER STREET, BOSTON, MASS.

John F. Tobin, Pres. Chas. L. Balno, Sec.-Treas.

THE NEW ETHICS

J. HOWARD MOORE'S LATEST BOOK In this work the author of the "Universal Kinship" and "Better World Philosophy" has surpassed himself. You will not only enjoy reading it yourself many times but will "pass it on" to others.

Revised Edition—Just Issued—\$1.00 Postpaid SAMUEL A. BLOCH, The Bookman 651M Oakley Avenue Chicago, Ill.

INTERNATIONALISM AND PEACE.

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There will be two leading features of this edition—Internationalism and Anti-Militarism.

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ANTI-MILITARY FEATURE

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GREAT EDUCATIONAL OPPORTUNITY

At least a million copies should be distributed. It will be at least six pages and perhaps eight in size, and more time and money will be expended upon its production than upon any single issue of a Socialist paper ever produced in the English language.

Every Local and Branch of the Socialist Party will want at least a thousand. Every active Socialist can use a hundred or more in his neighborhood. Start a subscription list today to raise money with which to buy enough to cover your locality.

Seven dollars a thousand. Seventy-five cents a hundred.

Three beautifully bound American editions of English Socialist books

Now to be had at prices within reach of proletarian pocketbooks.

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18. Philosophy of Nationalism, Wanda G. Simons.
19. The Real Religion of Today, Brown.
20. Why Live a Socialist, Heres.
21. The Trust Question, Vall.
22. Science and Socialism, La Monte.
23. The Age of the Race, Brown.
24. What the Socialists Would Do if They Were in This Country, F. C. Simons.
25. The Fully Bred "Good," Kerr.
26. Incomprehension and Fear, Twiss.
27. The Relation of Religion to Social Status, Brown.
28. Socialism and the Home, Mrs. W. J. Simons.
29. Truth and Impartiality, Widdie.
30. A Sketch of Social Evolution, Mackay.
31. Socialism vs. Anarchy, A. M. Simons.
32. Industrial Democracy, J. W. Kelly.
33. The Socialist Party of America, Platform, etc.
34. The Ethics of Socialism, Widdie.
35. The Philosophy of Socialism, Simons.
36. An Appeal to the Young, Kropotkin.
37. The Kingdom of God and Socialism, Webster.
38. Easy Lessons in Socialism, Ledwith.
39. Socialism and the Organized Labor Movement, Mrs. J. W. Kelly.
40. Socialism and Education, Hayes.
41. Socialist Catechism, Charles E. Cline.
42. Civic Ethics, Dr. C. H. Reed.
43. Our European Literature, Upper Social.
44. The Sixth Jack London.
45. Confessions of a Dime, Parsons.
46. Women and Socialism, Mrs. W. J. Kelly.
47. The Economic Foundation of Art, Simons.
48. United Work Versus Unions, Paul, Morris.
49. A Socialist View of Mr. Kropotkin's "Scrup."
50. More on Churches, translated by La Monte.
51. From Revolution to Revolution, Heres.
52. Where We Stand, John Swenson.
53. History and Economics, Michale.
54. Industry and Democracy, Danca.
55. Socialism and Rivers, Bryan.
56. Economic Evolution, Paul Ledwith.
57. What Socialism Think, Kerr.
58. How, Why and Where, Pease, Clark.
59. Why a Workingman Should be a Socialist, Whitte.
60. Forces That Make for Socialism in America, Sprague.

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SOCIALIST BUTTONS, PINS & CHARMS

We have the best and most complete line of gold Pins and Charms, gold plated and celluloid Socialist Buttons. Each button bears the Union Label. They have the patent screw back, enamelled in colors, finely finished throughout.

We also have the finest emblem Watch Charm that has yet been produced.

Gold Plate ..... 85c Fine Solid Gold Watch Charm ..... \$2.00

Enamel Gold ..... 50c Celluloid Buttons, 2 for ..... 25c

Solid Gold ..... \$1.25 100 Celluloid ..... \$1.50

Gold Plate Pin (for ladies) 50c 100 Celluloid ..... \$1.50

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19. The Real Religion of Today, Brown.
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22. Science and Socialism,



WHITE SOX WIN; CUBS RAINED IN

"Doc" White Is Too Much for the Browns; Cubs to Play Double Header

"Doctor" G. Harris White's pitching and a winning spirit won for the White Sox by a score of 1 to 0 over the St. Louis Browns...

Waddell Fans First Three George Edward, alias "Rube" Waddell twirled for the Browns. And he did some brilliant twirling, too...

Sox Begin to Swat That was the way Rube worked in the first round. The second, third, fourth, fifth and sixth went by at about the same gait...

While the White Sox were having trouble with the ignition spark in the battery the Browns were not doing a lot of execution to Dr. White's curves...

Foils Stone's Little Effort White, aided by the peppery work of the rest of the Thirty-ninth street team, kept the Browns so well in check throughout the game...

The manner in which the Sox put the finishing touches on the combat was in line with the whole doings. The play had been fast in the previous eight and a half innings...

Cubs to Play Twice The delay of yesterday's game at Cincinnati brings about a double header for today. It was decided to play the extra game early in the season...

Ferguson Battles Langford Ten-Round Heavyweight Bout Shows That White Man Is Best Fighter Boston, Mass., April 29.—"Sandy" Ferguson pulled himself up a notch in the heavyweight class when he managed to battle ten rounds to a draw with Sam Langford...

Neck Broken, She Carries Her Head in a Harness San Francisco, Cal., April 29.—When the widow of Brig. Gen. H. L. Haskell visited the Presidio burial grounds to bear the last taps sounded over the grave of her husband...

Gotch Throws Doctor Roller Seattle Physician Proves to Be Easy Work for Champion Wrestler Kansas City, Mo., April 29.—Doctor Benjamin F. Roller, the Seattle physician who has been cutting quite a swath in wrestling and fighting affairs...

Twelfth Ward Is Now in Line Begins Its Work on Plan to Boost Daily Socialist and the Party One more ward is in line with the organization plan proposed by A. M. Simons of the Chicago Daily Socialist...

THE HUSTLERS' COLUMN BY A. W. MANCE

IT SPELLS VICTORY

We want to sell a Refunding and Improvement bond AT ONCE to every reader of the Daily who can possibly afford to invest \$10 to \$100. THIS IS NECESSARY to meet pressing obligations contracted in the past...

THE ALL IMPORTANT THING We know that there are thousands of you for whom this "Republican prosperity" has made it impossible to pay even \$10 for a bond...

WILL BE AN EYE OPENER If you could take a look at the advance sheets of the special May Day Peace Edition you would hasten to get your order in for a bundle at once...

DIVORCE COURT GETS TWISTER New York, April 29.—When some months ago Mrs. Forest Oviatt Emmons, a former chorus girl, accompanied her husband of a few weeks to a Broadway theater and introduced him in the wings to her "very best friend"...

Where To Go The Men's club, 341 Halsted street, Friday, 8 p. m. "The Work of the Coming International Peace Congress," by Miss Jane Adams of Hull house...

CONSUMERS TOO MUCH "KONIAK" Paralysis is accused of habitual drunkenness by his wife. He is said to consume the evil spirit in unlimited quantities. How he ever managed to get home with his name and the "konjak" at the same time, deponent saith not...

ARMY AND NAVY PLAN TO HOLD AN ATHLETIC TOURNEY Seattle, April 28.—John J. Bradley, United States army, has submitted to the Alaska-Yukon-Pacific management the program of the five days' athletic tournament of the army and navy to be held on the fair grounds beginning June 1...

EX-CONGRESSMAN LENTZ IS BANKRUPT FOR \$87,082 Columbus, Ohio, April 29.—Former Congressman John J. Lentz has filed a petition in bankruptcy in the United States court, scheduling liabilities of \$87,082.41, of which \$13,200 is secured, and assets of \$20,645. Most of the liabilities resulted from transactions growing out of business dealings with former Governor George K. Nash...

ANNOUNCEMENTS THE Political Refugee Defense League meets every Thursday night at 8 o'clock in Woodworth hall, room 11, 321 Washington st.

CURB PUT ON SCHOOL THIEVES

Vicious Commercial Club Measure Is Changed in Important Provisions

Springfield, Ill., April 29.—The vicious school bill presented by the Commercial club of Chicago, legalizing the Tribune school lease deal and making it necessary to secure a two-thirds vote of the board of education to override the will of the superintendent of schools, was bitterly fought here last night...

Amendments Are Proposed The forces of "steal and steel" were beaten in the following points, at which amendments to the bill were forced: 1. Members of the board of education are to receive \$2,000 a year. This is to make it possible for representatives of labor to serve without salary...

Lease Still Stands The lease steal provision still stands, however. Theodore Robinson completely unmasked the position taken by himself and his confederates relative to the plan by which Chicago's schools should be run...

Is Your Name Here? The following persons holding notes against the "Workers' Publishing Society" are requested to send their present postoffice address to the Chicago Daily Socialist at once, as the management is unable to reach them with information they should have:

UNION MEETINGS Woodworkers' local No. 11 will meet Thursday, April 25, at 23 Milwaukee avenue. Woodworkers' Local No. 67 will meet Friday, April 26, at 622 South Halsted street.

Subscription and Advertising RATES OF THE Chicago Daily Socialist Advertising Rates. Ten cents per square line for display. Discount for time and space. Classified, 5 cents per line.

Chicago Daily Socialist This book is new in the sixth edition—15,000 copies sold. No other book in such constant daily use by Socialist editors and speakers.

Chicago Daily Socialist 180 E. Washington Street

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Socialism in Theory and Practice

Socialists at Work

Outside the ten million voting Socialists in the world, the number of laymen who know the theory of Socialism is growing every day. But the necessity for criticizing, refuting, indorsing or damning Socialism grows every day also, and the intellectual ignominy of not knowing the theory of Socialism deepens as that theory becomes more popular...

Socialism, a Summary and Interpretation The book is an outgrowth of a suggestion made to the author by Lieke Knecht, the famous German Socialist leader, several years before the latter's death. Its aim is to give in popular language a clear statement of the principles of modern "Scientific" Socialism.

The American Farmer By A. M. Simons, Editor of The Chicago Daily Socialist. PRICE 50 CENTS. The economic position of the farmer is a subject which has long been neglected in our literature.

Encyclopedia of Social Reform Compiled by W. D. P. BLISS. If you cannot afford but one book in your library this is the book. In fact, it is a whole Socialist library.

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Patterson on Investments

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DAILY SOCIALIST MAGAZINE PAGE

Still Waters

That Viola Brett is no ordinary girl! something will happen one of these days, mark my words. I never trust these quiet, superior misses! Still waters run deep, I say.

out on to the busy street. Then, his performance came to an untimely end, as he saw Viola Brett pass in the throng.

"No, I cannot," she stammered. "You had better tell the truth," began Dover, when Viola interrupted him.

Suddenly there was a slight movement in the outer office, and he sprang up, and stood in the shadow of a recess, just as the lock clicked, and someone stole into the room.

"Indeed, indeed, I have had nothing to do with it. Please believe me!" cried, clasping her hands.

For a moment he could not speak. The knowledge that his prime favorite, on whom he would have staked his honor, had fallen so low as to pilfer from the firm, was a crushing blow.

"I'm sorry to have to trouble you with something exceedingly unpleasant," snapped Dover, coming to the point in his usual incisive manner.

At that moment Dover snapped on the switch, and as the room was flooded with light, he fell back in horror for shrinking before him in guilty confusion was Viola Brett.

SULTAN'S GUARD AND GENERAL WHO LED INVADING ARMY



Americans, Englishmen and Frenchmen who witnessed the occupation of Constantinople by the Young Turk army in command of General Ischeket Pasha were amazed by the coolness and order of the triumphant troops.

Employment of Women and Children in Germany

By a law dated December 28, 1908, the section of the German industrial code dealing with the conditions of work in factories, mines, etc., has been amended in certain important particulars.

The term factory hitherto in use is replaced by the words "establishment in which, as a rule, at least ten persons are employed."

Interval shall include the time between 10 p. m. and 5 a. m. Although, as before, such exemption may be given for more than 40 days a year, provided the average working day for the year does not exceed the legal maximum.

FOR HOME DRESSMAKERS

Advertisement for home dressmakers featuring illustrations of dress sleeves and a pattern for a dress sleeve.

A FORSAKEN GARDEN

Did he whisper? "Look forth from the flowers in the sea!" For the foam-flowers endure when the rose-blossoms wither.

YOUNG MEN'S SOCIALIST CLUB

Advertisement for the Young Men's Socialist Club, featuring a photograph of the club members and text about their activities.

THE VALUE OF A VOTE

cannot be adequately estimated in dollars and cents. It is the only thing that you can have a proper material price on.

BUSINESS DIRECTORY

Business Directory listing various services such as lawyers, typewriters, furniture stores, and grocers.

South Side.

South Side Business Directory listing services like meat and grocery stores, house furnishings, and dentists.

North Side.

North Side Business Directory listing services like laundry, pure foods, and out-of-town business directory.



THE CHICAGO DAILY SOCIALIST

Entered as second-class matter Dec. 23, 1906, at P. O., Chicago, Ill., under act of March 3, 1879. Issued by the Workers' Publishing Society, 150-152 Washington St., Chicago, Ill. Business Telephone, Main 4693. Editor: Telephone, Main 2208.

PLATFORM OF THE SOCIALIST PARTY, HANNIBAL, MO.

ELECTION TUESDAY, MAY 4, 1909.

Millions of women and children at work in the world's industries, millions of men out of work—these are the worldwide conditions which indicate the capitalist system as a monumental failure for humanity.

Never was the world richer, never was there a more abundant supply of the good things, never was man able to produce so much as he can today. If he acts the chance; yet never was the lot of the working class relatively harder than it is today. Never did life-sustaining wealth spring so easily and abundantly from the efforts of man, and never did the workingman have to exhaust body, prostitute mind and barter soul more completely for a bare living than he must today.

The time has come when workingmen must think or starve. The Socialist party asks the working people of Hannibal for power to right these wrongs. The working people have that power. They are ten to their oppressors' one. Every old politician, slobbering over "the dear laboring man" just before election knows that his only hope of success lies in hoodwinking the working people into voting him into office.

The working people have voted their living expenses up. The working people have voted tax values down. The working people have voted wages down. The working people have voted themselves out of work.

The working people are now asked to do it again. Voting the old party tickets will surely do so. The commercial class will have two tickets in the field, one for those workmen whose fathers were born Democrats, one for those workmen whose fathers were born Republicans. If either wins the workers will lose.

The Socialist party stands for the interests of the working class alone. Every thought and act will be for the interests of those who work and produce the wealth of the world. As the Socialist party expects to better the condition and promote the interests of the working class it asks the working class to vote it into power. Certainly the capitalists will never do so; they will be faithful unto their own. Let the workers do likewise.

Woman Suffrage.—The Socialist party demands equal political rights for woman, and for doing the same work as man she should receive the same pay.

Schools and Education.—A revolution is going on in the aims and methods of education. The tendency toward utility in education has been seized upon by the capitalist class as a means of securing more efficient child labor without the expense of training. It would do this by turning the public schools into kindergartens for the factory. A capitalist paper (the Boston Traveler) says: "Let us block up the doors leading from our high schools to colleges and universities, and open a door that will turn the stream into practical channels."

It demands compulsory attendance of all children under sixteen during the entire school session. It demands free school books and a free midday meal for all children. It demands the absolute prohibition of child labor under sixteen. It demands the payment of decent wages to teachers, principals and superintendents, with no discrimination in salaries because of sex. It demands efficient teachers, adequate school facilities, ample playgrounds and everything that will inculcate the child to complete the high school course with yearnings for a college education.

Saloons and Vices.—Saloons, gambling houses, brothels and kindred institutions of capitalism are permitted and protected in our city because they are profitable. They are not profitable to everybody. In fact, they are profitable only to a few. They are profitable to the great brewers and other individuals who own them. They are profitable to the commercial class which escapes as much taxation as the license, fines and blood money will supply for public purposes. They are profitable to the "practical politician" as a stronghold of old party prejudice, which rolls up majorities for the capitalist parties. They are profitable to the capitalist class because they numb the brain and destroy the hope and undermine the faith of the working class, thus preventing a consciousness of solidarity and prolonging the reign of the capitalist class. They are profitable to no others, and least profitable of all are they to the working people.

Municipal Ownership.—The Socialist party, as rapidly as capitalism laws will permit, will take over the waterworks, street car systems, gas works, telephone system and other public utilities and will operate them for the public benefit.

The Socialist party will establish an ice plant and coal yard that the people may get these necessities at cost. The Socialist party presents to the working people of Hannibal the greatest opportunity they have ever had. Your votes will elect aldermen for four years to come. Vote one of the commercial class tickets into power, and you will have no right to complain of high rents, high prices, low wages and unemployment. You will get what you vote for.

You can do more in five minutes Tuesday, May 4, to better your condition, without loss of time, loss of position or danger of any kind, than you can do by strikes, boycotts and all the profane cursing of the capitalist class you can do for four years to come. You have all to gain by voting the Socialist ticket and you certainly have nothing to lose.

TIME

By George E. Bowen

How carelessly we count it out, in idle ways— This precious thing life only once in earnest plays. We scatter it for this or that unneeded stuff, And at the last complain there was not half enough. If destiny should double our allotted years, With more for honest joy and many less for tears, Then would we strive and strain as now for proud success, Composed of castles, cash, conceit and selfishness? Could we forget the habits of our cultured greed And learn in simpler ways our nation to be led? Eliminate the waste of making millions, aires, And have a holiday alway for weary cares? Would we incorporate these happy leisure hours And issue bonds on this new increment of ours? Or, parcel them by franchise, legal, long and loose, That we might pay a premium on their crippled use? No doubt we should—so long we've sold our heritage For beggar crumbs and what we call a "living wage." For countless cares, and cumbrous junk, and fashions fine, And tyrant laws that teach servility to whine. Yet time remains—to laugh at us, to sadly sigh As we perversely plod our troubled way—and die. Then must there come another race—of prodigies, Who'll live and love and laugh thro' all the time there is.

Educational Contest

For the best 500-word essays on "The Material Interpretation of History" and "The Class Struggle" the Daily Socialist will give a copy of Hilgitt's "Socialism in Theory and Practice" and a subscription card good for one year. To the two next best on each of these subjects a partly subscription card will be sent, and to the three next a copy of "The Communist Manifesto". Each article must include an explanation of the meaning of the theory, be written in ink or with a typewriter, upon one side only of the paper and not exceed 500 words. Any person may write upon one alone or both of the subjects, but if on both there must be two separate articles. The contest closes May 15, 1909.

The Class Struggle The class struggle as understood by scientific Socialists and students of social economy is the struggle between the capitalist, non-producing, exploiting class on the one hand and the laboring, producing, exploited class on the other. The capitalists comprise a small part of the whole people, yet they own the greater part of the wealth of the world, especially the means of production and of distribution. Through the power of ownership, which gives them the right of control, they exploit the productive laborers by extorting rent, interest and surplus values as profits, and in other profit-making ways. The capitalist class is independently aggressive.

Because of this exploitation and extortion the laborers as a class are kept continually poor and dependent. They must produce in order to live, and in order to produce they must make terms with the owners of the means of production, the capitalists. The laborers, for their self-interests, struggle to keep the product of their labor, or as much of it as they can, while the capitalists, for their self-interests, struggle to get and retain as much of the product of labor as possible.

This is done consciously by some and unconsciously by others, of each class. This struggle between the classes (this class struggle) is a product of the capitalist system, and exists as a scientific fact. And for positive proof of it we have only to point to any of the great industrial centers where capital and labor are well organized. There, the struggle on the part of the laborers is marked by the strike and the boycott, and on the part of the capitalists by lockouts, injunctions, persecutions, unjust prosecutions, villas, arrests, imprisonments and legalized murder. The Republican and Democratic parties are each capitalist class parties. They are dominated and run principally by capitalists. They seek to perpetuate the present capitalist system of production with its private ownership and competition. They, therefore, favor the continuation of the class struggle, exploitation, wage slavery, poverty of the workers, and all the other ills of society. For they are all the products of the system. The Socialist party is the laboring class party. It seeks to enlist all class-conscious laborers in the great class struggle on the political field, with the object in view of obtaining and keeping for their own use and benefit the

An "Infant" Industry

One of the most striking facts in the field of biology is the persistence with which life forces itself into every nook of the universe, adapting and adjusting itself to almost every sort of environment. In the caves of the earth, on the tops of the mountains, in the depths of the sea, in the crevices of the rock, in the cells of other living life in great or small, either animal or vegetable, is found. There is something about the principle of profit in the capitalist system that reminds one of this all-pervading life. There is no nook or corner of society so small and insignificant that it will not be searched in the hunt for profits. There is no spot so foul that it will not be inhabited by the profit germ. If there is money to be secured in obtaining recruits for the "white slave" traffic, or in gathering trade for the victims of that traffic, there will be those who will be driven into the work of collecting that profit.

So it was but natural that when the nickels, dimes and quarters begged from the patrons of fashionable hotels, restaurants and theaters became numerous enough to afford a margin above subsistence for the boys who gathered them, there should arise some person who would profit by that surplus.

So we ought to look at the exposure of the system by which the wardrobe attendants are farmed out in this city as simply an interesting fact illustrating the all-pervasiveness of the profit germ.

Yet it will probably surprise the patron of these establishments who has congratulated himself for his generosity in bestowing an extra reward upon some little boy because of his hungry looking appearance and his eager efforts to please, to discover that every penny of the money so given is regularly taken away from the boy each night, and that in case the sum so collected does not reach a specified amount the boy will contribute enough from his meager wages to bring it up to that sum. Otherwise he loses his position.

Even this is probably not the end of this strange, penetrative power of profit-seeking. As soon as the owners of the hotels, restaurants and theaters discover that the man who is exploiting the boys is receiving more than enough to enable him to live they will at once proceed to occupy the vacant space in the profit system by forcing him to share his gains with them.

There are some interesting questions suggested by this situation that might be discussed with interest (or profit) by some of the philosophers who occupy chairs of political economy in "our" best universities. For example, the man who collects these nickels and dimes from the boys is an excellent illustration of the valuable social service performed by captains of industry.

The large reward he receives is undoubtedly a part of the "legitimate earnings of supervising ability." He also is entitled to rank as a philanthropist of the first class because he "gives work" to so many "deserving boys."

Then the skill he has shown in "trustifying" the tip industry places him among those able captains of finance whose great talents have done so much to "organize productive power."

In view of all these facts, we trust that the patrons of these various establishments will be especially generous in their distribution of tips. In due time it may be possible for this industry to be incorporated under a franchise, water the stock, become a "vested interest" and ultimately secure tariff protection as an "infant" industry.

There have been equally great results from as small beginnings.

Salaries for the School Board

The representative of the steel trust on the Chicago school board is fighting the proposition to pay a salary to the members of that body. He says that any salary that might be offered would not secure "broadminded men," while a much "higher class" of officials would be obtained without salaries.

With becoming modesty he points to himself as one of those who would not serve for any salary that the city of Chicago would pay.

There is one thing that some of those who might be fooled by this kind of thing forget. If the city of Chicago does not pay the salaries of its school board SOMEONE ELSE MUST. AT THE PRESENT TIME THE SALARY OF PRESIDENT SCHNEIDER IS PAID BY THE STEEL TRUST. He gets a little pin money from the city, but he receives ten times as much from private interests.

"THE OX KNOWETH HIS MASTER'S CRIB," and Schneider knows where HE GETS HIS MONEY.

Schneider does not want an UNSALARIED school board. He wants one whose salaries shall be paid by the PRIVATE INTERESTS WHO ARE ANXIOUS TO CONTROL THE SCHOOLS.

The Chicago Tribune could well afford to pay the salary of one member out of what that member would "save" for the Tribune on its lease. The Daily News could do the same. The City Fuel company and the Commonwealth Electric company and the book trust could also afford to pay a whole bunch of trustees out of the money they are getting from the schools. IN FACT IT LOOKS VERY MUCH AS IF THEY WERE DOING THIS VERY THING NOW.

Some New Books

The Bomb. By Frank Harris. Mitchell Kennerley. Cloth, 325 pp., \$1.50.

Here we have what purports to be the story of the Chicago anarchist movement culminating in the Haymarket affair, told by the man who threw the bomb. When the names of persons who are yet living are used, and especially when these men are made actors in such an incident, one should be very careful with the truth. The book begins with the very startling statement: "My name is Rudolph Schnaubelt. I threw the bomb which killed eight policemen and wounded sixty in Chicago in 1886."

Now, unless the author has some evidence that Rudolph Schnaubelt actually did throw that bomb, and it is stated on good authority that he denies have done so, then an injustice is done that is not excusable on mere grounds of literary expediency.

The book is an extremely sympathetic account of the anarchists, with Louis Lingg as the hero. Lingg is painted as something almost more than a man, and is made the only person with any strength of mind or character who was concerned in the movement. The outrageous farce of the trial is scored as it deserves, although the novelist has scarcely found any stronger words for fiction than Governor Altgeld used in writing their pardon.

One is constantly tormented with a desire to know how much of the work is intended to be truth and how much is avowedly fiction. There are plenty of silly errors that tend to shake confidence in the writer. He speaks repeatedly of the "East Side" of Chicago, calls Hyndman a Jew, makes the whole struggle in Chicago during 1886 due to antipathy to "foreigners." It is evidently wholly ignorant of the election frauds which "bally drove so many men to desperation, makes Rockefeller the typical capitalist at a time when he was never thought of in that regard, has Parsons go to a police station to surrender himself, and in general shows a hopeless ignorance of the little details, and some of the larger facts that should have been familiar to anyone who sought to write on such a subject.

Yet, withal, the book is strong, illuminating in many ways, and helps to understand some phases of that period of storm and stress.

A Pound of Brains. By George M. Fader. Published by the author at 3226 Indiana avenue, Chicago. Cloth, 418 pp., \$1.65.

This is a sort of scrapbook, made up of observations of almost every sort of subject, intermixed with poetry and anecdotes. It is rather hard to classify a work containing the ten commandments, receipts for keeping away mosquitoes and a sort of running comment on whatever subject happened to occur to the writer. About the only kind of a review one can make of it is the one which Lincoln is said to have made of something on which there was much to be said for and against. "For those who like that sort of a thing I should think it would be about the sort of a thing they would

A KENTUCKY STORY

The following, reprinted from Harper's Weekly, is an example of the story which the professional humorist grinds out from time to time, and which British journals delight to print as truthfully illustrating some new and heretofore undiscovered side of American life and character:

A country correspondent for a Kentucky newspaper once found himself in the mountains of that state looking for items of interest to his journal.

"There ain't a bit of news," said one farmer. "All down this way are too busy wit' their crops to think of anything else."

"Fine crops this year, eh?" asked the correspondent.

"Couldn't be better," asserted the farmer. "I oughter to be in my field right now, an' would be only I come to town to see the coroner."

"The coroner?"

"Yes, he's wanted to hold an inquest on a couple of fellers in our place."

"Accident?"

"I reckon not? Ran Morgan ain't doin' nothin' like that by accident! He got Jim Jeffords an' his brother Tom with two shots! Got to have an inquest, though."

"What led to the fight?"

"There wa'n't no fight. Ran never give the other fellers any chance to make it a fight. Jes' hid behind a tree an' give 'em as they come along."

"Has Ran been arrested?"

"No. What's the use? Some o' the Jeffords people come along, burned Ran's house, shot him an' his wife, an' set fire to the barn. No, Ran ain't stand hear talkin' to you. Got to get back to my harvestin'. But there ain't any news down our way. Ef anything happens I'll let you know."

Two men were having an argument as to their respective strengths.

"Why," said the first, "every morning before breakfast I get a bucket and pull up ninety gallons from the well."

"That's nothing," retorted the other. "I get a boat every morning and pull up the river."

—Universalist Leader.

DO BE CAREFUL OR YOU'LL FALL

NOW SEE WHAT YOU'VE DONE. YOU'VE PUT A BIG HOLE IN THE ICE

IT'S JUST LIKE THE HORRID FAT THING TO SPOIL OUR SKATING

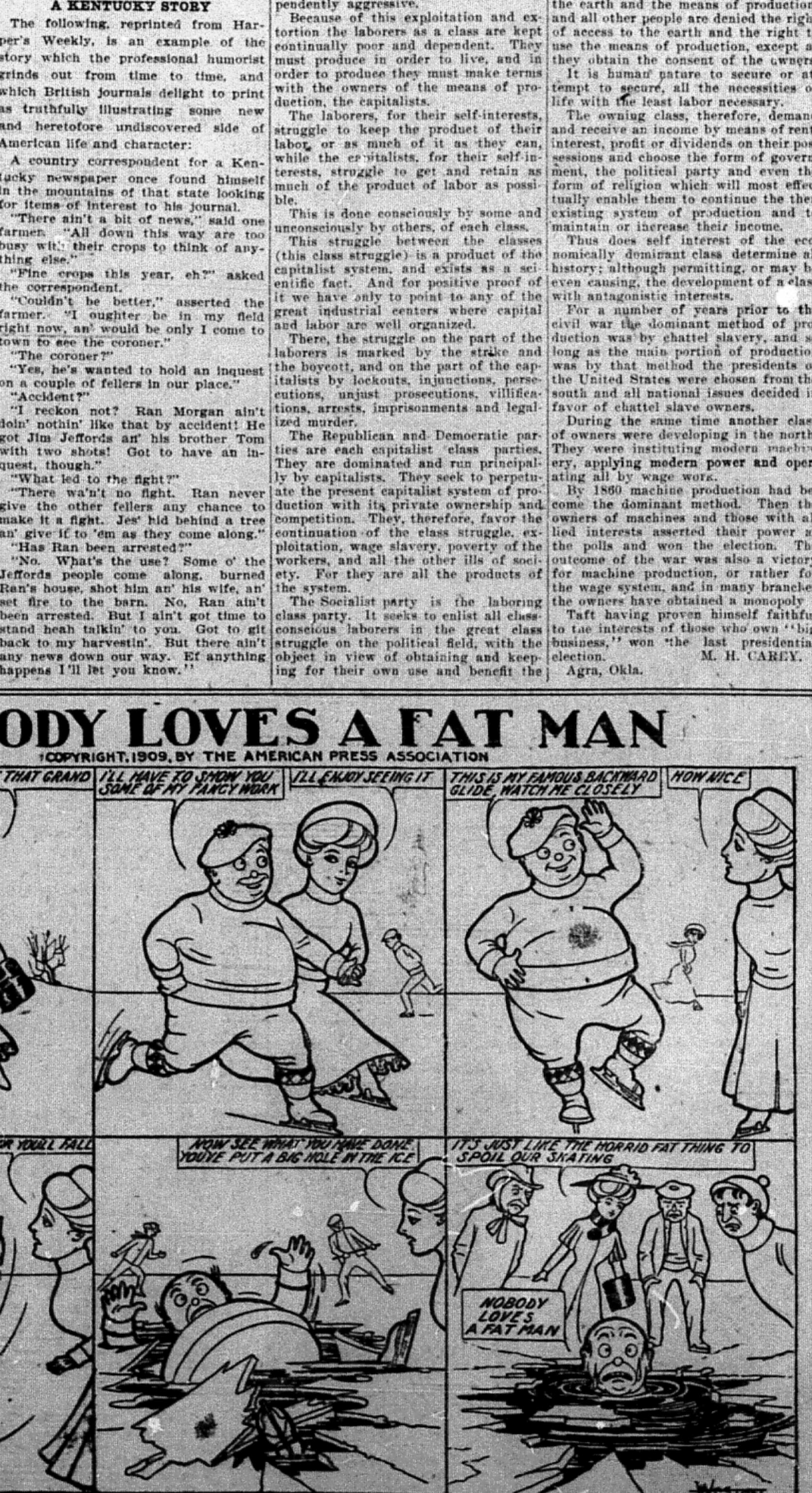
NOBODY LOVES A FAT MAN

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PAYING POLITENESS "Politeness," said Senator Gallinger, in the hope of stilling a rather acrimonious argument in a clubroom, "always pays." His flushed listeners looked up at him in inquiry, and he smiled and repeated, "Politeness always pays. Two little girls I knew were seated before a plate containing two bunches of grapes—one a very large and tempting and perfect bunch, and the other small and hard and green. The two little girls looked at the two bunches for a space of silence. Then the polite child said: "'Is oo greedy?'" "'No,' the other answered; 'I's a bit greedy.'" "'Then,' said the first, 'oo choose.'" —Judge.

CALCIUM COMES INTO GENERAL USE Calcium is not a new metal, but it has hitherto been confined to the laboratory. It now appears ready to go forth, like aluminum, and assume an important place in industry. At the time of the great rise in the price of copper it was proposed to make electric wires of calcium. Its immediate promise, however, is in metallurgy, for calcium is an excellent reducing agent. According to a paper communicated to a British association, calcium is very efficient in refining metals, reducing oxides and sulphides, eliminating dissolved gases and combining with impurities to form less injurious compounds, says the Scientific American. Calcium is a silvery white metal, easily oxidizable in moist air, very malleable and a good conductor of heat. Its hardness is equal to that of aluminum.