

Proletarian Justice

More contemptible than the defense put up by the wretches on trial in a Soviet court for sabotage, wrecking and espionage, is the reaction of the British government to the verdict.

When their attempts to bully the Soviet government as they would a crown colony failed, their threats gave way to howls of rage, clearly indicating the fear that their own complicity in the anti-Soviet wrecking campaign would rip from their faces their hypocritical masks and expose them before the whole world for what they are—wreckers using all forms of political banditry to accomplish their purpose.

Their wild outbursts of rage can be accounted for by the fact that the trial just concluded not merely exposed them as accomplices of the actual criminals, but upset plans laid over a period of years for preparing armed intervention against the Soviet Union.

The exposures of the British Tory government makes it more difficult for the die-hards to suppress the vigilance of the British working class in its struggle against imperialist war conspiracies and in defense of the Soviet Union.

The much-vaunted "superior diplomacy" of the British ruling class suffered a severe setback as the Soviet court shed a revealing light upon their dark practices. The rantings of such papers as the London Times, the Daily Mail and other sheets sounds rapid indeed in view of proof that a prominent agent of the British "intelligence" service directed the wrecking activities and plotted how to cripple industry to facilitate a war of imperialist conquest against the workers' and peasants' government.

So miserable was the defense that even the extreme anti-Soviet papers of other countries view it with undisguised scorn. The New York Evening Post said yesterday:

"There is something shady about the conduct of those British engineers... Neither in Russia nor in England has anyone issued a convincing defense. As for the British government's precipitate action, it once more suggests an uneasy conscience."

A government that, when its own guilt is established by its own conduct, goes to the extent of calling a meeting of the privy council and declaring an embargo on Soviet imports, confesses thereby its own guilt and its own bankruptcy as far as its Soviet policy is concerned.

But then its present conduct is of a piece with all its infamous past. The personnel of the present British government won its first victory in 1924 by putting forth the clumsy forgery of the famous "Zinoviev letter." Under both MacDonald and Baldwin it has pursued a policy in keeping with that infamy. It is a government of forgery and provocation, where hypocrisy is developed into a system.

It is this government that is responsible for the monstrous frame-up of the Meerut prisoners in India. This British ruling class maintains its rule over colonial and semi-colonial masses by the greatest excesses of frightfulness. It murders people in Egypt, India. It systematically bombs defenseless villages from its Aden airport in Arabia (a supposed independent country). It spreads the blight of its decay wherever the British union jack flies. Such a government has the audacity to speak of frame-ups in a Soviet court—a court in which the chief aim of the prosecution, the defense and the judges is to protect the defendants as well as the Soviet state.

While the British government is thus held up to the contempt of the world, the conduct and outcome of the trial was a brilliant achievement for the Soviet Union. The leniency of the sentences shows that the Soviet Union has not the slightest fear of such elements. The tremendous creative energy of the masses and the vigilance of the political administration in defense of the workers' state is the guarantee that the counter-revolutionary wreckers will be frustrated in all such attempts.

While the capitalist press unloads vials of wrath against the G.P.U. (the state political administration) and tries to compare it to their own loathsome spy systems, the class conscious workers of the world will not be deceived thereby. Instead they hail the G.P.U. as the mighty workers' shield against the under-handed intrigues of the enemy class. It is a defensive force that has back of it the million-masses of workers and peasants who are ever vigilant against the class enemies that remain from the ranks of the old rotten bourgeoisie and czarist hangers-on and counter-revolutionary interventionists who strive to weaken the workers' and peasants' state.

The elaborate precautions taken to ascertain the precise degree of guilt of all the defendants, the special efforts of the prosecution to see that those against whom there was doubt of guilt were acquitted, stands in sharp contrast to the practice of capitalist courts and applies with special force occurring simultaneously with the latest stage of the infamous frame-ups in Alabama courts against the innocent Negro boys first sentenced to death at Scottsboro.

However, it would be wrong to imagine that because of this exposure of another attempt at counter-revolutionary preparation for war and intervention, the danger is lessened. The exposures brought out at the trial show that the imperialist powers will go to any lengths to try to get out of the worst crisis they have ever faced by war and intervention to try to bring back into the capitalist world the territory under the revolutionary banners of the Soviet Union.

More than ever the workers of the capitalist world and the colonial and semi-colonial masses must rally to the struggle against imperialist war and in defense of the Soviet Union.

Out of the Depths of an Aroused People

As the lynchers in the conviction of Haywood Patterson once more affirm their determination to execute the Scottsboro boys, the tolling masses prepare to answer this brutal challenge.

Out of the depths of the people, Negro and white, comes the spontaneous resolution to march upon the very center of American capitalist rule, Washington, with the mass demand that the Scottsboro boys shall not die.

The aroused millions will send their representatives, to lay down before the capitalist government their defiance of the lynchers. The Negro people, in firmly welded solidarity with the white workers, send back their answer to the Scottsboro verdict, which is an expression of their national oppression. They demand the return of their nine Scottsboro boys from the hands of the Southern lynch butchers. They demand their liberation as a people.

They demand that the Thirteenth, Fourteenth and Fifteenth amendments be enforced by the government. They demand that all Jim Crowism be punished by the government. They demand that the Army and Navy be used, not to protect lynch mobs, but to enforce the provisions of the Civil War amendments, for which thousands of Negro and white workers gave their lives.

The Negro and white masses will march upon Washington. But already agents of the ruling class are trying to penetrate the ranks of the marchers. Tammany Hall, which gets fat upon the hideous Jim Crow Ghettoes of Harlem, suddenly weeps crocodile tears over the Scottsboro boys. Tammany sends its toils, black and white, among the people to distort the purpose of the historic march, to turn it into a supplicating and meek "delegation" which will whine before Roosevelt for mercy.

For decades, the Negro misleaders have been crawling before the Presidents as they have fled in and out of office. Contemptuously they have been listened to, while the lynchers continued to murder, and the plantation masters continued to sweat their Negro slaves.

The present march upon Washington is not some boot-licking delegation. It is the aroused power and anger of the people who are preparing to destroy the lynch system of National oppression.

ROLE OF THE TRADE UNIONS IN THE WORKERS' ADVISORY COMMITTEE

How can the trade unions maintain a closer contact with the Daily Worker reporting their day-to-day activities and their strike struggles? How can the Daily react in its columns with greater speed and clarity to the developments in the trade union movement? The Workers' Advisory Committee to work with the Editorial Department which the Daily Worker proposes to organize next Saturday will consider these and many other questions which concern the unions in strengthening the ties and building closer relations with the Daily Worker. Every worker who has been in a strike struggle knows that the Daily Worker is always there to counteract the propaganda of the capitalist press, to lead and guide the workers in the struggle to arouse the militancy of the workers against the bosses and to support their demands. If it has not functioned well in this respect in the past, it must improve. This is possible only through the active participation in editorial problems of those whose interests and needs the "Daily" represents.

It is therefore of the utmost importance that the trade unions respond to the call for the conference when the Workers Advisory Committee will be established at 35 East 12th St. on Saturday, April 22 at 2 p.m. Trade unions should send their representatives. Active trade unionists are urged to come. All workers' organizations should have their delegates present.

ROUTE SET FOR SCOTTSBORO MARCH ON 28th

Daily Worker

Central Organ of the Communist Party U.S.A.

(Section of the Communist International)

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CITY EDITION

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U.S. Off Gold Basis As Commodity Prices Rise; Dollar Drops

Roosevelt Stops Gold Export, Placing U. S. Definitely Off Gold Standard

WASHINGTON, D. C., April 19.—Secretary of the Treasury Woodin, has announced that he will hold a conference tomorrow with governors of the Federal Reserve Banks with the express purpose of quickly forcing into circulation the new Federal Reserve Bank notes provided for by the Emergency Bank Bill.

Following the announcement of the conference with the Federal Reserve Governors, Woodin also announced that the administration is preparing to "release as soon as possible" frozen bank deposits which are now administered by the Federal Reserve Bank. How the Administration's plans to release bank deposits that are tied up with the proposals to issue new currency, will soon be known.

Woodin has stated that the administration will attempt to force the banks to be more liberal in the extension of credit. This is inflation by way of credit expansion, since it involves the pumping of credit into enterprises whose financial position really does not warrant conservative loans. This will undoubtedly cause a rise in prices.

Commodities Rise In response to these inflationary developments, commodity prices continue to rise. The rise affects all commodities, sugar, wheat, cotton, rubber, and oil. The Moody index of commodity prices is now the highest in the season, and is higher than the same period last year.

The weakness of the American dollar on the international money exchange became more intensified today. Following the first break in the dollar on Saturday, the Treasury issued licenses for the shipment of gold, about \$600,000 being shipped on Monday and \$3,990,400 yesterday. But these shipments have been of no avail in stopping the fall in the dollar.

Record Dollar Decline Foreign currencies rose to record highs at the expense of the dollar. The dollar closed at 24.60 francs, a new low since 1925. The pound sterling rose to a new high for the year, \$3.83. The French, Dutch, and Belgian currencies were so high in relation to the dollar, that if permission were granted by the Treasury, huge amounts of gold would be going out of the country.

Roosevelt Stops Shipments Roosevelt has issued a statement putting an end to all gold shipments. This, therefore, confirms the fact that the United States is definitely off the gold standard, both internally and externally.

To Issue Paper Currency Secretary Woodin has said that the rise in wheat prices is not due to inflationary tendencies, but to decreased wheat supplies. The fact is that world visible supplies of wheat are the greatest on record, the International Institute of Agriculture predicting that supplies of wheat "will experience a further and very appreciable increase" in the present season.

The trading in commodities grows more heavy as prices continue to rise. No better indication could be found that we have definitely entered a period of inflationary price rises. The cost of living for the masses will go higher as the inflation proceeds.

The embargo on gold, meaning as it does, the abandonment of the gold standard, will result in further weakness of the dollar. This will result in a rise in commodity prices. It will also enable American imperial-

McGRADY GETS DEPORTATION JOB

Farley, Tammany Postmaster, Appoints A. F. of L. Misleader

WASHINGTON, April 19.—Edward F. McGrady, legislative agent for the American Federation of Labor, was announced by Postmaster General Farley on April 17 as chosen by the Administration for Assistant Secretary of Labor. He will replace Robert Carl White or W. W. Husband, or both.

McGrady's appointment is the reward given him by the capitalist government for his fidelity in disorganizing rank and file resistance within the A. F. of L. to the bosses' wage-cut program. He is also known for his activity as an adherent of the Matthew Wolf tariff-lobby group. McGrady is now given the chance to continue his dirty work on a wider scale. His special job will include the deportation of militant foreign-born workers who dare to resist further wage-cuts.

ism to make a better fight for foreign markets. The coming Economic Conference will devote much of its time to proposals to fix the ratios of foreign currencies in relation to the dollar. America will use its position as a creditor nation in an attempt to enforce some currency agreement with France and Britain which will permit American manufacturers to undersell European business. At the same time, the imperialist powers struggle to hold on to their gold hoards for use as a credit base in the event of war.

The whole series of inflationary trends which we have been witnessing since Roosevelt took office are attempts to lower the cost of production, to raise capitalist profits, by reducing the purchasing power of the dollar. The administration's plans to raise prices are an attack against the people.

POSTAL WORKERS GET PAY SLASH

10,000 Rural Mail Carriers Lose Jobs

WASHINGTON, April 19.—How he plans to cut \$72,000,000 from the post office budget—which means nearly that much taken from the incomes of postal workers—was explained in a radio broadcast April 17 by Postmaster General Farley.

He said \$30,000,000 would be accounted for in the reduction in rates of pay. Miscellaneous savings would reach \$20,000,000. Ten thousand rural carriers' jobs are to be abolished—this process being gradual, unless the policy is changed. Then, in the railway mail and city and town delivery systems, the number of clerks and carriers is to be reduced and the remaining jobs are to be worked on a share-the-work basis. He suggested that it might be possible to abandon the delivery service in small towns, and curtail it in cities. In any case, he declared, the budget must be slashed. The post office, he said, has lost one-third of its business during the depression.

Moscow Trial Is Sign to Workers To Be On Guard

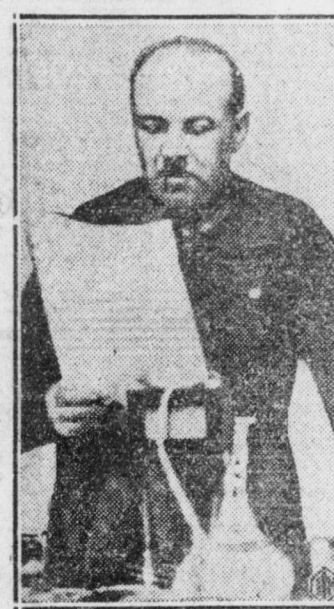
Contrast Between Soviet Justice and the Corrupt Courts of Capitalism

(From Our Moscow Correspondent) MOSCOW, April 19.—At 12:50 in the early morning Presiding Judge Ulrich began reading the verdict in the case of the six British and eleven Soviet engineers charged with wrecking, espionage and counter-revolutionary plotting to undermine the defensive strength of the Soviet Union and crippling its industry. With the exception of Gregory, found not guilty on the score of insufficient evidence, a verdict of guilty was returned by the Supreme Court of the U. S. S. R. against all the accused; and the following sentences pronounced: Thornton, three years imprisonment; MacDonald, two years; Nordwall, Monkhouse, and Cushman, expulsion from the U.S.S.R. within three days; Gusev, ten years' imprisonment; Sokolov, eight years; Labanov, ten years; Sokoruchkin, ten years; Kolyzarevsky and Zorin, eight years; Krashinsky, five years; Oleinik, three years; Lebedev, two years; Kutuzova, one and a half years; Zivert, guilty, but set free owing to extenuating circumstances.

After the reading of the verdict, Thornton was arrested by order of the Presiding Judge. The reading of the verdict, according to the Soviet law, was written out by the judge in his own hand, was a tense moment, and brought to a close this dramatic trial which reverberated throughout the entire world. The courtroom was filled on hour for the judges entered. The diplomatic section was fully occupied. About fifty correspondents hung on the words of the Presiding Judge as he read the sentence of the Workers' and Peasants' Republic against its wrecking, plotting and spying enemies, both domestic and foreign. Though the relatively mild sentences had been forecast in the speech of the Prosecutor, since the damage inflicted by the wreckers and spies had been slight owing to the strength of the Soviet Union and the vigilance of the proletariat, disappointment

was plainly written on the faces of the audience, that such vicious enemies of the Soviet fatherland could get off so lightly. Fair Trial The trial was remarkable, not only as a revelation of the plotting, wrecking and espionage activities of the British agents, but also as a demonstration of the fairness, thoroughness and non-vigilance of Soviet justice. The campaign of vilification carried on by British diplomats and the diabolical press concerning "third degree methods" has been shown up by this trial. The British defendants were forced to admit in court that no methods of coercion of any kind, had been used against them for the purpose of obtaining their testimony. The records of this trial now lie open before the world, and the tolling masses of all countries can see each. Krasnov, the British agent, who was plotting the aggressiveness of Soviet justice, protecting "innocent" spies and saboteurs. While legally a sentence has been passed only upon the defendants in the case, morally, it is a verdict of guilty against the British and all the other imperialists who are plotting the aggressiveness of Soviet Union. In the person of Thornton, all the sinister forces of capitalism were found guilty of planning the destruction of the rule of the workers and peasants. In the persons of Gusev, Sokolov and the rest, the remnants of the old exploiting classes, the remnants of the degenerate fringe of the technical intelligentsia, have been doomed. In this trial it was once more shown that the Soviet Union has made tremendous strides towards the building up of Socialism, and is unafraid of its enemies. At the same time, the wreckers' trial is a warning for the exercise of even stricter vigilance against the foes of the tolling masses of the U. S. S. R., against the plotters of counter-revolution and foreign intervention.

Soviet Judge



Judge Ulrich, one of the three Soviet judges who passed sentence at the trial of the British and Russian wreckers.

O'Brien Vanishes from the Scottsboro 'Sympathy' Meeting

NEW YORK.—Mayor O'Brien evaded a meeting with representatives of the National Scottsboro Action Committee yesterday afternoon. The committee, composed of William L. Patterson of the I.L.D. A. J. Muste of the C.P.L.A., and J. B. Matthews of the Fellowship of Reconciliation, had made an appointment to see the mayor at 2:30 p.m., to ask him to give concrete form to the expression of "sympathy" with the Scottsboro Defense League which he made in Arcadia Hall, Brooklyn, Sunday night.

Slogans of March

- The following slogans will be raised by the Free the Scottsboro Boys March: 1. Demand the immediate, unconditional and safe release of the Scottsboro boys! 2. Demand the safeguarding of the Scottsboro boys, and of defense attorneys and witnesses! 3. Demand service of Negroes and white workers on the jury! 4. Demand a new trial for Haywood Patterson! 5. Demand enforcement of the rights guaranteed the Negro people in the 13th, 14th and 15th amendments to the constitution. 6. Raise funds for the defense of the Scottsboro boys! 7. For the solidarity of the Negro 8. On to Washington, April 28!

National Scottsboro March Recruiting on for Capital Trek Action Committee Reports

Scottsboro Parade in Harlem Saturday, State Communist Position at St. Luke's Tonight

FINAL MARCH CONFERENCE SUNDAY

Struggle Started Against the Existing Jim-Crow Scottsboro Conditions in Harlem

NEW YORK.—Concrete directions for carrying out the Free the Scottsboro Boys March to Washington were issued last night by the National Scottsboro Committee of Action from its headquarters at 119 W. 135th St.

Among the members of the National Committee of Action are: William L. Patterson, national secretary of the International Labor Defense; A. J. Muste, of the Conference for Progressive Labor Action; Roger Baldwin, of the American Civil Liberties Union; Rev. A. Clayton Powell, of the Abyssinian Baptist Church; Samuel Patterson, of the Caribbean Union; Hamilton Lodge, of the Odd Fellows; Harry Heywood, of the Communist Party; Mrs. E. J. West, of the N.A.A.C.P. local; Bishop Collins of the Episcopal Synod; James W. Ford, of the Trade Union Unity League; J. Dalmus Steele, of the Elks; Heywood Brown, of the Socialist Party; W. C. Handy, famous Negro composer; J. B. Matthews, of the Fellowship of Reconciliation.

This mass march has as its objective to place before the government authorities in Washington the demand for the immediate, unconditional and safe release of the nine Scottsboro boys, and to put forward for adoption by Congress of an act for the enforcement of the constitutional guarantees for the Negro people as set forth in the 13th, 14th and 15th Amendments to the Constitution; the program of the march announces.

"Mass marches shall be organized from the following cities: New York, Newark, Jersey City, Trenton, Philadelphia, Baltimore, Norfolk and Richmond. From other cities that and white workers! The march is to be a peaceful but vigorous and militant demonstration

of the solidarity of Negro people and white masses in the demand for the immediate freedom of the Scottsboro boys and the enforcement of all rights guaranteed the Negro people by the Constitution. Unquestionably provocative measures will be resorted to by the forces of reaction, bigotry and prejudice and their agents in an attempt to discredit the march and to distort its purposes. All marchers are warned to be vigilantly on guard against such attempts. The route of the march shall be as follows: The New York contingent shall leave Union Square at 10 a. m. April 26th. This contingent should arrange to arrive at Trenton at 4 o'clock, being joined by the Jersey City, Newark and other New Jersey contingents there, arriving in Philadelphia the evening of the same day. The marchers will remain overnight in Philadelphia. They will leave Philadelphia together with the Pennsylvania contingent on the morning of April 27 and arrive in Baltimore in the late afternoon of the same day. The marchers will then remain overnight in Baltimore. They will leave Baltimore in the early morning of April 28 and arrive in Washington not later than 12 noon the same day. In the case of the Baltimore contingent, they will either attach themselves to the New York, New Jersey and Philadelphia contingents or arrangements shall be made that they leave by foot in advance of the other contingents in order to arrive about 12 noon in Washington. The Norfolk and Richmond marchers shall make arrangements to arrive in Washington at 10 a. m. April 28. This also applies to the delegations from all other cities where mass marches are not being arranged. In every city where the marchers arrange to stop overnight, street demonstrations and meetings shall be arranged to greet them. Special emphasis must be made on these demonstrations taking place in Negro neighborhoods and recruiting there additional forces to the march.

BRITAIN BANS SOVIET IMPORTS

Trade War on USSR; New Lies of Tory Press

LONDON, April 19.—The British Government today placed an embargo on 80 per cent of all Soviet imports, following the conviction of the six Metropolitan-Vickers engineers-wreckers as the pretext. This action was taken by the Privy Council, following the expiration of the Anglo-Soviet trade agreement last night, and hastened by the provocative campaign of the English Tory press. It means a trade loss to England of approximately \$12,000,000 and a curtailment of \$13,000,000 of credits to the U.S.S.R., of which \$10,000,000 were backed by the British government.

The bar goes into effect on April 26th, giving Britain an opportunity to try to blackmail the Soviet Union into changing the present sentence of the two saboteurs into banishment. The British loss of prestige in the trial has been very great, and while the real motive of the trade war is to stir up war sentiment against the U. S. S. R., a withdrawal of the prison sentence will doubtless mean the end of the trade war.

Spread Lies on Trial

The English capitalist press is using the Metro-Vick trial to stir up provocative anti-Soviet prejudice. The Morning Post declares that "so long as two British subjects remain in a Russian jail, there can be no renewal of friendly relations with the Soviet Government. The nation will not forgive the ministers if they attempt to alter now." Viscount Rothmere also regards the Soviet Union as a British colony. His organ, the Daily Mail, goes on to state: "This is a burning light on the methods of Soviet justice and what Soviet judges consider to be evidence. It is justice which is based upon fraud and torture of human beings." The Daily Express repeats the same lies about torture of the prisoners, the horrors of the G. P. U., etc. Unfortunately for the Express, the convicted engineers have already stated publicly and freely that they were well treated while in prison, and when Monkhouse was questioned about the matter he was questioned thoroughly for eighteen hours and given no opportunity to eat, these lies were promptly nailed, and Monkhouse forced to repudiate them. The Daily Herald, official organ of the Labor Party, is afraid to join openly in the concerted capitalist attack on the Soviet Union because of the millions of workers who believe that it is a socialist organ, but it takes a very equivocal stand: "The government's action cannot benefit the prisoners. At best it is an act of retaliation—an attempt to damage the Russian people because of Russian injury to British citizens."

The special May Day edition of the Daily Worker will contain articles on many of the problems facing the workers today.

An eight-page tabloid size supplement will be included besides the regular four pages.

A short time is left. Rush orders immediately to Daily Worker, Business Office, 50 East 13th St. New York, N. Y.

Feeding of Delegates.

"Each organization, including neighborhood committees, should make provision for the feeding of its own delegates on the march. Organizations are advised, however, to give no guarantee on this point. A special committee should be set up in each organization for this purpose. It must be understood that individual marchers who register and join the march must take care of themselves during the period of the march. It is impossible for the National Action Committee to assume responsibility for this task, or to give any guarantee about the feeding of the marchers.

Scottsboro Funds. "Especially during the period of the march the greatest intensification of work in connection with raising finances for the Scottsboro case shall be undertaken. Full force should be thrown behind the National Tax Days, organized by the I. L. D., on April 28, 29, 30. Only the I. L. D. and the National Scottsboro Action Committee are authorized to receive funds in connection with the defense of the Scottsboro boys (the I. L. D. and the National Scottsboro Action Committee have authorized the American Civil Liberties Union and the N.A.A.C.P. also to collect funds.) Each local committee is warned to exercise extreme care in issuing credentials for the collection of funds.

"Transportation: Appeals must be made in the press with special emphasis to the Negro press, for donations of trucks, cars and other means of transportation. "Transportation committees should immediately be set up, to visit trucking companies and get donations of trucks; to visit the city government to get the use of city trucks and buses and supplies of oil and gas; to visit gasoline stations for donations of oil and gas; to visit bus companies for donations of buses and other vehicles; to appeal to members of organizations sympathetic to the

(CONTINUED ON PAGE TWO)

Government Control of Wages, Hours, Output in 30-Hr. Stagger Bill Change

WASHINGTON, D. C., April 19.—Secretary of Labor Perkins yesterday proposed a redraft of the Black 30-hour stagger plan bill to the House Labor Committee which now has the bill before it. In proposing certain amendments the administration is calling for virtual dictatorial power to determine the hours and wages of the workers in each industry. Most significant of all the proposals is one calling for centralized control of industries to "stabilize production" and to "prevent hardships" to owners resulting from "overproduction and unfair competition." This action is to be taken by forcing those plants working excessively long periods to close down in the interests of the others in the same industry. With the official employment index showing a decline of over 4 per cent during the month of March when seasonal industries usually start up and with wages down 30 per cent further since last year the proposal of centralized control indicates that the Roosevelt administration is heading straight towards a fascist dictatorship as a way out of the crisis. This will lead to greater repression of the workers and sharper onslaught on the living standards of the masses. Like Hitler's, this dictatorship will be established in the name of benefits to the masses. Roosevelt is already claiming that centralized control is necessary because of the

"grave national emergency affecting the lives and health of the people of the nation." That the move is part of Wall St.'s program and will receive the fullest backing of the leading industrialists is evident since the oil, textile, lumber, coal and other industries, have repeatedly called upon the former Hoover administration for government assistance in "stabilizing the industry" by driving out the smaller competitors; thus gaining a firmer grip on the industry and to assure them greater profits by driving down the working and living conditions of the toilers.

The redrafted measure also calls for some modifications of the Black 30-hour stagger plan but in no way changes its essential feature of a nation-wide staggering of employment at the expense of the workers now employed. The amendment would establish "Hours of work" boards in each industry which may increase the number of hours to be worked where necessary. A further proposal includes the setting up of minimum wage boards of 3 members in each industry to establish the "bottom wages" for the workers. It is frankly stated that the wages will be determined on the conditions of the industry and on the locality. In other words the minimum wage will in no way raise the living standard of the workers to the level of a wage providing decent food shelter, clothing and other necessities for the workers. It will rather depress the general wages to a common low level. Hearings on the re-drafted measure will be held in the house beginning next Monday.

BARRICADES IN BERLIN

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BY KLAUS NEUKRANTZ
ILLUSTRATED BY WALTER QUIRT

THE STORY THUS FAR.—The workers of the proletarian district, Wedding, in Berlin, are preparing to demonstrate May Day, 1933, despite the ban issued by the Socialist Police Chief, Zoergel. Anna, wife of the worker, Kurt Zimmermann, an active member of the Communist Party, discovered that the owner of an ice-cream store on their street is a police spy. A telephone wire is attached secretly to the store. Meanwhile, preparations are being made at the police-station to crush the coming demonstration. Wullner, a veteran policeman, who is a member of the Socialist Party, is astonished at the military preparations which he witnesses in the police station.

AMONG the young policemen there was an acting sergeant of about twenty-two whom Wullner noticed especially, because he was always going to the window and looking down to the bridge.

"That is the Wiesenstrasse down there, isn't it, bud?" he asked Wullner who stood next to him.

"Yes — what you see behind the bridge—there by the Panke, that is the name of the little stream, flows are the Kollmerstrasse tenements. Real slums," he added after a short pause.

The assistant sergeant stared absent-mindedly out of the window. Suddenly he turned round. His face had a strangely excited expression.

"Do you know... It's my first time in Berlin," he said in a low voice which trembled with hidden excitement. "It is a great honor for us East Prussians to have been called here in this dangerous hour."

He paused and looked in silence at his heavy peasant hat. He continued as if speaking to himself: "It is a queer feeling suddenly to have this... power, don't you think so? Otherwise the town folks always laugh at us, especially those from Berlin—but they won't laugh I expect, once we start mowing them down!"

Wullner asked in astonishment: "But who told you that there'll be shooting on Wednesday?"

"The East Prussian looked surprised. 'Ha, ha,' he burst out laughing, 'you're funny. The communists aren't all heavily armed for nothing, they won't attempt a revolution with pop guns!'"

Wullner left the young policeman, one John Schlopschies as he learned later, and went from the room without another word.

PLANNED REVENGE
When Wullner returned in the evening from his first round, the inspector who valued the calm, reliable Chicago Mooney Congress, April 20 to May 2, will be a big step toward my freedom.—Tom Mooney.

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NEWS BRIEFS

Unemployment Still Rising.
WASHINGTON, April 19.—Even the department of labor is compelled in its reports, distorted to be as favorable as possible to capitalism, that unemployment is still increasing and that wages are decreasing still faster. In its report for March it shows that the trial flight was to start at 5:30 this morning, but had to be abandoned for reasons the navy "experts" refuse to disclose.

Macon Test Again Postponed.
AKRON, April 19.—New difficulties arose today that caused for the fifth consecutive time, postponement of the trial flight of the Macon, sister airship of the ill-fated Akron. The trial flight was to start at 5:30 this morning, but had to be abandoned for reasons the navy "experts" refuse to disclose.

England Bans N. Z. Silver.
LONDON, April 19.—Banks were today notified that the Bank of England will not accept English silver coins from New Zealand or Australia. The reason given by London is that banks there hold a large surplus of silver and do not want to risk increasing it. They advise the London banks to attempt to exchange it for gold and ship that metal to London, where there now exists the greatest gold surplus in the history of the Bank of England.

Hylan Offers Himself Again.
NEW YORK, April 19.—John F. Hylan, twice mayor of New York, who fell out with Tammany, announces his candidacy again. He is trying to capitalize the issue of the five-cent subway fare, which O'Brien and Tammany are plotting to do away with in favor of higher fare. Hylan was the mayor of the real estate speculators.

U. S. Soldiers Held By Japan.
TOKYO, April 19.—Two United States soldiers are held by Japanese military authorities for photographing Japanese troop movements near Matsaohwang, China. This is part of the war preparations of United States imperialism against Japan.

World Stop Chain Gang Film.
STOCKHOLM, April 19.—Roy C. Tredwell, one of the career men of United States imperialist diplomacy, now American Consul General for Sweden, has taken steps to induce the Swedish government to bar the picture play, "I Am a Fugitive From a Chain Gang" from the country. He is afraid it will fan the flames of protest against the Scottsboro frame-up as there is an intense interest among the masses here in regard to the chain-gang and lynch law system practiced in the United States.

Mexico Censors Poverty Pictures.
EL PASO, Texas, April 19.—Juarez police across the border in Mexico confiscated a motion picture film showing ragged and starving Mexican children. This was intended for exhibition at the Chicago World's Fair. There is a law in Mexico prohibiting taking pictures showing poverty.

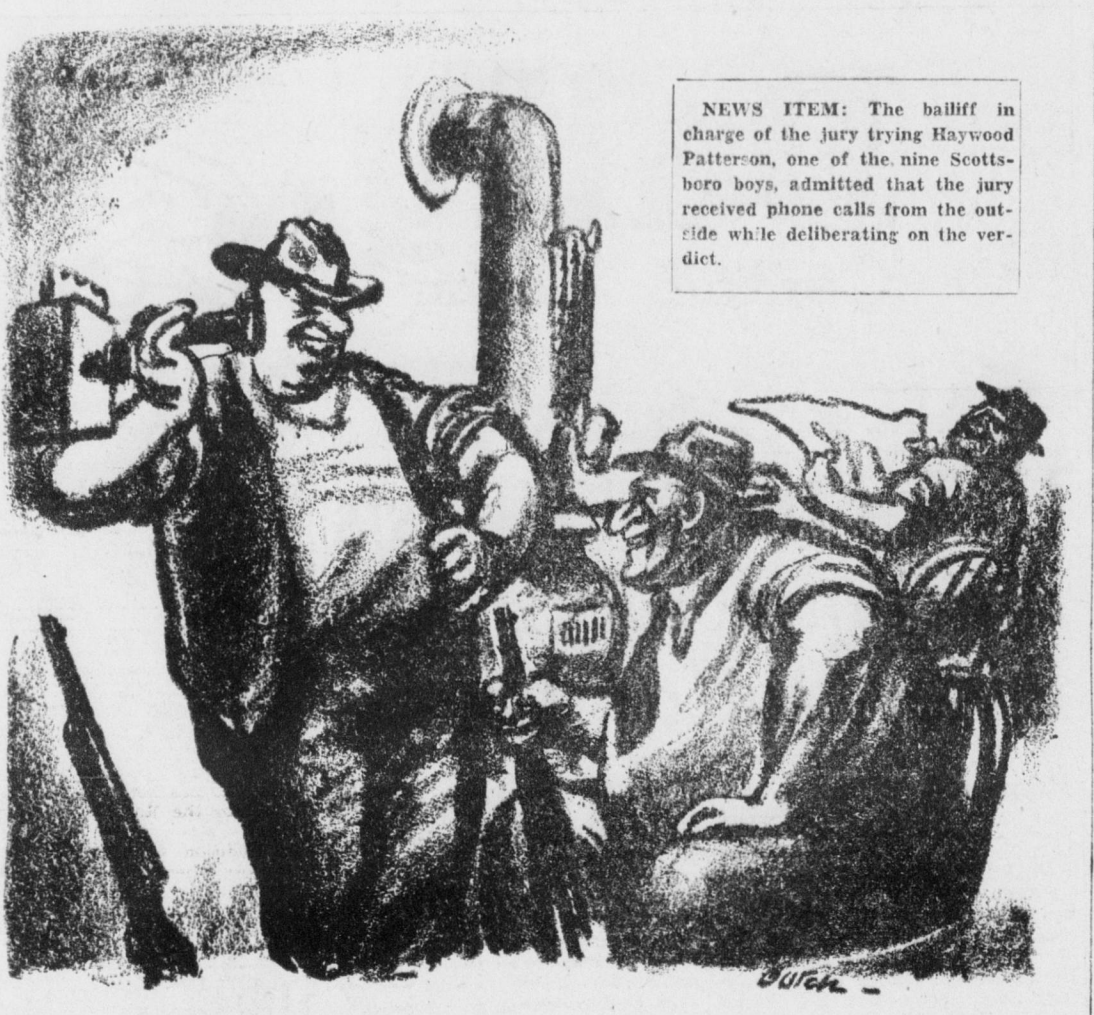
Printers Get Another Cut.
CLEVELAND, April 19.—Cleveland members of the Typographical Union in the job printing plants took another 4 per cent wage-cut today on the basis of a decision of an arbitrator, who was imposed upon them by Charles P. Howard and the officials of the International Union.

British Seaman Killed.
NEW YORK, April 19.—Basil Cardiff, a 21-year-old seaman of Liverpool, England, was killed when he fell from the deck of the White Star motorship Georgia, berthed at Pier 61, North River. He was painting the outside of the boat. His body was recovered from the water with grappling hooks.

By HELEN MARCY
If you look through the files of the Southern Worker, official organ of the Communist Party in the South, you will find that the "Lynch Law" column was never at a loss for subject matter. Week after week, in an unending procession, appear lynch-baiting, attempted lynchings and other outrages against the Negro masses in the South.

It was my job to edit the "Lynch Law" column. Every day I would clip from newspapers of the largest cities in the South, and hidden among insignificant items I would find: "Negro Lynched in..."; "Negro Will Be Electrocuted Wed.; State 33"; "Negroes Driven From Jobs On Road; One Shot." Innumerable cases of lynching that neither the N.A.A.C.P. nor Tuskegee Institute were able to find, or willing to report—were exposed in the columns of the Southern Worker.

"The Jury Says We Needn't Bother, 'they'll Do the Job!"—by Burck



NEWS ITEM: The bailiff in charge of the jury trying Haywood Patterson, one of the nine Scottsboro boys, admitted that the jury received phone calls from the outside while deliberating on the verdict.

Leibowitz Says Decatur Lynch Hot Before Trial

Letter to Horton Points to State's Program of Lynch Incitement

NEW YORK.—A letter to Judge James E. Horton of Decatur, taking dozens of copies of the Decatur Daily Worker, was sent to him by the International Labor Defense in the Scottsboro case. The letter, written by Samuel S. Leibowitz, chief trial attorney for the International Labor Defense in the Scottsboro case, is quoted in one of the leading metropolitan journals as follows: "The statement referring to remarks attributed to me concerning the jury that convicted Patterson and Lynch is a gross distortion of what I actually said. It is a gross distortion of what I actually said. It is a gross distortion of what I actually said."

Recalls First Trials
In this long letter, Attorney Leibowitz answers the lynch-court judge's remarks: "The prejudice you refer to was there long before the trials were transferred to Decatur. This prejudice... was first manifested when these poor unfortunates were hurried through the machinery of justice at Scottsboro to the tune of 'There'll be a hot time in the old town tonight.' You will recall that these defendants were represented by a local Scottsboro lawyer."

"The prejudice was intensified by the motion made to quash the indictment and the venire because of the systematic exclusion of Negroes from service upon juries, solely because of their color. . . . Your statement that the defense 'had made out a prima facie case' will go down in history as a momentous declaration. "This prejudice was intensified when young men stood at the entrance to the Decatur courtroom and hawked pamphlets ending in a tingling plea 'that Alabama and the world will finally see justice claim its own and the Negroes receive their just deserts death in the electric chair'."

TAMMANY SUMMONS BRIGGS TO COURT TO STIFLE SCOTTSBORO PROTEST

NEW YORK.—Cyril Briggs, editor of the Harlem Liberator, has been summoned to appear before the magistrate today at 170 E. 123rd St. Court. Briggs has been singled out by the landlord, Bachrat, of 2149 Seventh Ave., where the Liberator office is located, and the police in an attempt to stifle the growing protest.

RECRUITING ON FOR SCOTTSBORO TREK TO CAPITAL

(CONTINUED FROM PAGE ONE)
march to provide trucks and cars; to appeal to people to come to Washington by hitch-hiking, by freight cars and other conveyances; to appeal to all those workers who can afford to come by train and bus.

The Communist Party position in the Scottsboro case will be presented at a mass meeting in St. Luke's Church, 125 West 130th St., at 8 p.m. tonight. Speakers at this meeting will be S. Kingston, organizational secretary of the I.L.D. in Harlem, Sam Brown, representing the Young Communist League, Clarence Hathaway, New York District organizer of the C. P., and William L. Patterson, national secretary of the International Labor Defense.

Harlem Parade Saturday

The line of march for the Scottsboro Protest Parade in Harlem, Saturday afternoon was announced today by the Action Committee. Many branches of the U.N.I.A. have announced that their membership will participate in full uniform with banners and with the Bright Light S. C. band of the organization led by L. C. Perry. At least one other Negro band, and the W.I.R. band will participate.

Tammany Frames Negro in Local Scottsboro Case

Edwin Griffin Jailed for 25 Years Is Innocent
NEW YORK.—A local "Scottsboro," the kind of Negro oppression here in New York that many who thunder their "concern" for the Scottsboro boys remain silent on; the case of Edwin Griffin, has also found the revolutionary workers of New York. The Daily Worker prints the facts of this case as a warning to Party sections not to lose sight of the fact that there are racy acts of Negro oppression which we must fight if we are to prove our leadership to the Negro masses.

SCOTTSBORO TORCHLIGHT PARADE IN BRONX TOMORROW; THEN MEET

NEW YORK.—Mrs. Janie Patterson, mother of Haywood Patterson, will be one of the main speakers at a Scottsboro demonstration tomorrow, Friday night, in the Bronx, under the auspices of the Bronx Section, N. Y. District International Labor Defense, at Ambassador Hall, Claremont Parkway and Third Ave. Two torch light parades led by brass bands and a series of open air rallies in the line of march will precede the indoor meeting.

AMUSEMENTS

The German Proletariat Speaks!
The Truth of the Communist Struggle in Germany
"KUHLE WAMPE"
(WHITNER GERMAN)
EXTRA! With HERTRIE THIELE, Star of "Mädchen in Uniform"
COMPLETE ENGLISH DIALOGUE TITLES
BROADWAY Starting Saturday
CAMEO & 424 STREET

MADISON SQ. GARDEN
Twice Daily 2 and 8 P.M.
SUNDAYS
RINGLING BARNUM BROS. and DALEY CIRCUS
Celebrating FIFTIETH ANNIVERSARY with 1000 Amazing World-Wide Attractions including THE DURBAN, Colossal Spectacle
ASTOUNDING NEW FEATURE!
GIRAFFE - NECK WOMEN FROM BURMA
Children under 12 Half Price. Every Seat \$1.00. TIXETS NOW at Garden, Grand Box, 6 Grand

"A SECOND BEAU GESTE"
"GLOS PUSTYNI"
(THE VOICE OF THE DESERT)
—COMPLETE ENGLISH TITLES—
THE WORKERS Acme Theatre
1428 ST. AND UNION SQUARE
John Krinsky & Clifford Cochran present The Continental Success
The 3-Penny Opera
A Satiric Comedy with Music
Sunday, Monday, Tuesday, 8:30 P.M.
EMPIRE THEATRE, Broadway & 46th. Evs. 8:30 Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:30. Tickets 60c. up
ROJJEFFERSON 14th St., NOW
"Island of Lost Souls," with Chas. Laughon and the Panther Woman
Added Feature—"State Trooper" with Regis Toomey and Evelyn Knapp
FRANCIS LEDBETTER & DOROTHY GISE IN
AUTUMN CROCUS Comedy
Prices—All performances \$1.00
46TH ST. THEATRE, West of Broadway
Evgs. 8:30. Mats. Wed., Thurs. & Sat., 2:30

The Return of Nathan Becker
154 W. 96th. Cont. from 11 A.M.

Strike On Forced Labor Job In N. J.; Demands Won In High Point, N. C.

Massachusetts Towns Electing Delegates to State Hunger March in Boston on May 1st; 5,000 in Minneapolis Demonstration

Struggles Against Evictions in Many Places; Chicago Young Peoples' Socialist League Protests Against Forced Labor Measures

PLAINFIELD, N. J., April 19.—One hundred and seventy-five unemployed, led by the Unemployed Council, struck at the City Sewer "forced labor" job today.

The strike is against payment in food checks, the unemployed demand cash for work done; against the policy just announced by the state that it would not be responsible for injuries of workers on the job; and against the whole policy of forced labor work as "relief" to the unemployed.

A mass meeting is scheduled where the workers will lay plans for conducting the strike and protest against the arrest of the Secretary of the Unemployed Council whose trial comes up today. Workers are expected to crowd the court room.

HIGH POINT, N. C., April 18.—A thousand unemployed workers striking on a forced labor project have gone back to work after making many gains.

The county and local officials had cut wages from a dollar a day to 80 cents when the men were working three days a week. Under a starvation relief subsistence this new cut spelled death for many families. Now they will work 6 hours a day instead of 8 and five days a week.

When the strike was called, the Unemployed Citizens' League suggested the acceptance of two days a week work at \$1.20 a day. In so far as the strikers were concerned this meant the same wage cut.

The "Daily Worker" in its columns on April 4 pointed out that it is not the task of the unemployed to consider where the authorities get the



Forced Labor Camp

funds to pay. It showed that increased taxation on the textile bosses can bring sufficient funds to pay for the unemployed. The "Daily" further emphasized the need of unity of all workers in this struggle.

Unemployed workers in Greensboro, N. C., have now gone on strike against a similar cut. At a mass meeting they voted to stay out until they win two dollars a day for an 8-hour shift and full time wages.

BOSTON, Mass., April 19.—Ann Burick, national secretary of the National Textile Workers Union who has just completed a tour of a number of cities and reports an enthusiastic response of the workers preparing for the state hunger march scheduled to arrive in Boston May First.

In Worcester 600 workers filled Washburn Hall in one of the best indoor meetings ever held. In Quincy, where recently some militant demonstrations against evictions have taken place, over 300 filled the hall despite a rainy night. At this meeting thirteen delegates were elected to the state hunger march.

Try to Stop Meet
The small town of Marlboro where for the first time a meeting of this kind was held, the workers found the hall barred. The mayor and his police expected by this last minute act to stop the demonstration. But the maneuver was frustrated when Ann Burick spoke from the steps outside for ten minutes. Following this the workers marched through the main street to the newspaper office where they entered a protest of the way the news about the meeting was printed. A send-off of the hunger marchers in Marlboro will be held April 29.

From all parts of the state, delegates will march to Boston to present the demands for Unemployment Insurance to the Governor and state legislature.

CHICAGO, Ill., April 19.—The Young Peoples Socialist League, North Side district adopted a resolution at its meeting opposing "all schemes" of the president, congress and capitalist press "to create military forced labor camps for the youth."

The resolution records the demand for unemployment insurance and using the war appropriations for immediate cash relief of the unemployed.

HAVERHILL, Mass., April 19.—Local officials tried to break up the meeting called for the election of delegates to the state hunger march by last minute refusal to open Eagles Hall. In a drenching rain the workers went to 199 Washington St. and packed the hall.

Ten delegates were elected from this shoe manufacturing center to participate in the state hunger march.

The Communists disdain to conceal their views and aims. They openly declare that their ends can be attained only by the forcible overthrow of all existing social conditions. Let the ruling classes tremble at a Communist revolution.—Communist Manifesto.

The Fighting Veterans

By H. E. BRIGGS

The other night I ran into some wise old-time Rank and File. They looked kind of glum and after some questioning I found out the reason. They were sore because, as they said, their buddies were not getting the dope on Roosevelt's "New (dirty) Deal." I told them the W. E. S. L. was rallying the vets to fight the "Economy Bill." Rank said, "Yeah, that's O. K., but we can't reach all the boys with street meetings, what we need is a paper to keep the vets wised up about out-of-town news." File said, "You bet, there's too many fakers spreading false rumors and trying to split our ranks; what we need is some place where we can tell the vets the whole truth about their own doings." I agreed, and asked them what paper we could use. Immediately Rank and File shouted, the Daily Worker.

Well, here's the beginning comrades. We hope to do better as we go along.

Huron, South Dakota—Hogs Pay Legion Dues.

"The William Reaves Post of the American Legion will accept hogs, poultry and grain for membership dues. Don't be foolish, buddy. Demand your back pay and keep your hogs. Let the Legion misleaders go to the dogs. Demand no dues for the unemployed."

Phoenix, Arizona—Wake Up Vets!

With the disability ratings in Arizona 1 per cent higher than the national average we vets are among the hardest hit by the pension cuts. This applies especially to those suffering from pulmonary troubles. This is our reward for sending "Lew" Douglas, "the veterans' friend," to Congress. Arizona is a health resort, you know, for tubercular vets. If we take this cut it will mean the loss of another lung. So long. But who said we're going to take it. Not while we have one lung to shout with for rank and file representation at the regional office. Let's go. W. E. S. L. Here's another chance to build more fighting posts. Force Governor Moers to give local relief and keep our families off the charity lines!

From Birmingham, Ala.

Word comes from Birmingham that a new piece of legislation is being foisted. One of its leaders is a Negro vet. This is another United Front blow from the Negro and white workers and vets of the South against the reactionary Southern ruling class. Forward march! toward the complete freedom of the Negro and white workers of the South.

St. Paul, Minn.—Governor Olsen Makes a Proposal.

Governor Olsen is accused by state senator of "playing politics" with relief measures. The same old shell game. We must see that Governor Olsen keeps his promises. Eighty per cent of the Federal relief fund advanced to Minnesota was spent in the three richest and most powerful financial counties. Even relief is based on class lines. A baby's cry for milk is of small concern compared with an investor's cry for dividends. This proves the crying need for organized mass action. The vets must support the St. Paul Unemployed Council and demand a special legislative session to provide adequate relief with no discrimination of single and Negro vets and workers.

Quick, Henry, the Hit!

According to the latest report, the Khaki Shirts are setting up headquarters in Philadelphia. The Smith, Commander, another report says they are forming in Texas. Here they are using the slimy tactics of stool pigeons by calling themselves the "Texas Workmen's Co-operative Association." The leaders are well known for their racketeering and crooked dealing. Two of them are shady lawyers, Harold Shelton and Fleming Waters, the third is a produce dealer by the name of Solon Walker. All vets are warned to beware of this group and any other like it. All rank and file vets of the United Front should follow the example of Comrade Brady and Williams, now members of the Veterans' National Liaison Committee in Washington and join the United Front for the fight against the disability cuts.

Portland Keeps Up the Good Work.

Comrade Alman has the honor of having ousted for his honest militancy in fighting for the rank and file of the first Bonus march, where the boys in Portland to know he is feeling fine and happy to be working with the W. E. S. L. in New York to organize the rank and file for the next march to Washington.

Washington, D. C.

The Veterans' National Liaison Committee sends its greetings to the rank and file vets with the assurance that they will never stop fighting for their just demands. The committee urges every vet to be in Washington not later than May 12, to demand the repeal of the Economy Bill and the immediate payment of the bonus. More news from Washington in the next column.

News, Comrades, News!

That's what we want! News about your buddy and mine. We expect to run this column three times a week, but it can't be done without correspondence. Every veteran with a problem and information that will benefit his comrades should send same to the Fighting Vet. He will do his damndest to give you the low-down. Where you want to know: Who and where your enemies are? How to fight the Economy Bill? What the labor camps are doing? etc. Not enough to believe said about our comrades in the Navy and Marine Corps. They were in the war, too, and are affected by the cuts. And the old-timers of the Spanish War, Boxer Rebellion, etc., let's hear something from you.

We expect to make mistakes, and will welcome constructive criticism at all times. This is your column, the open forum for all rank and file vets. Let us hear from you. Address the Fighting Vet, care Daily Worker, 50 East 13th St., 8th floor, New York City.

HARRIMAN BANK STILL CLOSED

Following close upon the announcement that the depositors of the bankrupt Harriman National Bank would be paid 100 cents on the dollar, comes the announcement that the proposed program of liquidation has struck a snag. It was Secretary Woodin's plan that the Reconstruction Finance Corporation would lend \$8,000,000 to the Manufacturers' Trust Company to permit that company to buy the assets of the Harriman Bank, thus permitting liquidation of the frozen deposits.

Harriman Assets Insufficient.

Closer examination, however, revealed that the assets of the bankrupt bank are far too small to provide adequate security for the loan from the R. F. C. Some of the claims of the bank, representing investment made with depositors' money, are against the directors of the bank. How much can be collected is not known.

Like hundreds of other enthusiastic announcements about the "full reopening" of closed banks, or the "full repayment to depositors," the plan of Woodin turns out to be a piece of misleadingly phrased news. The fact that thousands of small depositors whose savings are tied up will lose most of these deposits, and that the bank crisis has not been in any way relieved by the Roosevelt bank measures.

In addition to the losses of the depositors, there is a heavy loss to this bankruptcy the New York City Firemen's Pension Fund amounting to \$600,000.

STREET RUN SAT. FOR SCOTTSBORO

Labor Sports Plans Benefit Defense Meet

A street run in which white and Negro athletes will participate thru the streets of Harlem, will be held by the labor sports union, Saturday, April 29.

The run will be a "Free-The-Scottsboro-Boys-Run" and every athlete will have pinned on his jersey, next to his competitor's number, a slogan: Free the Scottsboro Boys!

The meet will start at the Vesta Athletic Club headquarters, 15 West 126th Street, at 2:30, will go north on 5th Avenue to 131st St., west to 7th Ave., south on 7th to 110th St., east to 5th Ave., then north to 126th St. and 5th Ave. to finish line.

Romeo L. Dougherty, sports editor of the Amsterdam News, large Harlem newspaper, has pledged his cooperation. The Labor Sports Union has asked him to be the starter of the race.

Athletic Carnival for Scottsboro.

A large athletic carnival for the benefit of the Scottsboro defense is being organized by the Labor Sports Union. It is announced for the benefit of the Scottsboro defense, 813 W. 42nd Street. The director of the Harlem Y.M.C.A. has been asked to contribute the use of the "Y" gym for one evening.

Mrs. Patterson, Hyman Speak at Needle Meet on Scottsboro Tonite

NEW YORK.—Mrs. Janie Patterson, mother of Haywood Patterson, Louis Hyman, National President of the Needle Trades Workers Industrial Union, and William Patterson, National Secretary of the International Labor Defense, will be the principal speakers at a Scottsboro mass protest demonstration tonight at 7:30 p.m. in Bryant Hall, 5th Avenue near 42nd Street. The meeting is arranged by the International Labor Defense, midtown section, and the Needle Trades Workers Industrial Union. Among the speakers will also be Helen Allison, representing the midtown section of the Communist Party.

E.W.B. WORKERS DEMONSTRATE TODAY; ATTACK JOBLESS IN BROOKLYN

NEW YORK.—In connection with the discharge of twenty thousand employees of the Emergency Work Bureau, a mass meeting will be held today at 1 p.m. at Irving Plaza Hall, 15th Street and Irving Place.

This meet will be followed by a mass demonstration of the fired workers at 23rd Street and 4th Ave. at 3 p.m.

"The Chicago Mooney Congress, April 30 to May 2, will be a big step toward my freedom."—Tom Mooney.

Stage and Screen

"RUSSIA—AS IT WAS AND AS IT IS," AT CARNEGIE HALL SUNDAY NIGHT

Burton Holmes and Julien Bryan will repeat their colorful and engrossing survey of "Russia As It Was and Russia As It Is" at Carnegie Hall this Sunday evening. This is the third time this pictorial resume of the most talked of country which has given the last two times the large Carnegie Hall was sold out.

Immediate Election of Free Mooney Congress Called by N. Y. Body

Statement Reviews Socialist Party Negotiations; Negroes Joining in Preparations

NEW YORK.—A call to all trade unions and to members and branches of the Socialist Party, to rally immediately to make the Chicago Free Tom Mooney Congress, April 30 to May 2 an overwhelming success by making it a demonstration of the power of a united working class, was made today in a statement issued by the New York Free Tom Mooney Committee, of which Frank Palmer is chairman.

The statement outlines the negotiation between the Committee and the Socialist Party, for the establishment of a management Committee for the Congress, to be composed of two representatives each of the Socialist Party and the Communist Party, and one each of the International Labor Defense, the League for Industrial Democracy and the C.P.L.A., five trade unionists and three liberals (John Dewey, Roger M. Baldwin, and Lincoln Steffens).

So far, the Committee reported, although such well-known Socialists as Robert Morris Lovett, Prof. Reinhold Niebuhr, and Franz Daniel have not personally agreed to serve on the Management Committee, no official expression of endorsement has been received from the National Executive Committee of the Socialist Party itself.

Raise in your branch meetings, with your state and city executives, with the National Executive Committee of the Socialist Party, the question of why the National Executive

has decided against participation in the Congress, the committee appeals to Socialist Party members. "Since no time is to be lost, we urge all organizations which believe that workers must show a united front in the campaign to free Mooney, to elect delegates immediately to the Chicago Congress."

Negroes Taking Part.

Negroes, aroused by the unity of white workers, fighting with them for the freedom of the framed Scottsboro boys, are taking an active part in the Free Tom Mooney campaign. It was announced today by the New York Provisional Tom Mooney Committee. Great masses of Negroes will attend the Mooney-Scottsboro mass meeting in the Bronx Coliseum, April 27, at 8 p. m., to send off the New York delegation to the Free Tom Mooney Congress in Chicago and to arouse mass support for the Scottsboro march on Washington, April 28. Among the 150 delegates from New York City will be many Negro workers and sympathizers.

Speakers Announced.

Two of the chief speakers at the Bronx Coliseum mass meeting will be Negroes. They are William L. Patterson, national secretary of the International Labor Defense and the Rev. Clayton Powell of the Abyssinian Baptist Church. Other speakers are Dr. Reinhold Niebuhr of the Union Theological Seminary; Heywood

Brown, Socialist and columnist; A. J. Muste of the Conference for Progressive Labor Action; and Clarence Hathaway of the Communist Party.

Frank Palmer of the Federated Press will be chairman.

Among the delegates will be Mrs. Janie Patterson, mother of Haywood Patterson, framed youth just sentenced to death in Decatur after the I.L.D. had exposed the frame-up against the nine Scottsboro boys.

Tom Mooney has been elected honorary chairman of the conference called by the Scottsboro Unity Defense Committee for mass action on the Scottsboro case. Mass meetings throughout the country are linking up for both black and white workers the significance of the Scottsboro and the Mooney frame-ups as a concerted attack on the unity of workers.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., April 17.—The International Soldiers Unions of St. Louis, and Belleville, New Athens, and Granite City, Ill., have issued a call for a Free Tom Mooney conference at Belleville, in the County Highway Building, April 21.

The call, sent to all labor unions, working class organizations, social, athletic, and liberal organizations, states that delegates will be elected to the Free Tom Mooney Congress in Chicago, April 30 to May 2. The conference will also map plans for the liberation of all working class prisoners.

CARRY HARLEM HOSPITAL FIGHT INTO ESTIMATE BOARD MEET TOMORROW

Negro and White Workers to Protest at City Hall Against N. Y. Jim-Crowing

NEW YORK.—Determined to wipe out Scottsboro conditions in Harlem, thousands of Negro and white workers are expected to demonstrate at City Hall tomorrow at 10:30 a.m. against the continued practice of discrimination and using Negro patients for experimentation in Harlem Hospital.

The protest, which will also demand the admittance of Negro patients to all city hospitals, will back the delegation organized by the Peoples Committee Against Discrimination in Harlem Hospital and the committee elected at a mass meeting in Harlem on March 2. The following demands will be placed before the Board of Estimate.

1. Demand removal of Grief from the Board of Estimate.
2. The dismissal from the hospital staff of Surgical Director John F. Connors and Dr. Louis T. Wright, secretary of the medical board, the removal of Mrs. Sadie O'Brien, the nurses school head, and the whole clique of Tammany henchmen who now run this institution to the detriment of the population of Harlem.
3. That sixty per cent of the personnel should be Negro residents of Harlem.

The Committee going before the Board of Estimate will be headed by Otto Hall, secretary of the Peoples Committee, Steve Kingston, Harold Williams, both of the Peoples Committee, Rev. Adam C. Powell Jr. of the Abyssinian Baptist Church, Lionel Francis, International Secretary of the UNIA (Garvey Movement), Doctors U. Conrad Vincent, A. Sidat Singh, Marshall E. Rossand, Ira A. McCowan, and Dr. James Middleton, President of the North Harlem Community Council; Rienz Lemus, President of the Dining Car Employees Brotherhood; A. Philip Randolph, President of the Brotherhood of Sleeping Car Porters, Wm. H. Davis, Publisher of the Amsterdam News, and others.

The delegation will also demand the immediate release of Willie Griffin, framed Negro worker.

Important: Harlem workers should gather in front of Amsterdam News, 135th St. and 7th Ave. at 9 a.m. Friday morning. Workers living in other sections will go directly to the City Hall and be there by 10 o'clock. All captains will report at Amsterdam News office Friday morning to receive detailed instructions.

Only I.L.D. Can Authorize Fund Collections

NEW YORK.—A letter to the Rev. Harten, head of the Afro-Protective League, under whose auspices the Scottsboro protest meeting in Arcadia Hall last Sunday was arranged, was made public today by William L. Patterson, national secretary of the International Labor Defense, which has charge of the Scottsboro case.

"The conscious Negro and white workers of America have entrusted to us the leadership of the Scottsboro defense movement, our correct policies awakening those heretofore unconscious," Patterson writes. "However, it alone is authorized by the Scottsboro mothers and the boys to collect funds for Scottsboro. Those other organizations which have and are participating in the collection of funds have no authority, and are not legally authorized by the International Labor Defense so to act. It requests and must necessarily request in order that it may give a strict accounting to the working class, the strictest responsibility on the part of those assisting it."

"I would not for a moment have you think that this letter in any way denotes any lack of faith in the apparatus which you have created to aid in the Scottsboro case. I would only have you see how jealously we must guard our position and how exacting we must be in our performance of the tasks imposed on us by the American workers and their sympathizers."

PREPARATIONS FOR MAY 1 SHOW GROWING UNITY

NEW YORK.—The United Front May Day Committee set up by a conference of hundreds of working class organizations reports that preparations are going full speed for the broadest united May Day demonstration. It will express the unity of the working class against hunger, fascism and imperialism.

On May First the workers of New York will stand united as never before in a mighty demonstration for the immediate safe release of the Scottsboro boys and Tom Mooney, for militant struggle against fascism, imperialism and for defense of the Soviet Union.

Another delegation was sent by the united front committee to the Socialist Party May Day conference last night at Rand School. Despite the refusal of the city committee of the Socialist Party to receive the delegates or allow them to once again bring their message in behalf of one united May Day demonstration of all workers organizations, the movement for unity is growing rapidly. Already Socialist Party locals of Downtown New York, Williamsburgh, Sunnyside and the Bronx received delegations who placed the unity proposals before the branches. Many Socialist Party branches and Workers' Circle branches are expected to act favorably on the plea of a united May First demonstration.

SECTION 15 OF C. P. GREETS TREMONT CLUB ANNIVERSARY

NEW YORK.—The Section Committee of Section 15 of the Communist Party extends revolutionary greetings to the Tremont Workers' Club on its second anniversary. The Tremont Workers' Club has been since its existence an important factor in the revolutionary movement in the Bronx. Its members have been active in all the daily struggles of the workers in this territory.

BROOKLYN
PURITY QUALITY
SUTTER
Vegetarian and Dairy Restaurant
280 SUTTER AVE. (Cor. George) Bklyn

For Brownsville Proletarians
SOKAL CAFETERIA
1659 PITKIN AVENUE

WORKERS! Demonstrate Your Power on MAY GREET THE DAILY WORKER ON WORKERS SOLIDARITY DAY

"I GREET THE DAILY WORKER"

Name _____ Amount \$ _____
Address _____

New York Trade Union News

ARREST WORKERS IN FOLTIS STRIKE TERROR

NEW YORK.—Nick Paraschos, arrested last week in a strike demonstration at one of the Foltis-Fischer cafeterias, led by the Food Workers Industrial Union, was arrested on false charges of assault and malicious mischief. He was held on \$2,500 bail. Stool pigeons Cohen, O'Conner, and Bates of the Washington Detective Agency, in the employ of the Foltis-Fischer Company, testified on the charges. Paraschos appeared in court bandaged as a result of a severe beating given him. However, in 57th Street court yesterday, Judge Brodsky dismissed the assault charge and held Paraschos for special sessions, charging malicious mischief under \$2,500 bail.

Meanwhile, Otto Constantin, another Foltis striker, was arrested and charged with disorderly conduct. He was picked up on the 28th Street picket line on April 10 after charges had been pressed against him by a woman going under the name of Margaret Chapman, believed to be in the employ of the Washington Detective Agency. He is under \$200 bail, and the trial comes up in the 57th Street court on Friday morning.

METAL STRIKE STRONG

NEW YORK.—The strike of the metal workers in the Cromwell and Colonial shops, located at 49 Elizabeth Street, conducted by the Electrical and Metal Workers Industrial Union and the Metal Spinners' Union, has practically crippled production. The bosses are unable to recruit scabs though they are traveling daily to Boston and other cities trying to get spinners, platers, polishers, etc. The strike today, in its fifth week, stands stronger than ever before.

TO ORGANIZE CHAUFFEURS' UNIT FOR SCOTTSBORO MARCH

NEW YORK.—Negro and white taxi-cab drivers are asked to attend a meeting this Friday, 8 p. m., at St. Lukes Hall, 125 W. 130th St., Room 2, to help organize a chauffeurs' unit for the Scottsboro mass march to Washington, scheduled to start from this city April 28th.

Plans for obtaining cars, busses and trucks for the march will be completed at this meeting.

"The Chicago Mooney Congress, April 30 to May 2, will be a big step toward my freedom."—Tom Mooney.

PAPER BOX WORKERS DEFY ORDER TO STOP PICKETING

NEW YORK.—Sixteen workers, defying orders to stop picketing in front of the Equitable Paper Box Company, 1314 Scholet St., Brooklyn, were arrested yesterday morning in an attempt to break the strike against that firm.

Pending trial in the Bridge Plaza Court on May 2, all 16 workers were released in custody of the attorney representing the N. Y. District International Labor Defense.

LABOR UNION MEETINGS

A meeting will be held of all left-wing members of American Federation of Labor Unions this Saturday, April 22, at 2 p.m., at the Irving Plaza Hall, 15th St. and Irving Place. At the meeting a report will be given on the recent expulsions in the American Federation of Labor Unions. All left-wing members are urged to attend this meeting.

MEMBERSHIP MEETING of Furniture Workers Industrial Union, Thursday, April 20 at 7:30 p. m. at 818 Broadway. Andrew Overgard of TUUC will speak.

BENEFIT CHINESE UNEMPLOYED THIRD ANNIVERSARY CHINESE VANGUARD

SUNDAY, APRIL 23rd, 8 P. M.

FANNY DE KNIGHT, Star of Belasco's "Lulu Belle," "Hallelujah!" HAYS PRYOR, of "Fogy" fame. RUTH DOUGHERTY, HELEN OFFLEY, BENNIE SMALL, ELEANOR HINES, of "Taboo," "Louisiana," "Old Man Satan," "Savage Rhythms." Supported by a cast of Broadway Actors in

"SCOTTSBORO"

Workers Laboratory Theatre in a New Political Skit
JAPANESE PLAYERS CHINESE ORCHESTRA
DE KNIGHT FIVE ORCHESTRA HARLEM HOT STRUTTERS
MANHATTAN LYCEUM, 66 East 4th Street
TICKETS IN ADVANCE 35 CENTS BOX OFFICE 50 CENTS
Tickets on Sale at Workers Book Shop, 50 East 13th Street

RAISE THE DEMAND FOR UNEMPLOYMENT INSURANCE ON MAY 1!

Trial Exposes the Lies of English Spies in U.S.S.R.

By N. BUCHWALD.
(Daily Worker Correspondent.)
MOSCOW, April 19 (By Radiogram).—In the lobby, buffet, and smoking room outside the courtroom, your correspondent talked with many foreigners and Soviet citizens attending the trial. As the case unraveled, and evidence piled up, I could not find anyone who retained the faintest doubt of the guilt of the Metropolitan-Vickers engineers. Comments centered on the judicial procedure of the Soviet courts.

Even the most conservative of the foreign correspondents expressed respect and approval for Vishinski, for his brilliant direction of the prosecution, and for the thorough and fair preliminary examination. The attempt of Monkhouse to repeat the calumnies voiced by British diplomacy and by the dihard English press concerning alleged "third degree" methods, ended in complete rout: Monkhouse, as you already know, was forced to admit his "certainty" having stated he had been questioned for eighteen hours continuously, and apologized, however grudgingly, before the court. This apology knocked the last prop from under the edifice of monstrous falsehoods voiced by British diplomacy and echoed by the reactionary press concerning "GPU tortures".

Burst British Lies of Torture.
When court had adjourned for the day, a few moments after Monkhouse has made his apology, an American correspondent in the lobby said jokingly to his British neighbor: "You may still get news over in time for the late edition." The British newspaper man replied: "It's never too late for bad news."

This bursting of the dihard bubble about GPU tortures was certainly bad news to British imperialism, but it was only one of several severe blows received by British diplomacy and the frenzied imperialist press in this trial. MacDonald's confession, coupled with the publication of Thornton's now historic testimony in which he gave away the whole game and revealed the entire network of his spying outfit, linking it through Richards to the British Intelligence Service,—was the first and perhaps the hardest blow to the English imperialist camp.

In the face of these revelations, the attack made by the dihard British public men concerning the "innocence" of the defendants appeared in the eyes of foreigners here as the biggest piece of diplomatic bungling in recent years.

The last trump of Thornton's patriotism in London was to vilify the Soviet courts, to represent the Soviet courts and judicial system as "barbarous, arbitrary," and what not. But here again the defeat of the dihard was complete.

In the course of the trial, it became more and more apparent that the Soviet investigators are painstaking in ascertaining facts, in checking up confessions by supporting material evidence, in discarding testimony unsubstantiated by facts, etc.

Vishinski's speech for the prosecution summed up five days of careful scrutiny of the evidence, of examina-

SPARKS

J. P. Morgan's private little newspaper, the New York Evening Post, carried a picture of Mussolini and MacDonald shaking hands. Obviously, with mutual admiration.

Two illustrious graduates from the school of the Socialist Second International!

Capital is international, said Marx. It takes no regard of national boundaries. It goes where it can make the most profit. Here is a startling example of this.

During the last world slaughter, when the workers of the allied countries were fighting for "democracy," and the workers of Germany and Austria were "defending their Fatherland," the English War office was buying lenses for the telescopic sights on their guns from Austrian manufacturers, who transacted the business by way of Holland!

There's patriotism for you. Think of that, workers, the next time they try to steam you up against "the enemy."

Here's a blistering one for the war veterans, especially those who got a taste of their "country's undying gratitude" on Hoover's Bloody Thursday:

While the sick and starving veterans had their compensation reduced by almost one billion dollars:

General Pershing continues to draw \$13,500 a year as a retired general. In addition the general gets \$8,000 a year "in allowances."

That's over \$400 a week, boys. How long are we going to let them get away with it?

And talking about pensions, Al Smith, who is near the head of the class as one of the country's fake "friends of the people," draws \$6,500 a year from the state of New York as ex-governor. Of course, this is only pin money for Al who has his fingers in the Tammany racket.

But Al is opposed to unemployment insurance because it will be a "burden for business." And Al thinks it would be very sinful if we soaked the rich.

Al is adored by all our liberal-intellectuals as one of the country's leading "Jeffersonian Democrats." One of our precious possessions is a picture of Al kissing the boots of the Pope's Apostolic something-or-other who visited our shores not so long ago.

Governor Lehman has emerged as a great believer in the minimum wage principle. The Governor has had a long training in enforcing minimum wages. He is connected with the Wall Street banking house of Lehman Bros., which has large investments in department stores, rayon factories, and textile mills. In these capitalist dungeons, Lehman Bros. pay the workers who are driven at killing speed the princely wage of \$5 to \$6 a week. There is many a coupon-clipping who has wasted fat from dividends sweated from the Governor's "minimum wage."

The workers do not want a minimum wage. They want the maximum wage. In other words, they want to exterminate the "investors" who thrive on the workers' minimum wage.

All the capitalist papers are crowing with happiness at the proposed reductions in the Army and Navy budget. "See how peaceful we are," they boast. When the capitalist press grows lyrical about peace, it is time for the workers to watch out. Examine the new Army and Navy "economy" bill and what do you find? "It is the opinion in high administration quarters that the efficiency of the Army can be markedly improved by the economy measure," writes the N. Y. Herald-Tribune. The "peaceful" economy measure turns out to be an efficiency measure for the improvement of the Army! The old swivel chair officers will be retrained in the use of the new fighting machine will thereby be polished up ready for instant action.

So long as the oppressed reacted against the oppressors only by inorganic revolts, the peace-measure against the workers' revolt was not only swift and noiseless.

All is changed since, in these latter years, the working masses and the peasants have realized the need to organize themselves in a fighting revolutionary force, resolved to transform the present order of society into a new order. A new era has opened in the revolt of the oppressed world.

In British India it dates back hardly more than five years to the Bombay textile strike of 1928, and to the formation of the Ghri Kamgar Union.

Repression followed, immediate and implacable.

In British India the judicial machinery endeavors solemnly to falsify legality, instead of strangling it, as in Indo-China, behind closed doors.

The sentences are of such a monstrous trial. For four years, from June, 1929, to January, 1933, this process dragged itself out, under a mountain of paper, comprising more than 2,600 documents and tens of thousands of printed pages.

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The British Official White Paper Couldn't Cover It Up



For the Meerut Prisoners

By ROMAIN ROLLAND

THE world today presents the spectacle of an inferno. The man who detaches himself from the narrow circle of the privileged nations and within these nations from the classes, and within these classes from the privileged castes, sooner or later discovers that every civilization in which he rejoices and of which he is proud rests upon the atrocious, degrading and murderous exploitation of nine-tenths of the peoples of the earth.

When this revelation has penetrated his being, the joy of living dies within him till the moment when he resolves to do battle to destroy this cancer, even though in the combat himself must be destroyed.

This terror which now weighs on every part of the earth delivered over to capitalist exploitation, has assumed gigantic proportions in the great territories of India and of the Far East, where it sucks the blood of millions of human beings. It is inherent in fatal character of the crime that the bloodsuckers cannot release their cup without perishing.

England has substituted for a century upon the body of India, blood white; her prosperity already tottering, would collapse in the very hour that her prey should escape her.

The corrupt ease of Holland rests in the same way upon the substance of the Dutch Indies which nourishes her.

France has made of her Empire of Indo-China not only a source of super-profits, but a bastion of war which her proconsuls of armed finance, like those of ancient Rome, of the Republic, have made their base of operations for the forthcoming struggle in the Pacific, now preparing, and for the partition of China.

So long as the oppressed reacted against the oppressors only by inorganic revolts, the peace-measure against the workers' revolt was not only swift and noiseless.

All is changed since, in these latter years, the working masses and the peasants have realized the need to organize themselves in a fighting revolutionary force, resolved to transform the present order of society into a new order. A new era has opened in the revolt of the oppressed world.

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Japanese Invade North China; Plan New Puppet State

SHANGHAI, April 19.—The triangular area bounded by the Great Wall on the north, the sea on the east, and the Lwan River on the south and west, has now been completely occupied by the Japanese. The Chinese headquarters has been withdrawn to Tangshan, on the railway line which runs to Tientsin. Every indication now is that the Japanese will continue to advance until the entire territory north of the Peiping-Tientsin line is in their hands.

Eugene Chen, former Foreign Minister, in a speech given yesterday, urged the Chinese government to attempt to shut off the life blood of Japanese power by organizing a joint American-Chinese boycott of all Japanese products. Speaking for the Chinese native bourgeoisie, which wants to exploit the Chinese masses itself, and without the help of the Japanese, Chen is anxious to profit by the sharp antagonism between American and Japanese capital, to weaken the economic position of the latter. The sphere of influence in China of Great Britain and the U. S. A. is being continually narrowed as the area of Soviet China extends in the south and center of the country. Hence the means of production and distribution, as every working man may legally do, and as the Prime Minister of England did before he denied his principles.

We denounce the charge of attempting to deprive the King Emperor of his sovereignty, which, if such a wish be a crime, would make all Republicanism criminal.

We denounce the stilling of trade unionism in India by the country of trade unions.

We denounce the attacks which are being made upon the internationalism of the working-class, which is for the workers an essential right and a duty, a very necessity of existence in the presence of the internationalism of the forces of exploitation which are destroying them.

We demand the public revision of the Meerut trial and we address to the prisoners our greeting of sympathy and of alliance.

They are for us the living symbol of those thousands of victims in the great combat which today is being fought throughout the world to break the yoke of imperialism. All these victims make a victory, for they bear witness to the iniquity which is crushing them, and to the irresistible rising of the new revolutionary forces which are awakening mankind.

Nothing henceforward will arrest them.

Chihli to Manchukuo.

Already Manchukuo and Japanese troops have attempted to cross the Lwan River, reports being that 50,000 of the Chinese defenders are holding their positions. Japanese military officials, disclaiming any idea of further advance, nevertheless say in the same breath, that if new Chinese bases are established south of the Lwan River, "these also will be destroyed."

Two other hints of the intentions of the Japanese imperialist to continue their advance, with the ultimate aim of taking from China the whole province of Chihli and either incorporating it in Manchukuo or making it into a new puppet state, are supplied by the following news: first the bombing of the walled town of Tungchow, which is only ten miles east of Peiping; secondly, the bombing of Miyun, some fifty miles north of Peiping.

Tungchow is a town of strategic importance, astride the modern highway that joins the old Chinese capital to Tientsin. Leaflets were dropped over Miyun, which read: "The Chinese and Japanese people both belong to the yellow race. The Chinese have been enslaved by the whips and Japanese troops have come to free them from the oppression of the whites." The efficacy of this propaganda was spoiled by the fact that the Japanese airplanes dropped bombs on the Chinese population along with the leaflets.

WORLD UNITED FRONT MOVE GROWS IN SUPPORT OF FIGHT ON FASCISM

Workers International Relief Calls for All Workers' Groups in U. S. to Join Struggle

The Central Committee of the Workers International Relief (WIR) has issued a call to all organizations and sympathizers, Socialists, A. F. of L., T. U. L. U., I. W. O., and all other workers' organizations, to support the struggle of the German laboring classes against fascism in Germany and for the aid of the thousands of homeless refugees now spread over Europe.

In New York the National Committee to Aid Victims of German Fascism has already been set up with headquarters at 75 Fifth Ave.

British Group Formed
In London, intellectuals and leading members of workers' organizations have formed an English National Committee for the relief of these victims.

This group, constituting itself as the organizational committee, recently distributed subscription lists from which collections amounting to 1,000 pounds have been raised to date.

Within two days of its appearance, representatives of more than two hundred workers' organizations, as well as many well-known individuals have registered their sympathy and support by signing the manifesto against fascism.

Among them are such well-known writers as Louis Golding, Havelock Ellis, Hugh Walpole, Mrs. Hadon-Guest, Ellen Wilkinson, Bowman, Professors Edgington of Cambridge and Levy of London.

Lord Marley, chief whip of the Labor Party in the House of Commons, was elected president. Others on the board are Herman Oat, secretary of the English Pen Club, Hugh Walpole, Havelock Ellis, Professor Edgington, Professor Levy, Fenner Brockway, Louis Golding and Mrs. Hadon-Guest.

In France, a similar action has been taken by leading organizations and individuals. The first meeting, in Paris on April 1st, set the sum of 100,000 francs as its goal to be reached by May First.

The Executive Secretary of the French relief section is Francis Jourdan, well-known architect. Among the other leading members are Henri Gabrielle Duchene (Ligue Internationale des Femmes pour la Paix et la Liberte), Jean-Richard Bloch, the French Deputies Gaston, Bergery, Andre Berthoin, Gabriel Peri, Doctors Dalsace, Paul Mineur, Hans Altman, H. Dejust, Christian Dupinet, Challevet, Han Ryner, Andre Viollet, Leon Werth, Von Egon Kisch, Brecht, Walter Hasenclever.

Every city and town should establish its relief committees. Necessary information can be secured from the National Committee to Aid Victims of German Fascism, 75 Fifth Ave., New York City. Collection of funds should be started at once.

U.S. MAY BOYCOTT BERLIN OLYMPICS

Move Result of Pressure from Athletes

Under direct pressure of the membership of the Amateur Athletic Union and the demand of the Labor Sports Union, Avery Brundage, president of the Amateur Athletic Union, yesterday hinted that the United States would boycott the 1936 Olympics in Berlin because of discrimination against Jewish athletes and Jewish athletic officials. The statement of Brundage came in reply to a direct question from K. A. Miller, managing editor of the Jewish Times, a Baltimore paper.

"My personal, but unofficial opinion, is that the games will not be held in any country where there will be interference with the fundamental Olympic theory of equality of all races," stated Brundage in his letter. This statement came only after Dr. Lewald, president of the German Olympic Committee, had been removed because one of his grand-children was a Jew and the displeasure of Dr. Daniel Penn, one of Germany's ranking tennis players, from the Davis Cup Team, also on the basis of Jewish descent.

LSU Starred Boycott Movement
Labor Sports Union officials, when interviewed yesterday by a representa-

tative of the Daily Worker, pointed out that the LSU was the first organization to raise the question of an Olympic boycott against the Hitler terror. S. W. Gerson, Nat'l Secretary of the Labor Sports Union, told the Daily Worker representative that:

"The L.S.U. demanded this boycott in a statement released March 23rd. We demanded it, further, in a letter to the Amateur Athletic Union in the same week. We are also reliably informed that a number of A.A.U. clubs have adopted resolutions and have demanded action from their leaders. We, however, are not satisfied with Mr. Brundage's statement. We must fight to have all arrested labor sportsmen in Germany freed and the ban removed from all labor and Jewish sport organizations in Germany."

"The announcement of Brundage's move came like a bombshell to the athletic world. Rumors are flying about the Olympic games will be transferred to Rome or Tokyo, capitals which are straining every resource to get the 1936 games.

Defense Fails to Pierce Case Against British Engineers

(From Our Special Correspondent)

MOSCOW, U.S.S.R., April 19 (By Radiogram).—The trial of the six English and eleven Russian engineers accused of sabotage and spying, in which, as reported, the defense pleaded guilty except the two British engineers, Charles Nordwall and A. W. Gregory, was featured yesterday by a brilliant summing up made by the Russian defense counsel for the accused.

The defense, undertaking the arduous task of weakening the crushing weight of evidence, made the most of whatever weaknesses they could see in the prosecution's case. The most outstanding lawyers in the Soviet Union, having assumed the burden of refuting what appears to the layman to be the unshakable case of the state prosecutor, divided their line of defense into two categories:

Flaw Extension
In the case of defendants who had pleaded guilty, the defense pleaded extenuating circumstances. In the case of the defendants who had pleaded not guilty the defense attempted to refute or weaken the evidence against them.

In the latter category belong the speeches made this morning by Attorney Braude for Thornton, by Lidov for Nordwall, and by Lidov for Cushty. These three British subjects, accused of wrecking, espionage and counter-revolutionary plotting, certainly can have no complaint as to the calibre of the defense offered in their behalf by as shrewd and gifted lawyers as ever pleaded against overwhelming odds the gravest possible evidence.

Argues For Thornton
Perhaps the most outstanding speech for the defense was made by Braude for Thornton. Braude is one of the most distinguished lawyers known before the revolution, and is even more famous today as a pleader before the Soviet courts.

Braude admitted the weakness of his case, but argued that Thornton had not the same evil genius as the other defendants. The most serious charge against Thornton is sabotage, he stated, and "I can understand Thornton's rejection of the accusation of terror."

He declared that although Thornton had confessed wrecking else during the preliminary investigation, he had not admitted sabotage. He reminded the court of the recommendation by the prosecution of the acquittal of Gregory.

Editor's Note.—As reported in yesterday's issue, Gregory was acquitted, while Thornton was sentenced to three years in prison.

tion was stronger than against Gregory. Braude tried to prove that all the defendants had attempted to save themselves by testifying against Thornton. Referring to counter-revolutionists, Braude asked, "Are such people incapable of committing crimes without coming under the influence of Thornton?" To this question he replied, "They are capable."

Regarding the collection of military information, Braude contended that Thornton might have gathered such information unwittingly because, owing to the social ownership of the means of production in the Soviet Union, the meaning of "state secrets" and "espionage" is here different than it is in England. In England, Braude pointed out, it is a common practice for one firm to try to steal the other firm's secrets.

Bribery Common to Capitalists
Regarding the charge of bribery, Braude asserted the English law applies only to state affairs, and that bribery is a common method in English economic and industrial practice.

He admitted that Thornton and the others might have bought capitalist corruption into our country, and might have regarded the state as private employers.

Lidov, veteran barrister, in his defense of Cushty, discarded the tricks of oratory of which he is no small master. He argued instead that the weapon of cold logic and searching analysis.

Examining the nature of the evidence against Cushty, Lidov attempted to show that most of the evidence consisted of sheer testimony, and that the remaining evidence was indirect, giving grounds for reasonable doubt.

Had Right to Report to Thornton
As to gathering information, which Cushty had admitted in his own testimony, Lidov thought his client was well within his right to report to his superior, Thornton, about conditions in the localities he visited, even about the political sentiments of workers.

Similar reports to a foreigner by Soviet citizens, Lidov pointed out, would be a crime and evidence of evil intent, but Cushty had a right to discuss with Thornton his impressions of conditions in order to establish the general background of the country where their firm was doing business.

Asks Verdict of Not Guilty
Demanding a verdict of not guilty for his client, Lidov stated that such a verdict would mean more than that it would mean the end of the case.

reasonable doubts exist.

Capitalists Dazed by Depression

LONDON, April 19.—The annual report of the Liverpool Chamber of Commerce, published yesterday, is another evidence of the bankruptcy of the capitalist class and their lack of belief in itself, sunk into a defeatist mood under the impact of the ever-worsening crisis. The report says: "We have already passed the stage where we have started to neglect trade. Almost every nation totters on the brink of the chasm of insolvency. The negation of trading has already brought us to a condition of distraction which, if pursued, must eventually bring consequences of the direst severity."

The Labor Government which knowingly made use of these methods, or at least permitted them to continue under its auspices, became itself the prosecutor of this trial. It thereby trampled under foot all the doctrines of middle-class Liberalism, of which the Labor Party was the outcome.

More serious still it deliberately speculated on the passivity of the workers' movement in England, and wittingly pandered to this passivity, making of it an accomplice, in order to exterminate the movement of the Indian workers who form six-tenths of the British Empire.

Such is the scheme of which the workers' movement in England and in Europe must steam itself.

JESUIT AND LABOR MISLEADER FORM UNITED FRONT TO SLANDER U.S.S.R.

Patriots Talk Against Recognition of Soviet Union; Bar Workers from Hall

WASHINGTON, April 19.—Anti-Sovietism in its most vicious form was revealed last night at a meeting held under the auspices of the American Legion. An all star cast of notorious Red-Baiters was assembled for the purpose of slandering the Workers' Fatherland in a desperate effort to counteract the growing demand for recognition. Labor and mass organizations were conspicuous by their absence. It was a hand picked audience. To avoid embarrassing questions workers were barred.

In a speech scathing with hatred of the Workers' Government, Father Edmund Walsh, S. J., Catholic Priest, denounced the Soviet government. This well fed Jesuit exhorted his audience not to be betrayed by the lure of monetary gain. It did not matter he said, that some workers would find employment if recognition were given the USSR. What is more important, he cried, is honor.

Walsh praised Senator Borah for his activities as special prosecutor for the Coal Barons, against Bill Haywood and other labor leaders, but denounced the senator for advocating recognition. Hitler's bloody regime, Mussolini's reign of terror, were defended by Father Walsh. "Soviet Terrorism," however, shocked him. That is, terror against workers and Jews, and the expropriation of priests, capitalists, and kulaks is very wicked.

Outdoing even Father Walsh, Wm. Green, infamous misleader of the A. S. O. in its most vicious form was revealed last night at a meeting held under the auspices of the American Legion. An all star cast of notorious Red-Baiters was assembled for the purpose of slandering the Workers' Fatherland in a desperate effort to counteract the growing demand for recognition. Labor and mass organizations were conspicuous by their absence. It was a hand picked audience. To avoid embarrassing questions workers were barred.

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WORKERS' ORGANIZATIONS!

PREPARE FOR A UNITED MAY DAY Celebration

Order your MAY DAY BUTTONS from your district, C. P., U. S. A. or from Communist Party, U. S. A. P. O. Box 37, Station D, New York, N. Y.

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