

NO MATTER HOW SMALL!  
Order a Daily Worker Bundle for Sale  
To Those You Know

# COMMUNISTS DEFEND RACE EQUALITY IN ALA. COURT

## General Strike Looms in Frisco; Ship Pilots Out

### Masters and Mates on Ocean Ships on Strike With Longshoremen

### HIT TROOP THREAT Men on Ferry Boats to Vote on Walkout

SAN FRANCISCO, May 17.—A general strike as an answer to the shipowners' threats to bring in federal troops to smash the longshoremen's strike loomed here today.

Masters, mates, and pilots of ocean-going ships have walked out and are striking, along with the longshoremen and seamen. It is reported that crews of the ferry boats which ply Frisco Bay are to vote on the question of joining the strike.

The movement of all ships to the north Pacific ports has been canceled by the companies.

Meanwhile Mayor Dore of Seattle sought the aid of federal troops to exert violence and terror against the strikers.

McGrady to Arrive

Edward F. McGrady, Assistant Secretary of Labor and aid to N. R. A. Administrator General Johnson, is due to arrive here by plane today, from Washington. He will propose a strikebreaking arbitration scheme as a trump card for the shipowners.

Judge Reynolds, of the Federal Arbitration Board, said that if the strike is not settled speedily the government will take a hand to keep freight moving.

The strikers are demanding of their international union officials in

(Continued on Page 2)

## Dockers Strike for 3 Hours in Phila. Supporting Seamen

### Shipowners Are Given 24 Hours to Meet Their Demands

(Special to the Daily Worker)

PHILADELPHIA, May 17.—Longshoremen on Pier 27 yesterday refused to load the Flomar, bound for the West Coast, and struck for three hours in sympathy with the ship's striking crew and their comrades on the West Coast. Polly Baker, International Longshoremen's Association organizer, refused to come to the pier.

This morning he issued a leaflet accusing the Communist Party of trying to split the ranks of the longshoremen, and begging the men to retain confidence in the I. L. A. leadership. The Party issued a leaflet pointing out that Ryan, I. L. A. President, worker feverishly to prevent the strike, and that Baker, here, has waited ten days before speaking of sympathy for the strikers, and even then failing to order I. L. A. seamen and longshoremen to strike ships coming from or going to the strike area.

### 24-Hour Picket Line

The crew of the Flomar is keeping up a twenty-hour picket line on the wharf. Late last night they prevented two scabs from sneaking on board and have succeeded in spreading strike sentiment to other ships in port. The crew of one ship visited the Marine Workers Industrial Union headquarters this morning and asked for help in drawing up demands and preparing to strike. They are expected to strike late today.

Over a hundred longshoremen, Negro and white, on pier 46 have joined the M. W. I. U. and are taking part in the preparations to strike. The committee gave the owners 24 hours to reply to their demands.

### Picket Relief Bureau

Unemployed seamen continue picketing the Federal Relief Bureau. A mass delegation yesterday forced the seamen's institute to permit all seamen who walked out in an eight-hour protest against rotten food to return, and this morning there were new mattresses for the men. A mass meeting last night elected a delegation of five to go to Washington for a demonstration for seamen-controlled relief. Tomorrow noon a parade will start at 312 South Second St., and go to the Federal Emergency Relief Bureau, 1433 Vine St., to demonstrate for the seamen's demands for better food and cash relief and seamen controlled relief.

## 2,000 Longshoremen Strike in London; May Spread Strike

LONDON, May 17.—A strike of 2,000 dock workers at Hayes Wharf, between the London and Tower bridges, where 90 per cent of London's perishable food imports are unloaded, is expected to spread to other docks.

The strikers are demanding that five men who formerly were employed at clerical work and have now been transferred to longshore duty to take the place of regular longshoremen be taken off the job.

Scabs have been brought in by the company to unload the ships. This has aroused the union men, who say they will spread the strike.

## Bronx Meet To Protest Nazi Execution Plan

### Will Demand Freedom of Thaelmann, Ger- man C. P. Leader

NEW YORK.—Protest against the criminal conspiracy of the Nazi butchers to rush Ernst Thaelmann, heroic German Communist leader, to summary trial and death within the next ten days, will be thundered by Bronx workers in an open-air meeting tonight at Wilkins and Intervale Aves. at 8 o'clock.

The meeting will also protest the growing fascist terror in this country, the mass murders of strikers in Alabama, San Pedro, Galveston, Buffalo, etc.

The meeting, called directly following the publication yesterday by the "Daily Worker" of the cabled news of the criminal Nazi plot, will be addressed by Hans Baer, a refugee from Nazi Germany. John Norman, writer, and Jack Schiller, organizer of the Bronx Section of the International Labor Defense, which is calling the meeting.

A number of anti-fascist organizations and other mass organizations are participating. The International Liberation Committee has urged the holding of protest meetings throughout the whole world to wrest Thaelmann from the hands of the Nazi murderers. Demonstrations should be held immediately in front of all Nazi consulates throughout the country. Protests adopted by meetings should be sent to these consulates and to the Nazi Embassy in Washington and the Nazi authorities in Berlin.

## Roosevelt to Depend on "Social Commission" To Sidetrack Workers

(Daily Worker Washington Bureau)  
WASHINGTON, May 17.—Speaker of the House of Representatives Henry T. Rainey announced today that President Roosevelt would appoint a joint legislative council to sit during the Summer and Fall adjournment of Congress for the purpose of considering social legislation. "It's the most stupendous thing attempted," Rainey told newspapermen. Roosevelt, said Rainey, will announce his plans in a forthcoming message to Congress.

Obviously an attempt to sidetrack the mounting dissatisfaction with the presidential social and economic program, the Roosevelt move, as outlined by Rainey, is also a political maneuver to keep the Congressmen in check during the interim months.

## Red Flag Flies Near Nazi Ship Docked at Boston Yard

BOSTON, Mass., May 17.—A Red Flag, 20 feet by 6, was unfurled on a 200-foot tower here at the Hossack Docks, adjoining the Navy Yard, where the Nazi war ship, the Karlsruhe, is docked. It bore the slogans: "Drive out Hitler! Free Thaelmann!" It was removed only after many hours and with the greatest difficulty.

A heavy police mobilization is going on here against an anti-Nazi demonstration planned late today at the Navy Yard by the Boston



Striking San Francisco longshoremen defend themselves against a brutal attack by armed police! One cop was knocked to the pavement. Another cop, carrying a long nightstick, is pictured at the left picking up his cap, knocked off as the longshoremen met the police clubs with rocks and planks.

## Industrial Steel Union Launches Preparations For Big Strike Struggles

### Calls for Building of \$2,000 Fighting Fund

NEW YORK.—The preparations of the Steel and Metal Workers Industrial Union for strike struggle in the steel industry, and the campaign of the S.M.W.I.U. for a Steel Workers Fighting Fund, were endorsed yesterday in a statement by the National Executive Board of the Trade Union Unity League.

The T.U.U.L. statement, issued by Jack Stachel, Acting Secretary, declared that the steel workers, suffering a severe attack on their living standards, are disillusioned with the N.R.A. and Labor Boards and the A. F. of L. leaders, and are preparing for strike struggles.

### National Board Decisions

This sentiment of the steel workers for struggles is seen in the growing influence of the Steel and Metal Workers Industrial Union, and in the recent convention of the Amalgamated Association of Iron, Steel and Tin Workers (A. F. of L.) where, in spite of the reformist character of some of the opposition leaders, the voice of the rank and file could not be suppressed.

The T.U.U.L. statement continues, "The voice of the rank and file was registered in the decisions of the A. A. convention to organize a broad strike struggle for the demands of the 30 hours per week, \$1 an hour minimum wage, abolition of the differentials (lower wage) legalized by the steel code for the South, and for equal rights for Negro steel workers. This convention also went on record in support of the Workers Unemployment Insurance Bill (H. R. 7598)."

"The National Board of the Steel and Metal Workers Industrial Union, at its special meeting in Pittsburgh on May 13, mapped out plans for the development of united front action committees in the mills, for the establishment of the united front with the A. A. workers, for

## Workers Forced to Eat Less Since NRA, U. S. Report Shows

WASHINGTON, May 17.—Working class families all over the country have had to get along with less groceries since Roosevelt started his N.R.A.-New Deal, the latest report on food sales issued by the U. S. Department of Commerce reveals.

Also, this report reveals that grocery sales have shown an 8 per cent increase in dollar sales during the first four months of this year, a period during which retail food prices rose 19 per cent. This means that the workers paid more money and got less food for it than a year ago before Roosevelt took office.

The official report of the Department of Commerce confirms the recent figures issued by the A. & F. Grocery Chain which show a drop of 10 per cent in the quantity of groceries sold over the counter during the past year.

## Committee to Aid Victims of Ger- man Fascism together with the Marine Workers Industrial Union.

Dr. Hans Luther, Nazi ambassador to Washington, is scheduled to come to Boston on Saturday for an inspection of the Nazi cruiser "The Grozny" which shows a drop of 10 per cent in the quantity of groceries sold over the counter during the past year.

## Mass Jailings After Latvian Fascist Coup

### Hitler Press Is Highly Pleased As Terror Rages on Baltic

(Special to the Daily Worker)  
MOSCOW, May 17. (By Radio).—Troops are patrolling the streets of Riga, after the fascist coup yesterday, and numerous leaders of the left parties and revolutionary workers are being arrested throughout Latvia.

Reports from Warsaw give additional details of the fascist coup in Latvia. On the night of May 16, the government buildings in Riga, capital of Latvia, were occupied by troops. The order for their seizure was signed by Premier Ulmanis and War Minister Balodis. They published a decree proclaiming the whole country under martial law for six months. Parliament was suspended.

Leaders of the left parliamentary fractions, including the Social-Democrat Kalmyns, president of parliament, was arrested.

The "People's House" Socialist headquarters in Riga, was occupied by troops and the Aisargi, a semi-militarist reactionary organization.

### Break Up Political Parties

All political parties were dissolved. The government statement declares that to eliminate all internal political complications it will use "all means at its disposal."

The coup was carried out by Ulmanis and Balodis, with the aid of troops and police, and the Aisargi, brought to Riga from various parts of the country.

Railway stations and bridges were occupied and guarded by military detachments. All meetings and demonstrations were banned. Provisional censorship was introduced. A number of newspapers and other publications, were suppressed.

### HITLER PRESS SATISFIED

(Special to the Daily Worker)  
BERLIN, May 17. (By Radio via London).—The entire German press gives prominence to the fascist coup in Latvia, expressing unconcealed satisfaction.

The obviously inspired comments emphasize that the Nazis of Germany can only welcome such developments of events in Latvia.

The maneuvers of the Latvian Government, writes the Nazi "Boerszeitung," especially their motivation, in many respects recall the measures and slogans which with the aid of the National Socialists (Nazis) liberated "Germany from parliamentarism."

This paper particularly welcomes the crushing of the workers' organizations, and the occupation of the People's House by troops.

The paper goes on to express the hope that the Latvian Government, after reorganization, will conduct a policy friendly towards fascist Germany.

## Sec'y Perkins Vague On Terror; B'mingham Cops Jail 'Daily' Correspondent

### Sec'y Perkins Blames Workers for Strike Violence

### IGNORES MURDERS Does Not Criticize Use of Troops Against Pickets

By MARGUERITE YOUNG  
(Daily Worker Washington Bureau)

WASHINGTON, May 17.—Secretary of Labor Frances Perkins, asked today to comment on the violence of police, private armies, and National troops in murdering strikers to a point where Congressional investigation is being sought in the House of Representatives, declared, "Sometimes violence comes from one side, sometimes from the other."

Pressed to say whether the terror in major strikes has not been instituted against rather than by labor, as recognized in the Lundeen resolution, Perkins merely said: "I think nothing is ever more unfortunate so far as the settlement of industrial disputes is concerned than violence on either side."

Even while thus bandying the outworn anti-labor slur, the Labor Secretary announced that Edward F. McGrady, Assistant Secretary of Labor, who helped the Administration break the Pennsylvania Mine strike last August by tricking workers to "rely on the President," has gone to the Pacific Coast to try his hand in the Longshore strike. And therefore "we are hopeful."

Also, Perkins defended General Pelham Glassford's activities as "mediator" in Imperial Valley against widespread protests by the American Civil Liberties Union and others. Perkins admitted that Glass-

(Continued on Page 2)

## Score Roosevelt Anti-Soviet Move At Meet Tonight

### Cooper Union Protest to Demand Opening of USSR Trade

NEW YORK.—Vigorous protest will be voiced tonight against the Roosevelt government's encouragement to the anti-Soviet war front by blocking Soviet trade and by falsely declaring the Soviet Union in "default" on the Kerensky loans, at a mass meeting in Cooper Union, Cooper Square, between Third and Fourth Aves., near Ninth St.

The speakers at this meeting, under the auspices of the Friends of the Soviet Union are: Maxwell S. Stewart, Foreign Policy Association, and prominent author; Professor H. W. L. Dana, famed lecturer; Roy Hudson, secretary Marine Workers Industrial Union and Herbert Goldkraft, national secretary of the Friends of the Soviet Union. Tim Holmes, of the Needle Trades Workers Industrial Union, will be chairman.

In sending in new subs to the "Daily" please write the name and address of the new subscriber clearly.



JOHN HOWARD LAWSON  
The noted American author and playwright, who has been special correspondent for the Daily Worker, together with four others, was jailed yesterday as part of the reign of terror and attempt to suppress all news.

## Negro Miner, Shot In Ala. Terror, Dies

### Four More Arrested in Raids, Lawson Wires Just Before Arrest

ED. NOTE.—The following wire was received from the Daily Worker correspondent at Birmingham, Ala. John Howard Lawson, a few hours before his arrest.

The Daily Worker has learned from a telephone conversation to the L.L.D. that Ed Higgins, a Negro coal miner and secretary of the Empire local of the U.M.W.A., who was shot on May 14, is dead.

By JOHN HOWARD LAWSON  
BIRMINGHAM, Ala., May 17.—Continued tension prevails in the strike-torn area. As a result of the militant demand of the strikers, two Jefferson County officers, Grady Baker, county marshal, and Sam Arnett, deputy sheriff, were arrested, charged with the murder of two Negro pickets last week. Both immediately posted \$10,000 bond each.

Hugh A. Locke, attorney for Hillman Hawkins, St. Clair County miner, announced he would file damage suits against the Alabama Fuel and Iron Company as a result of the massed attack on his home by men in four automobiles.

The attorney has collected ap-

(Continued on Page 2)

## Grafting Union Head Gets 18 Months Jail

NEWARK, N. J., May 17.—The former business agent of the Ironworkers Union, John E. Delaney, was sentenced to 18 months in a federal penitentiary and pay a \$2,500 fine on charges of failure to file income tax returns on "protection money" collections, totaling \$300,000 in 1928 and 1929.

Contractors testified they paid him large sums to protect them from labor troubles.

## Boss Court Told Party Unites Negro, White Workers in Struggle

### BANISH LAWSON Court Forced to Delay Passing of Sentence

By JOHN HOWARD LAWSON  
(Special to the Daily Worker)  
BIRMINGHAM, Ala., May 17.—For the first time in an Alabama jim-crow court, the program of the Communist Party rang out in Judge Abernathy's kangaroo court today, as Ralston and five other workers militantly defended themselves against the frame-up attempt of the steel bosses.

The trial took place two floors below the cells where the Scottsboro Boys are confined in solitary confinement.

Ralston, conducting his own defense, declared in ringing tones: "I am an organizer for the Communist Party is actively participating in strike struggles and building a powerful trade union movement as part of the struggle of the working class for the overthrow of capitalism, confiscation of the factories, mines, railroads and wealth of the Southern bourgeois and the Wall Street oligarchy in order to establish a Soviet America as part of the world struggle of the toiling masses for Communism."

Prosecutor Praises A. F. of L. Leaders

Ralston was finally stopped and told not to make any more speeches after White Legionnaires whispered in the ear of the prosecutor.

The prosecutor posed the A. F. of L. bureaucracy against the Com-

(Continued on Page 2)

## Austrian Fighters Get Jobs, Health In the Soviet Union

### Work at Their Trade or Are Sent to Best Sanatoria in USSR

(Special to the Daily Worker)

MOSCOW, May 17. (By radio).—All of the 310 Austrian Schutzbunders (armed guard who participated in the defensive armed struggles against Dollfuss's fascist regime) who came to the Soviet Union were given work in their trades in Soviet factories here.

A group of 64 of the Schutzbund members left May 15 for Leningrad. The heroes of the Vienna barricade fighting were met by large demonstrations of workers from Leningrad factories who gathered at the railway station. Placards and banners were draped over the station in German and Russian greeting the Austrian working class heroes.

This group of Schutzbunders will work at the Red Putilov Turbine Plant.

A large group of Schutzbunders left for work in the Kharkov Tractor Plant and other Ukrainian factories. One hundred and eighteen of the Schutzbunders have obtained work in Moscow factories and on building jobs.

The trade unions are giving the best places in the southern sanatoriums to Schutzbunders requiring medical treatment. Eighty of them recently went to Crimea and the Caucasus.

Meatcutters Win Recognition  
But Lose Pay Raise  
CEDAR RAPIDS, Ia. (FP).—After a four-day strike, 1,300 workers of the Sinclair Packing plant in Cedar Rapids returned to work. The company, an affiliate of the Wilson Packing Co., granted recognition to the Amalgamated Meat Cutters and Butchers Union, and promised not to discriminate against workers for union activity, but refused to grant a wage settlement. Many workers have been drawing as little as \$1 a week.

## Forced Labor, Relief Cuts Mark New LaGuardia Attack On N. Y. Jobless

### PLAN TO DROP 20,000 FROM RELIEF ROLLS ON JUNE 1

By HOWARD BOLDT

Following the Roosevelt abandonment of C. W. A., reduced federal relief grants to states and municipalities, and the most recent Roosevelt attack upon the unemployed masses in slashing federal relief expenditures for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1935, by half a billion dollars, relief situations throughout the country are rapidly approaching a crisis.

slashed following the ending of C. W. A. by Roosevelt's proclamation.

On Home Relief, a vicious forced labor system is about to be introduced. Thousands are systematically dropped from the relief rolls. Rents for the jobless remain unpaid in a majority of cases. Medical aid is totally inadequate. Total expenditures are limited by the infamous Bankers' Agreement. In New York City alone one and a quarter million unemployed are systematically being starved by what LaGuardia calls "systematic and humane" relief.

Fifteen thousand to 20,000 families on Home Relief will be dropped by June 1st, Commissioner of Welfare William Hodson of New York announced yesterday. For those who remain on relief, Mayor LaGuardia has outlined a vast system of forced labor by which all unemployed on relief will be "classified" according to occupation, and skilled workers will be forced to work at their trade for the miserable pittance handed out as "relief."

Most of those to be dropped from the relief rolls will be those families on Home Relief, Hodson in-

(Continued on Page 3)

# Sunday Conference To Map Program To Defend Foreign Born

### Delegation Will be Sent to Washington from United Front Meet

NEW YORK.—A delegation to demand the return of citizenship to Emil Gardos and the dropping of charges against all others held for deportation because of their working class activities, will be elected Sunday at a united front conference called by the Committee for the Protection of Foreign Born. The conference will meet at 1 p.m. in Irving Plaza, Irving Place and 15th St.

Emil Gardos, editor of the Hungarian language daily, Uj Eloro, lost his citizenship because he helped lead a strike of textile workers, ran for Congress on the Communist ticket, and stated that he had "no loyalty higher than my loyalty to the working class."

The delegation, which will be elected from various labor, fraternal, cultural and student groups supporting the committee in its fight against the persecution of foreign born, will see Secretary of Labor Frances Perkins and Attorney General Cummings.

All organizations opposed to fascist reaction were urged to send delegates to the conference. The committee's headquarters is at 799 Broadway.

I. Amer, National Secretary of the Unemployment Councils, in a

statement today pointed out that the attacks upon foreign born workers is one of the most vicious forms of attack upon the whole working class. "By discriminating against foreign born workers, in providing jobs, in establishing wage rates and in distributing relief, the bosses and their political tools aim to reduce the millions of foreign born to ever lower standards of existence," he said.

Among other groups supporting the conference, which will be held at 1 p.m. Sunday, in Irving Plaza, are the Amalgamated Food Workers Local 187, the Relief Workers League, Bronx Y.M.H.A., Bricklayers Local 54, A. F. of L., Carpenters Local 366, Carpenters Local 2000, American Civil Liberties Union, United Front Supporters and the Hijos de Borinque, a Puerto Rican organization.

## Perkins Vague On Terror; Cops Jail 'Daily' Writer

(Continued from Page 1)

ford is a wealthy ranch operator himself.

"Don't Know" Reporters in a large press conference piled on questions and statements about the Alabama terror. "We don't know anything about it. Of course, as you know, the Governor is responsible for keeping the peace and protecting life and property," Perkins began.

She was reminded that national troops are adding to the terror. She said, "We are aware of the situation. It arises out of a peculiar condition. You see, these ore miners are usually ahead of the bituminous miners in wages. Recent changes have put the bituminous miners ahead, and the increase in coal wages had the effect of causing resentment. We are trying to conciliate, but opinion is that the only technique of conciliation possible is agreement to consider the matter under the N.R.A. Code."

"It is reported there are requests for Federal troops to be used against the Pacific longshoremen—what would be her attitude toward such a request?"

"I should discuss it with the Commander-in-Chief," (President Roosevelt.)

### Ignores Real Wage Drop

Asked to compare payroll and wage increases with the advance in the cost of living (no mention of this in the Perkins statement) the Secretary turned to her statistician, Dr. Isador Rubin. He said that food prices increased "about 15 per cent" and clothing "about 28 per cent," and the general cost "less than 20 per cent," while weekly per capita earnings "increased 27.7 per cent."

The complete meaninglessness of the last figures is indicated by the A. F. of L. bulletin for May's declaration that the per capita increase from March to March amounted to exactly 9.7 per cent.

Perkins naturally didn't mention a report by the Department of Commerce yesterday that the dollar value of groceries in representative chain stores showed a decrease of three per cent from March to April, that retail prices increased 19 per cent, and that it appeared that "the physical volume of chain grocery sales was lower (this April) than in April 1933."

### Y.C.L. SHOE WORKERS CONFERENCE

There will be a conference of all Y.C.L. Lers in the Shoe and Leather industry, Friday, May 18, at 8 p.m. at the Y.C.L. District Office. All organized and unorganized comrades and shop troops in the industry must attend.

### Meeting of Delegates to FESTIVAL & BAZAAR, C. P. N. Y. DIST.

Thursday, May 3rd, 8 P.M. 50 East 13th St., Room 205 Unions, I.W.O. clubs, I.L.D. branches, mass organizations, are urged to send delegates.

Organize a Booth — Collect Articles — Send a Greeting

### Mass Meeting To Strike at the Enemies of Soviet Trade

FRIDAY, MAY 18 — 8:30 P. M. — COOPER UNION, 5th St. and 4th Ave.

Speakers: Maxwell Stewart, Foreign Policy Association; Prof. H. W. L. Dana; Roy Hudson, Machine Workers Industrial Union; Herbert Goldfrank, National Secretary of Friends of the Soviet Union; Tim Holmes, Needle Workers Industrial Union

Auspices: Friends of the Soviet Union, 799 Broadway. Admission 25c.

## General Strike Faced by 'Frisco As Pilots Strike

(Continued from Page 1)

New York that a world-wide strike be called to set reasonable wages and working conditions for the waterfront workers of all countries.

### Ten Ships Strike In San Pedro

SAN PEDRO, Cal., May 17.—Despite attempts of Watson of the International Seamen's Union to sabotage the strike call, seamen on ten ships walked out on strike here yesterday in support of the striking longshoremen.

At a mass meeting called by the Seamen's United Front Central Strike Committee the men from the ships pledged to fight to the last ditch with the stevedores for their demands for a 15 cent increase, 30-hour week and union recognition. They are also demanding the full code of the Marine Workers Industrial Union for seamen, abolition of the fink halls, release of all strikers arrested, and the arrest and punishment of those responsible for the murder of Richard Parker, 20-year-old longshoreman, shot down on the picket line last Tuesday.

Among the ships striking here are the Chiriqua, a United Fruit liner; the Admiral Ruth Alexander, of the Admiral Line; the Wiley and the Watson, of the Day Line, and the Paul Luckenbach.

### Hynes Led Attack

Further investigation of the police attack on the picket line at the Wilmington Steamship Terminal revealed that the onslaught was led by Captain "Red" Hynes of the Los Angeles Red Squad. Hynes stood on the top of a stalled auto directing the attack, but was promptly pulled down from his perch by aroused strikers.

Leutenant Pfeiffer, another of the attackers, was knocked down unconscious in the fight which followed the shooting. Captain Gentry of the Harbor Detectives came out with a broken shoulder. Officer Hache of the San Pedro Red Squad was knocked down and twenty-one scabs were sent to the hospital. John Knudson, a striker, who was at first reported killed, was shot through the stomach and is at death's door.

### Scabs Desert

Following the police attack on the strikers, hundreds of scabs deserted the stockade where they had held valuable prisoners. Work in the docks is at a standstill.

Six strikers, Bowley, Jarties, Hollen, Linnprich, Royal and Pearson, who were arrested and held on charges of assault, riot and arson, were bailed out on \$1,000 bail each. The International Labor Defense sent a delegation of three hundred to the local paper, the News Pilot, with a strong resolution against the way the paper reported the strike.

### The Coroner's Jury is preparing to whitewash all agents of the shipowners responsible for the bloody attack on the longshoremen.

### Ships Pulled Up-Stream At Seattle

SEATTLE, Wash., May 17.—The Isthmian Line shipowners had the Steel Mariner and the Steel Marker pulled up the stream yesterday, in an attempt to keep the crews of these ships from walking out on strike.

### Gill, of the International Seamen's Union, has refused to take united action with the Marine Workers Industrial Union.

A committee of seamen, members of the M.W.I.U., sent a delegation to the International Longshoremen's Association, proposing united action in the strike. Officials of the I.L.A. referred the request to the Executive Board.

### 8,000 In Gulf Ports Win Demands, Return

BEAUMONT, Texas, May 15. (By Mail).—Eight thousand or more I. L. A. longshoremen and sympathizers have returned to work at Texas ports and Lake Charles, La., with union recognition, a rise in pay with shorter hours, and the inclusion of the Sabine district in a contract carrying the same wage scale as that of the Galveston district.

The contract called for a 44-hour week during four of the Spring and Summer months, when shipping is dull, with a 48-hour week for the other eight months, the wage agreement to expire at any time, preferably March 31 of next year. But the longshoremen stayed on strike two days longer, insisting on a 44-hour week throughout the year, which would pay them for overtime on Saturday afternoon, and a wage agreement which would expire Sept. 30th of this or next year.

I. L. A. officials, including Ryan, meeting with maritime committees, decided on a 44-hour week to expire June 30, 1935. The I. L. A. officials, at the beginning, excluded the strikers from their original demand of 85 cents an hour for general cargo work with cotton piece-work increased from 13 cents a bale to 20 cents, and asked for separate contracts for Galveston and Sabine districts with the same wage scale while strikers were asking for the same contract.

But the longshoremen gained ground by making the maritime committees agree to a wage scale of 80 cents an hour, \$1.20 per hour overtime, and 15 cents a bale on cotton, for work on deep-sea ships.

### Bosses Try to Incite Race Hatred

(Special to the Daily Worker) BOSTON, Mass., May 17.—Shipowners are preparing to meet the growing strike sentiment on the docks here by attempting to incite race hatred between white and Negro workers.

With the support of the Boston branch of the Urban League, a Negro reformist organization, the shipowners are recruiting Negro workers to be used as scabs if the threatened strike materializes.

The Urban League has issued a statement in the press calling on

## Flint Fisher Body Strike Is Betrayed

### A. F. of L. Leaders Send Men Back Without a Single Demand Won

By A. B. MAGILL (Special to the Daily Worker)

FRINT MICH.—Another brazen betrayal has been put over by the A. F. of L. leaders. In the Fisher Body strike here they have pulled the same trick as in the Fisher strike in Cleveland, nearly three weeks ago. They have called off the strike pending the outcome of negotiations. Only this time they did not dare bring forward the Automobile Labor Board to help them do the job openly, because it has been too much discredited.

Last night, at a meeting of about 800 members of the A. F. of L. local, the A. F. of L. leaders put through the vote ending the strike of 5,000 workers at the Fisher Body plant No. 1, that has been in progress since last Thursday. The vote was put over in characteristic A. F. of L. style; no real discussion allowed, the floor being given chiefly to trusted A. F. of L. standbys who had been lined up in advance, and the workers were stamped into voting for the settlement.

### What Company Wanted

The settlement was arranged during the course of the day in secret conferences, without the knowledge of the members, between Francis Dillon, A. F. of L. organizer here, and William S. Knudsen, executive vice-president of General Motors, and Charles T. Fisher, of the Fisher Body Corp., which is a general Motors unit. The terms provide that the men return to work under the conditions that prevailed at the start of the strike, while the management enters into negotiations with the A. F. of L. leaders. If they are unable to effect an agreement, the strike-breaking Automobile Labor Board will be called in.

This is really all the company wanted. Since the strike caught them at the beginning of production on the new number 40 model of the Buick car, their sole aim was to get the man back as quickly as possible. Now they can repeat what they did in Cleveland, St. Louis, Tarrytown, N. Y., and other places; drag negotiations out indefinitely until they have piled up production and are ready to lay men off.

Not a single one of the men's demands—restoration of the old wage rates, which had been cut 25 to 40 per cent, reinstatement of 25 victimized workers, slowing down of speed-up and union recognition—was even considered.

At last night's meeting of the local, Dillon was the chief speaker. He gave a slick talk full of glowing promises and assuring the strikers that the grievances would all be settled with the company. Before the meeting opened he went around whispering to his trusted henchmen, lining them up to monopolize discussion. Despite the floor workers did manage to get the floor, he said: "This is just like Cleveland; they got nothing there." Another worker asked whether the union was being recognized. Cook, President of the local and chairman of the meeting, replied glibly: "The company is recognizing your committee and that's the same as union recognition."

The A. F. of L. leaders then called for a rising vote, which put all those who opposed settlement on the spot. Since the A. F. of L. strong arm men have been terrorizing workers on the picket line and have called police to arrest workers distributing leaflets of the rank and file committee, undoubtedly many men failed to register their vote.

The Committee for Rank and File Control of the Fisher Body local is distributing leaflets to the workers betraying and calling on the workers to organize a fight against it. The leaflet urges the workers to set up committees in every department to present demands to the company and prepare to strike again.

Negro workers to scab in case of a strike. The International Longshoremen's Association officials have barred Negroes from the union here.

The Marine Workers' Industrial Union, while pointing out how the leaders of the I. L. A. are working hand in hand with the Urban League to create a race riot and break up the strike movement, calling on the workers to demand that the Jim-Crow policies of the I. L. A. officials be ended.

"The white longshoremen, first of all, should raise the demand for admittance of Negroes into the I. L. A. on the same basis as white workers," said a call issued by the National Bureau of the M. W. I. U. in New York today.

"Do not allow the bosses, the I. L. A. officials, and Urban Leaguers to divide the ranks of the longshoremen. United the Negro and white workers will win. But if they allow the bosses to divide them the bosses will be victorious."

President Donovan of the East Boston Local of the I. L. A. has closed his eyes to the developing strike movement. He denies the fact that is growing over the heads of the union officials.

### 200 Still Out In New York

NEW YORK.—The strike of 200 longshoremen at Piers 34 and 37, on the west side, continued yesterday.

Although Joseph P. Ryan, President of the International Longshoremen's Association, has issued statements to the press that three shifts of pickets are at the docks, a careful check-up of the activities on the docks since the strike began shows Ryan's statements to be false.

I.L.A. delegates will not permit the longshoremen to picket the piers. Aided by police, the delegates keep the strikers from coming near the docks.

## Dismiss Case Against Negro Taxicab Driver In Homicide Hearing

NEW YORK.—The case against John Porter, Negro taxi driver charged with homicide, was dismissed at a hearing in court yesterday.

Porter had been arrested after he had struck Tyler C. Bronson, wealthy clubman and stock market speculator, who subsequently died. Bronson, who was drunk, had called Porter a "damn dirty nigger" repeatedly and had lunged at the taxi driver.

Porter, defending himself, had hit Bronson on the jaw with his fist.

## 6 Communists Defy Alabama Jim Crow Court, White Legion

(Continued from Page 1)

Communist Party, praising the A. F. of L. bureaucracy, but also exposing the Jim-Crow sell-out policy of the A. F. of L. bureaucracy and showed the growing link of solidarity of the entire A. F. of L. rank and file with the Communist Party, whose policies they have adopted in the Birmingham strikes. He showed the Communist Party as the main force for the unionization of the unorganized of the South.

### Owens Raises Demand for Social Equality of Negroes

The position of the International Labor Defense was made clear by Blain Owens, who exposed the murder of militant strikers, and the frame-up character of the present trials, and spoke at length on the world-wide mass fight for the Scottsboro Boys. He answered the provocative questions of the prosecutor, saying:

"I categorically believe in social equality and would rather associate with Negroes than with police thugs and such elements as the prosecutor who is trying to frame me."

The other four defendants presented similar militant defiance. Court Tense With Hatred, Prejudice. I have never seen such an atmosphere of hatred and prejudice as prevailed in the court room. Mocking laughter swept the room when Laura Stark, one of the defendants, insisted on the use by the court and prosecution witnesses of the word Negro instead of "nigger." More laughter occurred when Racolin was referred to by the prosecutor as a Bolshevik lawyer.

I was hummed in by White Legion thugs, openly declaring "They don't need a trial. Put them in an incinerator and take them over the mountain. They won't get out alive."

### Daily Worker Correspondent and Lawyer Arrested

I was arrested in court for being present at the trial, finger-printed and mugged as Number 25,598, then ordered to leave town by Assistant Police Chief Mullins. Racolin was re-arrested with me, finger-printed and mugged as Number 26,587. Protests as to our identity were answered with orders to shut up and leave town.

Hundreds of sympathetic white and Negro workers were prevented from entering the court room. Only a small number were admitted, while White Legion thugs crowded the enclosure reserved for lawyers. A terrific tension swept the court room as Racolin made his ringing defiance.

### Strikes Continue Despite Terror

The defendants forced Judge Abernathy to postpone the passing of sentence by demanding written orders to leave town by Assistant Police Chief Mullins. Racolin was re-arrested with me, finger-printed and mugged as Number 26,587. Protests as to our identity were answered with orders to shut up and leave town.

Hundreds of sympathetic white and Negro workers were prevented from entering the court room. Only a small number were admitted, while White Legion thugs crowded the enclosure reserved for lawyers. A terrific tension swept the court room as Racolin made his ringing defiance.

## Negro Victim of Alabama Mine Terror Dies

(Continued from Page 1)

Approximately 150 discharged shotgun shells and metal base cartridges picked up around Hawkins' home. Contempt of court citations have been served on nine men for alleged violation of the anti-picketing injunction obtained May 9 by the Republic Steel Corporation Thomas plant.

Birmingham police continue persecution of alleged reds in their efforts to terrorize the working class.

### Four Arrested

Early this morning four Negroes were arrested. Alfred and Felida Barnes were seized in a raid on 2011 Avenue K, Ensley; Jim and Pearl Battle, at 1514 24th St., Ensley.

Chief Hollums announced that "inflammatory" literature had been seized, including a resolution demanding equality for Negroes in jury service, opposite to the run for political office and the right to vote in primaries, and also International Labor Defense membership cards.

Continuing their terrorist tactics, police today carried out a check of all news stands in an attempt to trace places where the Daily Worker is sold.

The funeral this morning in Ishkoda of a murdered Negro striker was attended by large crowds of white and colored workers. The speakers stressed the solidarity of white and Negro workers in joint struggle for better conditions. A Negro speaker pointed out the role of the police in carrying out bosses' attacks on all members of the exploited class, declaring:

"They shoot you down, and it don't matter what your color is. They are against the workers."

## Call For One Demonstration On Youth Day

### Anti-War Body Invites Socialist Youth to Join on May 30

NEW YORK.—Another effort to achieve one united youth demonstration against war and fascism on May 30, National Youth Day, was made by the Youth section of the American League Against War and Fascism, which issued a statement yesterday to the members of the Young Peoples' Socialist League, Young Circle League, Student League for Industrial Democracy, and to all youth organizations and individuals, calling for a united demonstration under the banner of "United Youth Demonstration Against War and Fascism."

The statement follows:

"To the Members of the Young Peoples' Socialist League, Young Circle League and Student League for Industrial Democracy; To All Youth:

"On Tuesday, May 15, representatives of the above mentioned organizations walked out of a joint committee meeting to prepare for a youth demonstration against war and fascism on May 30. The excuse for the walk-out was their objection to participating in a demonstration held under the name of National Youth Day. The latter name had been decided upon by a conference of 253 delegates representing 41,500 youth called by the Youth Section, American League Against War and Fascism.

"Realizing the serious danger of imperialist war and striving earnestly to unite all youth in the struggle against war and fascism, the Youth section of the American League, in order to permit nothing to stand in the way of establishing this unit, offers the following proposal, divided into three points:

"1. That one main banner head the parade on May 30 and cover the speakers' stand. This to carry the following words: "United Youth Demonstration Against War and Fascism."

"2. That every organization shall have the right to issue its own leaflets and carry its own banners and slogans.

"3. Instead of two separate committees, there shall be only one united committee to handle all further arrangements for the parade and meeting. The membership of this committee shall be composed of one delegate from every city-wide organization represented at the two conferences.

"We appeal to the youth of all organizations to join in making the May 30 demonstration this year a mighty answer to the maneuvers of the fleet in New York and a blow at the growing fascist groups. No obstacles must be permitted to stand in the way of such unity. We must not permit any excuses or individuals to stand in the way of a common anti-war and fascist struggle.

"Forward to a united youth demonstration against war and fascism on May 30!"

### "YOUTH SECTION, AMERICAN LEAGUE AGAINST WAR AND FASCISM"

## Recognition, Raise Won in Worcester

WORCESTER, Mass., May 17.—After a strike of two days the workers of the Johnson Steel & Wire Mill won the following demands: Full recognition of the shop committee; an increase of seven and one half per cent on some piece work rates; an increase from 56 to 66 cents an hour on day work.

Mass picketing was carried on under the leadership of the Steel and Metal Workers Industrial Union. After 75 workers from two of the most important departments walked out, the company was forced to give in as the whole shop was paralyzed.

### DR. JULIUS LITTINSKY

107 BRISTOL STREET  
Bet. Pitkin and Sutter Aves., Brooklyn  
PHONE: DICKENS 2-3912  
Office Hours: 8-10 A.M., 1-2, 6-8 P.M.

### WORKERS

2700-2800 BRONX PARK EAST  
COOPERATIVE COLONY  
has reduced the rent, several good apartments available.

Cultural Activities for Adults, Youth and Children.

Telephone: Estabrook 8-1400—8-1401  
Tras Stop at Allerton Ave. station  
Direction: Lexington Ave., White Plains  
Office open daily from 9 a.m. to 5 p.m.  
Friday and Saturday 9 a.m. to 5 p.m.  
Sunday 10 a.m. to 2 p.m.

REMEMBER June 9th! Daily Worker Day and Moonlight Excursion to Hook Mountain. Tickets available at all Workers Book Shops.

### CLASSIFIED

ONE or two rooms to let. Ideal vacation place. All improvements. Reasonable. Comfortable atmosphere. Call from the City. S.B. c/o Daily Worker.

MODERN elevator 3-room apartment, downtown. Latest improvements, furnished to suit for the summer months. Very reasonable price. For single person or couple without children. References. Call ST. 9-6345.

POUND, small purse at Madison Square Garden, May 1. Owner call for same at Daily Worker Office.

# SPORTS

WILLIAM FUCHS

## Feud For Thought

THE return of the Giants yesterday, from their Western trip, safe in body but changed in percentage, adds fuel to the custom of regarding as a fiction and a bait the tales of the hellish rivalry among the baseball teams, which certain historians of the press still propagate. It is widely

mid compared to what he would have received, justly or unjustly, ten years ago, let us say. Ben Chapman, the Yankee player, who publicly described a customer, the other day, as a "Jew bastard" (if I am not mistaken), and who later apologized by saying that he didn't blame anyone for "their accident of birth" and that some of his best friends were Jews, would never have escaped with a banquet by Jewish friends, as he did this time.

To find the true sentiment, I am informed, one must go to the minor leagues. There the citizens still look upon their baseball teams with the pride of possession. It is a feeling which never leaves them. Brother will not talk to brother if they happen to be on opposite sides of the fence; and they never fatten the calf for the prodigal son if he comes home after roosting for the foe. They kick him out head first, as one kicks out a man who comes to sell a five-foot shelf of books or the man who comes to foreclose the mortgage.

The furor between Minneapolis and St. Paul is an example of this. Particularly at this moment, when the doings there are the hottest in years, St. Paul is one step from the cellar and Minneapolis is roosting on top; and the people of St. Paul are going around with curses on their lips. They are not afraid of death, but if they die they want to die with Minneapolis. They want to fight with Minneapolis on the way to hell. The situation has reduced a St. Paul comrade, who follows the outrage from the vantage point of New York, to almost a helpless state. I am always afraid when he looks at the baseball scores, lest he go down there and wipe out the whole city of Minneapolis.

STRANGELY enough no such murderous feelings have ever agitated the citizens of Manhattan with regard to the Yanks and the Giants. (I doubt if the fans of Manhattan even consider the Dodgers; they are simply not bigoted about them.) In New York, one might believe, nothing would be more natural than for the Yank and Giant devotees to pull for their guns on sight; but nothing of the sort has ever occurred. A mutual feeling of good will and brotherhood exists. There used to be talk of Babe Ruth going to the Giants, but no vox populi ever got excited about such an event. Some avow the Giants their love and others the Yanks, but most clap for both. This is a civilized situation. In other provinces where there are two teams the police frequently pick up followers of one near the fences of the other, with bombs in their pockets.

LEAVING aside, however, the few cities which have not been wholly won by the fan, the fact that the temperatures have generally cooled in the big league circuits. The customers have become more enlightened, more tolerant. They can hardly hurt themselves even into a fever of criticism. The plight of Babe Ruth last week, when he was the subject of some croaking, was

not a sign of a general thaw. The fact that the temperatures have generally cooled in the big league circuits. The customers have become more enlightened, more tolerant. They can hardly hurt themselves even into a fever of criticism. The plight of Babe Ruth last week, when he was the subject of some croaking, was

### BASEBALL

NATIONAL LEAGUE	
Cincinnati	001 000 020-3 8 0
New York	011 030 102-6 9 0
Johnston, Shaute, Stout and O'Farrell; Fitzsimmons and Mancuso.	
St. Louis	000 100 130-3 10 2
Boston	010 200 300-3 9 1
P. Dean and V. Davis; Betts, Smith and Ippagan.	
Pittsburgh	010 000 000-1 7 1
Brooklyn	100 000 000-1-2 7 2
Swift and Grace; Mungo and Lopez.	
Philadelphia	020 100 000-3 5 2
Lee, Malone and Hartnett; Davis, Pearce, Darrow, Grabowski and Wilson, Todd.	
AMERICAN LEAGUE	
New York	022 200 000-4 10 1
Detroit	100 310 002-5 11 2
Van Atta, Murphy, Uble and Dickey; Bridges and Cochran.	
Philadelphia	000 010 100-2 9 1
Chicago	002 011 122-7 9 0
Cain, Matuzak, Dietrich, Benton, Kline and Berry; Jones, Pratt and Ruel.	
Washington	022 020 000-6 9 4
Cleveland	004 030 702-14 17 3
Whitehill, Russell, McColl, Burke and	

### Dr. D.G. POLLOCK

DENTIST  
Brooklyn Paramount Theatre Building at De Kalb or Nevins St. Subway Sta's.  
Brooklyn, N. Y.  
Daily 8-9, Sundays 10-2, TRIANGLE 5-8520

### Dr. D. BROWN

Dentist  
317 LENOX AVENUE  
Between 125th & 126th St., N.Y.C.

### 9.9.Goldin, Inc.

OPTOMETRISTS & OPTICIANS  
1378 ST. NICOLAS AVE. 1600 LEXINGTON AVE.  
at 179th ST. NYC

### Dr. Maximilian Cohen

Dentist  
ANNOUNCES THE REMOVAL OF HIS OFFICE TO  
41 Union Square, Room 703  
Cor. 17th Street, GR. 7-0135

### The Modern Bakery

was first to settle Bread Strike and first to sign with the  
Food Workers' Industrial Union  
691 ALLESTON AVE.

### Russian and Oriental Kitchen

Comradely Atmosphere  
VILLAGE BAR  
221 SECOND AVENUE  
near 14th Street, New York City

### PATRONIZE SEVERN'S

CAFETERIA  
7th Avenue at 30th St.  
Best Food—Workers Prices

### Dr. S. A. Chernoff

GENITO-URINARY  
223 Second Ave., N. Y. C.  
OFFICE HOURS: 11-7:30 P.M.  
SUNDAY: 12-3 P.M.

### All Outdoor Sports

AT —

## NITGEDAIGET

Beacon-on-the-Hudson  
New York

SUN BATHS take all the kinks out of your body. Return ready for real work. Best food, every comfort, daily programs.

CARS LEAVE 10:30 a.m. daily from Cooperative Restaurant, 2700 Bronx Park E. ES. 8-1400

Come Saturday afternoon, stay to Sunday Evening for... \$2.45  
Weekly rate \$14.00

### HURRAH! We are off for a great Day and Nite

It is on Saturday, June 9, and the place is Hook Mountain, by way of the Steamer Claremont

All aboard to the Daily Worker Excursion

Meet the JOHN REED CLUB — Writers — Artists — Poets at the Prospect Workers Club  
1157 So. Boulevard, Bronx  
Friday, May 18, 8:30 P. M. — Symposium on "Literature in Service of the Revolution"

### Meeting of Delegates to FESTIVAL & BAZAAR, C. P. N. Y. DIST



### Everett Marine Worker Describes May Day March

By a Marine Worker Correspondent  
**EVERETT, Wash.**—This morning the longshoremen all along the Pacific Coast walked out on strike. This Port of Everett is the best organized in the state, on the Coast. The International Longshoremen's Association has a fraction of the Communist Party working inside. There are a little better than 250 longshoremen in the I. L. A. The port is as tight as a drum. Let's hope this strike spreads to every port in the world.

We had a wonderful parade and demonstration on May Day, as well as a wonderful day for the parade. The sidewalks were lined on both sides as the parade passed.

For the first time the Red Flag appeared on the streets of Everett! There were three well-built Young Communist League boys in Red shirts, carrying the American flag, then on one side the Communist flag and on the other the Y. C. L. flag. Then came banners and placards calling for the support by the workers of the Unemployment Insurance Bill; Down With Fascism; Down With the N. R. A.; Free Tom Mooney and many more.

The Parade was 2 1/2 blocks long, no drum corps or band, but the boys turned the corners in good form and marched the streets and sidewalks efficiently.

Everyone in the parade held his head high, showing the world he was proud of the ideals for which the Red Flag stands. Hurrah for May Day!

### Docked for Lateness Because Western Union Head Hogs the Elevator

By a Telegraph Worker Correspondent  
**NEW YORK**—Just a short time ago there was perhaps a tight of "faithful" Western Union employees in an elevator, waiting to be taken up to the slave dens, when the elevator starter asked us all to step out and take another car.

Behold our surprise when a man walked into the empty car, and its taken up, while we wait for "the next car." Several of us were trying to get back to work on time, as we are only allowed 15 minutes for a "short," and the elevator service is punk enough without being unceremoniously dumped out of elevators to allow a person a private elevator. Because we had to wait for the next elevator, several of us were docked five minutes for reporting back late.

The man who happened to take the "private" elevator was none other than our president, Mr. White.

## Western Union Committee of Action Organizes Fight on Company Union

By the United Comm. of Action  
**NEW YORK**—"By deeds we shall know them," was never so true as shown in the despicable roles played by the officialdom of the Association of Western Union Employees in the recent use of messengers' militancy in New York City.

Quite a few of the employees had thought that although the A. W. U. E. seemed impotent when our interests were at stake, nevertheless it was not a "company union." These illusions have been swept away.

The "lowly" messengers, purposefully kept even out of the A. W. U. E., were exploited mercilessly by the Western Union officials. These messengers committed the "unpardonable" crime of organizing an independent union to fight for the betterment of their conditions. Their appearance in Washington, D. C., before the code authorities, exposing the vicious exploitation by the company, electrified the workers of the telegraph industry.

Bought on by their fellow messengers' strike in Minneapolis and Detroit, and under the able guidance and leadership of the Office Workers Union, they rallied hundreds of messengers in preparation for a strike.

In desperation, the company played its trump card. The A. W. U. E. lackeys, at the command of the company officials, herded the messengers into the A. W. U. E. for the same reason.

### Calls for Rank and File Struggle for Vacations With Pay and Other Important Demands

posed of rank and file members, had issued a leaflet, headed: "Demand the Return of the 10 per cent Wage Cut." It found ready response in the minds of its readers. This leaflet was passed from hand to hand, and its contents from mouth to mouth. Branch offices buzzed with comments as to "why shouldn't we get it?" Morse operators flashed it over their keys. Simplex operators repeated it when the watchful eyes of the supervisor was in another direction. Linesmen discussed it in the lonely stretches of the hinterland. The demand was slowly taking shape. Several locals passed resolutions demanding an increase in pay. It reached the ears of the company officials. A quick survey indicated the rising discontent. It was decided to stem the tide by throwing a cop. The five per cent was decided upon. The company union, A. W. U. E., had nothing to do with it. They were merely called in to affix their signatures formally to the announcement.

Too long has the company union ruled the roost at our expense. We must expose it in the light

### Employees to make any contributions they see fit, to the undersigned Committee in care of this paper.

Until your support warrants the establishment of a shop paper, we are utilizing this "Worker Correspondence" page as an interchange of our daily experiences. All letters will be turned over to the committee. Signatures will be kept confidential, but anonymous. Letters written by sincere workers will be published as space permits.

Onward to the realization of a real Independent Telegraph Workers' Union!

UNITED COMM. OF ACTION

EDITOR'S NOTE: We have been publishing letters from messenger boys and other telegraph employees for a long period of time, and will welcome any additional correspondents who wish to make use of the Worker Correspondence Section. We usually publish these letters on Fridays, and ask that letters reach us by the previous Tuesday. We would appreciate concrete facts on conditions of work, progress in organization, and victories gained through struggle with the employers. We carefully guard the identity of the writer, and no names appear with the letters unless we are authorized to publish them. We will be glad to put any employee of the company in touch with the union now being organized.

### Shaw & Thompson Workers Strike For 40-Hour Work Week

By a Worker Correspondent  
**PORTLAND, Me.**—It is about 10 days since the men of Shaw & Thompson's Plate Glass Works went out on strike. Their demands are: 40 hours straight and the restoration of the 1929 scale. The local press, as in similar cases, never mentioned a word about it.

The men worked there for the last five and six and sometimes 10 years. Until 1929 they used to earn between \$30 and \$40 a week, but that was in the prosperity years. At first a 25 per cent cut was put into effect, and then more cuts followed, until the men were made to work for \$12 a week. Burdened with large families and prices going up, the men, though very conservative, had no choice but strike. They only now begin to realize the unbearable conditions they are working under in this sweatshop.

Though the code calls for a 40 hour week, the men were obliged to be available in the shop all seven days of the week and some weeks put in as much as 50 and 55 hours, but were told never to punch the cards over 40 hours. That is how Shaw & Thompson made \$10,000 profit last year.

At Farley's, a similar factory in Portland, the men were cut to \$8 a week. They put up a kick. One of them walked down to the Chamber of Commerce and complained to the N.R.A. Board. As soon as that man reached the shop, Mr. Farley informed him that he knew all about his visit to the Chamber of Commerce and warned him to give it up, but the men stuck together and won. They are getting now between \$20 and \$25 and work only five days a week.

The workers of Shaw & Thompson will surely win their fight if they'll only stick together. The next thing to do is: those men of the two shops that went through the same experience should get together and form a union which will protect their rights and fight their battles.

### PARTY LIFE Serious Effort Can Triple Literature Sales in Chicago

Resolution to Increase Sales Is Not Being Carried Out; Work Must Be Speeded Up

In District No. 8, Chicago, a resolution was unanimously adopted which points out the importance of increasing the mass sale of our literature and establishing systematic and improved sales of our literature in our mass organizations. Special attention to make literature part of our daily work in penetrating shops and trade unions. To increase the sales of our theoretical literature—Communist, C. I. and Inprecor, as well as the Party Organizer, inside the Party.

Having adopted this resolution

### LETTERS FROM OUR READERS

L. S. N. R. CARD BRINGS QUICK RESULTS  
 Brooklyn, N. Y.

Editor:

I wish to relate to the readers of the "Daily" a little incident that is of importance. Some of our comrades and I, members of the Party, have started to organize an L. S. N. R. branch in Bath Beach. We have approached a Negro member of the I. L. D. and when he heard of our plans, he offered us his home for our meetings. At the first meeting that took place, on Friday, April 20, after we had explained what this organization stands for and what it is doing, we made an appeal for membership and 11 Negro workers filled application cards and joined the L. S. N. R. At the next meeting only 3 or 4 of them showed up, but we had some newcomers, who joined up after we have repeated the explanation of what the L. S. N. R. is.

We have decided in the future, to send out post cards to the members before every meeting. The mother of a negro family, who had been running to the relief bureau for weeks and months and couldn't obtain any results, receiving our card, decided to go down to the relief bureau with the card. When she got there she talked to them differently than she used to. "Look here, Mister," she said to one of the attendants, showing him our card with L. S. N. R. on it, "I belong to this organization," she said proudly and in a high voice, "you wouldn't feed me on promises any more. I want my food and rent right now."

Can you imagine her astonishment when a few minutes later she was given a rent check and two food checks?

A. F.



### In the Home

CONDUCTED BY HELEN LUKE

OPPORTUNITY TO ESTABLISH CORRESPONDENCE WITH SOVIET WOMEN

Six women workers of the Soviet Union have sent us letters in a group, in order to begin a correspondence with us, their American sisters. Last Wednesday, Iridaia Labanova, member of the Central Executive Committee of the U. S. S. R., factory worker and social voluntary assistant to the Chairman of the City Council in Kostromsk, wrote to her friends here and after the October Revolution showing that now, so far from being a half-starved, overworked factory slave and abused domestic drudge, as formerly, she now works short hours, enjoys economic independence and security, lives in good quarters, and takes an active and responsible part in the administration of the government of the Workers' Republic.

Now, a weaver, Gerasimova, tells about her life before and after the revolution:

Just a reminder: Anna Schultz is speaking tonight (May 18) at the Middle Bronx and Workers' Club, 432 Claremont Parkway, at a meeting sponsored by the Women's Councils. This meet is one of the series of meetings being held as part of the campaign in preparation for the Women's Anti-War Congress in Paris, July 30.

We are most anxious to hear what plans other organizations are making throughout the country to support this immensely important congress.

### Can You Make 'Em Yourself?

Pattern 1674 is available in sizes 14, 16, 18, 20, 22, 24, 26, 28 and 30. Size 16 takes 3 3/4 yards 36-inch fabric. Illustrated step-by-step sewing instructions included.



Send FIFTEEN CENTS (15c) in coins or stamps (coins preferred) for this Anne Adams pattern. Write plainly name, address and style number. BE SURE TO STATE THE SIZE.

Address orders to Daily Worker Pattern Department, 243 West 17th Street, New York City.

### LOAN SHARKS PREY ON PORTLAND FISHERMEN

By a Worker Correspondent  
**PORTLAND, Me.**—The Dirigo Fish Co., Frank Willard, the Portland Fish Co., Harris Co., and the Ramsdell Packing Co. practically control the fishing industry of our town. It is actually run by a trust.

They usually pay the fishermen 2 to 3 1/2c a pound of fish less than in Boston. If a boat loaded with fish docks at the Union Wharf owned by Mr. Willard and the men have been offered 4c a pound or even 2c, though the price may be much higher, they will not get a cent more for their fish anywhere else. Mr. Willard picks the telephone up and tells the other companies of his offer, and that is that.

This has been the practice of the last 35 years. The companies own the men, body and soul, by extending credit, supplying them with all the outfit they need and charging them plenty of interest. There have been cases where men, after working years for a company, not only lost their boats in the end, but their homes also.

The men are not organized. "What can we do?" they say. "What they give us, we've got to take."

If you speak with Mr. Frank Willard he'll inform you that business is terrible. The boats, he'll complain, are doing nothing. At the same time he takes out five or six boats to fit them out with new Diesel engines, each one costing between \$11,000 to \$30,000.

The Union Wharf, the sardine factory, the storage place and most of the fishing fleet belong to Mr. Willard. He gets paid \$1 per day by each boat for wharfing, he also gets paid for the use of the scale and takes 25 per cent of the gross of each catch for the use of the vessel, besides 10 per cent of the gross for the trawl gear.

An average crew will in one year pay out 10 times the worth of the gear but it will always belong to the owners of the boat. A string of gear will last 6 or 7 years but the 10 per cent collection for each trip will never cease until the gear is worn out; and when another one is installed, the collection goes on.

The Harris Co. owns one-tenth of

every vessel in Casco Bay, by supplying the men and the boats with the gear outfit.

The Ramsdell Packing Co., sends out a careaway to unload the boat. The careaway is supposed to carry 1,200 bushels, but carries in reality 15-16 hundred, and then Mr. Ramsdell will say there was only 1,100 bushels to each load, and that's that again.

We publish letters every Friday from workers in the transportation and communications industries—railroad, marine, surface, express companies, truck drivers, taxi drivers, etc.—and from the communications industries—post office, telephone, telegraph, etc.

We urge workers from these industries to write us of their conditions of work, and their struggles to organize. Please get these letters to us by Tuesday of each week.

### Penn R.R. Workers Pay 25c For One Hour in Flophouse

By a Group of Dining Car Cooks and Waiters  
**LONG ISLAND CITY, N. Y.**—We've got to the point where we have to do something about conditions among the Dining Car Cooks and Waiters on the Penn. R. R. We're still dead-heading at night without pay, even though our agreement between the Penn. and the Brotherhood calls for three hours reporting time for dead-head runs. In addition, now they're dead-heading all runs at night instead of having some dead-head runs during the day. In this way they save the wages of the crews because they have to pay for dead-head day runs.

When we go out we get a return assignment on paper but it does not mean anything, when we get to our town points, especially Washington and Pittsburgh. Just as soon as we get in the hands of these agents, these assignments don't mean a thing. They may hold us over all day without pay and then send us wherever they feel like. In this way they keep us hanging around in suspense on our own time and have saved the expense of a day dead-head run by dead-heading us at night.

Then no matter how long they hold us over without pay at points, holding us as long as they please, they make us pay 25c a night for lodging at the company flop house. These places are terrible. No heat,

not sufficient blankets, so that men have died from sleeping in these quarters and cars. Both Butler and Bell died from sleeping in these places.

While we're forced to stay in these quarters, we don't even get the benefit of a night's sleep. We must be in quarters at 11:00 o'clock if the train has arrived and sometimes they call us for emergency duty as early as one hour after we come in. In this way even though we only slept one hour, the 25c we still remains and is deducted from our wages.

Editorial Note: In this case, to win better conditions the Dining Car workers should join the Brotherhood and should make every attempt to bring in every regular, every regular extra and every extra man on line. Once the men are in, they should immediately force new elections of committee members and should be careful to nominate their own rank and file men for these offices. In the past, the Penn. has made too many nominations for committee members with the result that the committee didn't fight. From the first meeting, all rank and file workers who join should fight on the floor for a militant fighting policy for the return of reporting time pay for dead-head runs and for abolition of the 25c sleeping charge.

### Gov't Railroad Pays \$14.85 Per Week in Alaska

By a Worker Correspondent  
**NENANA, Alaska.**—The government-owned and operated Alaska railroad, wherein they put to work on the road an extra surfacing gang of men, paid wages of 49 1/2c an hour for a 30-hour week. It was possible for a man to earn \$14.85 per week if he worked a full week, weather permitting. They charged each man \$10.60 per week for board, leaving his net weekly earnings \$4.35. They were obliged to board in the boarding car.

The rate of board charged them was as high as it was during the construction period of the road in war-time when the price of everything was sky-high. Bit the men at that time would draw down a monthly pay-check of from \$120 to \$180 a month. I can assure that there was none of that surfacing crew singing the praises of President Roosevelt and his "New Deal." They were cursing the necessity that obliged them to accept such a beggarly pittance. It would scarcely pay for the shoes and clothes that they wore out on the job, to say nothing about supplying them with enough to live on during the long Alaskan winter; but hunger's power is strong.

The dictatorship of the proletariat must be a State that embodies a new kind of democracy, for the proletarians and the dispossessed; and a new kind of dictatorship, against the bourgeoisie—Lenin.

### SUGGESTION FOR SELLING "DAILY"

Minneapolis, Minn.

It is a great pride to see how the May Day demonstrations "took" over the U.S. and the world. Our parade here was praised by almost every one who saw it. I want to show everyone who sells the Daily Worker that there is more of a fertile field now than ever before. Some people are slightly prejudiced yet, but they are easy to get if one applies the right method. The Daily Worker, after being read, should be taken to apartment houses. Select a name on a mail box which has the most names. Write on the top of your paper Mr. so-and-so. Then come back to these people later and note the results. I sold 15 copies in 15 minutes by this method. Others can do the same. I only wish I had more time to agitate and help your paper, but I do what I can.

I think all readers should praise Dr. Luttinger for his kind contributions to the Daily Worker. This should not be overlooked.

Your paper is getting better day by day. I hope the utmost success to you.

E. E. P.

## Ryan Gets Gangsters To "Picket" Dock In Attempt To Force Longshoremen Into I. L. A.

By a Worker Correspondent  
**NEW YORK**—I am sending the enclosed clippings to you in the hope that you will explain the apparent contradictions involved.

I am a comparatively new reader of your fine fighting newspaper and wish to express here my deep admiration for the uncompromising single eye you are leading in the cause of the working class of the world.

As a marine worker, I feel that without your leadership we would be moving blindly and haltingly, not knowing our enemies and unaware of our strength. And yet I fear that in this attack on the leaders of the I.L.A. you are unknowingly assisting in disrupting the unity of the strikers and confusing the issues. Conceding the correctness of your opposition to Ryan as a leader, you must agree that in a strike, as in a war or a game, the idea is to win. A Communist is a realist above all else, and therein lies his strength and the ultimate triumph of his ideas.

And so I ask the Daily Worker to amplify with convincing proof, the charges against Ryan and other officials in this strike and to publish these proofs, together with a specific and detailed line of action for the rank and file to follow in order to win the strike and to depose their false leaders—or else, to support with all the power and prestige it commands, the leaders in charge of the strike, in spite of their political hypocrisy and petty grafting.

When the rank and file workers are sufficiently enlightened and guided by the Daily Worker, so that they can see and follow the correct line, they will win their strikes and the misleaders (if they are misleaders) will be exposed when they attempt to block the clear-cut will of the rank and file. J. J.

LLA and the police—both have been constantly forcing the strikers across the street into a parking space.

Perhaps THIS is the kind of picket line referred to in the "Times," because this "picket" works 25 hours a day to protect the scabs and to prevent the workers from picketing the piers.

Most of the coastwise men know that in 1932 Ryan also pulled off a phony strike, which resulted in the men going back to work under the same conditions they were striking against. Ryan collected THOUSANDS OF DOLLARS IN DUES and then deserted the men, leaving them disorganized and at the mercy of the shipowners. THE LONGSHOREMEN HAVE NOT FORGOTTEN THAT!

Take a look at the demands raised by Ryan. He demands: (1) Recognition of the L.L.A.; (2) A reduction in the working week from 48 hours to 44—the real needs of the workers are forgotten, such as higher wages, better working conditions, against the speed-up and for Unemployment Insurance. Ryan raises his demands to confuse the longshoremen and not to win concessions from the shipowners—why? Because if these demands are granted, the shipowners will not be forced to better conditions, because recognition of the L.L.A. MEANS DUES TO RYAN, while a reduction in the working week means nothing, since the men do not average 15 HOURS PER WEEK in most cases; and since over 60 per cent ARE UNEMPLOYED!

That is why in line with it's policy, the Daily Worker ruthlessly exposes these misleaders and calls upon the longshoremen to rally around the militant Marine Workers' Industrial Union, which says that in this strike only the unity

**Doctor Luttinger advises:**

By PAUL LUTTINGER, M.D.

**ANSWERS TO QUESTIONS**

**Demand for Medical Students in Russia**

N. Y. U.—The second Five Year Plan calls for a fourfold increase in the number of medical workers by 1937. This is due to the extensive plan for public health which the government is determined to carry out; also to the rapid increase of the population of the Soviet Union was 160,500,000 in 1930. By the end of 1933 the population had increased to 168,000,000. The increase in the population and in the cultural life which grows by leaps and bounds has thus created an unprecedented need for medical workers. Quite a contrast to conditions in the capitalist countries where we are told that there are too many physicians and too many dentists!

Dora N., Ann Arbor, Mich. — Spring fever is not a mere joke. A sufficient amount of evidence has been accumulated which shows that what we usually call spring fever is really due to a deficiency of calcium (lime) and that instead of making fun of the average young person who feels "lazy" and "tired" in the early part of May, he or she should be treated with irradiated codliver oil or sunshine, either natural or artificial. The sulphur in molasses which your grandmother insists on giving you is a time-honored remedy; but hardly in agreement with modern medical science. During the winter months, the store of lime in the body which has been accumulated in the body during the summer, becomes exhausted and it is this relative deficiency in lime which gives the symp-

toms popularly known as "spring fever." We would, therefore, advise you to either take some codliver oil or go out in the open and allow the sunshine to give you a good tan. You will find that your "laziness" and your indefinite aches and "longings" will disappear under the beneficial effect of the sun's healing rays.

..Discoverer of Hayfever—Test for Raw and Cooked Eggs

P. W. B., Washington, D. C. — Charles Blackley, an Englishman, was the first to discover that hayfever was caused by the pollen of certain grasses. An easy way to tell a boiled egg from a raw one is to spin it: A raw egg can hardly be made to twirl; while a cooked egg will turn easily when submitted to the spinning test.

**Possibility of Fatherhood after Sterilization**

Martin G., Cleveland, Ohio — I sterilization has taken place by cutting both seminal ducts, there is no practical possibility of becoming a father in the future. Once a person has become sterile by vasectomy, he will always remain sterile if the ducts are merely ligated, (tied) there is a chance of begetting children. The chance is a slim one but it is theoretically possible. When the seminal ducts are merely tied, however, one can never be sure of being absolutely sterile. There is always a possibility that the ligature might become loose in which case the spermatozoa from the testicles will find their way out

Working women who wish to write to any of the comrades who have written to us may address them at the locations given in their stories (adding U.S.S.R.), or send their letters to the Daily Worker to be forwarded in a bundle. Additional letters will appear tomorrow.



# CHANGE THE WORLD!

By MICHAEL GOLD

CHICAGO worker sends in a picture of a calf that was printed in the "Herald Examiner" in the believe-it-or-not series, which is conducted by that master of non-essentials and trivialities, Mr. Robert Ripley.

A word as to Mr. Ripley before we get around to his calf. Many people follow his series; and it is perhaps worth-while to warn them that they are ruining their minds by doing so, as surely as they might ruin their stomachs by taking Peruna or any other patent medicine.

Mr. Ripley is a typical product of American capitalist journalism. This journalism has no other motive except to make money for its millionaire owners, by any methods. It does not exist to enlighten and lead its readers to a better life, as does the Soviet press in Russia.

Education of the masses demands sincerity, intelligence, and self-sacrifice on the part of the teacher.

But these papers exist for profiteering, and since it is easier to beat and degrade a child than to educate him, they feed their naive readers the most spectacular and poisonous trash.

It is done deliberately by cynical intellectuals who have been degraded themselves (like Arthur Brisbane, for example, once a fine intellectual) in the venal task of degrading others.

The mind of the human race is a young mind, bewildered, groping, still to be formed. We are only at the beginning of a true civilization. In terms of percentages, it might be calculated that only a thousandth part of the human mind is as yet ready to live in a completely Communist world. The other 999,000ths still bear the mark of the beast and of this beastly system called capitalism.

It is not the enlightened portion of this mind that the capitalist press tries to foster, to encourage. It frankly and openly appeals to the darker and baser regions.

It plays on every superstition, age-old fear, servility and ignorance. It is shrewd enough to know, for example, that it is easier to draw people to a hoochie-koochie show than to a lecture on astronomy. So it gives them the hoochie-koochie in its pages.

It knows that to fight race prejudice is a more difficult and unpopular job than to breed hatred of Negroes and other races. So in no capitalist paper will you find a bold and truthful word spoken in defense of the Negroes.

The capitalist press in general, ranging from the extreme right to the extreme "left," preaches war slavery, race prejudice, war chauvinism, servility to the upper class, and the like, every day in the week.

It does this in a thousand clever ways, for these perverts have developed a technique of education that would be worthy of a Don Juan or a Harry K. Thaw.

They coat their reactionary and degrading poison with a beautiful frosting of sugared manure arranged in the most enticing patterns.

But it is poison just the same, and for a century it has kept the American masses in the shameful dreams of a cocaine fiend.

## Feeding the Masses on Garbage

MR. RIPLEY is a minor cog in this great poison-machine, but he is typically enough to be interesting.

He has exploited that normal intellectual curiosity as to the working of Nature, which is the basis of the whole structure of modern science. Instead of guiding this healthy mass craving for scientific truths into any constructive channels, Mr. Ripley feeds this baby on scraps of garbage.

There are certain laws that operate in the physical world, and the miracle of science consists in discovering these laws and working and building with them, generation after generation.

But the world Mr. Ripley presents is one of accident, where the most foolish, and meaningless, and startling things occur. These accidents have no relation to each other, and are not meant to be understood, but to be marvelled at. Nature is a kind of tent show, where we bumpkins perform the role of gaping at her freaks for the price of one thin dime, ten cents. Life is just a small-town country fair, and Mr. Ripley is its brazen and mendacious Barker.

You come through the Ripley series, and have seen everything and understood nothing. It is dope, and it prevents the mind from thinking. Anyone who has read the simplest primer on biology or physics will find more marvels in a page than in all of Mr. Ripley's long line of six-legged horses and other isolated accidents.

## A Child of the Nazis

TO COME back to the calf. It seems, according to the learned Rip, that in a town of Holstein, Germany, a calf was recently born which had the swastika cross marked in white on its forehead. In other words, the cows and their bulls have gone Nazi.

Or, as Comrade A. W. H. of Chicago suggests, "Is it possible that Hitler, Goering or Gobbels could have exerted any influence on the mother of that calf—either mentally, physically, or what? Perhaps you or our friend Dr. Luttinger can enlighten me."

Ripley has been caught with his pants down on many of his "marvels." He had one about the Soviet Union some time ago which was just one of those silly inventions of an uneducated newspaper racketeer. Some of the Daily Worker readers caught him up on that one, and wrote to him, but of course, part of the racket is to ignore the "boobs" who catch you short-changing them.

Maybe it is true this time, however. Maybe a calf has been born with the Nazi cross on its forehead.

Comrade Chicago, it is possible. There are probably a few white markings of the familiar star variety which some enthusiastic Nazi has converted into a sign from the heavens.

Nazis are good at this kind of thing. Haven't they built up a science of the Aryan race on as weighty a foundation?

It is a Nazi calf. And it is made of gold. It is a golden calf, moulded by the bankers and industrial rulers of Germany, and the people must worship this golden calf or die under the axe.

## In Defense of Snakes

SPEAKING of the Nazis, S. E., a reader in the Bronx, has this to say: "There is one thing in your column to which I wish to object, and that is your practice of referring to the Nazis as snakes."

"As an amateur biologist and naturalist I have found that snakes are the most friendly and amiable of animals. They are also the cleanest. Of course, there are some dangerous varieties, but this is true of all the species. Please oblige me by calling the Nazis by a more suitable name—germs, for example, since there are some mighty diabolic varieties of them."

This sounds like a joke, and yet it has a basis of truth to it. I used to go snake-hunting in the mountains around Mexico City with a collector for the Museum of Natural History.

He was also a snake-lover, and had an affection for that form of life that most people have for dogs. He always had dozens of them in the room where he slept. He fondled them and talked to them, and they knew him and responded like pets.

Paul has gone into some kind of commercial venture since, and has many responsibilities. I met him recently, and he said, with tears in his eyes, "Business is hell. How I wish I could get back to my snakes!"

Comrade S. E., I assure you I did not mean to slander that beautiful, shy citizen of nature, the snake, when I compared him to a Nazi. It was one of those conventional slips of the tongue everyone falls into in an effort to save time.

No, it would be impossible for any snake to invent the cruelties the Nazis have practiced, or to carry on for a year such a program of careful cruelty.

The snake kills to defend itself, but the Nazi kills and tortures for pleasure. And snakes don't lie like Nazis; or claim that they are the champions on earth of a Snake-God.

But the Nazis have made one of their kind out of Jesus, and out of even that old Jewish grandfather, Jehovah himself. How any honest snake would hiss at such foulness!

## A Criticism of the Article on Haiti by Langston Hughes

By S. JUSTE ZAMOR

The article on Haiti written by Langston Hughes and published in the Daily Worker on May 7, makes me realize the importance of clarification on the situation of the Haitian workers in relation to their oppressors. Hughes made a number of statements which are confusing, if not actually distortions.

For example, he says: "All work which keeps Haiti alive, which pays for its occupation and enriches the foreign merchants is done by Negroes without shoes." Does Hughes wish to imply that those workers who are working for the electric companies, railroad companies, ice companies, etc., and for the Haitian-American factory in Port-au-Prince, although badly exploited by these foreign capitalists, are also barefoot? This is not true. In Haiti this type of work, badly paid though it is, is considered the aristocracy of labor, and the people usually of color, and these are the middle class people. These people wear shoes.

Despite the extent of the shoe industry in the island, why is it that 65 per cent of the people are still walking barefoot? And who is responsible for such conditions? Hughes directs his criticism against the mulattoes alone. But are the Negro politicians in Haiti any better than the mulattoes? Almost all the leaders among the Haitian toilers fail to understand this inter-relation between the Negro and mulatto politicians of Haiti. Most of the writers who have written about Haiti show a tendency to generalize on the question of mulattoes and blacks. What is the situation in Haiti? There, we find besides the classes, a caste system, which creates a division among the mulattoes, division among the blacks, and sometimes, the alliance of the rich mulattoes on the top, and poor mulattoes and blacks from below.

When speaking about the exploitation of the Haitian masses by the foreign merchants, Hughes says: "There are no important factories in the country and the very few which exist are in the hands of those who are not native." To say this is absolutely incorrect. It means that the Haitians themselves are not exploiting the working masses in the industrial field. How about the cigarette factories, where there are hundreds of young girls working for two dollars a week as wages? How about the numerous distilleries? How about the hat factories in Port-au-Prince? All these are factories exclusively controlled by Haitians. We must not overlook the ruthless exploitation of the Haitian toilers by the foreign capitalists, but it is not to any extent greater than that of the Haitian ruling class. This is precisely the basic cause for the stagnation in the development of the island. The Haitian bourgeoisie, in order to perpetuate its parasitical way of living, hampers all forms of agricultural and industrial development in the country. After leaving school, both mulattoes and blacks, in order to become a part of the Haitian bourgeoisie, take a big leap and plunge into the disastrous politics of the country.

Any statement or article which tends to expose only the treacherous policy of the Haitian mulatto politicians against the masses, while glossing over the fact that the Haitian Negro politicians play an identical role, is thoroughly misleading.

In spite of the division which exists in Haiti between the mulattoes and Negroes, the poor mulattoes get no mercy from the exploitation of the foreign merchants and the Haitian ruling class. When writing about the exploitation of the Haitian masses, one must never forget the part played by the Haitian Negro bourgeoisie. For the mulatto rulers and the Negro rulers have formed a United Front from the top in order to crush down still further the living standards of both the mulatto and Negro worker.

In closing, I should like to say that there is some good revolutionary material in Haiti today among intellectual and middle class mulattoes.

## Mass Organizations And Individuals Help C. P. Festival-Bazaar

NEW YORK—Workers, intellectuals and students are united in supporting the Five-Day May Festival and Bazaar which the Communist Party is holding at Manhattan Lyceum, 66 E. Fourth St., from May 23 through the 27th.

Party Sections are in the minority as far as the set-up of the booths as concerned. Most of these are being taken over by unions, mass organizations (particularly the I. L. D. and I. W. O.), clubs and other groups.

The Artists' Union, conscious of the help given them by the Communist Party in their recent struggles with the local authorities, are actively participating. Many individuals not connected with organizations have offered their services, or are sending in contributions, notably Bishop Brown and his wife.

On every day and evening during this festival there will be splendid programs of speakers and entertainments, bargains in all kinds of merchandise, especially a number of goods, and a cool, beautifully decorated restaurant where excellent food will be sold at prices workers can afford to pay.

## Garlin Lectures on Press Tonight; Toohey Will Be Chairman

NEW YORK—Pat Toohey, for many years active in the National Miners' Union and now editor of Labor Unity, will act as chairman at the lecture given tonight by Sander Garlin of the Daily Worker staff on "Do You Believe What You Read?"

The meeting, which is arranged by the Press League, will be held at the John Reed Club, 480 Sixth Ave., near Tenth St.

## Who Are These Reds?

By PAT HENRY

WORKERS—who have been thrown out of the mills, mines, offices and factories to starve—who had their wages cut in order to maintain their exploiters in luxury—WHO STRIKE.

FARMERS—who are robbed by the low prices paid for their produce by the packers, millers and food monopolies on one hand, and the bankers with high interest rates and high prices for supplies and equipment on the other—who strive to retain their land won from the wilderness—WHO FIGHT.

MOTHERS—who see their ragged children slowly starving—who have to swallow the insults of charity investigators in order to secure the scanty relief doled out by the "miracle man"—who have the courage to inform the kiddies of the true causes of it all—WHO GET ON THE PICKET LINE.

TECHNICIANS—who have produced and managed the most efficient industries in the world and are then thrown on the scrap heap like a worn out machine by a handful of stock jugglers, the so-called captains of industry—who realize their interests are with the workers—WHO JOIN THE STRUGGLE.

INTELLECTUALS—who keep posted on current world events and note the collapse of capitalism all over the world, the rising tide of Fascism, the preparations for the impending war and the progress of the new economy in the Soviet Union—who lecture and debate—WHO HELP ENLIGHTEN THE MASSES.

STUDENTS—who see the bread line staring them in the face upon finishing their education secured by family sacrifices or hard work—who believe that the guarantee of "life, liberty and the pursuit of happiness" means just that and not just a lot of words to be gargled by the president of the college at ceremonies—WHO ORGANIZE.

## WHAT'S ON

Friday

8-DAY MAY Festival and Bazaar. Final meeting, all delegates, Friday, May 18, 8:30 p.m. Room 203, 50 E. 13th St. All Red Union meetings and ads must be in at this meeting.

TREMONT PROG. CLUB, 265 E. Tremont Ave. Lecture by John Phillips, on "Imperialist Struggles in China and the Situation of the Chinese Soviets in These Struggles."

ILLUSTRATED Lecture by Sander Garlin, "Do You Believe What You Read?" Behind the Headlines from 1848 to 1934. John Reed Club, 480-6th Ave., 8 p.m. Auspices: Press League, Adm. 25c.

JOE COHEN speaks on "Youth and War" at E. 19th St. Club, 223 E. 19th St., 8:30 p.m. Adm. 10c.

CONCERT, Pierre Deguy Club, 8:30 p.m. at E. 19th St. Adm. 25c. (Antheil Program postponed.)

ISRAEL AMTER lectures on "Unemployment Insurance—American Workers Need It—Russians Do Not—Why?" Auspices: William Triangle in the Far East, 19th St. and 1st Ave., 8 p.m. Auspices: Press League, Adm. 25c.

RABBI GOLDSTEIN speaks on "Fascism in the East" at John Reed Club, 608 Broadway, 8:30 p.m. Adm. 15c.

SYMPOSIUM at Prospect Workers Center, 1157 So. Boulevard, Bronx, on "Literature and the Revolution." Writers, Artists, Poets of the John Reed Club will participate.

RUNABOUTS at the Convalescent Home, 3573 Eastern Blvd., Bronx, Pelham Bay Sub. Station. Auspices: George Dimitroff Club, I.L.D., Adm. 15c.

CHURCH LECTURE on "Present Conditions Today and the American Workers Party" at Harlem Prog. Youth Club, 1538 10th St., Adm. free, 8:30 p.m. Admission 10c. Unemployed free.

NATIONAL Alumni Ass'n announces an Open Meeting and Symposium, "What Are the Prospects for the College Graduate?" Prominent speakers: Muenchberg, Jr. Librarian, 209 W. 23rd St., 7:30 p.m.

"THE TRIANGLE in the Far East," by Louis L. Schwartz lectures on "Socialized Medicine" at Elmers Hall, 170th St. and Morris Ave., Adm. 15c. Modern Thought Center, Adm. 15c. Discussion will follow.

AMY S. JENNINGS speaks on "Russia Old and New" illustrated with moving pictures. Cheerful Cafeteria, 713 Brighton Beach Ave., Auspices: Ocean Side B. F. S. U. Club, Adm. 15c.

SYMPOSIUM "The American Student Movement." Speakers: Joe Starobin, N. W. Jozef of I.L.D., and John Lang of National Student Federation of America at N.S.L., 114 W. 14th St., 8 p.m. Auspices: C.O.N.Y. Chapter N.S.L. Adm. 15c.

SOVIET TALKIE "Diary of a Revolutionary" at Boston Rd. Theatre, Boston Brookline, 8:30 p.m. Contribution 40c.

ENTERTAINMENT and Dance at Tremont Prog. Club, 265 E. Tremont Ave. Program: L. Lapin, dancer; Felix Grovman, baritone, violinist; and many others. Dancing till dawn.

CONCERT and Dance given by Unemployed Council of Cooney Island at Workers Center, 287 W. 21st St., 8:30 p.m. Program: Dancing till morning. Proceeds for Defense Fund.

MAY JAMBOREE, Entertainment and Dance at 114 W. 14th St. Excellent Program. Negro Jazz Band. Auspices: Daily Worker Chorus, Sub. 20c.

JOHN BOVINDON, revolutionary post-dancer will take part in Concert and Dance given by Unit 404 C.P. at Harlem Prog. Club, 1538 10th St., 8:30 p.m. Adm. 15c.

BASKET BALL Game and Dance at Tilden High School, East 59th St. and Tilden Ave., Brooklyn. Auspices: So-Cul Club and Harlem Prog. Youth Club, Adm. 15c.

"COOR" Concert at Town Hall, 123 W. 43rd St., 8:30 p.m. Tosca Seidel, Violist; Roy Bush, Conductor; with appearance of ten Dancers in a new Ballet, "Ménage."

PILM and Photo League presents their Workers Newsworld Repertory Theatre, Sunday, 12:15 p.m. to 11 p.m. at 12 E. 17th St. Feature attraction, "May Day 1934." Subscription 15c.

EXCURSION will be held by Prospect Workers Center on Sunday, May 27, to Hook Mountain. Tickets 75c at pier; \$1 on sale at City Club Center, 790 Broadway, and at our Center, 1157 So. Blvd.

GEORGE WISNACK, Business Manager of the Daily Worker, will speak at the Conference arranged by District Daily Worker Center for Saturday, May 19, at 8 p.m. at 113 Dudley St. All sympathetic mass organizations are requested to send delegates.

M.W.U. local is holding a dance, "A Night in the Revue" on Friday, May 18, at Repertory Hall, Huntington Ave. Adm. 35c.

LECTURE by Israel Fraige on "The Motion Picture, A Marxist Interpretation" at Workers School of Boston, 919 Washington St., Friday, May 18, 8 p.m.

PHILADELPHIA BANQUET and Concert for Daily Worker Saturday, May 8, 8:30 p.m. at 1208 Tasker St. in the Revue on Friday, May 18, at Repertory Hall, Huntington Ave. Adm. 35c.

THE PHILADELPHIA Workers Bookshop, 46 N. 8th St., 2nd floor, announces its 20th Anniversary sale beginning Friday, May 18 to 19th.

Cleveland, Ohio SENDER GARLIN will speak on "Do You Believe What You Read?" at the Workers School Hall, 1524 Prospect Ave., 8 p.m. Sunday, May 20. Auspices: John Reed Club.

## STAGE AND SCREEN

which was booked to follow the Carroll film.

"He Was Her Man," a new Warner Bros. film, opened yesterday at the Strand Theatre. James Cagney and Joan Blondell are co-starring.

"Beyond Bengal," a new film produced by Showmen's Pictures, had its first New York showing last night at the Galety Theatre.

"The Black Cat," screened from the story by Edgar Allan Poe, will be presented at the Roxy Theatre on Friday. Boris Karloff and Bela Lugosi are featured in the cast.

"Romance in Budapest," the Hungarian screen opera by Aladar Laszlo and Sandoz Farago, will continue for a second week at the Fifty-fifth Street Playhouse. Geza von Bolvary, director of "The Theft of Mona Lisa," staged the production.

J.R.C. Writers to Speak In Symposium Tonight

NEW YORK—A symposium on "Literature in Service of the Revolution" will be held tonight, at 8:30 p.m., at the Prospect Workers Center, 1157 Southern Blvd. The speakers, all John Reed Club writers, include Alfred Hayes, Fanva Fox, Phillip Rahv, Nathan Adler, and Ben Fieid.

Jerome to Speak on Social Fascism in Sunnyside Tonight

NEW YORK—V. J. Jerome, Communist writer and lecturer, will deliver the second part of his expose of Social Fascism, tonight, at the Park Cabin, 49th St. and 39th Ave., Sunnyside, L. I.

## Burck Reviews Rivera In Tomorrow's Issue

Jacob Burck, staff cartoonist of the Daily Worker, reviews "Portrait of America," by Diego Rivera, on this page tomorrow. The review contains a pungent analysis of the evolution of Rivera and his apologies for opportunism in art and revolution.

## TUNING IN

Below 300 Meters by the Short-Wave Radio Club of America. During last week the reception was quiet—on Saturday, May 12, it experienced a phenomenon. At 4 p.m. as usual, we tuned in on the fifty meter band at 23.15 MHz. At 4:15 we heard a man's voice, but could not understand the language. At 4:47 a woman was talking and at 7 p.m. we could hear the strains of the international. Through-out this time our end enemy the code station was breaking up the wave. Since the air conditions were so good, we kept short wave, we kept fishing on different meters until eight o'clock. The results of the two hours are as follows:

RV30 on 58 meters from 6 to 7 p.m.—Signal R6 to RT. France on 25 meters 7.05.—Signal strength R9. Madrid—Spain, on 32 meter band.—Signal strength R9. Germany.—Signal strength RT. Caracas, Colombia, Cuba, and a few more South American stations which did not announce their colors.—Signal R5.

We also picked up the schooner Seth Parker, which is on an expedition in South or Central American seas. They were calling WXYZ of South America.—Signal R5. We picked them up on about a sixty-seven meter band. Their code letter is KNRA, their signal strength R9.

Comrade Starkoff of Brooklyn reports to the club that he picked up the Moscow station RKR on 19 meter band Sunday morning, 10 and 12, Eastern Standard Time. We ask all comrades who have short-wave sets to try for that station on Sunday mornings as Comrade Starkoff reported an R9 signal on that station.

We received a letter from the Moscow station RV30 in response to our request for information on the building of their stations and the meter bands. They also expressed their thanks to us for sending in regularly every month criticism and in reply of their station in this country. They promised to send out for us where the code station is that interested with Moscow station RV30 on a 50 meter band.

In last week's radio news, there was an article in one of the papers that the Soviet W.R.C. of America, is building and casting station of 1,200,000 watts, which will be the most powerful station in the world. The radio station in Cincinnati, Ohio, which has 800,000 watts, has been considered the biggest station in the world.

In last week's notice of the Bronx branch of the W.R.C. of America, no mention was made of the address. This is the Mt. Eden Workers' Center, 288 E. 174th St., open on Friday, 10 to 11 p.m. All interested are welcome.

7:00 P. M.—WEAF—Baseball Resume WOP—Tex Teacher, Comedian, Frick WJZ—Amos 'n' Andy—Sketches WABC—Nick Lucas, Songs

7:15 WEAF—Gene and Glenn—Sketch WJZ—Front-Page Drama WJZ—The World Court—Dr. Manley O. Hudson, Harvard Law School WABC—Just Plain Bill—Sketch

7:30 WEAF—Trappers Music WOP—Tex Teacher, Songs WJZ—George Gershwin, Piano WABC—Armstrong Orch.—Jimmy "Kipper" Knicker, Baritone

7:45 WEAF—The Goldbergs—Sketch WOP—True Stories of the Sea WJZ—Sketch, Max Baer, Boxer WABC—Book Reviews, Comedian

8:00 WEAF—Bourdon Orchestra; Jasica Dragonette; Soprano; Revelers Quartet WJZ—Walter O. Keeffe, Comedian; Ethel Skutta, Songs; Dolan Orch. WABC—Patentent Orchestra; Harold Van Emberg, Baritone

8:15 WEAF—Easy Aces—Sketch 8:30 WOP—Novelty Orchestra; Slim Timblin, Comedian; Cavaliers Quartet WJZ—Maple City Four WABC—Court of Human Relations

8:45 WJZ—Baseball Comment—Babe Ruth 9:00 WEAF—Lyman Orchestra; Frank Munn, Tenor; Muriel Wilson, Soprano WOP—Osborne Orch.; Leah Ray, Songs

9:15 WEAF—Little Orchestra 9:30 WEAF—Variety Musical; Pie and Eddie's Dance Orchestra Pat, Comedian WJZ—Philly Baker, Comedian WOP—Book Reviews, Comedian; Max Lann, Soprano; Songs; Danny Orchestra

10:00 WEAF—Sketch; The Stranger WOP—Dorothy Miller, Songs WJZ—Stories That Should Be Told—Fulton Outing, Author WABC—Variety Musical

10:15 WOP—Current Events—H. E. Road WJZ—Rico Cozzi, Baritone; Lucille Manners, Soprano

10:30 WEAF—Jack Benny, Comedian; Better Orch. Frank Parker, Tenor WJZ—Walter Ahrens, Baritone; Marie Gerard, Soprano WJZ—Emilio de Gogorza, Baritone WABC—Conflict—Dramatic Sketch

10:45 WEAF—George R. Holmes, Chief Washington Bureau WJZ—Weather; Moonbeams; Trio WJZ—Three Scamps Trio WABC—The Republican Reaction—Senator D. O. Hastings of Delaware

Interesting Articles In May "China Today"

NEW YORK—The anniversary May issue of "China Today" contains a number of interesting features, including a May Day poem by Yin Fu, Chinese revolutionary poet, an editorial on Japan's latest maneuver in its new "Hands Off China" policy, an article on the significance of the month of May in Chinese Revolutionary history, another article giving the latest details on Japan's activity in North China accompanied by a map, and articles on the National Question, the Student Movement, the first anniversary of the Friends of the Chinese People, "China Today" costs 10 cents a copy, 75 cents for a year's subscription, which may be obtained from the Friends of the Chinese People, 168 W. 23d St., New York City.

## "Robber Barons" Shows How Rulers of Industry Grabbed Up the U. S. A.

THE ROBBER BARONS, by Matthew Josephson, New York; Harcourt, Brace & Co. \$3.

Reviewed by PHILIP STERLING

To tell the story of American capitalism from the Civil War to the beginning of the present century in terms of its leading spirits is no mean task and Matthew Josephson does it ably and with unusually clear perception of the interplay of social and economic forces.

Josephson has perceived his limitations and has remained within them to great advantage. Neither a romantic apologist, nor an aggressive muckraker, he has confined himself to selecting significant material from existing sources and presenting it in its proper historical perspective.

Speaking in his foreword of the Robber Barons Astor, Vanderbilt, Cooke, Flisk and the others, Josephson says: "These men more or less knowingly played the leading roles in an age of industrial revolution. Even their quarrels, intrigues and misadventures (too often treated as merely diverting or picturesque), are part of the mechanism of our history." But Josephson has no illusions. He is not overwrought by a personal grandeur and the economic power of the Robber Barons. For, he says:

"To organize and exploit the resources of a nation upon a gigantic scale, to regiment its farmers and workers into harmonious corps of producers, and to do this only in the name of an uncontrolled appetite for private profit—here surely is the great inherent contradiction which so much disaster, outrage and misery has flowed."

In pursuing the respective and related histories of the Robber Barons, Josephson reveals clearly that the development of America's industrial civilization was purely incidental to the colossal grabbing contests.

THE book is full of significantly emphasized information and astute comment on the cultural and moral forces which glorified individual rapacity as a natural concomitant of the early bourgeois virtues of thrift, orderliness and sobriety.

It becomes apparent, from reading the book, for instance, that the long list of graft scandals from Teapot Dome to Senator Thayer and Power Trust, is not due merely to the degeneration of latter-day democratic institutions, but that direct bribery and corruption have always been part of American capitalism's domestic method.

Josephson pays particular attention to the development of the railroads and here he makes obvious the plainness with which all capitalism, particularly the American brand, has developed. He pointed out, for example, that the construction of the Central Pa-

cific Railroad was accomplished at a cost 70 to 75 per cent greater than necessary. This was due to the fact that the roads were built not for operation but for speculation. The more money wasted the more the promoters of the enterprise were able to pocket. One cannot help thinking that in the Soviet Union, such entrepreneurs as Crocker, Huntington, Hill and the others, instead of becoming the most powerful and highly honored individuals of their time, would, in spite of whatever personal abilities they may have had, be summarily shot as saboteurs.

ONE more thing is to Josephson's credit. While his theme gives him a few direct opportunities to dwell on the subject at length, he is aware that all the fabulous enterprises and the unbelievable fortunes of the Robber Barons rested very directly on the backs of the contemporary working class. He does not hesitate to point out, when the occasion arises, that the far-western pioneers, the struggling farmers, and the oppressed city workers of the eastern industrial areas, were, during this period of the accumulation of tremendous wealth receiving only a minute fractional share of its benefits.

Whatever else may be said of Josephson's book, it has this basic merit—it is written with a thorough consciousness of the inherent contradictions within which the lives of the Robber Barons moved. He also knows that these contradictions are approaching a point at which they can be resolved only by the action of the masses on whose backs the Robber Barons rode to power.

## Peters, Overgaard, Ford in "Stevadore" Symposium Tonight

NEW YORK—How a vital workers' theatre can be of service to the revolutionary movement will be discussed tonight at a symposium on "Stevadore" at the Labor Temple, 14th St. and Second Ave.

**Daily Worker**  
 FEDERAL ORGAN COMMUNIST PARTY U.S.A. (SECTION OF COMMUNIST INTERNATIONAL)  
 "America's Only Working Class Daily Newspaper"  
 FOUNDED 1924  
 PUBLISHED DAILY, EXCEPT SUNDAY, BY THE  
 COMPRODAILY PUBLISHING CO., INC., 50 E. 13th  
 Street, New York, N. Y.  
 Telephone: ALgonquin 4 - 7 9 5 4 .  
 Cable Address: "Daily Worker," New York, N. Y.  
 Washington Bureau: Room 954, National Press Building,  
 14th and P St., Washington, D. C.  
 Midwest Bureau: 101 South Wells St., Room 705, Chicago, Ill.  
 Telephone: Dearborn 2931.  
 Subscription Rates:  
 By Mail: (except Manhattan and Bronx) 1 year, \$6.00;  
 6 months, \$3.50; 3 months, \$2.00; 1 month, 0.75 cents.  
 Manhattan, Bronx, Foreign and Canada: 1 year, \$9.00;  
 6 months, \$5.00; 3 months, \$3.00.  
 By Carrier: Weekly, 15 cents; monthly, 75 cents.

## Organize the Mass Fight Against Terrorism!

THE gangsterism and murder that has been let loose against the striking workers in Alabama and the Pacific Coast must be met immediately by the organized mass resistance of the entire working class.

In little more than a week eight workers have been shot down by police deputies and thugs. The Roosevelt capitalist government not only ignores this cold-blooded murder. It tacitly and actively supports it.

The introduction of the Lundeen resolution authorizing a Congressional investigation into the murder of strikers, is only the reflection of the fact that the indignation of the workers is getting to hot to be ignored.

But the Lundeen resolution, aside from its basic political flaws concealing the suppressive, violent character of the capitalist dictatorship embodied in the Roosevelt government, itself maneuvers to limit and dissipate the mass anger at the strike murders.

Lundeen, forced by the pressure of the masses to draw up his resolution, deliberately avoided making any exposures on the floor of Congress. He quietly filed a formal resolution with the least possible publicity.

THE fight for the Lundeen resolution is therefore not a fight to defeat capitalist terrorism through the passage of legislative resolutions, but to use the resolution to focus the attention of the whole country on the savage assaults now being made against the working class.

The actual issues can be fought out, the actual defeat of the capitalist terrorism can come only through the resolute organized, mass actions of the working class itself.

This organized, nation-wide resistance of the workers to the employers' terrorism must go forward in all workers' organizations. Meetings to pledge solidarity with the Alabama and Pacific Coast strikers should be organized, in the shops, unions, and mass organizations.

Let the employers and their government hear the voice of the working class, challenging their terrorism against the striking workers!

## Keep H. R. 7598 on the "Must List"

DISPATCHES from Washington report that Roosevelt in a conference with his Congressional wheel-horses has decided to trim his "must list" in order to assure adjournment of Congress by June 9. The trimming process leaves only the five bills the passage of which is essential to Wall Street's hunger and war program on the "must list."

Why is Roosevelt so eager to get an early adjournment? Because the masses are demanding more than promises. Because he fears that the growing pressure of the masses may force Congressmen, who are coming up for re-election in the Fall, to enact legislation which the masses demand with growing insistence.

One of the measures now being brought to the fore is the Workers' Unemployment and Social Insurance Bill (H. R. 7598). A motion to discharge the Committee from further consideration of this vital measure is now on the speakers' desk. The flood of messages, post-cards, letters and resolutions addressed by tens of thousands of workers and their organizations, is forcing many Congressmen to sign this motion. When 145 such signatures have been secured, the Bill will automatically come up for action in Congress. A record vote as well as discussion will then take place. Congressmen will then be forced to either vote for the Workers' Bill or face the prospect of explaining to workers whose votes they seek, why they failed to support it.

That is why Roosevelt is in a hurry to adjourn Congress. That too is why every Congressman is anxious to adjourn. They want to get away before the campaign for the Workers' Bill develops any further. Some of them will pretend to oppose adjournment, so that they can later claim that they wanted to do something but the others didn't let them.

It is necessary to intensify manifold the fight for the Workers' Bill. If we arouse the masses to the urgent need for vigorous action, we can yet force the necessary number of Congressmen to sign the motion that will bring the Workers' Bill out of Committee before adjournment.

The week of June 4 to 10 has been designated by the National Unemployment Council as a week during which demonstrations are to be conducted at the homes of every Congressman who has not taken the first necessary step in support of the Workers' Bill.

If between now and then these Congressmen will receive hundreds of thousands of post-cards, letters, resolutions and telegrams from workers, from unions, lodges, and other individuals and organizations with the demand "Sign the motion to bring H. R. 7598 out of Committee!", many of them will be forced to comply.

## Join the Communist Party

35 EAST 12TH STREET, NEW YORK, N. Y.  
 Please send me more information on the Communist Party.

NAME.....  
 ADDRESS.....

## The 'Lesser Evil' in Latvia

AGAIN the "lesser evil" theory of the Socialist leaders paved the way for the Fascist coup in Latvia. On the ground of supporting the existing pseudo-democratic government headed by President Kviesis, representative of the rich landowners, as against the "Fascists," the Socialist Party of Latvia, which had the largest group in the Latvian Parliament, laid the basis for the advent of the Fascist dictatorship.

It was this very President Kviesis who participated in the sudden fascist coup which put Latvia under a Fascist regime. When their services are no longer needed in the "democratic" comedy, the Socialist leaders are arrested. But when eight Communist leaders were arrested recently by the present fascist officials, as a preliminary blow against the Latvian workers and poor peasants, the Socialist leaders accepted this as a necessary step in their collaboration with the "lesser evil."

In Germany, in Austria, and now Latvia, the refusal of the Socialist leaders to permit the united front of all workers against fascism, their participation in the "lesser evil" governments of the capitalists, their disarming of the workers, has led to the installation of fascism.

That is the path followed by the Norman Thomases in this country, who support the fascist deeds of the Roosevelt N.R.A., and who at every turn deliberately rupture the united front of the working class against fascism.

The social-fascist treachery of the Second International in Latvia, as in other countries, is the best assistance that the fascist hounds could want.

No wonder the Nazi press in Germany could not hide its joy at the news of the fascist coup in Latvia! But they look further than the victory of the fascist dictatorship in this country bordering the U.S.S.R. The Hitler regime is attempting to forge a Baltic bloc for war against the Soviet Union, and the Latvian events favor this move.

From East and West, the war moves against the Soviet Union are increasing, and the betrayals of the Social-Democratic leaders not only mean a terrific blow to the workers in the countries where fascism puts down its bloody hand, but opens the way for the war plans of Hitler against the workers' fatherland.

Every worker must take to heart the deeply branded lessons of the Socialist treachery in Germany, Austria and now Latvia. The united front against fascism must be forged, despite all the sabotage, all of the trickery and refusal of the Socialist leaders.

## The Budding Fascists of the "Brain Trust"

YESTERDAY a group of bankers heard the professors and economists of the "Brain Trust" denounced as "parlor pinks" leading the Roosevelt government to "Socialism."

In this, of course, there is an echo of the now notorious acclamation of Norman Thomas, Socialist leader, who saw in the capitalist works of the "Brain Trust," the "beginnings of a new hope for the peaceful path to Socialism."

The "Brain Trust" leading to Socialism? Let us see.

Here is the remarkable testimony of a high-priced, exclusive information service (Kiplinger Service) sent out from Washington to employers and bank executives:

"Are these men ('Brain Trusters') Communists? No... They look on Communism as an ideal, probably not practicable for the United States. They think that the equivalent results can be accomplished through an original American system of government supervision.

"Are they fascists? They don't think they are. They don't think in terms of foreign 'isms' of Mussolini, Hitler, or Mosley.

"BUT MANY POLITICAL DEVELOPMENTS HERE IN THE EAST POINT TOWARD THE PLANNED ECONOMY OF THE CORPORATE STATE, CONTROLLED POLITICALLY BY THE GOVERNMENT, WITH EXECUTION LEFT IN THE HANDS OF PRIVATELY-OWNED AND PRIVATELY-OPERATED BUSINESS UNITS. THIS IS THE 'SOCIALISM' OF FASCISM; NOT THE SOCIALISM OF COMMUNISM."

The "Socialism" of Fascism—there could not be a more precise description of the political essence of the "Brain Trust" New Deal. It is this way that the inside, capitalist observers evaluate the "parlor pink" Brain Trust.

THE Communist Party has from the first been the sole political group in America to reveal to the masses the growing Fascist character of the whole Roosevelt "Brain Trust" program, cunningly disguised by an unparalleled flood of demagoguery. Events are more and more confirming this analysis.

The tightening of the grip of Wall Street monopoly on industry through the whole N.R.A. set-up, the driving of the small farmers off the land in the interests of the monopolies and the wealthy landlords, the raising of prices through the forced destruction of crops and acreage, the aggressive preparations for imperialist war, the strikebreaking of the compulsory arbitration Labor Boards—in these typical measures of the Roosevelt government we have all the elements of the economic-political program of fascism. As the class struggle reaches new tensions, the Roosevelt government will drive ruthlessly forward on the road toward open fascist terrorism against the working class. The murders this week of eight strikers shows the road it is traveling.

The demagoguery of Roosevelt is exceedingly cunning. The development of Fascism in the United States will undoubtedly have its own peculiar variations. But in the Roosevelt "Brain Trust" theories, in the deeds of the Roosevelt government, we have the steady fascization of the government as it drives toward the capitalist-imperialist road out of the crisis.

It is in the most resolute defense of the everyday interests of the workers, in the fight for democratic rights, for higher wages, for the right to organize and strike, against the Roosevelt war preparations and the fascist terrorism, against the whole sinister Jim-Crow oppression of the Negro people, that the advance of Fascism in the United States can be halted.

All those who speak of the "social character" of the Roosevelt program, all those who, like the Socialist Party leaders, proclaim Roosevelt as the one who will defend "democracy," are the very ones who are smoothing the road along which Fascism is advancing!

## Soviet Guards

### Shoot At Spy Ship in Amur

#### Japan Admits It Had Troops on Steamer in Manchuria

(Special to the Daily Worker)  
 MOSCOW, May 17 (By Radio)—Japanese spies on a Manchurian steamer, also carrying Japanese troops, on May 12 tried to photograph the Soviet shore of the Amur river and when they failed to heed warning blank shots, were met with gunfire of Soviet guards.

Information from Khabarovsk states that a Manchurian steamer going up the Amur district at the mouth of the River Bijan, approached the Soviet shore, and people on board began openly to photograph the locations of the Soviet sentry guards.

Noticing this, the Soviet frontier guard gave the steamer a signal. Observing that the steamer continued, the post fired three blank shots in warning. Notwithstanding this, the steamer continued its course along the Soviet shore.

Other posts along the shore guard again tried to halt the steamer. Signals were unsuccessful. The boat continued its course, although, according to existing rules, the posts of the shore guard, had every ground to fire.

The Soviet frontier guards, notwithstanding the challenging conduct of the steamer, limited themselves to several rifle shots above the steamer's funnel. The steamer then went to the Manchurian shore.

Additional information from Peking states Japanese troops were on board the steamer. (Official reports from Tokyo admit that Japanese troops were on board this steamer.)

## Nazis, French, Make War Moves in Saar For Armed Seizure

### Maneuvers Go With Talk of Plebiscite Next Year

PARIS, May 17.—War moves for the control of the rich Saar region are on foot. The French have ordered troops to move to territory adjacent to this small region under the control of the League of Nations, where a plebiscite will be held next year to determine whether the Saar remains under its present rule, or becomes part of Germany.

The pretext for the sending of the French troops is a statement made by Geoffrey G. Knox, chairman of the Saar Governing Commission of the League of Nations, that the Nazis are planning a coup in order to annex the Saar to fascist Germany before the plebiscite is held.

Soon after May Day, the Nazi chief propagandist, Dr. Goebbels, made a speech at Zwiibruecken, near the Saar in which he declared the Nazis would go to any lengths in order to insure the inclusion of the Saar in the Nazi Reich.

## "Krassin" Rescues Icebound Ship

### Goes on to Meet Crew of Chelyuskin

(Special to the Daily Worker)  
 MOSCOW, May 17, (By Radio)—Reaching the Bering Sea, the Soviet icebreaker "Krassin," overcoming the heavy ice on May 16, reached the steamer "Stalingrad," long stranded in the ice, and originally sent to rescue the Chelyuskin expedition.

After friendly greetings, the "Krassin" cut the ice around the "Stalingrad," and the steamer followed in the track of the "Krassin." They proceeded the same day to Providence Bay, where they will meet the steamer "Smolensk" with all of the rescued Chelyuskin crew.

## Student Suspended For Fight in R.O.T.C.

LARAMIE, Wyo. (AP)—Because of his fight against the R.O.T.C. and militarism, Joseph Jacobucci, student editor of the Wyoming State University weekly, has been suspended until September.

## Nazi Police Report Admits Communists Are Active

### Vast Distribution of Literature Despite Nazi Vigilance

(Continued from Yesterday)

(Note: The following is the concluding section of excerpts from the report of the Nazi Secret State Police on Communist activities in Germany in the early part of 1934.)

#### Illegal Publications

"The various districts of Germany receive unequal amounts of illegal printed material. Whereas, Germany, West Germany and Silesia are flooded with Communist agitation material, other Secret Police branches report that illegal leaflet distribution had diminished to a minimum. The Stettin and Koenigsberg Secret Police officers report that numerous foreign seamen have been arrested for smuggling Communist publications in from abroad.

"Communist illegal leaflets are smuggled in concealed in the upholstery of railway cars, on barges, and in many other ways, an unprecedented quantity of such sedi-

## WHOSE WAR?



## Use 'Peace' Mask to Hide U.S., British Chaco War Maneuvers

GENEVA, May 17.—Behind the mask of "peace," imperialist maneuvers are being conducted here by Britain and the United States at the meeting of the League Council over the Chaco war between Bolivia and Paraguay.

Without mentioning the fact that the war instigated by British and American imperialism over oil lands and pipe lines, in the interest of the British Dutch Shell Oil Co., and the Rockefeller and Mellon oil trusts, Anthony Eden of Great Britain suggested that the League Council propose an embargo on arms to these two countries.

In the House of Commons it was admitted that British imperialism was mainly supplying arms to its puppet, Paraguay, while Wall Street was furnishing armaments to Bolivia, through Peru and Chile. The British arms are shipped via Argentine and Brazil.

Seek Advantageous Peace  
 Since the war, though furious and bloody, has been indecisive, the imperialists now seek through their "peace" maneuvers to obtain an advantage over each other. The object of the arms embargo is not to stop the shipment of arms, to these Latin-American countries, but to cripple one another in the shipment of arms, in order to give an advantage to the particular power backed by either American or British imperialism.

Along with the Geneva maneuvers, action was being taken in Washington and London directly over the Chaco war, bringing forward the role of each of these imperialist bandits.

Roosevelt declared he would bring some measure before Congress for an arms embargo; but the object will be to limit arms to Paraguay, while favoring the shipment of arms to the armies battling for the Rockefeller and Mellon oil trusts.

In the House of Commons, under the pacifist flag of prohibiting all arms shipments, the same object is held in view.

Hidden Fight Between U. S. and England  
 The fact that the Chaco war is in reality a concealed armed conflict between the United States and Britain was inferred in a statement by Stanley Baldwin, Lord President of the Council, speak-

## British Double War Munitions Shipments To Germany in 1934

LONDON, May 17.—British war munitions shipments to Fascist Germany have doubled during the first three months of 1934, official government figures showed here.

Walter Runciman, president of the Board of Trade, disclosed yesterday that Britain had shipped to Germany during the first three months of 1934 the following war munitions: 28,788,000 pounds of nickel, scrap iron and tungsten, as against 14,672,500 pounds for the corresponding period in 1933.

He did not give figures on the huge war plane shipment from Britain to Germany.

## Chicago Anti-Fascist Affair, Sat., May 19

CHICAGO, Ill., May 17.—The Chicago Women's Committee to Aid the Children Victims of German Fascism, has arranged a May Festival, to take place Saturday, May 19, at 8 p. m. at the Medical and Dental Arts Club, 185 N. Wabash Avenue. There will be an excellent musical program, dancing to the tune of a first class six-piece orchestra, refreshments, etc., and the admission is 50c.

The proceeds of this affair, as well as all of the funds of the Chicago Women's Committee, go to aid the innocent children victims of Hitler's terror, now residing in Paris in a school which has been established by Albert Einstein, Henri Barbusse and others.

Subscribe to the Daily Worker. One month daily or six months of the Saturday edition for 75 cents. Send your subscription to the Daily Worker, 50 E. 13th St., New York City.

## Japan Holds Large Scale War Maneuvers 3 Days

(Special to the Daily Worker)  
 TOKYO, May 16 (By Cable)—Large scale war maneuvers the last three days ended here on May 11. Besides the army, 10,000 students took part in the regular military training under the leadership of army officers.

Marxist Movement  
 "According to reports on the situation from the various State Police branches, the Social-Democratic Party of Germany and its auxiliary organizations have refrained from any further work on the whole. Although individual former Socialist officials have endeavored to establish new contacts with their former followers, this has been merely of local importance. In nearly all cases, such efforts were suppressed at the very start."

## On the World Front

By HARRY GANNES  
 Far East Class Unity Adding Slander to Betrayal Cuban Pay-off

## SEAMEN'S and dockers' strikes have an international significance.

Especially now, with boats filled with bombing planes, dynamite, machine guns, and other war supplies for the Far East, the strike of the Pacific Coast seamen is an action that is the concern of millions in China, Japan, the Philippines, New Zealand and Australia.

Just before the Pacific Coast longshoremen's strike began the Pan-Pacific Trade Union Secretariat, with headquarters at 437 Market St., San Francisco, and in Shanghai, addressed a leaflet to the longshoremen, declaring: "International Solidarity will help you win!"

The leaflets were avidly read. A special edition was printed in Chinese and Japanese.

"Sending you greetings and good wishes for your victory," reads the leaflet, "the Pan-Pacific Trade Union Secretariat, which unites the trade unions of China, Japan, the Soviet Union, the Philippines, Chile, Indonesia, New Zealand, Australia, etc., wish to express our sympathy in a practical way, as follows:—"

Then, there follows concretely what action the Pan-Pacific Secretariat has taken to inform all its affiliated organizations about the strike, and urging their members and sympathizers not to handle scab cargo.

"Within the Japanese Seamen's Union," says the leaflet, "is a much persecuted, but militantly organized opposition, the 'Sassinska', affiliated to us, and through which we will appeal to Japanese seamen and dockers to support your strike. The results are hard to say, but we will try, and expect many crews will refuse to work cargo."

The National Seamen's Union of China can be depended on to do all in its power to support your strike. They are splendid trade unionists, ready to support you to the best of their ability.

"Our affiliate in the Philippines the 'Proletarian Labor Congress,' has about half the organized dockers and seamen, and some reactionary unions have the other half. There will be a fight to keep the reactionary unions from handling scab cargo, but with a fair chance that you will get support on the Manila and Iloilo docks."

The leaflet points out that despite the fact the New Zealand and Australia seamen's and dockers' union is saddled with a prototypic of the Ryan bureaucrats, "the workers are not the kind of men who will handle the scab cargo."

Forward through unity and struggle to victory! Forward to international solidarity of all workers, regardless of race, color, nationality or tongue!" concludes this leaflet.

ONE has to go to the Nazi press slanders against the Austrian Socialist workers than that uttered recently by Max Winter, former Socialist Mayor of Vienna, who is touring Canada and the United States to help Norman Thomas and company explain away Bauer's treachery.

From the Canadian press in Montreal (a news service similar to the United Press here) we get the following quotation taken from a speech made by Winter on May 11 to the Canadian Young People's Socialist League:

"Our Socialist comrades in Germany, whom we had expected to fight for freedom and democracy, have even in the end are now shouting 'More power to Hitler!' Even the Communists are doing the same. This was the fate of Austria sealed."

Winter was one of those Social-Democratic leaders, who together with Otto Bauer, offered Dollfuss a two-year fascist dictatorship. Winter helped to disarm the Vienna proletariat. He approved Dollfuss's outlawing of the Communist Party of Austria. Now to cover his crimes he utters the foulest slanders against those 1,800 workers who lost their lives on the barricades, and the tens of thousands still fighting in Austria against fascism, following the path of the revolutionary struggle pointed out by the Communist International.

WE have another story to tell about what Socialist workers in Czechoslovakia are doing after witnessing the betrayal of the Ottc Bauers and Max Winters.

In Engelsberg, after discussing the Austrian events, a group of Socialist Party members quit their Party and joined the Communist Party. Functionaries of the Socialist Party in the city of Winkelsdorf resigned their offices because of the betrayal of the leaders of the Second (Socialist) International, and joined the Communist Party. In Hirschendorf, meetings of the Socialists were held to discuss Bauer's apologetic pamphlet.

Many Socialists joined the Communist Party. In the Aussig district 24 Socialist workers joined the factory nuclei of the Communist Party.

WHEN Butcher Mendietta, president of Cuba, needed a tear gas expert, he consulted Wall Street Ambassador Jefferson Caffery. Caffery evidently had heard of the Ambridge massacre of steel strikers and recommended John W. Touhy of the Federal Laboratories, Inc., of Pittsburgh, who armed the 1,000 Jones and Laughlin thugs to attack the 5,000 Ambridge strikers. Mr. Young came to Havana, and so well satisfied Mendietta that for his extremely short stay and for his service in teaching the Havana police to emulate J. P. Morgan's steel trust thugs he was handed \$12,000.