

Turn to Page Three and Read Hathaway's Article on the Communist Party

Daily Worker Central Organ of the Communist Party U.S.A.

America's Only Working Class Daily Newspaper

WEATHER: Warmer, probably snow.

Vol. X, No. 298

Entered as second-class matter at the Post Office at New York, N. Y., under the Act of March 3, 1879.

NEW YORK, WEDNESDAY, DECEMBER 13, 1933

(Six Pages)

Price 3 Cents

WEIRTON STEEL HEAD DECLARES NRA INSURES OPEN SHOP

48 Phila. AFL Cleaners, Dye Shops in Scottsboro Protest Strike

COPS ATTACK 500 PUPILS IN WALKOUT

2000 Workers Involved in Mass Strike for Negro Boys

PHILADELPHIA, Pa., Dec. 12.—Forty-eight cleaners' and dyers' shops, involving more than 2,000 Philadelphia workers, struck for one-half hour yesterday as a protest against the frame-up convictions of Heywood Patterson and Clarence Norris, two of the Scottsboro boys sentenced to die on Feb. 2.

At the same time 500 of the 1,000 children at the Reynolds and Jefferson schools came out in a one-day strike today also as a protest against the Decatur verdicts. The principal locked the doors of the school and refused to permit the children who remained to leave the building.

Negro and white children picketed the two schools and fought police with snowballs. The strike was supported by the parents, two of whom, Brewington and Wilson, were beaten and arrested by the police.

The entire neighborhood of the schools showed great sympathy with the strike and cheered the strikers. A delegation went to the principal who said that he was forced to lock the remaining children in the building this morning in order to prevent the children from demonstrating.

The children who were out marched around the building several times shouting slogans demanding the freedom of the Scottsboro boys. The streets around the school were painted with the slogan, "School Strike."

A majority of a committee met immediately following this and decided on the following program: 1. To call a whole series of such school strikes.

2. To send a delegation to the Negro Chamber of Commerce in Philadelphia, with a proposal to have a one-hour protest strike to close down the business section as a Scottsboro protest.

Utilize this attack on the children for a big protest movement in the neighborhood.

3. To organize a central demonstration and march through the center of the city on December 23 at 1 p.m. at Rayburn Plaza.

N. Y. City to Get PWA Subway Loan - If It Cuts Wages

LaGuardia Will Cut City Pay for Loan; Wall St. Protected

NEW YORK, Dec. 12.—If the LaGuardia administration is ready to reduce the budget by \$24,000,000 it can borrow \$23,000,000 from the Public Works Fund to complete the Eighth Avenue Subway, Secretary Ickes announced today.

Dec. 19—International Day of Struggle For Freedom of Dimitroff, Torgler

THE German Fascist butchers in the Reichstag trial are waiting. They are waiting for but the slightest slackening in the rising wall of world protest.

And then the Fascist axe will strike! Then the Fascist murderers will execute our heroic Comrades, Dimitroff, Torgler, Popoff and Taneff!

The complete exposure of their hideous frame-up by the irresistible offensive of Dimitroff has not lessened the danger of their execution. It has roused the Goerings, the Hitlers, the Fascist judges to a frenzy of hate and brutal fury.

On December 19, the working class of the world will gather in its strength to give warning to the Fascist that the workers will not stand idly by while their Comrades are in danger of murder.

On December 19, the workers of America must gather in every shop, factory, mine, in every street and neighborhood to join its voice with the voice of the world proletariat against the murder of Dimitroff, Torgler and their Comrades!

The United Front of the working class—in every union, in mass demonstrations before every German Fascist Consulate office—everywhere! Protest meetings, telegrams, mass delegations to the German Fascist Consulates in every city, demanding the release of our heroic international fighters against Fascism!

Organize mass actions! Mass actions! For the release of Dimitroff, Torgler, Popoff and Taneff! Comrades, workers! The time is terribly short!

Many Organizations Join in Protests Against Nazi Trial

PARIS, Dec. 12.—At a meeting attended by 7,000 Paris transport workers, a delegation was elected to go to Germany, in order to visit Ernst Thaelmann and to study the situation of the German transport workers. The three elected delegates have already applied to the Nazi Embassy for visas.

NEW YORK.—A call to all districts, sections, branches, members and affiliates of the International Labor Defense to rally to the defense of the Reichstag fire trial defendants, to organize mass meetings and demonstrations, in preparation for and for participation in the international day of protest, Dec. 19, against the Leipzig frame-up, was sent out today by William L. Patterson, national I. L. D. secretary.

Organization of independent meetings, actions before German consulates in every city, and the flooding of the German embassy at Washington with protests against the murderous frame-up from branches, meetings, individuals, and every working class and intellectual organization that can be reached, was called for in the I. L. D. appeal.

Needle Workers to Protest

NEW YORK.—The Needle Trades Workers Industrial Union will hold a mass meeting to protest the Nazis' attempt to murder the four Reichstag trial defendants, Torgler, Dimitroff, Taneff and Popoff, on Wednesday, Dec. 13, at 2 p.m. at 131 W. 28th St.

ILD Wins Stay for Negro About to Die

LITTLE ROCK, Ark., Dec. 12.—A last minute 30-day reprieve was won today by mass pressure and the International Labor Defense for Luther Jean Jackson, Negro youth sentenced to burn in the electric chair. Jackson was defended by E. W. A. Eireman, local I. L. D. attorney.

Jackson was sentenced for the killing of Philip Windecker of this city although he was never identified as the man alleged to have fired the shot.

C. W. A. HIRED ONLY 12,000 NEW WORKERS IN CITY; NO MORE ADDED THIS MONTH

NEW YORK.—At most 12,000 unemployed have been put to work at the Civil Works Administration headquarters here on Dec. 15, demanding jobs or relief for all unemployed. Already three hundred and six thousand workers have registered for jobs and only 48,000 were actually placed on some work.

Single men and women are denied jobs. In the flop houses, where thousands of single men and women are forced to live, very few were given any work. On December 15 thousands of single men and women will march. The police have so far refused a permit for the march. They agree only to allow the workers to assemble at Union Park, and let a committee of ten present the demand to the C. W. A. for jobs.

One worker was arrested Sunday for distributing leaflets announcing the demonstration. The Unemployed Council calls upon all workers to support the march of the single men and women for jobs. The Unemployed Councils urge all working class organizations to send resolutions and letters to Mayor Kelly demanding the right to march.

NEW PROJECTS cannot be expedited in December, a letter of C.W.A. Administrator Whitney to the board admitted. Whitney and Winter requested the board of estimate to purchase one million dollars worth of equipment instead of two million, two hundred thousand dollars worth, because they might not see use for some time, if at all.

The C.W.A. by this time promised to have 56,000 men at work, above (Continued on Page 2)

C. W. A. Recruits Slave Labor for Peonage Camps

WASHINGTON, Dec. 12.—The Government plans for the expenditure of another \$360,000,000 for the subsidizing of the destruction of 20 per cent of next year's corn crop are rapidly being completed, Secretary of Agriculture Wallace announced today.

This means that Roosevelt is setting aside \$1,000,000 a day for the destruction of corn, a basic food. The Roosevelt government has already spent about \$500,000,000 for the destruction of corn, wheat, cotton and hogs.

These huge subsidies to the rich farmers for the reduction of the acreage and the plowing under of their crops, is paid for by the city consumers in the form of higher prices arising from the Roosevelt processing tax levied on these products. Actually, the Roosevelt processing taxes are an indirect sales tax.

This program of wheat and corn destruction, together with the processing tax, has already raised the cost of food 18 per cent since Roosevelt took office, the price of bread having risen from 1 to 2.5 cents a pound.

Retail Food Prices 18 Per Cent Higher Than 6 Months Ago

WASHINGTON, Dec. 12.—Retail prices of the most necessary foods are now 18 per cent higher than when Roosevelt took office in March, it was revealed today in a report of the U. S. Commission of Labor Statistics today.

During the last two weeks, the index of retail food rose again, so that now the index is practically at the highest point reached last September. The report was based on reports from retailers in 51 cities. The sharpest advances occurred in the prices of eggs, lard, cornmeal, and cabbage.

Starvation Deaths and Suicides

NEW YORK, Dec. 12.—Margaret Zabl, 25, who together with her aged mother was getting aid from the Home Relief Bureau, died yesterday from undernourishment.

The mother could not believe her daughter dead. For eight hours after the ambulance doctor left, she kept applying hot towels to the still cold body that never moved.

Two elderly workers, James Murphy, 88, and Horace McGroarty, 73, were removed from the Municipal Lodging House to Bellevue Hospital, suffering from undernourishment.

A dentist, Harry De Bover, 35, committed suicide by hanging because his practice was dwindling away.

A violinist, who formerly played with the Philadelphia Symphony Orchestra, Josef Waldman, 40, leaped to his death from the fifth floor of his home at 505 W. 164th Street. He was dependent over failure to make both ends meet.

STRIKES SPREAD IN SPAIN AS MASSES REBEL

MADRID, Dec. 12.—The nationwide resistance of the Spanish masses to the drive of the left-Republican government for a Fascist dictatorship on the basis of the recent elections for the Cortes, continued today with renewed vigor despite claims of the present Republican government of "complete success" for its attempt to drown the anti-Fascist struggle in blood.

The extent of the upsurge is shown in the powerful strikes now under way in the cities of Madrid, Barcelona, Saragossa, Granada, Ferrol, Oviedo, Coruna, Lugo, San Sebastian, Santander, Algeiras, Cadiz, Teruel and Huesca. The striking workers have rejected a call by the Socialist Party ordering them to return to work and discontinue their struggles against the government, which the Socialists have three ministers.

The government is censoring reports on the number of dead and wounded as casualties mounted throughout the country today. According to yesterday's report over 100 had been killed and several hundreds wounded. In several sections of the country, rank and file soldiers joined the ranks of the armed workers and peasants.

The uprising began last Friday and quickly spread all over Central and Northeastern Spain. Today's strike reports show that it has spread to Western and Southern Spain, as well. Starting in Barcelona under the leadership of the Anarchists and Syndicalist National Confederation of Labor, it was quickly joined by Communist and Socialist workers, despite the attacks on the uprising by the Socialist leadership.

All rightist and Centrist organizations, including the Socialist Party, Fascists and Monarchists, are supporting the government.

Dollar Rises to 64 Cents; Prices Sag Under Heavy Supply

NEW YORK, Dec. 12.—In its effort to quiet growing fears regarding its budget condition and the danger of further inflationary measures, the Roosevelt government continued to maintain its gold price at \$34.01 an ounce.

As a result, the dollar rose on foreign exchanges to about 64 cents in terms of the British sterling.

Commodity prices are sagging, since all the efforts of the Roosevelt government to send prices back to the 1926 level have so far not been successful, due to the enormous stock of unused goods on hand.

The financial circles talk of some form of stabilization agreement between Roosevelt, Britain and France. Such an agreement cannot be maintained in the face of the deepening antagonisms between these governments in their imperialist fight for foreign markets.

FEARS 14,000 WORKERS WILL OPPOSE OPEN SHOP AFTER N.R.A. BROKE STRIKE

UMWA Leader Uses Threats to Force Strikers to Work

Calls Strike Off As He Threatens Men With \$1 a Day Fine

BY TOM MYERSOUGH CENTRAL CITY, Pa., Dec. 12.—Striking miners of Central City Somerset County, Pa., got a new lesson in strikebreaking Sunday when Dave Watkins, U.M.W.A. organizer in this field arrived at their specially called strike meeting in company with the police to order the strike called off.

As soon as this union faker who is known too well in his own Ohio district to be permitted to work (there) began to speak, he repeated the threat of fines of \$1 a day per man for each day on strike, as he had done through the local press on the first day of the strike. The men let out a howl and threats were made against Watkins. This, however, was quelled by his "police protection."

A vote to return to work was forced through, although many of the men will be unable to work because lack of necessary rails, posts, other supplies, etc., necessary to the mining of coal, the cause of the strike, are still unavailable. With the vote to return, however, was a threat to return on strike if demands are not met by Monday.

When Watkins was through speaking, the miners were kept inside the hall for fully 15 minutes to permit the U.M.W.A. faker that much headway in getting out of town and thus escape the wrath of the miners.

Court Orders Death for 17-Year Negro Girl

JACKSON, Miss., Dec. 12.—The Mississippi Supreme Court today ordered the hanging of a 17-year-old Negro girl and fixed Jan. 17 as the execution date.

The child, Annie May Harmon, accused of killing her husband in a fit of jealous rage. The lynch court used this as a pretext for ordering the execution of the child. Significantly, the court has never returned a death verdict against a white woman.

Help Dig A Pit For Capitalism!

IN the press room of the Daily Worker revolutionary workers have already dug the pit for the foundation for our new, modern press. Mounds of earth are being carted away from the basement press room. On the foundation in this excavation, five feet deep, thirty nine feet long, a powerful machine will in a few weeks whirl off 36,000 Daily Workers per hour.

BECAUSE of your splendid support, we are able to build this foundation for our new press which will make our Daily Worker a still more powerful weapon in our struggles. All of us who are helping the Daily Worker are helping to dig a pit for the capitalist system.

OUR receipts yesterday were fair only because a group of professional workers sent in over \$250, Chicago \$91, Jewish Worker Clubs, \$58, Seattle, \$38. Contributions from individual workers and most organizations were extremely low.

We are still waiting to hear from the various districts how soon they can raise their quotas, how much more they will voluntarily raise to make sure that we can retain the new press.

Do not delay, comrades. Your nickels, dimes, dollars mean life and revolutionary strength to our fighting "Daily." Rush your contributions today. Ask your fellow workers to contribute.

Tuesday's receipts ..... \$ 521.78 Previous total ..... 34,419.92 TOTAL TO DATE ..... \$34,941.70

AFL Leaders Helped NRA, Bosses to Betray Men

Strikers Were Told They Could Choose Representatives

PITTSBURGH, Dec. 12.—Fourteen thousand steel workers of the Weirton Steel Co. in West Virginia and Ohio were told yesterday that all the promises made to them by the N. R. A. to end their strike on Oct. 16 are not worth the paper they are written on.

Ernest T. Weir, chairman of the company, announced that the promise to hold elections and give the workers the right to elect their own representatives would be rejected. He declares the N. R. A. guarantee the open shop and company union.

In the latter part of September, for the first time in 20 years, 14,000 steel workers of the Weirton Steel Co. went on strike demanding union recognition and higher wages.

The men put up a militant strike and were in a position to win. The strike was led by the Amalgamated Association of Steel, Tin and Wire Workers, affiliated to the A. F. of L. The strike leaders urged the men to refrain from picketing, and finally after negotiations with President Weir, Senator Wagner, William Green and other N. R. A. officials, ordered the men to return to work, with the promise that the N. R. A. would grant them the right to hold elections in the second week in December.

Strikebreaking Agreement The terms of the agreement through which the men were driven back to work when victory was in their grasp was signed by Mr. Weir, Senator Wagner and William J. Long of the A. A.

The steel company officials and the N. R. A. administrators knew that this was a trick to break the strike, and would be followed by precisely just such action as is now taking place.

A. A. officials, likewise, knew that they were betraying the strike. As a result of the breaking of the strike, 2,500 of the most active strike militants lost their jobs. The rest are now being forced into a company union.

In Washington, the N. R. A. officials are seeking to cover their sly methods of breaking the strike by threatening court action against Weir to force an election. But the steel bosses smile confidently, knowing that this is so much hog wash for public consumption and to keep other workers from realizing the methods of N. R. A. strikebreaking. (See editorial on editorial page.)

Muneric Strikers Aided by Dock Men

I.L.A. Sends Scabs To Break Strike

PHILADELPHIA, Dec. 12.—The Steamship Muneric strike is holding out solid, with longshoremen refusing to work yesterday when the crew shut off steam. I. L. A. officials tried to send men to work and threatened delegates of the Marine Workers Industrial Union.

The captain is attempting to split the ranks by paying three individuals part of the five months salary owed them, and serving better food. The result of this move is that the feeling of solidarity among the crew and the determination to win all demands has been strengthened.

The captain threatened to deport all foreigners and threw an M.W.L.U. delegate off the ship. The ship crew has elected a committee of four to stop deportation of any of the strikers.

Shipping agencies have their windows covered with wire and are not attempting to ship any scabs to the strike.

# SWEEPING INJUNCTION AGAINST N. Y. SHOE STRIKE GRANTED

## Court Outlaws All Strike Activity of Industrial Union

### Decision Denounced by TUUC as Second Danbury Case

NEW YORK.—A sweeping injunction against the Shoe and Leather Worker Industrial Union, was granted yesterday by Justice Emery Wenzel in the Brooklyn Supreme Court, to twelve shoe companies whose employees are on strike. The injunction is aimed against all strike activity of the union. The affidavit filed by the manufacturers charges the union with the crime of "striking" and that the union "picketed the plaintiffs plants." The injunction was sought also on the grounds that the shoe union is "not affiliated in any way with the American Federation of Labor" and that its "principle purpose is the overthrow of the government of the United States." The companies claim that "in so far as possible, they have complied with the blanket code" and that the injunction against the right to strike activities should be granted.

The injunction is to be effective until the trial takes place. No date has been set for the trial.

This injunction is a new parallel to the noted Danbury hat case, where the employees sued and collected heavy damages from a union and its membership, and constitutes one of the latest attempts of the shoe manufacturers to destroy the militant Shoe Workers Industrial Union, which has been able, in the last few months, to lead many successful strikes against the employers and win wage increases and better conditions for over 6,000 workers. Each of the 12 firms demands \$50,000 or \$60,000 in all from the union.

"This sweeping injunction constitutes a challenge to the entire labor movement in New York city and should arouse a tremendous mass protest not only by the unions affiliated to the Trade Union Unity Council and by the independent unions," declared Andrew Overgaard, Secretary. "The T.U.U.C. is calling upon all its affiliated organizations to immediately protest this action and support the Shoe Workers Union in this struggle."

The T.U.U.C. telegraphed to the Shoe Workers Amalgamation Committee in Boston appealing to the shoe workers in New England and elsewhere, to raise a mighty protest against this new attempt of destroying the militant trade unions.

## Shoe Union Misleaders Hinder Amalgamation

### Industrial Union Leads Rank and File Fight Against Betrayal

By CHARLOTTE TODDES

BOSTON, Mass., Dec. 12.—The road to amalgamation promises to be far from smooth for the four shoe unions participating in the Boston Convention. In the first days of the convention and in events immediately preceding, certain alignments can be seen which are going to try to block the path to unity and a militant program.

**Officials Fear Rank and File**

Already controversies are looming on the question of limiting the voting strength of the industrial union, the Shoe and Leather Workers Industrial Union, by means of which certain elements in the convention hope to weaken the influence of the union. At the same time officials are trying to limit the size of their own delegations out of fear of the strength of the rank and file in the convention. Several hundred members of the Protective Union were declared ineligible to participate in the convention on a technicality.

The rank and file in the convention are for amalgamation on the basis of militant industrial unionism. Several locals of the National and Protective shoe unions have gone on record for this. Local No. 13 of the Protective Union in Haverhill, with 500 members, voted unanimously for establishment of a class struggle with

rank and file leadership, against affiliation to the A. F. of L. and against any form of arbitration. The Industrial Union delegation is in the vanguard of this group with a clear program for achieving unity of the rank and file on the basis of class struggle.

**Nolan and Mahan Against Rank and File**

At the Convention are also supporters of Nolan and Mahan, leadership of the Protective and National shoe unions, respectively, brothers of A. F. of L. bureaucracy, whose only hope of regaining their fast waning power is to bend to the will of the overwhelming majority of workers and support amalgamation and to try to steer the workers into the A. F. of L. eventually. They are saying little at the convention, but are mobilizing all anti-amalgamation forces to fight it.

Then there is a group of Lovestonite renegades, led by Zimmerman and Bixby, elements who throughout the preliminary period of preparation of the convention, have played their game of alliance with officials, while pretending support of the rank and file movement. They are leaders in disruptive activities against the industrial union and are backed by the Jewish "Forward," and J. Beorak, Socialist attorney here in close alliance with the A. F. of L. officials. Their aim is an independent union to hand over to the A. F. of L.

The outcome of the convention rests on the action of the militant rank and file. As one rank and file put it, "We should be here not only to form one union, but to make the convention a means of preparing for the coming battles of the shoe workers."

## Workers' Paper in the Norwegian Language Now Published in N.Y.

NEW YORK.—Through the help of the Swedish language paper, Ny Tid, a new weekly paper in the Norwegian-Danish language is being published here. The new paper, the Norsk-Dansk Ny Tid, will be published weekly as an eight-page paper devoted to working-class news and articles.

In the past, Norwegian-Danish language news have been published on a separate page of the Swedish paper. The new paper gives the Norwegian-Danish workers in America a revolutionary paper in their own language for the first time.

It is being published by the Sepco Publishing Co., 35 E. 12th St., New York; Brooklyn address, 4012 Eighth Ave., Brooklyn, N. Y. Subscription rates will be \$1.50 a year, 75 cents for six months.

## Powers to Be Tried Today at the Tombs

NEW YORK.—George Powers, District Organizer of the Steel and Metal Workers Industrial Union and vice-chairman of the Trade Union Unity Council, who was arrested as a result of his leading a demonstration on the Home Relief Bureau on April 27, 1932, will be tried today at General Sessions, 100 E. Tombs Court at 10:00 a. m. He is charged with rioting, inciting to riot and assault under penal law 2019, an old Blue Law, and has been out on \$3,500 bail.

As a result of the demonstration led by Powers, the Board of Estimates two days later voted an additional five million dollars to apply on home relief.

Powers is being defended by Joe Zauber, International Labor Defense attorney. Workers are urged to be present at this trial and to pack the court.

## Scott Nearing Norman Thomas

### "Resolved That the NRA Is a Step Toward Socialism"

Wednesday, Dec. 13, 8:30 P. M.  
IRVING PLAZA  
Irving Pl. & 13th St., N. Y. C.  
Admission 35c

## To ALL MASS ORGANIZATIONS

### Please Note That the ROTOGRAPH CO. has moved to 15 EAST 13TH STREET

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## INTERNATIONAL LABOR DEFENSE BAZAAR

FRIDAY | SATURDAY | SUNDAY  
DEC. 15 | DEC. 16 | DEC. 17

### PEOPLE'S AUDITORIUM

### 2437 WEST CHICAGO AVENUE

PROGRAM: Singing, Dancing, Chorus, Ballets, South Slav and Bulgarian "Kolo" and many more attractions.

PROCEEDS: Defense of Class War Prisoners. —Admission 10c

## GUTTERS OF NEW YORK

—by del



"No subway should be permitted to run at a deficit." —Arthur C. Cunningham, Comptroller-elect on his recent return from a European vacation.

Helping the Daily Worker through Del:	
2 Hunter Girls .....	\$0.25
T. Richter .....	1.00
Sisson Sign Co. ....	3.00
Charles Groff .....	1.00
M. Marx .....	1.00
<b>TOTAL TO DATE</b> .....	<b>\$6.25</b>

## Former Khaki Shirt Clears Terzani; Names Real Killer

(Continued from Page 1)

A free-for-all fight started, he related, and while Fierro and Smith were grappling, Moffet stood on a bench and shot Fierro in the back with an automatic pistol.

A little later, Wein declared, he heard Gen. Dominick Siana of the Khaki Shirt organization say to Moffet, "Why did you kill him?"

On several occasions, the witness said, Smith told him, "you must help back me up in this," referring to Smith's accusations against Terzani. The Khaki Shirt chief also made repeated threats, Wein asserted, and at one time said that if Wein didn't testify as Smith demanded, that he would "kill me and all the other Jews."

Fear of death at the hands of Smith and his crowd caused him to lie in his testimony before the grand jury, he said in court yesterday.

"Did you deliberately tell an untruth before the grand jury?" Judge Downs asked the witness beligerently.

"No," replied Wein, "I answered that way because I had been threatened. I was afraid I would be killed."

"If you lied then, are you telling the truth now," pursued the judge.

"Yes, I am not afraid now," he declared, gaining courage, as he faced the witness, and asked him if he was "fully aware" of his position before the grand jury and whether he knew the "significance of an oath," Defense Attorney Hays vigorously objected.

"You are practically threatening the witness," Hays protested, "that if he insists that his testimony now is the truth, he is liable to prosecution for perjury before the grand jury. Moreover, you are serving notice that if any of the other Khaki Shirts tell the truth about the murder of Fierro, they will get into trouble."

"I have no such purpose," the judge declared, gaining courage, as he faced the witness, and asked him if he was "fully aware" of his position before the grand jury and whether he knew the "significance of an oath," Defense Attorney Hays vigorously objected.

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## C.W.A. Hires Only 12,000 New Men in City of New York

(Continued from Page 1)

and only 12,000 are at work. New those transferred from Work Relief, projects are being held up. Whitney said he would "withhold" projects until January.

NEW YORK, N. Y.—A strike of 200 workers from the Arden section of the Bear Mountain Civil Works Administration took place at the Erie Ferry, Jersey City, Monday. In New York City C. W. A. workers revealed that they had not been paid for over two weeks.

NEW YORK.—The strike of 500 workers of the International Textile Co. at 12 St. and Fourth Ave. was sold out yesterday by the officials of the Amalgamated Clothing Workers Union.

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## Delegates to Cuba Will Report Sunday

NEW YORK.—The Anti-Imperialist League delegation, consisting of Harry Gannes, Henry Shepard of the Trade Union Unity Council, J. B. Matthews of the American League Against War and Fascism, Alfred Runge of the Workers Ex-Servicemen's League and Walter Reils of the National Student League will report on their tour of investigation in Cuba at a mass meeting Sunday, 8 p. m., at the New Star Casino, 107th St. and Park Avenue.

The delegates, who spent three weeks investigating conditions in Cuban plantations, prisons, sugar mills, factories, trade unions, and peasant and student organizations, will give a first hand account of the Cuban revolutionary situation. Joseph Freeman will be chairman.

## Rep. Dickstein Nazi Quiz Peters Out As Members Stay Away

By SEYMOUR WALDEMAN

(Daily Worker Washington Bureau)  
WASHINGTON, D. C., Dec. 12.—Boycotted by eight of the nine members of his own House Subcommittee on Naturalization and Immigration, Representative Samuel Dickstein (Democrat) of New York City today concluded his preliminary hearings on Nazi propaganda in the United States.

The chairman of the subcommittee sat alone and disconsolate at the huge mahogany hearing table, while the few newspaper men present openly jeered at the spectacle.

Of the hundreds of the correspondents in Washington, only four were there, representing the United Press, the Buffalo Evening News, Hearst's International News Service and the Daily Worker.

Before the beginning of today's sessions Dickstein announced that he had filed the charges with the Postmaster General against "Liberation," an organ of the anti-Semitic Fascist Silver Shirts, published at Asheville, North Carolina, by William Dudley Pelley, the guiding genius of the new "Liberation." Dickstein claimed that "Liberation" had nothing in it important bearing on the arts or sciences and demanded that the post office withdraw its second class mailing privileges.

The session closed with the placing in the record of a seven-page document entitled "Historical Sketch on Origin and Extent of Nazi Activities in United States," printed by the government. "For the use of the Committee on Immigration and Naturalization."

Dickstein, obviously mortified by the snubbing of himself by the rest of the subcommittee, hunched his body under the bronze bust of a smiling George Washington.

He tried to ignore the empty seats by talking to the reporters off at the side of the committee table.

"The German Consul in Colon," Dickstein declared, while Rosbottom was in the witness' chair, "visited your ships and instructed the crew to bring in Nazi literature through his office. This literature, which was kept in the lockers of the stateroom and the stewards, was also used to propagandize the passengers, furthermore, a number of Germans have been brought into Colon without the proper certificates entitling them to work on American ships."

"That's impossible on our ships. We do not have anybody in Colon," Dickstein informed the press after the close of the session that testimony had been presented secretly to the committee that forty-four Germans, working as stewards, cooks and seamen on the Panama Lines, operate as Nazi couriers and propagandists.

## Amalgamated Leaders Sell-Out Tailoring Strike of 500 Men

NEW YORK.—The strike of 500 workers of the International Textile Co. at 12 St. and Fourth Ave. was sold out yesterday by the officials of the Amalgamated Clothing Workers Union.

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## The Fathers Fire Hunk

THERE was a priest in the village of my childhood but he was a catholic priest and I never spoke to him. He looked mean and there were always beads of sweat on his chins. He had chins in the back of his neck too. I thought of him as the kind of oriental potentate who infests Arabian Nights entertainments.

Once I took a copy of Anatole France's "At the Sign of the Queen Pedagogue" off the shelves and read it carefully and it altered all my ideas about the priest and from a sinister menace he changed into a treacherous and despicable and ludicrous figure. This Brother Ange in the book was all that. A lowly capuchin and filled with scurry tricks. He would abscond with a donkey and go about the countryside asking aims about the strength of the relics he exhibited. He bore a feather of the Angel Gabriel, a ray from the wise man's star and in a little phial a trifle of the sound of the bells that rang in the belfry of Solomon's temple. Manifestly, a faker.

HE exercised a hold not only on the imagination, but also on more tangible and delectable portions of the heroine Catherine. Every time Jacques Tournebrouche thought he had her all to himself, and this was not often. Brother Ange would appear in the background. At the age of eleven I could scarcely imagine what she saw in him, but I have the impression which may or may not have been conveyed by the author that the capuchin lent himself to amorous practices disdained by the hero, who was veritably elevated in soul and simple and direct in his methods.

I pictured Brother Ange as a small man with many chins in his reversed collar and for a time that odious neckwear was to me like red cloth to a hamilton fish. It was the nausea one experiences while listening to Father Coughlin's speeches or watching Salvation Army officers spread gospel inches thick. The sensation recurred in the early part of this week when the resignation of Hunk Anderson and the appointment of Elmer Layden was announced by Father O'Hara of Notre Dame.

I was preparing for one of the semi-annual trips of the elevator at the Workers Center and a couple of pioneers were discussing what they will do after the revolution. One of them said he was going to have Hitler shot. The other was going to have eight new elevators installed in Workers Center, each of them constantly operating. Then he remembered the Young Pioneers were going to move into the Empire State anyhow.

I was looking over the paper with the Layden announcement. It carried a shot of Acting President Father O'Hara signing the school's former backfield star for a two-year term. The caption failed to mention Hunk Anderson.

Hunk Anderson had a poor season. He was fired and Layden who had been doing well at Duquesne signed.

I AM not sorry for Hunk Anderson who will not have to worry about getting a job. I may be an old man, for all I know, who goes around tying cans to dog's tails or forcing quarterbacks to learn how to count up to ten. And I don't begrudge Elmer Layden his chance to recruit a few miners and steel workers' sons and give them four years of financial irresponsibility.

It's the smug mug on the lug with the reverse collar that gets me. It's the idea of these ecclesiastical horse's necks having the power to dispose of people's livelihoods and that on the basis of a few humbled pigskins which are not

Helping the Daily Worker Through Ed Newhouse  
Contributions received to the credit of Edward Newhouse in the Socialist competition with Michael Gold, Dr. Luttinger, Helen Luke and Jacob Burek to raise \$1,000 in the \$40,000 Daily Worker Drive:  
Yorkville Athletic Club..... \$ 1.00  
W. Berenbaum..... .25  
Previous total..... 568.23  
Total to date..... \$569.48

All Comrades meet at the Vegetarian Workers' Club  
—DINING ROOM—  
Natural Food for Your Health  
220 E. 14th Street  
Bet. Second and Third Avenues

JADE MOUNTAIN  
American & Chinese Restaurant  
197 SECOND AVENUE  
Bet. 12 & 13  
Welcome to Our Comrades

All Comrades Meet at the NEW HEALTH CENTER CAFETERIA  
Fresh Food—Proletarian Prices 50 L. 13TH ST., WORKERS' CENTER

CAMP NITGEDAIGET  
Beacon, N. Y. Phone: Beacon 731  
The Only Workers' Camp Open All Year  
HOTEL WITH 60 ROOMS  
Steam Heat, Hot and Cold Running Water in Each Room.  
Wholesome Food, Sports, Cultural Activities  
Best Place to Rest  
Price: \$14.00 Per Week (including press tax)  
Private cars leave daily at 10:30 a.m. from the Cooperative Restaurant, 2700 Bronx Park East  
Established 8-21-11

Grand Opening Today  
SILVER FOX BAR & GRILL  
326 SEVENTH AVE.  
BET. 28TH & 29TH STREETS  
Good Food at Lowest Prices  
MEET YOUR FELLOW WORKER AT OUR  
LONG BAR

Lecture on Reichstag Trial at N.T.W.U.  
Alfred Wagnaketch, chairman of the National Committee to Aid Victims of German Fascism, will speak on the Reichstag trial at the forum of the Needle Trades Workers Industrial Union, today, 2 p. m., at 151 W. 28th St. Admission free.

Building Maintenance Workers' Meeting  
A meeting of the Bronx Local, Building Maintenance Workers Union will be held tonight, 8:30, at IWO headquarters, 815 E. 180th

# CONFERENCE CITY PREPARE FOR WASHINGTON JOBLESS CONVENTION JAN. 13

## National Tag Days for Meet Set for Dec. 16-17

NEW YORK.—County and City conferences are being held throughout the United States in preparation for the Unemployed Convention to be held in Washington, D. C. on Jan. 13, 14 and 15, called by the National Committee of Unemployed Councils.

from all parts of the country demanding Unemployment Insurance. Workers' organizations should immediately send protest telegrams and letters to President Roosevelt.

## Call for Jobless Meet Dec. 23 in Cleveland, Ohio

### Will Elect Delegates to National Convention

CLEVELAND, Ohio.—The Unemployed Council here sent out a call for the Mass Convention Against Unemployment to be held Saturday, Dec. 23, 7 p. m., at the Small Home Owners Hall, 4233 Lorain.

## Buffalo Conference to Demand Jobless Insurance, Dec. 17

### City Employment Drops 4 3-10 Per Cent in One Month

BUFFALO, N. Y.—Pointing to the mass lay-offs that are taking place in Buffalo and vicinity, the Joint Councils of Unions and Unemployed Councils has issued a call for a United Front Conference for Unemployment Insurance to be held Sunday, Dec. 17, at Carpenters Hall, at 8 p. m.

## Jobless Conference in Cincinnati Will Demand Insurance

CINCINNATI, Ohio.—The local Unemployed Council is calling a conference for Thursday, Dec. 21, 8 p. m., at Central Trust Hall, Room 10, 1411 Walnut St.

## Single Workers March for Chicago Civil Works Jobs

### Police Have Denied a March Permit

CHICAGO, Ill.—Thousands of single workers, men and women from rooming houses and dirty flophouses of the city here, will march to the Civil Works Administration office on Dec. 15, demanding jobs or cash relief.

## News Briefs

**Three Killed When Wall Caves In**  
KNOXVILLE, Tenn., Dec. 12.—At least three men were killed and six were buried when the retaining wall on the Indian Gap Highway in Great Smoky Mountains caved in.

**One Killed, Five Hurt in Italian Mine Blast**  
PALERMO, Italy, Dec. 12.—A worker was killed and five seriously injured by the premature explosion of a mine while they were excavating near here.

**Fourth Dies as Result of Maine Fire**  
BANGOR, Me., Dec. 12.—A fourth death as a result of a fire which destroyed the Paradise dance hall yesterday occurred today. Miss Helen Emery, a married dancer, died from injuries suffered in the blaze.

**\$5 Debt Causes Death of Two**  
BRISTOL, Pa., Dec. 12.—John Princivilla, unemployed, demanded \$5 which was owed to him by Frank DiMarco, unemployed. DiMarco, not having the money, shot Princivilla and then committed suicide. Nine children in one family and three in the other are left fatherless.

**Several Die in Central Europe Cold Wave**  
LONDON, Dec. 12.—Several deaths were reported due to exposure as an intense cold wave swept over Europe. The Thames river froze for the first time in many years.

**Teacher Swindles Six of \$200,000**  
NEW YORK, Dec. 12.—Frederick J. Werner, former Brooklyn school teacher, today admitted to swindling several people out of \$200,000. He nevertheless pleaded not guilty to the formal charge of grand larceny and said he would pay it back.

# Why the Communist Party Calls On the Workers to Join Its Ranks

By C. A. HATHAWAY  
Article II

## Communists Wage Relentless Fight for the Workers' Daily Needs and Revolutionary Aims; Socialist Leaders Betray

Having shown in my first article, which appeared in Saturday's Daily Worker, that the Communist Party alone foresaw the impending crisis correctly estimated its trend, and in a timely, unhesitating manner exposed the anti-working class program of Hoover, Roosevelt and the reformists, the second question that naturally arises in the mind of the millipede before deciding to join the Communist Party is the following: What steps has the Communist Party taken during the present prolonged crisis to rally the workers in defense of their own interests, and were those such as would serve to unite the workers in the most effective struggle for their immediate needs and for their revolutionary class aims?



C. A. HATHAWAY

We believe that also in the field of practical work, as well as in the field of political-economic theory, the Communist Party is justified in appealing to workers to join its ranks.

Organize Workers' Struggles  
At the outbreak of the crisis and throughout the four crisis years we have repeatedly declared that the road out of the crisis pursued by the bourgeoisie is one which leads to a new imperialist world slaughter and to new onslaughts on the living standards and on the civil rights of the toilers. This obvious class aim of the bourgeoisie has conditioned our approach to every measure.

Open Service to Capitalists  
The A. F. of L. leaders make no pretense of desiring a socialist society. They openly support the capitalist system.

Revolution Aim of Workers  
At the same time, while exerting every effort to rally the workers for these day-to-day struggles—and it is on this point that our basic differences with the reformist and renegade groups begin—we strive to convince the workers, through their experiences and through our activities, that capitalism offers only greater misery and exploitation, that social-

gradual, peaceful change to Socialism, and in the name of this gradual, peaceful change to Socialism, they advocate and practice in their leadership of the unions and the unemployed movement the same class collaboration policies as the F. of L. leadership, and with the same disastrous results for the workers.

Behind such theories, these reactionary Socialist leaders, to the extent that they could have prevented the development of mass struggles against the lowering of the workers' living standards during the crisis. They have hampered and sabotaged every effort to unite the workers' ranks.

Betrays in Name of Socialism  
But what are the differences between the A. F. of L. leaders and the Socialist Party leaders? The Socialist Party leaders stand for socialism. But their deeds, though concealed behind socialist phrases, are no different than the deeds of the A. F. of L. leaders.

Editor's Note:—The young workers in this camp can fight the military rule by organizing the boys better than the quacks that our parents have signed, a meeting should be called to elect a committee to present it to the commandant.

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# BENJAMIN, FREED BY MASS PROTEST, URGES SPEED IN CONVENTION PREPARATIONS

## Leaders of Armour Strike Tried; Fight for Unions' Rights as Aftermath of Walk-out

### 10% Pay Raise Granted as Aftermath of Walk-out

SOUTH ST. PAUL, Minn.—Before a courtroom jammed to overflowing with packinghouse workers, three leaders of the recent Armour strike went on trial Friday to defend the right of the workers to organize, strike, and picket.

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Eight Days on Bread and Water  
Benjamin was arrested in Gallup while on a tour in preparation of the National Unemployed Convention. He spoke on the picket line to the Gallup miners, placed the militia, headed by General Woods, had banned all meetings, arrested most of the strike leaders, and instituted a reign of terror after Benjamin's arrest.

## Bedding Workers Win 3-Day Strike

PHILADELPHIA, Pa., Dec. 13.—The newly organized Quilt, Bedding and Mattress Local of the Furniture Workers Industrial Union of Philadelphia has carried through a three day strike, winning all demands of the union. The Quilt Workers Industrial Union, while still independent, has gained union recognition in that shop and a closed union shop.

## First Workers' Center Opened at Worcester

WORCESTER, Mass., Dec. 12.—Over 300 workers celebrated the opening of the first workers' center in Worcester here Sunday, at 3 Harrison St.

## Capitalist Press Censors Sensational News of Present Senate Hearings on Trusts' Poisoned Food Products

In fact, I have direct information that, during the months in which manufacturers were organizing the opposition, Copeland attended numerous secret conferences with them and actually embarrassed them by his haste in agreeing to all their demands.

# Senate Committee Protects Food Adulterations of the Food Trusts

## Government Protects Wall Street Food, Drug Monopolies Which Sell Harmful Goods Under False Advertisements

By MARGUERITE YOUNG  
(Daily Worker Washington Bureau)  
WASHINGTON, Dec. 12.—A seven-billion-dollar-a-year cosmetic and drug business came to Washington in person last week and took charge of a promise by the Roosevelt government to make all foods sold for profit fit to eat, all drugs genuinely curative, all cosmetics harmless, and the advertising of them truthful.

There, C. Farlin of the Curtis Publishing Company of Philadelphia, the perpetrator of the Saturday Evening Post, speaking also for the National Publishers Association, including about 150 of them, frankly declared they would not stand for supervision of advertising, and that such a thing simply could not be done.

## Reporters Gagged

By no means would the bill curb the most respectable and powerful of the manufacturers of food, drugs and cosmetics. It would not touch advertisements such as one that appeared recently in Chicago newspapers, promising all the unemployed jobs if only they would buy Lifebuoy soap and be rid of body odor.

Copeland in Secret Meetings  
Copeland is now re-writing the bill, and it is the foregone conclusion of every insider in Washington that he will riddle even its pretense of providing protection to the consumers before presenting it to the full committee.

## Present Situation in Gallup

The strike settlement, Comrade Benjamin declared, has established the National Miners Union not only in Gallup, but forced a settlement, without an actual strike, in Madrid, New Mexico. In Madrid 300 out of 500 miners have joined the N.M.U. and won 18 demands.

Roosevelt Machine Responsible  
The demonstration Nov. 4 of the Gallup miners, Benjamin pointed out, coupled with the nationwide protests, forced the state government to move himself and Kaplan to Albuquerque and end the manhandling in prison.

Letters from Our Readers

I. L. D. BRANCH SHOWS HOW TO... The English-Scottsboro Branch of the International Labor Defense opened its headquarters on Saturday, Dec. 2, at 777 Gates Ave., Brooklyn. We are concentrating in a Negro territory of Crown Heights, Brooklyn. Leaflets were being distributed, calling workers to attend a "Scottsboro Protest and Anti-Lynch Meeting on Sunday, Dec. 2." Last Friday evening we were discussing methods for the distribution of our leaflets and decided it would be an excellent opportunity to mobilize for a Daily Worker Sunday, due to the fact that it is the only working-class newspaper bringing forward clearly the role of the I. L. D. in its defense of the Scottsboro boys. We only ordered 50 Dollars, and had no difficulty selling them. Needless to say, with more force and a little more effort, we could easily have sold twice that many.

GETTING INTO THE CLASS STRUGGLE

Los Angeles, Calif. Editor, Daily Worker: Please send my "Daily Worker" to my new address as I hate to wait an extra day for the news. The whole thing is quite new to me, but I'm learning fast. The fifth of May this year I was canned from my job as school janitor employed by the L. A. Public School Department, or indirectly by the Chamber of Commerce, on the grounds of being a socialist. Well I became quite interested and thousands of questions sprang me to study and hear good lecturers as Ella Winter, Leo Gallagher and others. Life has quite a different meaning now and it's such a thrill and satisfaction to be able to answer a few simple questions on economics and politics.

On Oct. 2 of our Hunger March, I was arrested and booked with C. S. and A. W. D. and held set at \$3,000. The C. S. was dropped and the I.L.D. bailed me out. I was called to court on Oct. 27 and pleaded "Not Guilty" and trial was set for Nov. 22. It has been again postponed till Dec. 15th. It's quite educational and amusing to see the lost motion and inconsistency of the court. I wouldn't trade my experience and the confidence one realizes in true friends of the Daily Worker: Protective Union and the L. C. L. makes me realize that the workers' cause can't be checked.

FACTS REFUTE S. P. LIES ABOUT GERMAN PARTY

Brooklyn, N. Y. Comrade Editor: The Socialist papers keep on repeating the lie that the German Communist Party is dead. Here is a clipping from the Herald Tribune of Nov. 24 refuting the Socialist papers statement. Notice the fact that the article was written at the end of the column on page 10.

"German Police Hold 2,300 Reds"

BERLIN, Nov. 23 (U.P.)—The secret police announced today that recent actions against Communist propagandists had resulted in 2,300 arrests and the seiz-

In the Home

CONDUCTED BY HELEN LUKE

The following tract, written for this column, is one of several brief articles dealing with the problems of proletarian women under capitalism, offers the most concrete proof of the truth of Marx's assertion that the abolition of the capitalist mode of production and distribution must have as a corollary the disappearance of prostitution.

PROF. FRANKWOOD WILLIAMS AND THE "MIRACLE OF HISTORY"

By DR. HARRY M. TOZZAN In a book called "New Russia," by Prof. Jerome Davis of Yale University, who visited the Soviet Union many times during the past year, are reports of twelve American professors of several colleges and different departments of stunts that were staged by Prof. Frankwood Williams, American psychiatrist and president of the American Association of Mental Hygiene, writes that he entered the land of the Soviets with the usual prejudices, but soon received a shock that woke him up from an ingrained snobbish Yankee superiority complex.

Worked 8-5:30 With No Lunch at Childs on Thanksgiving

(By a Food Worker Correspondent.) NEW YORK CITY.—Thanksgiving Day I worked from 8 a. m. to 5:30 p. m. at Childs Restaurant, 1551 Broadway, without anything to eat or a drink. Every other girl that came in on the same shift had nothing to eat or rest either. Saturday I worked from 11:30 a. m. to 9 p. m., with a half hour off for lunch. They have absolutely been without enough help these last days.

WILLIAM LAMB, Red Builder

Jack Bernstein, of Chicago, Ill., has been expelled by the Red Front Fighters League of Chicago as an unreliable, careerist and opportunist individual. He has proved himself also irresponsible in financial matters in that he has misused the funds of the Red Front.

EXPELLED FOR IRRESPONSIBILITY

He claims he was formerly of the Young Communist League of New York and was transferred to Evansville, Ind., but the New York District reports that they have not had any one in their district with that name. He came to Chicago from Evansville in order to attend the Chicago Workers School, which he has not attended.

Layoff or Reduction of Work Time Is the Choice at Armour's

(By a Worker Correspondent.) CHICAGO, Ill.—Below is a synopsis of an interview which took place between the employees and one of the officials of the Armour & Co. sausage department, Chicago Union Stockyards. Official: "Boys, I want all of you to come into my office."

Buffalo Unemployed Deprived of Autos Needed for Odd Jobs

(By a Worker Correspondent.) BUFFALO.—We have the following vicious and unfair ruling in the city of Buffalo. The city, through its relief agencies, the Department of Social Welfare, demands that the license plates be turned over to them if a worker is still fortunate enough to have a car.

Cleveland Workers' Groups Raise \$65 for Daily Worker

NEW YORK.—Far from lagging in the Daily Worker \$40,000 drive, a number of working-class organizations as well as individual workers are intensifying their activities to put the drive over the top. The Russian, Ukrainian and Slavish branches of Cleveland, Ohio, raised \$65 for the "Daily" at a dance and concert. This amount was received late Monday at the Daily Worker office.

Eight Year Old Child Gives Up Penny Bank to Help Daily Worker

NEW YORK.—Workingclass children continue to be the support of the Daily Worker as indicated by incoming contributions and letters. Lucille Brown, 9 years, Jamaica, N. Y., busted her penny savings bank to send a donation to the \$40,000 fund. "I like Jim Martin by Quirt very much," she writes.

Helping the Daily Worker Through Helen Luke

Contributions received to the credit of Helen Luke in her Socialist competition with Michael Gold, Dr. Luttinger, Edward Newhouse and Jacob Burck to raise \$1,000 in the \$40,000 Daily Worker Drive.

Paint-Spraying Machine to Save Money Ruins Health

(By a Painter Worker Correspondent.) NEW YORK.—Why didn't law protect my health? I am a house-painter. Lately I'm not feeling so well. I want the working people who head this paper to know what caused me to be sick. I had a job working for a landlord, at only \$5 per day. On a five-story building. He worked on the job too long and he was only an apprentice. Sure enough I hear an electric motor running in a bedroom. I figure the boss is trying out a vacuum cleaner. Never in all my years I've worked—and sweated, did I ever work in an apartment where a spray painting machine was used.

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Eyes and Skin Are Burned by Creosote Paint on Pipe Line

(By a Worker Correspondent.) DENVER, Colo.—During the month of October, 1933, I worked on a pipe line job at Hoxington, Kansas. When I arrived there on the first of October I heard that the Truman-Smith Construction Co. of Eldorado, Kansas, was going to buy fifty miles of eighteen-inch gas line from Omilts to Bushton using Hoxington as a base of operations, as it is about midway between the two towns.

It was several days before the pipe line company was ready to hire any men, but every morning before seven there was a crowd of one hundred to three hundred men around the Ford garage which was the headquarters of the pipe line company.

White Worker Calls for United Struggle for Relief in Birmingham

(By a Worker Correspondent.) BIRMINGHAM, Ala.—This is written by a white worker who has worked for a corporation 13 years and now is working for relief. We workers, Negro and white, are struggling for food and clothing and we cannot give our children to school or give them lunches. The way to stop these conditions is for us to organize together—all the Negro and white workers—unemployed and in the shops and also the poor sharecroppers. We must stop lynching, for that is the way the boss keeps one against another and that's what he is afraid we will do—organize together. Any we are doing it in spite of the boss' class who is starving us and our children. What little relief we get is just what they have taken away from us. We made it all for them and we must now organize to have the right to live. So we must get busy and do this right now.

Women's Club in Ohio Holds Tea Party for "Daily's" \$40,000 Fund

Steubenville, Ohio. Daily Worker. Dear Comrades:—We read the Daily Worker every day, and we are trying our best to get others to read it and support it.

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Party Life Shortcomings in I.L.D. Work Discussed By N. Y. Worker

We are quoting below a letter from a member of the International Labor Defense. Although this comrade is not a member of the Party, he raises a very important question for the Party and our mass organizations. I. e., the functioning of Party fractions in the mass organizations. The situation described in this letter, where a district convention of the I.L.D. was held with little or no representation from the trade unions and the language organizations could not have developed if Party fractions had been functioning properly not only in the trade unions and in the language organizations, but also in the I. L. D.

The International Labor Defense held its District Convention on Nov. 25 and 26, 1933. I am an active member of the I. L. D. and have participated in many conventions in the past, and at this time I feel that I must say something as to what is happening in our organization today. I suppose these comrades will ask why I did not bring out the shortcomings about which I am writing now at the convention. Well, to these comrades I want to say that at the time of the convention I had not as yet fully realized all that I have to say now.

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Party Life Shortcomings in I.L.D. Work Discussed By N. Y. Worker

We are quoting below a letter from a member of the International Labor Defense. Although this comrade is not a member of the Party, he raises a very important question for the Party and our mass organizations. I. e., the functioning of Party fractions in the mass organizations. The situation described in this letter, where a district convention of the I.L.D. was held with little or no representation from the trade unions and the language organizations could not have developed if Party fractions had been functioning properly not only in the trade unions and in the language organizations, but also in the I. L. D.

The International Labor Defense held its District Convention on Nov. 25 and 26, 1933. I am an active member of the I. L. D. and have participated in many conventions in the past, and at this time I feel that I must say something as to what is happening in our organization today. I suppose these comrades will ask why I did not bring out the shortcomings about which I am writing now at the convention. Well, to these comrades I want to say that at the time of the convention I had not as yet fully realized all that I have to say now.

White Worker Calls for United Struggle for Relief in Birmingham

(By a Worker Correspondent.) BIRMINGHAM, Ala.—This is written by a white worker who has worked for a corporation 13 years and now is working for relief. We workers, Negro and white, are struggling for food and clothing and we cannot give our children to school or give them lunches. The way to stop these conditions is for us to organize together—all the Negro and white workers—unemployed and in the shops and also the poor sharecroppers. We must stop lynching, for that is the way the boss keeps one against another and that's what he is afraid we will do—organize together. Any we are doing it in spite of the boss' class who is starving us and our children. What little relief we get is just what they have taken away from us. We made it all for them and we must now organize to have the right to live. So we must get busy and do this right now.

Women's Club in Ohio Holds Tea Party for "Daily's" \$40,000 Fund

Steubenville, Ohio. Daily Worker. Dear Comrades:—We read the Daily Worker every day, and we are trying our best to get others to read it and support it.

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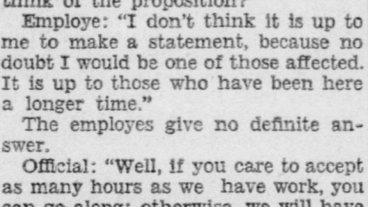


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PROF. FRANKWOOD WILLIAMS AND THE "MIRACLE OF HISTORY"

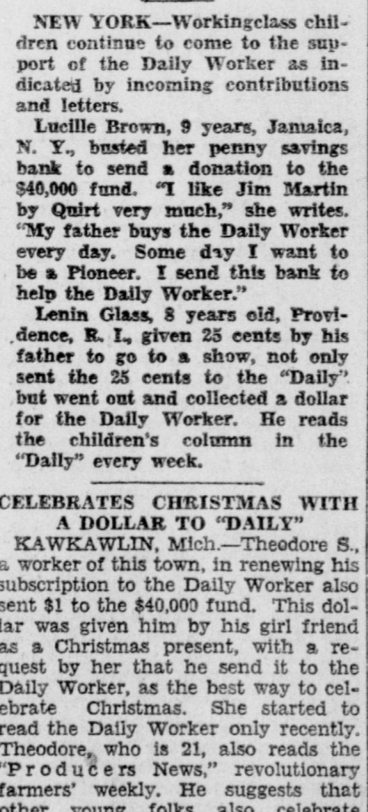


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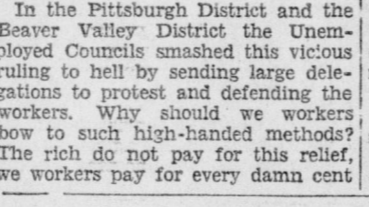


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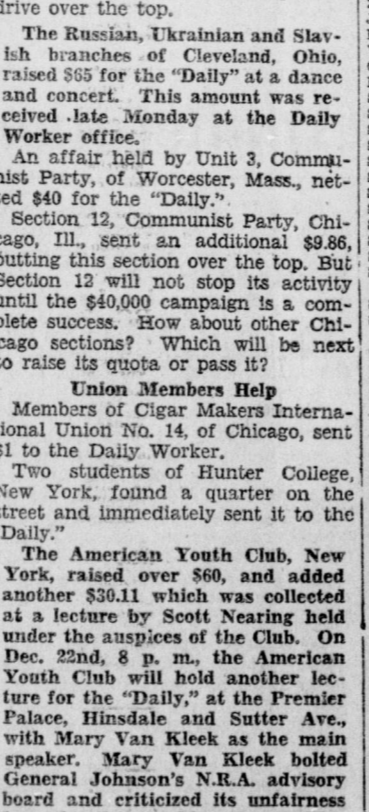


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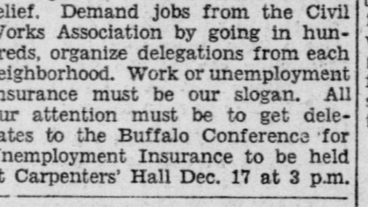


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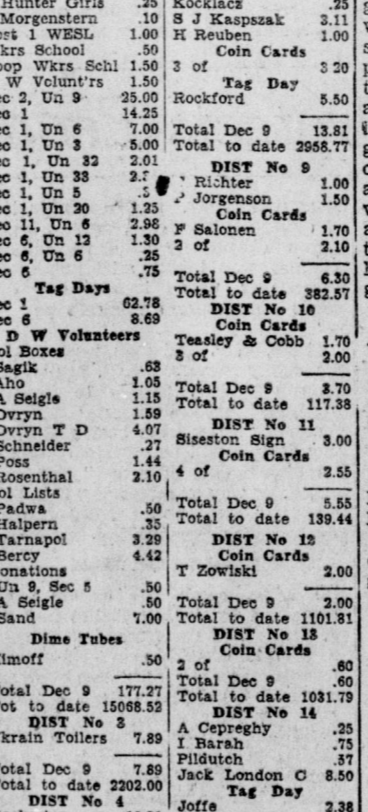


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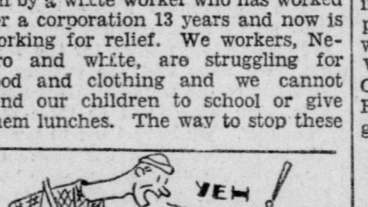


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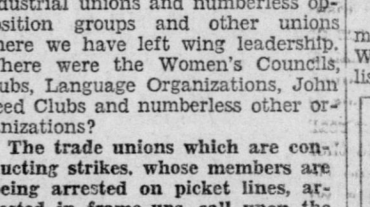


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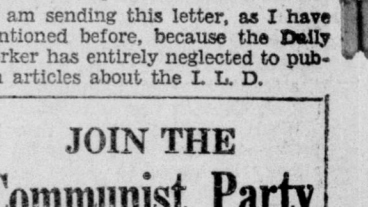


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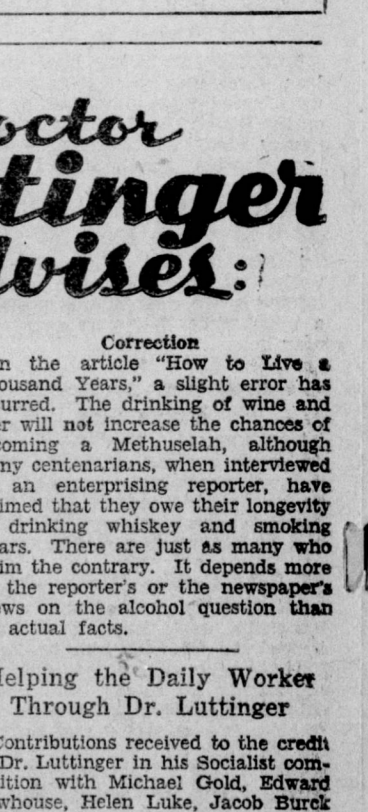


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# WHAT A WORLD!

By Michael Gold

## A Sermon on Smoking

LISTEN, Pioneers, they are right in the Soviet Union when they discourage the tobacco habit in the kids. It's no good for anyone, and once it takes hold on a man he is lost for life: I started to chew tobacco as a boy when I worked for the old Adams Express, then I took to cigarettes, then cigars, then a pipe when I began to write (I used to foolishly believe all writers had to smoke pipes). Now the doctor has told me to stop, but it is hard. I read all the tobacco ads and suffer like anything.

In a healthy society such drugs won't be needed. I wish I were growing up like you into a world where this weed may vanish. I wish there were no United Cigar stores today, no big posters in the subways, no tobacco ads.

Some of you Pioneers sometimes get impatient with us older comrades, we have so many faults. Please remember that when we grew up these faults, like the tobacco evil, were learned from our parents and teachers. We used to think it smart and grown-up to smoke. But your Pioneers think it is grown-up and smart to study history and fight for the Working Class. How much better that is, how lucky you are. So don't judge us too harshly. We didn't have as good parents as you have.

And now I'll tell you what I read in some of those tobacco ads, which is what I really wanted to talk about in the first place. You will see I am right.

## A Mile for a Camel

IT SEEMS that most of the rich people, according to the ads, are not smoking cigarettes. Some of the ads claim it's Lucky Strikes they smoke; others say Camels, Philip Morris, Piedmonts and Old Golds, and so forth. It is very confusing. Of course we know all advertising is just a lie that some merchant pays for so that he can sell his goods. Still, when there are so many lies in the same paper it makes one dizzy.

Rich people seem to favor mostly Lucky Strikes and Camels, according to the ads.

Of course, the rumor is the advertisers go around to these rich people and pay them money to say they smoke their brand of cigarettes. A millionaire's wife may be fond of Camels, but the Lucky Strike man promises her \$200 and her picture in the papers, and so she tells a lie, too. It's all lies, and it does make one dizzy sometimes.

Anyway, you kids who have parents without jobs, or parents with jobs that pay only enough for two meals a day, will hardly believe the way these rich people spend their time, according to the tobacco ads.

Have you ever heard of Mrs. Powell Cabot of Boston? That is one of the rich old families of that old American city. You remember the rhyme:

"I come from the city of Boston  
The home of the bean and the cod,  
Where the Cabots speak only to Lowells  
And the Lowells speak only to God."

Well, this famous and rich lady was paid her \$200 (the rich are always greedy for money and publicity), and she posed for a picture and told all about her life. "Flavor is just as important in tobacco as in food, don't you think?" she said, smiling like a sap, in her velvet dress. "I like Camels best because they are smooth and rich and still mild. I never get tired of the taste of Camels and they don't make me nervous."

Now, why, you ask, should she be nervous? I wondered, too, knowing she had never had a care in her life, or missed a single meal. The ad says about her: "She dances so beautifully that she has been asked to appear with professionals; she reads omnivorously; her collection of etchings is remarkable. She loves the sea; and at her wedding in Nahant, where she summers, the guests followed to the yacht scattering the waters with clouds of rose petals. She entertains exquisitely, and her husband is an excellent shot. She loves flowers and always serves Camel cigarettes."

## Another Lover of Camels

SO WHY should she be nervous. The ad doesn't say, but my guess is that it is because the lady has nothing to do all day but love flowers, hang etchings, read omnivorously, dance beautifully, entertain exquisitely and watch her husband shoot, excellently. People really ought to do a little useful work at times. Kids we'd be nervous, too, leading this life of a cultured bum and parasite.

Anyway, kids, let's pass on to the next example of the way Camels have affected American history.

Do you know Hamilton Fish? He is nervous, too, but it is the big bad wolf of Communism that has done it. He is a Congressman, and a Nazi, and Ku Kluxer and a rich man and all the rest of it. He'd like to kill every man, woman and child in America who doesn't believe in capitalism. He can't, so it makes him nervous. His wife also smokes Camels.

"My debutante daughter really taught me to smoke," she says for that \$200 and picture, "and I do thoroughly enjoy smoking a Camel with her. The flavor is so smooth and rich and they are very mild without being flat. I don't tire of their taste. When my two younger children grow up and start to smoke, Camels will probably be their cigarette, too."

"Mrs. Fish is as popular in Washington as in New York," says the ad. "For generations the Fishes have had their beautiful estates at Garrison, N. Y. In Washington, while Congress is in session, her lovely house, with its ancestral portraits, is full of brilliant and astute conversation. Dinner at her table, with its exquisite amber glass, her asparagus with eggs Hollandaise, lives in the memory of many a foreign diplomat. Camels are always served. In the summer she goes to Murray Bay, Canada, and plays golf."

Camels, asparagus and golf—what a life. I wonder whether the lady is nervous, too. She must be.

Well, there it is, Kids, I've told you enough. I hope this little sermon has convinced you never to smoke. Look at the people who now do it!

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W. Berenbaum	\$0.25
Previous Total	\$26.26

TOTAL TO DATE.....\$26.51

## MUSIC

Heifetz Soloist With Philharmonic Orchestra Thursday  
Jacsha Heifetz will be the soloist with the Philharmonic Orchestra under the direction of Bruno Walter at Carnegie Hall this Thursday night and Friday afternoon. The program: Symphony No. 3 in E-flat major ("Eroica"), Beethoven; Violin Concerto in B minor, Elgar and Weber's Overture to "Oberon."

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NEW YORK—The Fifth Anniversary concert and dance given by the W.L.R. Band will be held Friday, 8:30 p.m., at Finnish Hall, 15 W. 126th St. A program of classical music will be conducted by Jack Zilbert.

CALIF. UNIT TOPS QUOTA  
SANTA BARBARA, Cal.—An affair held here for the Daily Worker \$40,000 fund netted \$3.82. We have already raised about 400 per cent on our quota, and paid an old debt of \$17.25 to the "Daily." If other units followed our example the drive would have been over by now.

JIM MARTIN

## The Liberalism of Sholom Asch Shown in "Three Cities"

By GILBERT DOUGLAS  
THREE CITIES, by Sholom Asch. Putnam, \$3.00.

Sholom Asch is a liberal confronted by a common dilemma: he aches for the creation of a Socialist order but is unwilling to pay the necessary price. Speaking through the novel's central character, Zachary Mirkin, he pledges his allegiance to sweet reasonableness, enlightenment, and evolution as the means for bringing about change in society. He concedes that the capitalist assures his rule by force and that the class war is a terrible and living reality; he has strikingly portrayed this class war in the section of the novel dealing with the Jews in Poland. But he refuses to accept the evidence which his intimate knowledge thrusts upon him; he turns from what he knows is true and buries his head in a pillow compounded of wish-fulfillments, of dreams which are utterly unfaithful to reality.

As the title indicates, the novel concerns itself with three cities: Tsarist St. Petersburg, Warsaw, and Moscow in the first months of the Bolshevik Revolution. Through the three cities wanders Zachary Mirkin, first as the son of a wealthy timber merchant, then as a school teacher and member of the Polish revolutionary party, then as a soldier in the cause of the proletariat.

Dissatisfied with the life of the rich bourgeois Jew as represented by the St. Petersburg circle, he has come to Warsaw to help the poor Jews and had—in a confused way—become attracted to the revolutionary movement. Though he worked hard and loyally, frequently risking his life, he never seemed to become quite aware of the implications rooted in the idea of revolution. He was thoroughly a Utopian, imagining that once a revolt was successful a new world would spring up, Phoenix-like, from the ashes of the old.

It was thus inevitable that after the first plunge, the Russian Revolution should turn him into a counter-revolutionary. Counter-revolutionary not only in ideology but in actuality—to the point where he suddenly refuses to fight against the White Army advancing on Moscow, returning instead to Poland and the warmth of his fiancée's arms.

Mirkin is really back where he started from. His experiences, his reading, his sufferings, his participation in the Revolution itself had taught him nothing. For the moment he had turned himself inside out, as it were; but when the mood exacting test of all came he slipped back into his true form. He was again the champion of enlightened (and abortive) liberalism. . . . It is hardly from his stuff that revolutionaries are created or that revolutions can be carried through to their logical goal.

## "Peace on Earth" To Begin Its Fifth Week at Civic Repertory

NEW YORK—The Theatre Union announces that it is now preparing for the fifth week of "Peace on Earth," the anti-war play at the Civic Repertory Theatre. Because of the support given the theater by many working-class organizations that have taken benefit performances, the play is now assured of running until Jan. 1. Organizations that wish to take their part in the anti-war struggle are urged to make arrangements at once, especially for Christmas week.

"Peace on Earth" has eight performances a week, every evening except Sunday, and Wednesday and Saturday matinees. Nearly ten thousand people have seen it during its brief run, and it has received the universal praise of working-class audiences and critics.

## Kreymborg to Preside at Symposium on New Theatre Sunday Eve.

NEW YORK—Alfred Kreymborg, well known poet and playwright, will preside at a symposium Sunday evening, Dec. 17, in the auditorium of the New School, 66 W. 12th St., on the subject: "Towards a New Theater."

Lee Strassberg, director of the Group Theatre, whose "Men in White" has been the outstanding hit of the season, will express his personal ideas on the future of the American theater. Virgil Geddes, director of the Brookfield Players, Michael Blankfort of the Theater Union and John Lyman of the Repertory Playhouse Associates, will talk on the viewpoints of their respective organizations in working "Towards a New Theater." The symposium is under the auspices of the New Theater Magazine.

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# MEMORIES OF LENIN

By N. KRUPSKAYA

The following is the third of a series of six excerpts from "Memories of Lenin" by his wife and lifelong comrade, N. Krupskaya, which we are reprinting in connection with the approaching Lenin Memorial in January, 1934.

These memories, which give an intimate portrait of the great leader of the international working class, are taken from Volume II of the "Memories," published by International Publishers.

## PARIS

(1909-10)

(Continued)

Ilyich was fond of visiting the suburban theatres, and of watching the working-class audiences there. I remember on one occasion we went to see a play which depicted the heroism of the soldiers in a penal battalion in Morocco. It was most interesting to watch the audience. They were quick to respond to every incident. The performance had not yet begun. Suddenly shouts went up from all over the theatre: "Hat! Hat!" This outcry was caused by the entry of a lady wearing a fashionable hat trimmed with feathers. The audience demanded that the lady remove her hat and she was obliged to submit. The performance began. In the play a soldier is sent to Morocco and his mother and sister remain at home to nurse the landlord of the house in which they live. The soldier's sister agrees to become his mistress. "Brute! Dirty dog!" was shouted from all parts of the hall. I have forgotten all the details of the play, but I remember that it depicts how the soldiers who do not submit to the officers are tortured in Morocco. It ended with a mutiny and the singing of the "Internationale." The performance of this play was prohibited in the center of the city; but in the suburbs it was performed to enthusiastic audiences. In 1910 a huge demonstration took place in which about 100,000 persons took part, to protest against the Morocco adventure. The demonstration took place with the sanction of the police. It was headed by Socialist members of the Chamber of Deputies who wore red sashes. The workers were in a fighting mood and shook their fists at the windows of the houses in the wealthy quarters of the town. Here and there shutters were hastily put up; but the demonstration passed off as peacefully as could be. It did not resemble a protest demonstration at all.

Through Charles Rappoport, Vladimir Ilyich was introduced to Paul Lafargue, a son-in-law of Karl Marx, a true and tried fighter of whom Ilyich had a very high opinion. Lafargue and his wife Laura, Marx's daughter, lived in Dravelle, about 25 kilometers from Paris. They had already retired from active work. One day, Ilyich and I cycled to Dravelle to visit the Lafargues. They received us very amiably. Vladimir began to tell Lafargue about his book on philosophy while Laura Lafargue took me for a walk in the park. I was a little excited—I was actually walking with Marx's daughter. I saw and heard a lot of things that had some resemblance to Marx in her features. In my embarrassment I babbled something inarticulately about the part women were playing in the revolutionary movement and about Russia. She replied, but somehow or other conversation lagged. When we returned we found Lafargue and Ilyich discussing philosophy. "Soon he will prove," Laura said about her husband, "how sincere are his philosophical convictions," and she exchanged significant glances with her

husband. In 1911, when I learned of the death of the Lafargues, I understood the significance of these words and of this exchange of glances. They both died together as atheists. They committed suicide and left a note saying that they had both decided to die because of their old age, and because they were too feeble to carry on the struggle.

In 1910 an enlarged meeting of the Central Committee of the Party was held. At the enlarged meeting of the editorial board of the "Proletari," resolutions had been passed in favor of Party unity and against calling a separate Bolshevik Congress. At this meeting of the Central Committee Ilyich and a group of comrades who rallied round him maintained the same line. In the period of reaction it was extremely important to have a party that boldly told the



V. I. LENIN

whole truth, even though it was underground. This was a time when the reaction was wrecking the Party, when the Party was becoming submerged in opportunism, when it was important to hold aloft the banner of the Party at all cost. In Russia, the liquidators had their own strong, legal opportunist center. It was necessary to retain the Party in order to counteract that center. The experience of the Capri school showed how very often at that time the fractionalism of the workers was relative and peculiar. It was important to have a united Party center around which the masses of the Social-Democratic workers could rally. The struggle in 1910 was a struggle for the very existence of the Party, for exercising influence upon the workers through the medium of the Party. Vladimir Ilyich was convinced that within the Party the Bolsheviks had a majority, that in the end the Party would take the Bolshevik line; but it had to be a Party and not a fraction. Ilyich pursued this line also in 1911 when a Party school was being formed near Paris which admitted the followers of "Vperyod" and Party Mensheviks, as well as Bolsheviks. This line was also pursued at the Prague Party Conference in 1912. Ilyich did not want a fraction but a Party that pursued the Bolshevik line. Of course, in this Party there was no room for liquidators, for the fight against whom forces were being gathered. Of course, there

\*E. Mensheviks who were not liquidators; who agreed that the illegal Party should be preserved.—Ed.

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NEW YORK—The Fifth Anniversary concert and dance given by the W.L.R. Band will be held Friday, 8:30 p.m., at Finnish Hall, 15 W. 126th St. A program of classical music will be conducted by Jack Zilbert.

no room in the Party for those who had decided beforehand that they would not abide by the decisions of the Party. Certain comrades, however, insisted on the fight for the Party to insure conciliation with the liquidators; they lost sight of the purpose of unity and strove to unite everybody irrespective of what their aims were. Even Inokentiy, who entirely supported Lenin's point of view, and who considered that the main thing was to unite with the Party, was carried away with the desire to preserve the Party that he, too, began to incline towards the conciliatory point of view. Ilyich put him right, however.

On the whole, the resolutions were passed unanimously. It is ridiculous to think that Ilyich was voted down and overwhelmed by the votes of the conciliators and that he surrendered his position. The Plenum lasted three weeks. Ilyich considered that it was necessary to make the utmost possible concessions on organizational questions without giving an inch of his position on principles. "Proletari," the organ of the Bolshevik fraction, was closed down. The 500-ruble notes which had not yet been changed were destroyed. The funds of the Bolshevik fraction were handed over to the so-called "trustees," three Germans, Kautsky, Mehring, and Clara Zetkin, who were to pay out the money only for general Party purposes; in the event of a split the balance of the money was to be returned to the Bolsheviks. Kamenev was sent to Vienna as the Bolshevik representative on the Trotskyist "Pravda."

"Things have been very stormy here recently," Lenin wrote to his sister, Anna Ilyinshina, "but it ended in an attempt to make peace with the Mensheviks. Yes, yes, strange as it may appear, we have closed down the organ of the fraction and we are trying to make a strong move towards unity."

Inokentiy and Nogin went to Russia to organize a Russian (i.e. working in Russia) collegium of the Central Committee. Nogin was a conciliator who wished to unite everybody and his speeches met with a rebuff on the part of the Bolsheviks. Inokentiy followed a different line; but Russia was not "abroad" where every word uttered was understood; his words were interpreted in the terms of Nogin, all the non-Bolsheviks saw to that. Lindov and V. P. Miliutin were co-opted on the Central Committee. Inokentiy was soon arrested. Lindov shared Nogin's point of view, and was not very active. The state of the Russian Central Committee in 1910 could not have been worse.

Abroad, things were not much better. Mark (Ljubimov) and Lyova (Vladimirov) were "conciliators" and frequently allowed themselves to be influenced by tales about the alleged quarrelsomeness and disloyalty of the Bolsheviks. Mark, particularly, heard many such stories; for he was a member of the United Bureau of the Central Committee. Inokentiy was soon arrested, and frequently allowed himself to be influenced by tales about the alleged quarrelsomeness and disloyalty of the Bolsheviks. Mark, particularly, heard many such stories; for he was a member of the United Bureau of the Central Committee. Inokentiy was soon arrested, and frequently allowed himself to be influenced by tales about the alleged quarrelsomeness and disloyalty of the Bolsheviks.

The "Vperyod"-ists continued to organize their forces. Alexinsky's group once broke into a meeting of a Bolshevik group which had assembled in a cafe on Avenue d'Orleans. With an insolent air Alexinsky sat down at a table and demanded to be allowed to speak, and when this was refused he began to create an uproar. The "Vperyod"-ists who came with him threw themselves upon our comrades to attack them. Abram Skovino and Isaac Krivoy, members of our group, were about to plunge into a fight with Nikolai Vassilich Sapozhkov (Kuznetsov), a very powerful man, grabbed him under one arm and Isaac under the other, while the proprietor of the cafe, who had had much experience in the matter of brawls, extinguished the lights. There was a fight, but after this incident Ilyich wandered about the streets of Paris all night and when he returned home he could not fall asleep until morning.

In a letter to Maxim Gorki dated April 11, 1910, Ilyich wrote: "Well, it seems that the liquidators are the predominant note in the unity and gives good grounds for smirgling, jokes, etc. It is sickening to have to live amidst this 'ludicrousness,' amidst this squabbling and scandal. And it is sickening to watch it. But one must not give way to one's moods. The life of an exile now is a hundred times more arduous than it was before the revolution. Este and squabbling are inseparable. But squabbling is a quarrel thing; nine-tenths of the squabbling remains abroad; squabbling is merely a by-product. But the development of the Social-Democratic movement is going on, and in spite of the present hellishly difficult conditions. The purging of the Social-Democratic Party of its dangerous 'deviations,' of its liquidationism and Olovism is going ahead unswervingly; within the framework of unity it has made considerably more progress than before."

Further on he states: "I can imagine how hard it is to watch this difficult growth of a new Social-Democratic movement for those who have not seen and did not experience the difficult growth at the end of the cities and the beginning of the metropolises. At that time Social-Democrats could be counted in tens of thousands. Hence, crisis after crisis. And Social-Democracy as a whole is overcoming these crises openly and honestly."

(Continued Tomorrow)

## 120 Works Shown at Art Exhibition of John Reed Club

NEW YORK—The John Reed Club exhibit of paintings, drawings and sculpture against hunger, fascism and war has been on view at the Club's gallery, at 430 6th Ave., since last Friday, when Joseph Freeman, editor of New Masses, formally opened the show to the public with a talk on "Art and the Revolution."

The exhibit, which has been described by critics as of tremendous significance in the development of art in the United States, contains 120 works by 77 different artists. These were chosen from a vast number of works submitted by 140 artists, both members and non-members of the John Reed Club.

Over half of the artists on exhibit are not members of the club. Lectures are planned throughout the duration of the exhibit, with the next one, by Suzanne LaFollette, formerly editor of the New Freeman, scheduled for Friday evening, 8:30 p.m., at the clubrooms.

## WHAT'S ON

CELEBRATE THE 10TH DAILY WORKER ANNIVERSARY ON SATURDAY, DECEMBER 30 FROM 8 P. M. TO 2 A. M., at the Bronx Coliseum. SEE AND FOR PROGRAM: WINTER TERM WORKER'S SCHOOL—Registration is now open. Room 30, 35 E. 12th St.

FINAL REHEARSAL FOR W.L.R. Band Concert, Dec. 15. All members meet at 7 P.M. at 291 Lexington Ave., cor. 125th St.

OPEN FORUM ON "The Menace of War" under auspices of Social Youth Culture Club, 275 Broadway, Brooklyn. Adm. free. CLARENCE, 204 W. 52nd St., movie showing of "War Against the Centuries" and Charley Chaplin. Time 8:30 p.m. Contribution 25 cents.

I.L.D. Clara Zetkin Br. (German), important membership meeting at Labor Temple, 243 E. 84th St. at 8:30 p.m. All members are urged to come.

GENERAL REHEARSAL of Daily Worker Chorus, 35 E. 12th St., 8th floor, 8 p.m. FILM and Photo League announces lectures on Advance Photography by Albert Carroll followed by general discussion at 116 Lexington Ave., 9 p.m.

ART EXHIBITION of "Hunger, Fascism, War" at the John Reed Club, 430 6th Ave. from 1 to 7 daily and from 1 to 3 p.m. on Sunday.

THE INTERNATIONAL Labor Defense of Artists meets this month (the 1st and 3rd Wed of the month) at their headquarters, 26-18 Astoria Boulevard.

HERBERT BENJAMIN, released recently from a New Mexico jail, will give a graphic account of his escape from the military stockades at "Welcome Benjamin" meeting arranged at Webster Hall, 119 E. 11th St. Admission 15c.

MEETING of the Arrangements Committee for the 10th Anniversary of the Daily Worker takes place at Workers Center, 80 E. 15th St., Room 202, 8 p.m. All comrades willing to serve on this Committee are urged to attend this meeting.

FIRST MEETING of Edith Berkman Br. I.L.D. at her headquarters, Boro Park Workers Club, 470-124 Ave. at 8:30 p.m. Discussion on Fascism and Terzani case.

## AMUSEMENTS

**VOLGA VOLGA**  
The story of Stenka Razin... The most romantic revolutionary hero of old Russia.  
American Premiere Tomorrow  
R.K.O. CAMEO 42ND STREET 25c TO BROADWAY 1 P.M.

LAST 10 DAYS  
**SHOLOM ALEICHEM'S "LAUGHTER THROUGH TEARS"**  
Yiddish Comedy (English Titles). A Soviet Production  
ADDED FEATURE: SOVIETS SING AND DANCE  
ACME THEATRE 14th St. & 26c to 1 p.m. (Mon. to Fri.) Children 10c

RADIO CITY MUSIC HALL  
50 St. & Ave.—3RD FLOOR of the BAYON  
Direction "Barry"  
JOHN BARRY OPENS IN "Counselor at Law"  
at 11:15, 1:45, 4:15, 7:45, 10:00  
and an unusual "Roxy" stage show

1 Week Only!  
BEGINNING TOMORROW  
DRAMA OF RUSSIA'S "WILD CHILDREN"  
THEATRE OF RUSSIA  
Fifth Ave. Playhouse 15 St. 30c 1 to 6—4:00 Evenings  
(Titles in English)

THE THEATRE GUILD presents  
EUGENE O'NEILL'S COMEDY  
ALL WILDERNESS!  
with GEORGE M. COHAN  
GUILD  
Thea. 52d St., W. of B'way  
Ev. 8:30 Mats. Thurs. & Sat. 2:30

MOLIERE'S COMEDY WITH MUSIC  
The School for Husbands  
with OSCAR PERKINS—JUNE WALKER  
with HENRY MERVILLE MENNER  
EMPIRE  
8th Ave. Thurs. & Sat. 2:30

THE ANTI-WAR PLAY  
PEACE ON EARTH  
by the author of "MERRY-GO-ROUND"  
JOHN HOWARD LAWSON says: "It is the most exciting event of the season."  
Civic Repertory Theatre, 11th St. & 6th Ave.  
Evenings 8:15; Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:30  
WA. 9:15. PEICES: 30c to \$1.50. No tax  
Roland Young and Laura Hope Crews in  
"Her Master's Voice"  
Plymouth Thea., W. 45th St., Evs. 8:15  
Mats. Thurs. & Sat. 2:30

Dance With Us  
Till Dawn  
**TENTH ANNIVERSARY DAILY WORKER**  
Saturday, December 30th  
BRONX COLISEUM  
WEST FARMS ROAD—177th STREET

REALLY, GENTLEMEN! I'M QUITE SERIOUS IN PROPOSING A RUN AS A SOLUTION TO THE UNREST OF THE WORKERS—  
WHOOPS! A RUN—HA HA—I STICKS TO BULLETS—  
—AND I PAY HIM \$25,000 A YEAR—  
YOUR PROBLEM IS SOLVED WHEN YOU MAKE THE WORKERS FORGET THEIR WORK ETC.—  
OK! SAY YOUR PIECE—  
NOW IF YOU ARRANGE A HOLIDAY PAID FOR BY CAPITAL AND DEVOTE IT TO SPORTS YOU CAN SECURE THE GOOD WILL OF THE WORKERS BY TAKING THEIR MINDS OFF THE GRIEVANCES—  
SAY—! THERE'S SOMETHING TO THIS—  
GREAT—I THOUGHT HE WAS SMART!  
NOT! BAD!

What a Mind!  
by QUIRT

**Daily Worker**  
 Central Organ of the Communist Party U.S.A.  
 "America's Only Working Class Daily Newspaper"  
 FOUNDED 1924  
 Published daily, except Sunday, by the Communist Publishing Co., Inc., 20 East 13th Street, New York, N. Y.  
 Telephone: ALgonquin 4-7853.  
 Cable Address: "Daily Worker," New York, N. Y.  
 Washington Bureau: Room 254, National Press Building, 14th and F St., Washington, D. C.  
 Subscription Rates:  
 By Mail: (except Manhattan and Bronx) 1 year, \$5.00; 6 months, \$3.00; 3 months, \$2.00; 1 month, 75 cents.  
 Manhattan, Bronx, Foreign and Canada: 1 year, \$8.00; 6 months, \$5.00; 3 months, \$3.00.  
 By Carrier: Weekly, 15 cents; monthly, 75 cents.  
 WEDNESDAY, DECEMBER 13, 1933

### The N.R.A. Steel Betrayal

INDIGNATION and wrath must be sweeping the 14,000 Weirton Steel Co. workers now when they see how they were tricked back to work on October 16 by the N.R.A., the steel bosses and their A. F. of L. union officials.

They were promised at that time that they would be permitted to hold elections to pick their own representatives in the second week in December. They were ordered back to work by Green and the N.R.A. with the promise they would have the right to join a union of their own choosing.

On Monday, they were informed by the president of the company, Mr. Weir, that the N.R.A. promises weren't worth the paper they are written on. He told the workers they must either join the company union or be fired. The whole scheme of the N.R.A., signed by the officials of the Amalgamated Association of Steel, Tin and Wire Workers, affiliated to the N.R.A., was a trick to break the strike.

On the very day this "agreement" was signed, the Daily Worker printed an editorial, headed by a comment made by John C. Williams, president of the Weirton Steel Co. Mr. Williams said: "Settlement of the strike is satisfactory to the company, and the long-established open shop policy of the company is absolutely maintained in every respect."

The A. F. of L. officials told the workers otherwise, that they had won a victory which the N.R.A. would guarantee. The Daily Worker editorial warned the workers at that time that: "The company will try to twist the voting into a company union, and the N.R.A. and Amalgamated Association officials will do all they can to help them."

THIS is precisely what has happened. Here we have the N.R.A. again stripped naked as the brutal strike-breaking instrument of the Roosevelt regime.

During the past summer and fall a wave of strikes gripped the steel industry. The workers showed exceptional militancy, bravery and determination to win. The bosses feared that the steel strikes would become general, involving every steel plant in the country. In Ambridge, where the Steel and Metal Workers Union led the strike of 5,000, the N.R.A. officials failed in their sly efforts to break the strike. The steel trust mobilized its army of fascist gunmen and by murder and bloodshed were able finally to drive the men back into the mills. This was one phase of the N.R.A. Where the A. F. of L. officials could not keep the men from striking, they called in the N.R.A. to break the strike. What has happened in the Weirton Steel Co. shows with glaring clearness the criminal way in which the N.R.A. and the A. F. of L. officials broke the strike.

The main object of the bosses was to get the men back into the mills. The N.R.A. played the role of "mediator" as between the classes. In reality it was the real agent of the bosses, posing as the friend of the workers. The workers were told to go back to work and accept the forged promise of later elections. Naturally, Mr. Weir, president of the company, accepted happily. He knew what it meant. Certainly, the A. F. of L. officials accepted, it was the easiest way to break the strike. Now the workers are paying for this betrayal.

WEIRTON STEEL is not an isolated instance. It is just the most outstanding and most shamelessly exposed example of the methods of N.R.A. strike-breaking in collaboration with the A. F. of L. officials.

There was every possibility for winning the Weirton Steel strike. For the first time in 20 years, this plant was shut tighter than a drum. The strikers fought the state troopers and were supported by the coal miners. A continuation of their strike would have brought out other mills and the company would have been forced to come to terms.

But here the N.R.A. stepped in. From its actions in this strike a lesson should be learned into the mind of every worker.

The whole demagogy of the N.R.A. is exposed in this action at the Weirton Steel Co. The N.R.A. supposedly guaranteed the workers the right to organize into unions of their own choosing. The A. F. of L. officials' leadership assured the workers that they were granted these rights by the N.R.A. At the same time, they used this very N.R.A. to break these strike struggles for the right to organize.

THE deeds of the N.R.A. here (as in hundreds of other instances) are additional proof of the Communist analysis and exposure of the real aims and purposes of the N.R.A.

Now the Weirton Steel Co. workers have greater tasks before them. Despite the threats of Mr. Weir, despite the new promises of the N.R.A. and Senator Wagner, they should organize their shop and department committees, electing their own representatives and demand negotiations on wages. The whole working class can be rallied behind these workers. Their fight against the N.R.A. and its lying promises is one that affects directly the wages, living conditions, and the right of organization of all workers.

The A. F. of L. leaders should not be allowed to escape their participation in this criminal betrayal. The rank and file of the A. F. of L. in other mills should raise their voice in protest against their officials and the N.R.A.

In Weirton Steel, as in other mills, now there must be active preparations for new struggles to force the bosses to grant the workers' demands and to win the right of union organization.

### The Same Master

A VIVID lesson in capitalist journalism and politics is given by the overnight change in ownership and policies of the New York Evening Post. On Saturday, the Post, as a Republican paper, carried on a sharp criticism of the Roosevelt regime. On Monday, everything is changed. The new management announced it would retain the same editorial staff. The same journalists who wrote one thing Saturday, on Monday write the opposite. This is a sample of the freedom of the press under capitalism.

The New York Evening Post has been purchased by the rich exploiter, David Stern, owner of the Philadelphia Record.

The change is the change in ownership from one rich exploiter, J. P. Morgan, to another, David Stern. He has long experience in just the type of lying demagogy that Roosevelt requires to fool the workers about the real imperialist aims of the Roosevelt program.

STERN makes of the Post an official organ of Roosevelt ballyhoo. Roosevelt writes an ingratiating letter congratulating this purveyor of the widest falsehoods. In return, Stern scratches Roosevelt's back by supporting his program 100 per cent, adding some of his own and more filthy demagogy, especially to appeal to the workers.

The "new" Post is new only in its methods, the wildest use of demagogy. Fundamentally the program is not changed. Fundamentally the policy of the paper remains the policy of Morgan, more cleverly dressed up in the demagogy of the Roosevelt regime linked up with the leading imperialists attempting to force capitalism out of the crisis at the expense of added and untold misery for the toiling masses of the United States.

# 2 Communists Murdered in Nazi Camps; Lives of Dimitroff, Others in Danger; World Protest Dec. 19

## War Threats Are Sounded As Nazi Germany Re-Arms

Little Entente Says It Will Resist Italy's Plan for League

PARIS, Dec. 12.—A war-like ultimatum was sounded today by the foreign ministers of two of the Little Entente states against Italy's attempt to revise the Versailles Treaty. Eduard Benes, Foreign Minister of Czechoslovakia, and Nicholas Titulescu, Rumanian Foreign Minister, jointly declared that the revisionist demands of Italy and Germany were leading to war. The joint declaration followed a series of secret conferences between the foreign offices of France and the Little Entente.

The declaration is coupled with a campaign of chauvinist incitement in the Little Entente countries, with 100,000 militarists marching in a torch-light parade last night in Kosice, Czechoslovakia, calling for "resistance" to the Hungarian revisionists.

The "Echo de Paris" published proof today that Hitler was hiding his rapidly mounting expenditures on war material by drastic wage cuts against workers in the munition factories. The charge, with supporting figures, were made by Gen. Eugene Debeney.

Germany, declares Gen. Debeney, has over 1,420,000 troops under arms now, with additional effectives of 1,300,000 World War veterans, with hundreds of thousands of youth being mobilized in the forced labor camps.

## Welles Breaks Off Confab; Preparing New Counter-Revolt

HAVANA, Dec. 12.—Negotiations between the Grau-Batista regime and the counter-revolutionary ABC, steered by Wall Street ambassador Welles, broke off suddenly yesterday.

The Uruguayan minister to Cuba, Dr. Fernandez de Medina, who was taking part in the conciliation efforts, blamed Welles for the rupture.

Welles' purpose in engineering the negotiations was to form a concentration government with the ABC landlord-capitalist group and Colonel Batista, head of the army, in dominating positions. At the same time he was dragging out the negotiations in order to give the ABC time and funds to prepare another armed counter-revolutionary uprising so that it could seize power with Wall Street support.

As a result of the negotiations, the left petty-bourgeois and student elements in the Grau-Batista regime grew restive. They brought pressure to bear on President Grau, and when Welles demanded terms that would make him more openly a tool of Wall Street he balked.

In a conversation with a member of the American Club, of which Welles is a member, a representative of the Daily Worker learned that the rumor is being spread by prominent American business men here that U. S. armed intervention will take place in Cuba after Dec. 21.

Welles' Letter  
 NEW YORK.—The latest developments in Cuba are more clearly exposed by the private letter of Ambassador Welles and the ABC leader, Liheras, to be published exclusively in the Daily Worker on Saturday.

These letters, which are being published in Cuba, where the Daily Worker is obtaining copies, available Saturday, gives Welles' position regarding the ABC and the Grau regime.

Every worker should obtain a copy of Saturday's Daily Worker for an expose of the role of Wall Street in the present situation.

## THE CANTON COMMUNE STILL LIVES!

—By Burck



Helping the Daily Worker through bidding for the original drawings of Burck's cartoons: American Youth Club, N. Y., wins yesterday's drawing with a bid of \$27.11. Other bids: Pen and Hammer Club, Rochester, \$14. Total to date: \$532.70.

## Chicago, Cleveland Will Hail Soviet Recognition

CLEVELAND, Ohio, Dec. 12.—A victory celebration to commemorate resumption by the United States of normal diplomatic relations with the Soviet Union will be held this Sunday afternoon at two o'clock at the Masonic Auditorium, Euclid Ave. at East 36th St.

The demonstration is called by a conference attended by 150 delegates of workers' organizations, including the Friends of the Soviet Union, leader in the long fight in this country for recognition.

Corliss Lamont, former professor of Columbia University and well-known writer and educator, will be the principal speaker. An elaborate program of music and speaking has been arranged. In addition to the main speaker, other speakers include Max Hayes, editor of the "Cleveland Citizen," official paper of the A. F. of L. in Cleveland; Rev. Edwin A. Brown of the Broadway Methodist Church; O. G. Crawford, Socialist of Erie, Pa., who has just returned from the Soviet Union; Emil Gardos of the Communist Party, and Norman Talenire, National Organizer of the F. S. U.

Workers' choruses, including the Freiheit Gesang Faren and Orchestra, the Ukrainian Mandolin Orchestra and Chorus, Hungarian Male Chorus and the Negro Pioneer group will participate in the program.

Chicago Celebration Dec. 20  
 CHICAGO, Dec. 12.—The Chicago Local of the Friends of the Soviet Union and Icor are jointly preparing a victory demonstration on Soviet recognition at the Coliseum, 14th St. and Washburn Ave., next Wednesday night, Dec. 20, at 8 o'clock. An elaborate musical program, including the "Freiheit" and the Lithuanian choruses, has been arranged. Numerous organizations have endorsed the call.

TOKYO, Dec. 12.—The Ministry for the Interior has drawn up a "three-year plan" for the extermination of Communism in Japan. The plan envisages the arrest of all revolutionary workers, who are to be interned on a lonely island. Over 2,000 workers and intellectuals have been arrested since last January.

Official Japanese dispatches from Mukden report that large numbers of Korean revolutionaries have entered Manchuria to support the national revolutionary struggle of the Manchurian masses, who are carrying on a heroic struggle against the Japanese imperialists.

## All-Nazi Reichstag Gives Authority to Goering; Adjourns

Deputies in Personal Oath of Allegiance To Hitler

BERLIN, Dec. 12.—The all-Nazi Reichstag convened today for the first time, and following a brief speech by Hermann Goering, inside of three minutes had empowered Goering to appoint all heads of committees and to receive and dispatch any petitions or resolutions. Goering had demanded such power in his speech. Thereupon the session adjourned indefinitely.

In his address, couched in short, commanding sentences, Goering reminded the deputies that their duty is to "implicitly support the government."

"In view of our leader's absence," he added, "I should refrain from giving any detailed instructions until his return."

Proceeding the session, the Nazi deputies took the personal oath to Hitler at a meeting last night. The oath, following Hitler's recent proclamation that the Nazi party and the bourgeois State are one, formally proclaims that Hitler is the State. The meeting was addressed by Hitler, whose alarm at the rising resistance, led by the unconquerable German

## 'Rote Fahne' Editor and Others Tortured by Storm Troopers

Fascist Press Silent on Recent Mass Arrests

BERLIN, Dec. 12.—Further Nazi brutalities against imprisoned Communist leaders are reported in the illegally published "Information Service" of the German Red Aid, No. 10.

Werner Hirsch, editor of the "Rote Fahne" (Red Flag), was arrested with Comrade Thaelmann last March, has been subjected to frightful ill-treatment in the Nazi concentration camp at Brandenburg. His head is covered with fresh scars. Hirsch was brutally tortured by Storm Troopers during their raid on the Karl Liebknecht House. Besides subjecting him to fresh ill-treatment, the Nazis have denied him any food for a week. His physical and mental condition is such that his life is endangered.

Refused to Beat His Fellow Prisoners

The reason for this fresh maltreatment is Comrade Hirsch's refusal to obey the sadistic orders of the Storm Troopers to beat his fellow prisoners. This method has been employed to a wide extent of late, especially in the Brandenburg concentration camp, in an effort to prevent the incarcerated anti-fascists from combining against their Nazi torturers.

The Communist Reichstag member, Johann Scheer, was arrested last week in his home in Berlin, during the raids and mass arrests carried out by the Nazis in the week following the fascist "plebiscite."

The fact that the authorities are keeping Scheer's arrest secret gives cause for the greatest alarm. It means that Scheer is in danger of being murdered off-hand by the Nazis. The same danger is shared by the hundreds of other revolutionary workers arrested recently, whose arrests are totally ignored by the fascist press. The Storm Troopers had received orders that the workers arrested during the "election" campaign were not to be handed over to the authorities, but were to be taken to the Storm centers, that is, the torture chambers, of the Nazi murderers.

Hamburg Leader Murdered By Nazis

Fritz Lux, a dock-worker and a revolutionary leader of the Hamburg proletariat, is reported to have died suddenly, and unexpectedly. His strong physique had succumbed to the tortures of the Nazis, following his arrest last spring and incarceration in a concentration camp.

Lux was one of the best known and most popular Communist leaders in Hamburg, and lived in the Red workers' quarters until he fell into the hands of the Hitler executioners. He died on the 16th anniversary of the victorious Russian revolution. On Nov. 11 he was buried in Chiodorf cemetery. The hundreds of Hamburg workers who stood silently at his grave have sworn to revenge the murder of one of their best comrades.

From Frankfurt comes the news that Konrad Lang, chairman of the Communist fraction in the Frankfurt town council and former deputy in the Hessen-Nassau Diet, has succumbed in a concentration camp to the tortures of the Nazis.

FATHER AND SON SEND \$10

HAMMOND, Ind.—Kenneth W. \$5. of this city, not only contributed \$5 to the Daily Worker but had his father equal his contribution, both sending \$10 to help save our paper.

Communist Party, in the factories to the anti-workingclass Nazi program was reflected in the exultant boast in his concluding sentence that "no power in Germany will be able to overthrow this true people's State."

# Six Years After, and the Chinese Canton Commune Lives

## Soviet Era Opened in China by Uprising

By HARRY GANNES

ON THE outskirts of Canton, six years ago, when the Chinese landlord-bourgeoisie, with the aid of the imperialists, slaughtered the last heroic band of defenders of the Canton Commune, they thought they had crushed forever the spectre of Soviet China.

Today on the 6th Anniversary of the Canton Commune, Soviet China covers one-seventh of all China. It has established a powerful central Soviet government in Kiangsi. The Chinese Red Army, born in the struggle to establish the Canton Soviet on October 19th, 1927, today numbers over 200,000 well-armed men, with the active support of tens of millions of revolutionary workers and peasants.

The Red Army of Canton, which the Kuomintang imperialist hangmen felt it had crushed forever, today has developed into a force which in four years has defeated six anti-Communist campaigns organized by Chiang Kai-Shek, financed by American, Japanese, French and British imperialists.

Opens A New Era.

The Canton Commune, which lasted barely three days, from October 10 to 13, was a rearguard revolutionary action opening up an entirely new historical stage in China—the era of the establishment of Soviets and the Red Army of China. It es-

tablished the hegemony of the workers and peasants in the Chinese revolution. The only anti-imperialist force in China is the China Soviets.

The Canton uprising took place at a period of declining revolutionary struggles, when the Kuomintang butchers sought to drown the 1927 revolution in a sea of blood. The Canton proletariat together with the revolutionary forces in the Kuomintang army and the peasant insurgents made one last heroic effort to crush the rising tide of white terror and infuse new life, energy and victory into the Chinese revolution.

THOUSANDS of the bravest of the Chinese proletariat were slain in their heroic onslaught against the citadel of the landlord-bourgeoisie and the imperialists. The superior forces of the imperialist-supported Chinese bourgeoisie defeated them. But the rivers of blood unloosed by the Chinese exploiters failed to wipe out the experiences and lessons of the Canton Commune. For China, the Canton Commune was the equivalent of the 1905 Russian Revolution and the Paris Commune. But in this period of rapid revolutionary development, thanks to the correct policies of the Communist International and the tremendous energy and activity of the Communist Party of China, the rapid onward sweep of Soviet China was not delayed by a long period of revolutionary depression.

Birth of Red Army.

After the defeat of the Canton Commune, and the destruction of the Canton Commune, the Lytton Commission of the League of Nations was forced to declare "there are two governments in China,

## Red Army Defeats Six Anti-Communist Campaigns

None, Soviet China lives, advances, grows, assuring the final victory of the Chinese revolution and the end of landlord-capitalist and imperialist domination which for a century has made a shambles of China.

The Chinese Soviets are an inspiration to the millions of workers struggling against the bloody reaction throughout the world. The indestructible Red forces of Soviet China, and the triumph of socialism in one-sixth of the globe is showing the workers and colonial masses of all countries the way out of the capitalist swamp of hunger and oppression and war.

American workers especially should take up the fight for the defense of the Chinese Soviets. Roosevelt is handing millions to the butcher regime of Chiang Kai-Shek to conduct the anti-Soviet campaigns. Recently the H.F.C. gave Nanking a loan of \$50,000,000 to wage war against the Chinese Soviets and peasants. American bankers and industrialists in China advance millions for the same purpose. American battleships are in Chinese waters ready to bombard the workers if they seize the cities. The same masters in this country who starve the workers, are ready to wipe out with blood and fire the victorious Chinese Soviets. Demand the imperialists keep their hands off China! Defend the Chinese Soviets!

The catastrophic economic crisis in China takes millions of lives every year. The peasants are driven deeper into debt, hunger and slavery.

In the blackness of the feudal-imperialist night, the bright glow of the Canton Commune shines with a glaring red blaze pointing the way for all of the hundreds of millions of the oppressed toiling masses of China.

The Commune Advances. Six years after the Canton Com-

## Join the Communist Party

35 EAST 12TH STREET, NEW YORK, N. Y.

Please send me more information on the Communist Party.

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