

THE PRODUCERS NEWS

Liberty Is Not
Handed Down
From Above

Published Weekly
VOL. XIV. No. 26.

Sub. Rates: Foreign, \$3.75 per year
In U. S. \$2.00 per year

A PAPER OF THE PEOPLE, FOR THE PEOPLE, BY THE PEOPLE
PLENTYWOOD, SHERIDAN COUNTY, MONTANA, FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 25, 1931.

Official Paper of the City of Plentywood

Entered as second class matter, October 18, 1912, at the Post-office at Plentywood, Montana, Under the Act of March 3, 1879

Great Britain's Financial Structure Crumbling

KOIKES INJURED IN AUTOMOBILE SPILL NEAR GLASGOW

While driving to Glasgow last Friday afternoon to attend a funeral, Mr. and Mrs. Harry Koike struck a loose stretch of gravel about ten miles this side of Glasgow resulting in badly wrecking their Buick sedan. Mr. and Mrs. Koike were both thrown from the car which rolled over several times. Harry was badly bruised from head to foot and his right leg was broken just above the knee the bone being forced through the flesh. Mrs. Koike was also badly bruised about the head and body and sustained a broken collar bone. A motorist who was just behind the Koike car stopped and endeavored to give assistance but due to the conditions a doctor came from Glasgow and superintended the removal of the injured people to the hospital at Glasgow where they are getting along very well considering the seriousness of their injuries.

MYSTED PEOPLES COLLEGE IS OPEN AT DANNEBROG

I have asked the editor of this paper for permission to write a few words in regard to the opening of Mysted Peoples College at Dannebrog, Nebraska.

Our winter course will begin December 1 and close March 1, and will be open to both sexes. The cost for the three months is a balance reduced—this time to \$100. This sum covers tuition, room, board, light, etc., which means that from the purely financial side, it is cheaper to spend a winter here than to pay for room and board in a modern city.

In answering the query as to the type of work engaged in at this institution, I shall here mention only one of its aspects. It is a well known fact that we are living in an age in which the economic, political and religious problems are so stupendous that the majority of our youth feels utterly lost in the maze of the swiftly-flowing currents. One of the tasks we have set for ourselves, therefore, in addition to the major one of character training, is to put you in touch with some of the moving forces of the present day so as to enable you to follow intelligently the movement, the Russian experiment, the alleged struggle between science and religion, etc.

It is our firm belief and hope that this can be accomplished through the lectures, discussions, reading, and personal contacts we have provided for, and that the interest you thus acquire in the problems of life will remain with you in the years to come, thus not only enriching your own lives, but at the same time helping to create a sound public opinion which is so indispensable to the successful operation of our democracy.

We hear from the scientist on the one hand, that man is possibly millions of years old and that evolution is an established fact, and on the other hand from a few of our preachers that we are believers that Adam and Eve were the first persons on earth and that Bible is an authority in astronomy and biology, we shall be forever lost. Is this dilemma inescapable or is there a way out? Are there not 50 young people in the whole U. S. who are interested enough in a frank yet cautious discussion of this question to come here and learn, some for the first time, that, rightly understood, there is not this supposed conflict, but that we can at once believe in science in the objective world and yet live up completely to the ethical principle of the Christian religion.

We welcome and respect all views, either opposed or in harmony with our own; all we ask for is the coming together of at least 50 people young enough in spirit, regardless of age, who are sufficiently interested in life to discuss in a sane way such problems as the above.

We have also a huge economic problem before us; we hear of the Red Menace. Is it really a menace? Is Christianity the last word in economics, or is a Socialist state superior? What shall we do with the seven million unemployed workers who are now starving in our large industrial cities? Come, we shall discuss the problem; we are absolutely nothing as to whether you are a capitalist, communist, or socialist; the greater the divergence of opinion the closer we can come to a reasonable conclusion.

Then there is the question of (Continued on last page.)

Valley County Appoints 2 More Doctors for Needy

Glasgow, Sept. 21.—Valley county commissioners have appointed a physician and surgeon for Hinsdale and Ophim to serve as an emergency county physician during the winter. This is an emergency act and brought about by drought conditions. The doctors are appointed in addition to the regular county physician at Glasgow to care for those in districts too far away from Glasgow and who are otherwise too poor to pay for such services.

Dr. Cockrell of Hinsdale and Dr. M. E. Sherrard of Ophim have been appointed. Dr. A. N. Smith of Glasgow will receive \$50 in excess of his regular salary as county physician.

OPEN SEASON ON PHEASANTS

Helena, Sept. 24.—(Special) The Montana state fish and game commission has declared an open season on male Chinese pheasants and Hungarian partridges of either sex in selected areas of the state.

Chinese roosters will be permitted to be killed in 31 counties and portions of four others while the Hungarians are bagged in 26 counties and portions of five other counties. The open season has been set for November 8 to 12, both dates inclusive.

At the regular meeting in Helena, Sept. 17, order was made declaring an open season on male Chinese and Mongolian pheasants for 1931 in Daniels, Dawson, Phillips, Roosevelt, Sheridan, Valley and other counties.

An open season has been declared on Hungarian partridges of either sex for 1931, in the following counties: Daniels, Roosevelt, Sheridan, Valley and others.

The open season begins with the 8th day of November and ends with the 12th day of November, both dates inclusive. The bag limit is to be five birds per day, no more than three of which may be the male Chinese or Mongolian pheasants. No person shall have in his possession more than ten of any such birds at one time, no more than six of which may be the male Chinese or Mongolian pheasants.

U. F. L. HOLDS MANY INTERESTING MEETS

Interested crowds in most parts of the county listened to Mother Bloor's talks last week on the importance of farmers and workers uniting in one political body for the purpose of protecting their interests.

Not only are the men interested in the problems of the day but women and young people as well. At the packed hall at Outlook the majority were women. In Fredrick Bloor spoke to a live and very much interested audience. The Plentywood meeting was not as big as expected on account of the heavy rains.

At this time a U. F. L. caravan of trucks is bringing donated coal from North Dakota to the unemployed workers of Grand Forks. The trucks will be loaded there with vegetables donated by farmers, and distributed free to needy people in North Dakota. The trucks will display banners and big meetings will be held along the route where Mother Bloor and Chas. E. Taylor will be the principal speakers.

The caravan starts at Stanley, Friday, Sept. 25 at one o'clock. Meetings will be held in the following places:

Friday evening at Minot.
Saturday at Devils Lake.
Sunday at Brookport.
Monday at Lakota.
Tuesday and Wednesday at Grand Forks.

Returning and arriving in Stanley for grand windup Saturday, October 3.

The newly completed caravan trip to South Dakota where donated coal was hauled south and donated wheat and other grain hauled north was a great success. That Chas. E. Taylor was arrested on the trip was a false report. In Jamestown some brave policemen saved the country by stopping the meeting when Taylor started to speak about Russia.

Wolf Point School Enrollment Shows an Increase

Wolf Point, Sept. 21.—The local city schools have opened with an enrollment of 694 as compared with 682 in 1930 and 571 in 1929. The enrollment in the high school seventh and eighth grades is 294. The rooms are more crowded than ever before, because, as an economy measure, school is starting with three fewer teachers than last year.

SAYS JAPS TRIED TO START A WAR

Chinese Potentate Insists that His Country Does not Intend to be an "Armed" Party to the Action.

Pieping, Sept. 21.—The military activities of Japanese troops in Manchurian cities "constitute an unwarranted and unprecedented act of war," Marshal Chung Hsueh-Liang, overlord of Manchuria, asserted tonight in an interview with press correspondents.

"Japan has tried to launch a war," the youthful, modern ruler told the correspondents. "But China does not intend to be an armed party to such action."

Chang, who assumed the position of his late father as one of the most powerful warlords of China, received the correspondents shortly after the Japanese consul general had visited him to exact a promise of protection of Japanese residents in northern China.

The Manchurian ruler, who now controls the Peiping military area, promised to protect the Japanese. The consul general informed Chang he was not empowered to discuss settlement of the Manchurian crisis, which resulted in occupation of strategic cities by Japanese troops last week with considerable bloodshed.

Chang was obviously weary after many sleepless hours. He said he did not know when or where negotiations for the settlement would begin.

Trusts World Opinion
"Japan has tried to launch an offensive," he said, "but China will not participate, trusting to world opinion to see that justice is done."

"The Japanese occupation of Manchuria follows weeks of agitation intended to inflame Japanese minds against us."

"The world has witnessed the spectacle of war being manufactured. These developments have been Japan's claim as to the cause of the military action."

Previously Chang had denied the Japanese charges that an attempt to blow up southern Manchuria railroad bridge had started the fighting. He accused the Japanese of being the first to open fire.

Chang said he was taking precautions to prevent demonstrations against Japanese in the Peiping area. He warned restless Chinese students that order and calm were "imperative" during the present crisis.

OUTSIDE BANDIT RICHER BY \$1800

Burlington, Wyo., Sept. 19.—A lone gunman eluded a sheriff's posse today after robbing the Burlington State Bank of \$1800 and placing the cashier, C. F. Hensley in the vault.

The robber scooped up in the cash in the cashier's cage after forcing Hensley into the vault.

Hensley released himself in time to see the holdup flee in a Ford Model A coupe that had red hubcaps. He said the robber wore a red handkerchief tied about his face as a mask.

The yegg entered the bank a few minutes before closing time and ordered the cashier to hold up his hands. As Hensley complied he shoved him into the vault and closed the door but the lock did not catch.

Great Falls.—Construction is underway on the new brick shop and office building of the state highway commission.

HUGE MERGER IS CONSUMMATED

New York, Sept. 21.—Stockholders of the Phelps-Dodge corporation, one of the largest units in the copper industry, at a special meeting today, approved the merger with the Calumet and Arizona company.

Stockholders took the steps necessary to expedite the merger which will form the third largest unit in the industry. They approved an authorized increase in capital stock to six million shares of \$25 par from three million at \$25 par and voted repeal of a certain by-law pertaining to ownership of stock.

There was an exchange of stock on the basis of 3 1/2 shares of Phelps-Dodge for one share of Calumet and Arizona stock after the declaration of a cash dividend of \$2.50 a share by Calumet and Arizona.

DANCE AT THE F.L. TEMPLE SATURDAY

Wunderlich's Orchestra, of Outlook, which has been playing to capacity crowds all summer will sponsor a dance next Saturday night, Sept. 26, at the Temple in Plentywood. The popular price of 50 cents will prevail.

LATE FEED LOAN DEVELOPMENTS

By the County Agent
According to word received at the county agent's office on September 23 indications are that the Federal Feed Loan which has been expected to be released in the drought area is further from a reality at the present time than it was two weeks ago.

Since the regulations were first drafted by the department of agriculture they have been the subject of much controversy among the different states in which it was to be administered.

The Feed Loan regulations as they stood on September 21 are as follows:

The regulations reduced the number of head of cattle from 40 to 20 head at \$3 a month; six horses at \$3 a month; 200 sheep at 30 cents per month for a six-months limit, notes to be due in the fall of 1932. It has been reported that Washington and Oregon protested vigorously these regulations due to the fact that they farm entirely with horses, and a loan on six head would not be sufficient to carry them through the winter.

The second hitch in the proposition comes from the mortgage requirements. As per the regulations requirement on Sept. 21 the government agreed to accept a waiver of a prior mortgage in which the party holding the mortgage or lien would participate proportionately with the government and in that way it would be unnecessary for the party holding the first mortgage to waive complete right in favor of the government. Some of the authorities in the states in which the loan was to be administered contend that this would make the loan unworkable as parties holding the first mortgage are not in a position to sign waivers under any condition. They are endeavoring to have the government take a second mortgage on the livestock to the extent of the federal loan.

Up to date these details have not been settled and indications are that the regulations governing the loan will not be settled for a few days.

The secretary of agriculture is calling for information from the states in regard to the number of livestock mortgages in each county, the attitude of the bankers in regard to signing waivers, etc., in order that the regulations may be worked out satisfactorily. Indications are that the feed loan will not be settled for a few days.

At a meeting of the recently appointed Relief Committees and the Board of County Commissioners it was decided that Sheridan County furnish not to exceed six tons of coal to each family who are unable to obtain their own coal.

The Relief Committees have been supplied with necessary blanks for making applications for such coal. If you are in need of coal go to your nearest committee and make your application for such coal. If your application is approved by the committee an order will be issued on some mine in your locality. A note will be taken for the amount of your order.

It is expected that all Coal Mine Operators will co-operate with the county in furnishing coal to the needy by accepting such orders and presenting a claim for payment to the Board of County Commissioners. All such claims must have orders attached and must be filed with the Clerk not later than three days before the first Monday of each month. If claims are properly presented, payment will be made promptly.

The Relief Committees and their territories are as follows:

A. R. Erickson for District No. 43, 39 and 42.
P. M. Miller, Walter Olson and R. Lininger for District No. 70, 9, 3 and 56.
H. Herman, J. A. Clem and Andrew Dahl for Districts No. 58, 23, 54, 75, 51 and 57.
Christ Jorgensen, Christ Joensen and H. P. Bridgman for Districts No. 22, 49, 60, 6, 11, 24 and 53.
R. G. Tyler, H. J. Jeffries and Neil Miller for District No. 7, 71, 41 and 55.
H. C. Riley, George Andersen and A. R. Rice for District No. 8, 66, 73 and 69.
E. R. Ueland, C. A. Foster and O. Teigen for District No. 19, 10, 36 and 58.
J. E. Ziebarth, Geo. Munson and A. C. Erickson for District No. 20, 30, 76, 35, 37 and 21.
J. W. Bucklin, H. H. Knudson and J. S. Ahern for District No. 2, 72, 28 and 46.
Board of County Commissioners, (28-31) Sheridan County Montana.

Colorado Teacher Killer May Finish Life in Prison

Fort Morgan, Colo., Sept. 21.—John Schoplin, 21, convicted murderer, is apparently cheerful despite the fact that he faces a life term in the penitentiary.

Schoplin was convicted by a jury here after two ballots, of slaying Miss Enid Marriot, 22, teacher of Wiggins, last November.

The state had asked the death penalty but the jury decided life imprisonment was sufficient punishment under the circumstances and so directed in its verdict.

Rain Floods Poplar Road

Poplar.—This section has had a rain. A cloudburst in the north country sent such a flood of water down Cheesee creek that it ran three feet deep over the grade between Wolf Point and Poplar for almost three miles.

WALSH FAVORS TAX REVISION

Washington, Sept. 21.—Senator Walsh, democrat, Montana, today said he favored tax revision to place additional levies on large incomes.

Walsh, who returned to Washington Saturday from his home, said that if this failed to balance the budget additional taxes might be necessary.

KARL KARLSON IS FORD AGENT

Deal Consummated Last Week By Which Outlook Man Takes Over Kienast Motor Company and Agency for Popular Car.

A business transaction was completed last week whereby Karl Karlson of Outlook took over the Plentywood Ford Agency and the garage of the Kienast Motor Co.

Mr. Karlson has for many years been a prominent and successful business man at Outlook where he has conducted a general store and without doubt will bring his Plentywood undertaking up to a high standard of successful business.

The Ford agency has been in the hand of C. R. Kienast for about four years and who now will leave, it is understood, for Minnesota.

WALSH, HOOVER, WHEELER VISIT

Washington, Sept. 21.—Presenting a plea for work, not dole, the two democrat senators from Montana, Walsh and Wheeler, visited President Hoover at the White House today and came away saying the executive had expressed sympathy with their plans for relief of needy persons in drought stricken areas of their state.

The senators told the president a government program of construction could be put into effect in strategic localities to give employment. In addition to urging immediate federal road work the senators laid special stress on the waiver of a prior mortgage.

Walsh and Wheeler urged the president to use his influence to have federal authorities employ farmers where possible in preference to out-of-state laborers.

The senators visited the bureau of public roads and were informed a program of highway construction will be considered. The Montanans also paid a call at the office of the secretary of agriculture where they were informed loans for feed for hogs would be made available. Hogs were not included in the original plans to assist livestock raisers.

"There isn't much the president can do," Walsh said in announcing the executive had been sympathetic to their plea, "but anything that can be done now will be greatly welcomed and will afford work for some of the people."

Lewistown.—A second shipment of gold bullion weighing about 28 pounds was made from here recently from Maiden properties being worked by McLean and Wiegand.

COUNTY COAL COMMITTEES

At a meeting of the recently appointed Relief Committees and the Board of County Commissioners it was decided that Sheridan County furnish not to exceed six tons of coal to each family who are unable to obtain their own coal.

The Relief Committees have been supplied with necessary blanks for making applications for such coal. If you are in need of coal go to your nearest committee and make your application for such coal. If your application is approved by the committee an order will be issued on some mine in your locality. A note will be taken for the amount of your order.

It is expected that all Coal Mine Operators will co-operate with the county in furnishing coal to the needy by accepting such orders and presenting a claim for payment to the Board of County Commissioners. All such claims must have orders attached and must be filed with the Clerk not later than three days before the first Monday of each month. If claims are properly presented, payment will be made promptly.

The Relief Committees and their territories are as follows:

A. R. Erickson for District No. 43, 39 and 42.
P. M. Miller, Walter Olson and R. Lininger for District No. 70, 9, 3 and 56.
H. Herman, J. A. Clem and Andrew Dahl for Districts No. 58, 23, 54, 75, 51 and 57.
Christ Jorgensen, Christ Joensen and H. P. Bridgman for Districts No. 22, 49, 60, 6, 11, 24 and 53.
R. G. Tyler, H. J. Jeffries and Neil Miller for District No. 7, 71, 41 and 55.
H. C. Riley, George Andersen and A. R. Rice for District No. 8, 66, 73 and 69.
E. R. Ueland, C. A. Foster and O. Teigen for District No. 19, 10, 36 and 58.
J. E. Ziebarth, Geo. Munson and A. C. Erickson for District No. 20, 30, 76, 35, 37 and 21.
J. W. Bucklin, H. H. Knudson and J. S. Ahern for District No. 2, 72, 28 and 46.
Board of County Commissioners, (28-31) Sheridan County Montana.

Gold Continues to Flow Into the United States

New York, Sept. 21.—The steady flow of gold into the United States continued during the last week, adding more millions to the more than five billion dollars in hard metal which the vaults of the country hold.

Last Thursday the United States held \$5,015,000,000 in gold, 42% of the supply of the world. With a similar movement going on to France, the two countries hold between them 65 per cent of the world's supply.

In the last week more than seven and one-half million dollars came into New York and passed through the assay office in the Wall Street district where all foreign gold is tested and valued before it is added to the nation's reserve.

SOLONS OF NEW YORK OKAY RELIEF FUND

Albany, Sept. 20.—The legislature authorized Saturday night a fund of \$20,000,000 for the relief of unemployed in New York state.

In moving final adoption of the amended bill, putting the program of relief into effect, the republican leader of the senate said he complimented Governor Roosevelt for submitting the proposal for unemployment relief to the legislature which had been called into extraordinary session for the primary purpose of granting wider powers to the New York City investigating committee.

Snow Covers Ground at Helena and Lewistown

Helena, Sept. 21.—Snow blanketed hills around Helena today. The valley was moistened by generous showers throughout the night. Rain and snowfall was reported from all parts of the state over the week end except along the eastern border.

Lewistown, Sept. 21.—The first snow of the season started falling heavily at Lewistown early Monday morning and continued through most of the day. The temperature was above freezing and the snow melted as it fell.

LINDBERGH GETS TO CHINESE CITY

Nanking, Sept. 19.—Col. Lindbergh and his wife arrived here at 2:36 this afternoon after a flight of 800 miles from Fukuoka, Japan. They made the flight of 800 miles in approximately seven and one-half hours.

The chance of the Lindberghs being received by Chiang Kai-shek faded when the latter departed by gunboat for Hankow, enroute to the Hunan province war front.

Nanking's decoration was confined to a small display over a floating wharf where a solitary American flag was surrounded by a score of Chinese national flags and kuoimintang banners. A cotton streamer said: "Welcome Lindbergh" but failed to mention Mrs. Lindbergh.

VIEW FLOOD HORRORS
Nanking, Sept. 22.—China's flood horror was spread today before the eyes of Colonel and Mrs. Lindbergh as they flew over northern Kiangsu province on the first of a series of survey flights they volunteered to make to aid the flood relief commission.

Broken cities, obliterated farms, ruined villages appeared in such numbers that Lindbergh afterward commented it was "hard to say" where the disaster had struck its fiercest blow.

In four hours and 40 minutes of flying the Lindberghs secured data which a representative of the relief commission said was of "the utmost value." Their offer to make the survey flights had been accepted promptly by Pres. Kai-shek and Finance Minister Soong of the Chinese government.

Mrs. Lindbergh did the actual flying while the Colonel occupied himself with taking pictures and making exhaustive annotations on a map of the area. They covered the part of the province lying east of the Grand canal. Tomorrow they plan to fly over the section west of the canal.

Col. Lindbergh told the Associated Press that all of northern Kiangsu was under water. The province is the most densely populated in all China. Nowhere, the flyers said, did they see any indication that the flood waters, which have ravaged the province more than a month, might be subsiding.

The new addition costing \$200,000 to the Missoula county high school which was opened for use this fall was destroyed by fire that had originated from defective electric wiring about a week later. The old part of the building which was constructed about 25 years ago was also destroyed. There was 90% insurance on the structure.

England Would Halt Outflow of Gold By Abandoning Standard

Discount Rate Raised to Six Per Cent—Premier Believes Great Britain's Enormous Resources Would Save the Day—May Call International Conference.

London, Sept. 21.—Abandoning the gold standard, raising the Bank of England discount rate to six per cent and closing all stock exchanges, Great Britain wrestled today with the most critical financial situation since the world war.

Brought back from his country home at Chequers by the Prince of Wales, Prime Minister MacDonald hastily convened a cabinet meeting last night and it was decided that the gold redemption act of 1925 should be suspended to halt alarming withdrawals of gold by foreign investors.

Parliament is expected to pass the enabling legislation tonight, after which it will go to King George in Scotland for his approval.

The bank rate was raised from 4 1/2%, a figure which was set in July. It has not been up to 6% since Oct. 31, 1929.

Prime Minister MacDonald issued a statement calling attention to the fact that more than one billion dollars had been withdrawn from the London market since the middle of July and that about \$500,000,000 had been withdrawn in Saturday's half day of trading. He emphasized that his action was only temporary and that the nation's enormous resources would save the day if the public cooperated.

"His majesty's government has arrived at its decision with the greatest reluctance," he said "but during the last 10 days the international financial markets have become demoralized and have been liquidating their sterling assets regardless of their intrinsic worth. In the circumstances there was no alternative but to protect the financial position of the country by the only means at our disposal."

The suspended section of the gold standard act compels the Bank of England to sell gold, in bars for 3 pounds 17 shillings and 10 1/2 pence per to ounce.

The summoning of an international conference to arrange for better distribution of gold and to place international trade on a better footing was predicted by the press in commenting on the government's action.

BRITISH LABOR CHIEF IS ATTACKED BY MOB AT GLASGOW

Glasgow, Sept. 20.—Sir Oswald Mosley, British independent political leader, was assaulted with sticks and stones tonight as he left Glasgow green after addressing a gathering of about 40,000 persons.

He was struck in the head with a stone but only slightly injured. Three others of the party that occupied the platform, however, received razor cuts and bruises.

The International and the Red Flag were sung at intervals. Free for all fights were in progress at various times and cries of traitor greeted the speaker's explanation of why he resigned from the labor party.

THE WEATHER

During the past two weeks this section has been treated with several good rains. All the present week the skies have been overcast and rain has fallen at intervals. Today, Thursday it has rained off and on all day, low spots are filled with water and the fields are getting a real soaking. The temperature has been low and it has seemed that frost was a sure thing on several evenings but none has been reported so far. However, the weatherman says we are due for some nice weather yet.

Earnings Increase

New York, Sept. 22.—The financial statement of the Canadian International Paper Company for the first half of 1931 shows a balance after all deductions of \$320,908, compared with \$206,808 in the same period last year.

DEMPSEY GIVES UP HIS ESTELLE

Reno, Sept. 21.—Jack Dempsey was granted a divorce today from Estelle Taylor Dempsey on the ground of mental cruelty.

The decree was entered by default when his actress wife failed to bring a cross complaint or contest the case.

Although Dempsey's was the 16th on the docket of Judge Moran the preceding complaints were heard in short order and the former champion's decree was entered at 11:57 o'clock.

Miss Taylor did not answer the Dempsey complaint but with the latter's property located in California and her own divorce suit pending in Los Angeles courts, it appeared that Jack's hand was not to be raised in unqualified victory.

Dempsey's divorce gave him title to his personal property but his real estate lies in California and his 100,000 share of stock in the Barbara hotel corporation together with a \$200,000 trust fund are tied up by court orders.

Another decree issued today sets up special funds in all branches of industry to reward workers and plants making exceptional contributions to the advancement of the five-year plan.

Although the government and the party have regularly made such awards, this is the first time the policy has taken the form of an official decree.

RUSSIA PLANS MASS FEEDING

Moscow, Sept. 19.—Mass feeding of Russia's workers on a much wider scale is arranged for in a decree issued today by the central executive committee of the communist party.

Present facilities for this work are inadequate, the decree said, although they care for approximately twelve million workers and their families, who are fed collectively at factory kitchens, public dining halls and feeding stations for children.

Meals are served in these establishments at nominal prices ranging from 18 cents to 40 cents. The recent drive to attract, insatiable women from their own kitchens to industry has taxed the capacity of the "social feeding" facilities, especially in large cities.

About \$14,750,000 is to be spent for the construction and equipment of 300 new factory kitchens and 4,000 dining halls within the next three years, under the terms of today's decree. These will feed 25,000,000 persons.

A group of 500 party men will be mobilized to supervise the work. Foodstuffs will be improved, diets varied and more efficient methods introduced. The co-operative societies in charge of distribution of food stuffs have been greatly handicapped lately not only by the shortage of facilities but by the poor quality of food, insanitary conditions, overcrowding, poor discipline among employees and improperly trained cooks.

Another decree

THE PRODUCERS NEWS

A Paper of the People, by the People
and for the People

By the Peoples Publishing Company, Publishers

CONTINUING — The Outlook Promoter, The Outlook Optimist, The Dooley Sun, The Antelope Independent, The Sheridan County News, The Pioneer Press and the Sheridan County Farmer.

CHARLES B. TAYLOR, Editor
HANS RASMUSSEN, Manager

Friday, September 25, 1931.

LEGAL AND LAWFUL

We are told about legal rate of interest legal this and legal that. There seems to be no end of legal ways provided for by which one person can steal from another in a legal and lawful manner.

A farmer bought some machinery from a Plentywood firm. Two years ago the farmer owed \$260.00 on the machinery and signed a note for that amount. One year after, when the note was due, the farmer had no money and the note was renewed. Lawful interest and other legal hocus pocus amounting to 35.7% was added, bringing the amount up to \$352.82.

This year the note was again renewed with 26.4% legal stuff added, bringing the amount up to \$446.12. Two years ago the farmer owed \$260.00 on the machine, now he owes \$446.12. When additional security was demanded this farmer gave a crop mortgage on his pasture land.

The banker borrows big sums of money from the county at 1%; handles a lot of money on which he pays no interest at all; the banker goes broke and nothing much is said about it but when the farmer is not able to pay his 35% interest he is called a poor business manager.

COAL WITH STRINGS ATTACHED

By HANS RASMUSSEN

When the people of the county circulated the petition authorizing the commissioners to buy coal for the needy people in the county nobody had any idea what red tape these people would have to go through in order to get a load of coal. Nobody had any idea of the county officials, elected by the people, being able to produce such an idiotic masterpiece as the application for coal has turned out to be. Carl Peterson and Niels Madsen are blamed for being fathers of the child.

The applications are about a yard long and if anybody can take one good look at one without swearing he is a better Christian than the writer. After Secretary Hyde had looked over this part of the country he reported that people here were more scared than hurt. If that fellow was here, and saw people look over that coal application he would change his mind about people being scared. No, they are not scared, they are mad; the longer they look the madder they get.

Of all the red tape this is the limit. If the application had to be acted on by somebody in a foreign land there would be some excuse for it but coal committees have been appointed all over the county—it is one of your neighbors you are dealing with. To him you go to put down in black and white your wife's name, the number of children you have, how many acres you summerfallowed last year, your crop, your mortgage, your cows, your horses and dozens of other foolish questions which have nothing to do with the need for coal in any shape or form.

When a person needs coal he needs it just as bad no matter if he has one child or a dozen. Coal is what he needs regardless of the number of acres summerfallowed. What have horses and cows and machinery to do with a man's need for coal? If a person is out of money, mortgage or not, does not make any difference these days—coal is what counts.

After the application has been filled out correctly and signed by yourself and one more person you present it to your neighbor, the committee man, who probably knows your circumstances better than you do yourself. This committee man takes your rapplacation to two more committee men and if they all see fit you might get as high as six tons of coal for which you must sign an interest-bearing note to the county.

The signing of a note is just that much more red tape, but should not keep anybody who needs coal from getting it. It will never be collected anyway. But why the county should insist on signing notes for coal is hard to understand. Why not get notes from Albert Foley and others when the county pays for

their board? Why not get notes from people receiving Red Cross help if notes are what the county wants for its files.

Of course some of the committees are going to disregard all this red tape and issue coal orders regardless of applications. Others will say, "that won't be legal," but when people need coal, coal is what they want and not a lot of red tape.

The people in the court house are worried about the coal situation. The county funds are getting mighty low and prospects of taxes very slim. What is worrying them is that the time might come when they can not draw their full salary as they are doing no, and it would be just too bad for the county if Dolly Peterson could not keep on drawing her \$137.50 per month. So we must be very saving on our coal. What difference does it make if we freeze during the winter so long as we have the satisfaction of knowing that our elected county officials are taken care of—are drawing their full salary and keeping fat and in good health.

THIS IS PLENTYWOOD

A FARMER went into the Northwest Service Store the other day to buy a 25 pound sack of sugar. He was told that the price was \$2.00. The farmer protested the price, saying the price at the Comertown, at the Westby, at the Coalridge, at the Dagmar stores was \$1.65 for a 25-pound sack of sugar. Whereupon the smart prune peddler replied: "This is not Comertown, or Westby, or Dagmar; this is Plentywood—and you can take it or leave it."

The prune merchant spoke the truth: "This is Plentywood, take it or leave it." More and more the farmers are "leaving it." "This is Plentywood, take it or leave it," is the Plentywood spirit—it exemplifies the Plentywood idea of business. Plentywood charges 35 cents more for 25 pounds of sugar than any other town in the county and 45 cents more than the stores of Williston.

The farmers down in the Red River valley are selling potatoes for 17 cents per bushel. In Fargo potatoes are retailing at 30 cents per bushel; in Plentywood potatoes are selling for 50 cents a peck or two dollars the bushel. "This is Plentywood, take it or leave it."

Is there any wonder that Plentywood is coming to be known among the people of Sheridan county as "robber's roost" and fewer and fewer buy anything here unless they absolutely have to!

There are an increasing number of Plentywood people who drive to Williston to buy their groceries, paying for the gas and saving plenty on the whole transaction.

No wonder the theatre was closed down! No wonder the wholesale houses are threatening and preparing to close out several Plentywood stores. No wonder stores are thinking of quitting and leaving!

"This is Plentywood, take it or leave it!" idea of business that has made Plentywood as dead as the dodo bird—that and two prices for everything.

FIRE THE COUNTY AGENT

A PERUSAL of the last commissioners' proceedings will disclose what it cost the taxpayers for the luxury of a county agent. The budget for the county agent is some less than \$5,000 per year. The poor budget is a little more than \$7,000. The county is spending almost as much to feed a county agent as it does to feed the poor people of the county—feed the women and babies. The poor don't get much to relieve their poverty, but the county agent lives in luxury—has a swell home, wears fine clothes, lives on the fat of the land, and is one of the Plentywood nice people—one of the 400 if you please. If the county agent budget were added to the poor budget it would almost double it for it costs as much to have a county agent swelling around as it does to feed the poor. We cannot get rid of the poor, but we can the county agent—that is, it looks as if we could, if we have to confess they are harder to eradicate than quack grass; and by the way, quack grass and county agents compare well.

Last month the county paid the agent \$106, the county's share of his wages, the state pays him as much more, plus another \$106 for mileage at the rate of 10 cents per mile or for 1060 miles that he traveled for what? Besides this the county paid a stenographer to do the work, besides lighting and janitor cost for his office. The county agent luxury cost a pretty penny.

Now is a good time to get rid of the county agent. The money he costs can be better used to feed and cloth the hungry and naked children of men and women who produce—men and women who work and perform a useful function in society, instead of feed a parasite.

WHAT DO YOU SAY RED CROSS?

(From the Spokane Press)

MAY WE HAVE the attention of the American Red Cross for a few minutes? We wish to make a suggestion:

This winter hundreds of thousands of our people will not know which way to turn for food.

This month and next our western grain growers, fruit raisers and truck gardeners will produce surpluses of food.

Our food producers out here, although not very prosperous this year, are fine, generous folks. Nothing would give them more pleasure than to give away their surpluses, for the benefit of even less fortunate people, who will need food badly in a few months.

You folks of the Red Cross have about \$20,000,000 in cash and easily convertible bonds.

Why not take some of this money and use it to assemble our western food surplus; store it in warehouses, and then, when it is needed, distribute it?

We know the Red Cross asserts that our present trouble is not "an act of God," and therefore no business of the Red Cross.

We think that attitude should be abandoned, if the Red Cross hopes to regain in American esteem the position it once held.

In a few weeks the Red Cross will ask Ameri-

cans to provide it with more millions of dollars.

Some months ago it asked for millions. Americans all over the country, pinched for ready money, offered food instead. The Red Cross refused the offer.

Once again the West has plenty of food; but not much ready cash.

Once again it offers the Red Cross, as a great, wealthy distributing agency, all the food it can handle, for the benefit of fellow-Americans.

Respectfully, we ask the directors of the American Red Cross to abandon their food-refusing, money-demanding attitude and accept what western folks will be quick to offer if the fear of another snub is removed.

SEES HANDWRITING

From the American Guardian

"SOME 15,000,000 of unemployed are being supported by their fellowmen, feeding on the financial and economic reserves of the industrial countries. . . . Never was the incapacity of the economic leaders of the capitalist world so glaringly demonstrated as today. . . . A capitalism which cannot feed the workers of the world has no right to exist. The guilt of the capitalist system lies in its alliance with the violent policies of imperialism and militarism. . . . The ruling classes of the world today have as completely failed in political leadership as in economics."

Now what wild-eyed Socialist, Communist, or Bolshevik wrote this slanderous attack on capitalism? Easy there! 'Twas none of these! It's from the pen of Her Hjalmar Schacht, financier, economist, and president of the German Reichsbank through the Young Plan negotiations. Contrary to his American colleagues and their talking delegates in Washington, Brer. Schacht has sense enough to read the hand-writing on the wall. As far as Europe is concerned capitalism is ausgepielt. The only question is shall it be decently buried, or hauled on the dumps by scavenger revolution?"



Why Be So Cruel!

Outlook, Sept. 22, 1931.

Editor Producers News:

I am going to vote the Farmer-Labor ticket next year. The first reason is because I voted for Marjorie Markson. Miss Singleton had a married woman in her office. I thought, like many others, that by electing Miss Markson we would have a new force. It's true the new minister was in Plentywood and John was there taking up the collection with his lily white hands that haven't done a day's work since his wife was on the county pay roll. The only hard work he does is golf—in his million dollar Golf Pants and Outfit. After next year's election some of these soft hands may have to do a little pitching of Russian thistles like some of we taxpaying farmers.

Yours truly,
—AN OUTLOOK TAXPAYER

No Coal Applications or Notes for Frank French

Medicine Lake, Mon., September 20, '31.

Editor Producers News:

Frank French's truck ran away down the hill west of Medicine Lake with a load of coal from the county strip mine and smashed up. Seems French is the biggest benefactor of the county mine. He has more places to keep warm than any four or five poor families. If he had to buy his coal from some of the poor, starving miners around Medicine Lake it would break his heart. That is French.

He puts in his time (double time) day and night, standing in front of the Lake Cash Store inspecting the poor who go to the sale and try to save a penny. He occupies a portion of the sidewalk as his beat by the corner of the hardware and cash store with his eagle eye peering through the lower left hand corner of the plate

glass of the cash store. He will, perhaps, present a county claim for inspection of the poor in next month's expenses.

—A F. FRENCH NEIGHBOR

The Red Cross and the Local Merchant

Raymond, Mont., Sept. 18, 1931.

Editor of the Producers News:

The Red Cross aid for the needy in this locality is still in its infancy and now is the time to say that you think of the way it is being handled. I will say what I think of it and I think you will all agree with me. There should not be any profit taker by any merchant or anyone else on the commodities sold to the unfortunate on Red Cross slips. It is unfair and does not conform with humane policy to do so.

The Red Cross funds are contributed mostly by poor people and many of those who make donations are in need themselves but they feel that they must spare a little of their meager savings that others who may need it more than themselves may not starve. Even poor little children give their small savings of pennies and nickels so other children can have something to eat and wear.

That a merchant shall take a profit on Red Cross purchases is far from being right—they take not a small profit but a big one—so now I am going to talk a little to those merchants—not only the merchants in Plentywood but to all merchants in all towns and localities where Red Cross aid must be relied upon so people shall not starve.

Now then, Mr. Merchant, even though the Red Cross allows you to take a profit there should be at least some human feeling in you toward your fellow men. Now is the time to bring to light what metal there is in you in that respect. Then for Christ's and humanity's sake desist from taking any profit from the unfortunate ones who come to you to trade, and their small Red Cross allowances they receive each month. You know very well Mr. Merchant that

MORTGAGING THE FUTURE

(From The Helena Independent)

If Secretary Andrew Mellon applied the same policies to any one of the business enterprises with which he is connected that he has applied in managing the government's budget—issuing bonds to meet a deficit—he would be promptly kicked out of the side door by his associates.

"Depression is today's problem. We cannot and must not borrow against the future." This wise observation was made by Gov. Roosevelt in outlining fiscal measures to the New York state assembly. Passing the burden of today's depression along to posterity, as Mr. Mellon has done, is an act of political cowardice.

Secretary Mellon has sold something like \$1,100,000,000.00 of "depression bonds." The bulk of these are long term bonds and when the interest they will draw is accounted for and compounded in the final reckoning, administration extravagance will have cost the taxpayers of the country, not one billion, one hundred million dollars but nearly twice that sum. That is fine for the bankers but pretty tough on the taxpayers.

Depression is bad enough, but why pay interest on it? Why not clean house with the bureaucrats, cut government expenditures to the bone and live within income? States and municipalities are trying that. Corporations and individuals have come to it. It is high time for the federal government to get in line.

Tea for Mitzi and Teddy



MITZI GREEN, famous Paramount child star, is a firm believer in the custom of afternoon tea as a pick-me-up following a busy day in the studio. In her case, though, the "tea" is hot chocolate and the place where she sits is a cake with luscious icing; both chosen because Mitzi loves them and because they provide the sweet snack that science has found to be the quickest restorer of used up energy. Teddy is a silent but appreciative guest.

that this money buys every ounce of food possible and to sell with profits on it. And if you do not do so the multitude of people, myself included, must live and die with the above mentioned opinion of the merchant class.

Think this over. I have tried to speak plainly to you. What I think others also think. Now, Mr. Merchant, it is up to you to show how well you are willing to serve the people. This is an emergency and a calamity. What will you do? Show your colors!

THEO. THORSTVEDT,

Work Progressing on New Buildings at State Prison

Deer Lodge, Sept. 21.—Warden Middleton five weeks ago started work on a building inside the state prison walls to replace the old federal building torn down early last spring. The new structure will be of reinforced concrete 192 feet long and 50 feet wide and two stories.

The entire lower floor will be used as a dining room and guard-cage. Due to lack of funds only half of the second story will be completed this year. This part of the upper floor will be 50x100 feet and will contain offices, visiting room, lobby, barber shop, deputy warden's room, photograph room, fingerprint department and a kitchen, 50x60 feet. More than one half of the side walls are window space far exceeding the concrete separations.

An experienced foreman is in charge of the work which is expected will be completed about the first of November.

Smilin' Charlie Says



"Nature never makes any blunders—when she makes a fool she means it!"

14 PER CENT LESS VISIT AT PARKS

Belton, Sept. 21.—Glacier Park registered 61,286 persons during the 1930 season, says the report of the national park service for the week ending Sept. 15, the closing day for the park. There were 72,426 visitors in 1930, a loss of 14 per cent this year.

There were 15,704 automobiles registered during the season as compared with 17,634 in 1930, a decrease of 10 per cent. During the last week 833 persons visited the park as compared with 552 during the last week a year ago. Reports relative to visitors in Yellowstone park show a corresponding decrease.

The Goble Construction company received a \$68,957 contract for gravel surfacing 19,282 miles of the Goldford-Chester road, between Chester and Rudyard in Liberty and Hill counties.



"Here's Good News!"

Don't stop to write to tell customers about special offers. Break the news right quick—by telephone. Typical day station-to-station rates:

from PLENTYWOOD to
WESTBY — 35 Cents
CROSBY — 45 Cents

Calls by number are quicker

Evening and night rates are lower

Just Call Long Distance

Number Please?

TELEPHONE

ODD but TRUE



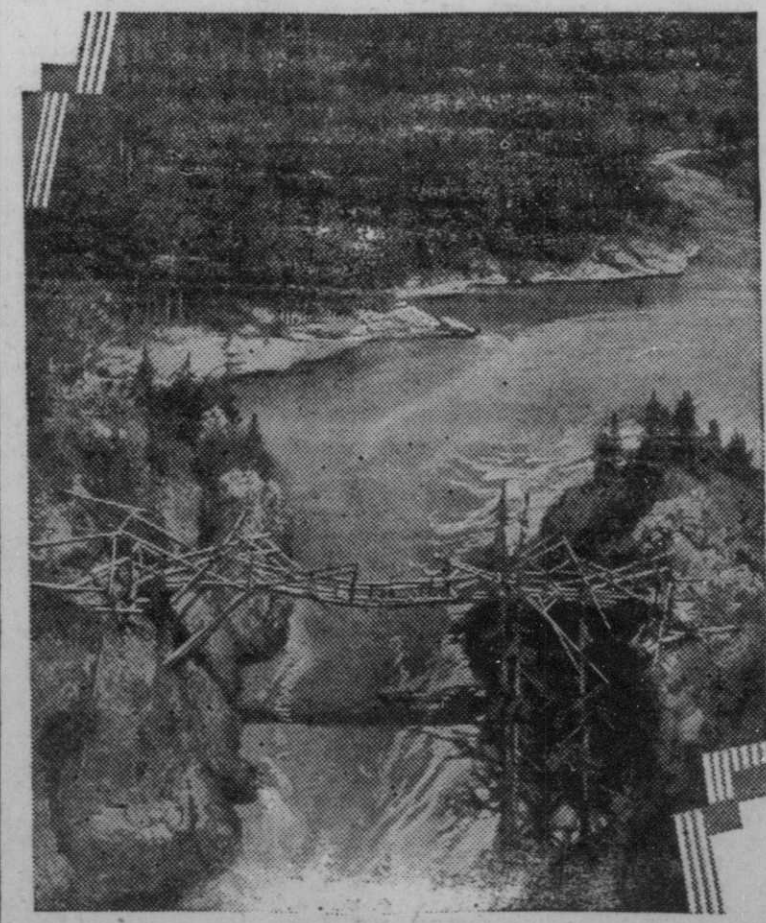
R.J. BLAIR FLEW 768 MILES IN THE NATIONAL BALLOON RACE (JULY 1930) TO QUALIFY FOR THE GORDON BENNETT INTERNATIONAL BALLOON RACE (SEPT. 1930) WHICH WAS WON BY W.T. VAN ORMAN WHO FLEW ONLY 542 MILES

IN A RECENT ELECTION IN GLADSTONE, ILL., 43 VOTES WERE CAST BUT NO ONE WAS ELECTED—EACH VOTER VOTED FOR HIMSELF FOR SOME OFFICE



EHEINZMANN, NOBLESVILLE, IND., CLAIMED CERTAIN CHICKENS IN A NEIGHBOR'S FLOCK. A JUDGE ORDERED THE CHICKENS TURNED LOOSE IN HEINZMANN'S YARD AT DUSK—THE CHICKENS DRANK, AND WENT TO ROOST—THE NEIGHBOR WENT TO JAIL—

ALFONSO XIII OF SPAIN WAS THE LAST OF THE LIVING MONARCHS WHO AT ONE TIME HAD THE POWER TO VETO THE ELECTION OF A POPE—



THAT without ever leaving the Indian reservation bridge, the Indians of Northern British Columbia have shown above across the Bulkley River near Hazelton. They had neither nails nor spikes so they tied the bridge together with haywire. To test its strength they sent a party of twelve squaws across it in a body.

LOCAL HAPPENINGS

LOCAL MARKETS

Dark Northern Wheat	55
Winter wheat	35
Amber Durum	33
Eye	15
Oats	37
Barley	47
Flax	120
Dairy butter	15
Eggs	47
Potatoes	120

Harry Williams of Reserve was a visitor in Plentywood Monday.

Glady Richardson is a visitor at the Antonsen home this week.

Richard Paulson, farmer from west of Reserve was a shopper in the metropolis Tuesday.

John Skei, big farmer from the Welliver country was a caller in the city Wednesday.

Melvin Evenson from north of Raymond was a Plentywood visitor Wednesday.

Ed Ringquist, formerly employed at the Kavan garage in Plentywood is now employed by the Karlson Motor Co., Ford dealers of Plentywood.

Gene Antonsen returned Sunday from points in North Dakota where he has spent the last two months.

Palmer Stenbjem returned late Wednesday from North Dakota where he has been working his relatives.

The three-year old son of Mr. and Mrs. Peter Brendahl who live east of Plentywood, while playing around a school bus fell about four feet and landed on one of the benches, breaking one of his legs.

Used tires, all sizes; alcohol, glycerine and Prestone; Eveready B batteries, two-year guarantee storage batteries. The Tire Shop, Plentywood (26-45)

Clarence Rierison of Dooley was among those who paid their subscription to the Producers News this week. Mr. Rierison was a visitor in town Monday.

Rudolph Steffens of Dagmar was a Plentywood caller Wednesday.

John Lien of Outlook, was a business visitor in the city Monday.

Want Ads

Ads in this column are charged for at the rate of two cents per word each week. No ad taken for less than 20 cents. Remittance should accompany copy for the ad.

FOR SALE—My farm three miles east from Outlook, \$6,000.00. Martin Knutson, Route 3, Elk Mound, Wisc. (26-23)

FOR RENT—Three room house, full basement, Mrs. A. J. Moore. (26-17)

FOR RENT—Four-room house with large basement and city water, near Evangelical church. Inquire at the Producers News. (26-17)

REGISTERED BREWERS WANTED—For sale, call or write James G. O'Leary, McCabe, Mont. (26-23)

FARM FOR SALE—420 acres with good improvements, 1/4 mile from school and church, six miles SE of Dagmar, \$5,900.00. Terms, Hans Rasmussen, Plentywood. (26-11)

HAY FOR SALE CHEAP—if hot soon. Horses, machinery and some household goods. H. E. Ross at C. E. Hendrick's farm 10 miles south of Plentywood.

WEDDING LANE in Atkins County, Minnesota at from \$2.50 to \$15 an acre cash. Good fertile soil, plenty of rain, seldom a drought or hail, over 40 acres and a few cows mean independence. Price fuel and wild fruit plentiful, grain is abundant. No commission, only a small fee for showing lands. Bruce Taylor, P. Box 24, Minn. (26-23)

PROFESSIONAL DIRECTORY

DR. W. D. ROY

DENTIST

Phone 119 Plentywood

HOWARD M. LEWIS

LAWYER

A. C. ERICKSON

Attorney-at-Law

Practices in all Courts

Plentywood Montana

Johnson THE Abstractman

SEBASTIAN COUNTY

ABSTRACT COMPANY

Only the Best Abstracts of Title

Plentywood, Montana

FULKERSON-NELSON

MORTUARY

RECEIVING ENDORSERS

Day & Night Service

Phone 121 PLentywood

H. P. Hansen of Dooley paid a pleasant call at the Producers News Saturday. His subscription is a year in advance again.

Mrs. Hans Hardersen presented the Producers News force with three fine water melons, Wednesday. They were raised on the Hardersen ranch near Archer.

H. G. Merbach of Grenora is numbered among the new subscribers. He dropped in to the News office Monday while on a business trip to this part of Sheridan county.

Mr. and Mrs. Jens Brinkman, Carl and Chris Brinkman and Rigmar were callers at the Hans Rasmussen home Monday. Mr. Brinkman was up to report on the relief committee.

CHURCH NOTES

LUTHEAN CHURCH

O. M. Simundson, Pastor

Sunday, Sept. 27.—Services in Outlook at 11 a. m. at Antelope at 2:30 and at Plentywood at 8 p. m.

Junior choir meets on Tuesday evening at 7 p. m.

Senior choir meets on Thursday at 8 p. m.

The Ladies Aid will have a bake sale at Ingvaldsen's store on Saturday, Sept. 26. The sale will begin at 2 p. m.

The Aid will meet at the parsonage for their next regular meeting on Oct. 1. The pastor will discuss the topic "The Augsburg Confession."

Sunday, Oct. 4.—Services at 11 a. m. at Plentywood and at Dooley at 2:30 p. m.

The church is a Divine institution. God uses the church as a place where He may meet sinners. COME TO CHURCH!

LUTHERAN SERVICES

at Wanso, Sunday morning Sept. 27 and at Redstone at three o'clock in the afternoon.

Some are singing, "God Has Forgotten Us." God never forgets any one who worships Him in truth. Everybody is welcome.

C. G. Tjomsland, Pastor.

Culbertson Mayor Makes "Coppers" Of All Males

Culbertson.—Mayor J. E. Rucker has inaugurated a new system of night policing. He has enlisted the services of the male population of the city and turns will be taken at night policing, two serving each night until all on the list have performed the duty, when the schedule will revert to the beginning of the list.

Action was started when burglars robbed the S. S. Moon hardware store of cash and merchandise worth \$75. Entrance was made by prying open the front door sufficiently to release the spring lock. An automatic pistol, a number of cartridges, inner tubes and about fifteen pocket knives made up the loot.

George Bernard Shaw Is Impressed With Russia

George Bernard Shaw, back from Moscow in company with Viscount and Viscountess Astor, expressed great satisfaction with his visit to Russia, and regretted that he had to leave the country. He was so impressed by what he saw on a brief tour of Russia that he declared capitalism was doomed. He poured out his scorn on the bankers who are trying to untangle the world's economic problems. "Bankers," he said, "bahl! They are the very ones who have made a mess of things. They haven't the vaguest idea of what the trouble is about. They're playing with theories, and apparently they don't know the first thing about their business."

"Any child knows the world can't exist on credit. You've got to build houses with sticks and stones, and you've got to eat in order to live; but they don't seem to realize it. They think credit will take care of everything."

"The best remedy for the ills of the world is good hard work all around."

Williston Farmer May Start a Frog, Fish Ranch

Williston, Sept. 22.—Nels Lundell, a farmer living nine miles north of Williston, is studying the possibilities of frog farming, having available an artificial lake on his farm which he provided by constructing a dam across a coulee in which there is a small spring fed stream. Some perch have been planted but from a study of data on frog farming and market quotations is inclined to think that frogs may be more valuable to him than the fish.

Siloam Springs.—Preliminary work is underway preparatory to actual construction of huge hydroelectric project on Grand river, near here.

DID YOU EVER

HEAR OF SUCH A BARGAIN BEFORE?

I am selling a four bottle assortment consisting of one 8-oz. bottle Lemon, one 8-oz. bottle Vanilla and one 4-oz. bottle each of Almond and Orange with a retail value of \$3.20 for the unheard of low price of 99 cents.

HURRY and get a set while the getting is good.

Leave your orders at the Plentywood Hotel or Write or see

ALBERT FOLEY

PLENTYWOOD MONT.

FROM AROUND THE COUNTY

OUTLOOK

Miss Violet Boyd entertained the Misses Velma Goodlax and Gladys Peterson at afternoon lunch Wednesday at Deek's Cafe.

Mr. and Mrs. Roderick and son harkies, Mr. Fred Mills and Maurice Egger left Tuesday morning for Mandan, North Dakota. Mr. and Mrs. Roderick and Mr. Mills remained under the doctor's care. Charles and Maurice returned to Outlook on Thursday evening.

Mrs. Mae Garrick and Mrs. John Wunderlich were Plentywood shoppers Thursday.

Mr. and Mrs. Ray Stoner were Plentywood shoppers Saturday.

Earl Fralley of Minot was a visitor at Antelope's last Wednesday.

Mr. and Mrs. Bob Fitzgerald, Robertine and Mrs. Udy were in Plentywood on business Monday.

Mr. and Mrs. B. Anhalt took their daughter Susie to Plentywood Sunday to have her tonsils removed.

Mr. and Mrs. Gunderson and children and Mr. and Mrs. Irvin Brightman motored to the reservation Sunday. Mrs. Brightman remained to visit with her folks.

Mr. and Mrs. Albert Peterson and Albert Kokken and children of north Outlook visited at the Vaughan home Monday.

Mr. and Mrs. Mike Flannery and Miss Grace Carlson visited at Grace's home in Canada Sunday. Bernice returned to Outlook with them where she will attend school this term.

Miss Leone Deck went to Plentywood Friday where she assisted in the bakery until Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Nelson of Scooby was in town on business Wednesday.

Mrs. Lloyd Homme and daughter, and Mrs. Joe Rick and son Robert were Plentywood shoppers on Wednesday.

F. W. Bucklin of Redstone was a business caller in town Wednesday.

Mrs. and Mr. Boe and daughter Lillian attended the show in Flaxville Sunday.

The Misses Margaret, Esther and Mayme Johnson attended the show in Flaxville Sunday.

Mrs. S. W. Thompson returned on Saturday from Minot.

"Mother" Bloor, nationally known speaker gave an interesting talk on "Present Day Conditions," Tuesday evening. The lecture was well attended.

Mrs. Nellie Deck and Margaret were dinner guests at the Lloyd home Friday evening.

Mr. and Mrs. John Ladd, Jr. and Mrs. and Mr. Tom Clawson were visitors at Dan Egger's home Thursday.

Ed. Ringquist, formerly employed at the Kavan garage in Plentywood is now employed by the Karlson Motor Co., Ford dealers of Plentywood.

Miss Lucille Shalbetter left for Flaxville Sunday where she will attend school this term.

Thomas Clawson who has been staying at the Cafe returned home on Friday where he spent the week end.

Mr. and Mrs. Einar Fredrickson and Mrs. Rice were visitors at the Lloyd Deck home Wednesday. Mrs. Rice spent the night there and left for Flaxville Sunday where she will attend school this term.

Miss Velma Goodlax left for Havre Thursday. Tony Gaines took her as far as Culbertson.

Mr. and Mrs. W. H. McCrady, parents of L. K. Fairweather, were guests at the Fairweather home on Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Sigvald Johannessen were dinner guests at the Bernhard home Tuesday.

Several Legionnaires and their wives took in the Legion dance at Medicine Lake last Saturday night.

Miss Bertie Paulsen left Tuesday for Dillon where she expects to enter the state normal.

Rev. Stowell will conduct services in the school house at Reserve, Sunday evening, Sept. 27th at eight o'clock. Come and bring your family and friends.

ANTHOPE

Last Thursday Kiles Larsen left for Chicago where he intends to take up the study of electricity.

Earl Grayson left Sunday for his home near Shannavon, Sask. Wm. Grayson and Miss Mendor took him part way by car.

Lloyd DeWitt, Mr. and Mrs. Ben Holland and Mrs. Mortenson enjoyed a trip to Regina over the week end.

Hannah Lee is assisting at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Art Olson at present.

The people of this community received a scare Sunday when Eleanor Mathieson, 4 and Jeanne Berge, 5, disappeared. They were last seen at noon and were not found until 4:30 when Mr. and Mrs. Christensen brot them home. The girls strayed on a hike without telling anyone and lost their way until they had opened to come to Christiansen's. The parents of the girls wish to thank everyone for their kind help in the search.

Mr. and Mrs. Sven Johnson of Plentywood were Sunday visitors at the Julius Stoen home.

After staying all summer with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Christ Lee,

RAYMOND

Clifford Umbach was brought home Monday from the Plentywood hospital. He is getting along nicely after his accident.

P. J. Markusen is barbering in Dooley. He drives back and forth every night.

Mr. and Mrs. Charlie Larter and son Norman visited at the Jack Stewart home Sunday evening.

Mrs. Elsie Severson was taken to the Plentywood hospital Monday at which place she will undergo an operation.

Kenneth Collins finished threshing Saturday morning.

Several young people from around Raymond were called to the charity bazaar at the fair grounds pavilion.

Ed. Hannah and Mrs. F. M. Tooke were visitors at Lou Folsom's south of Plentywood.

Those stripping coal have been quite successful since they started to strip in new place after their first venture.

Jack Stewart has been go-

ing to Plentywood all week for dental work.

Andy Rio was a Plentywood visitor last Friday afternoon.

Conrad Benson of Outlook was visiting in the Raymond and vicinity Friday evening.

Sund Wilson and Harry Holland were supper guests at the Pete Fink home Saturday evening.

Joe Olson and Art Noll of Dooley were seen in town Monday hauling furniture from the old Holland house.

Mrs. Gordon and her sister, Miss Harrison made a drive out to Mrs. Gordon's farm north of Dooley on Thursday of last week.

Olaf Norby has been hauling coal the past week for himself and Al Schrupp.

(Crowded out last week.)

The 4-H club meeting was held at Jack Stewart's Sunday the 13th and a very enjoyable time was had.

Herbert Baugher drove to Regina for a short visit the past week.

Art Dubry returned from Little Rock Minn. last week. Art has been working down there.

Several men from around here are helping to build a new bridge.

Roger McGowan and Alice Symes started high school in Plentywood on Monday.

Mrs. Hill and daughters Lena, Minnie and Mrs. Andrews returned home last week. They were visiting with relatives at Flaxton.

Several people from here attended the dance in Plentywood Saturday night.

Mrs. Emil Severson was taken ill last Tuesday but is getting along nicely at this time.

Ray Tukey from Comertown was seen in town the past week.

Bert Darvis was in town from Plentywood Saturday to get a team of horses.

Eleanor Holland is working at Lewis Budke's.

Ray Tukey from Comertown was seen in town the past week.

Mrs. and Mrs. Walter Anhalt of Outlook were visitors at the David Dubry home Sunday.

Mrs. E. V. Back of Plentywood called on Raymond friends Friday while waiting for Katherine Marron to give her music lessons.

Mr. and Mrs. Henry Madison were business callers in town Friday.

Mrs. A. J. Markusen, Mrs. F. M. Tooke and Ed. Hannah were business visitors in Plentywood Wednesday.

Mildred and Stanley Tooke of Outlook spent the week end with their mother, Mrs. Fred Tooke.

Mr. and Mrs. Alfred Schrupp and sons, Alfred, Francis and Junior, were in town the past week.

Walter Crumb has been staying with his brother, Art, the past week.

While returning home after working near Fargo all summer Clifford Crumb was injured in an attempt to board a train at McCabe. He was struck in the head by part of the car and his skull cracked.

Ed. Ringquist, formerly employed at the Kavan garage in Plentywood is now employed by the Karlson Motor Co., Ford dealers of Plentywood.

NORTH RAYMOND

The Joe McBurney family moved on to the old Roy Collins place where Gus Collins's wife is now farming. Last week they have been living on the old Jack Kennedy homestead.

Mr. and Mrs. H. H. McCrady, parents of L. K. Fairweather, were guests at the Fairweather home on Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Sigvald Johannessen were dinner guests at the Bernhard home Tuesday.

Several Legionnaires and their wives took in the Legion dance at Medicine Lake last Saturday night.

Miss Bertie Paulsen left Tuesday for Dillon where she expects to enter the state normal.

Rev. Stowell will conduct services in the school house at Reserve, Sunday evening, Sept. 27th at eight o'clock. Come and bring your family and friends.

CROWDED OUT LAST WEEK

Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Bohne are the proud parents of a 7-pound son born on Wednesday, Sept. 23rd. Mr. and Mrs. Richard Harry are doing nicely.

Blanche and Venice Budke spent an enjoyable afternoon at the William Symon home Thursday.

Leo Jacobson of Minto, Sask., was a business caller in Raymond Wednesday.

Mrs. Sam Walkden was operated on for tumor of the breast, Saturday. She returned to her home the same day and is doing as nicely as can be expected.

Mrs. Leo Hyeler and children and Mrs. Minnie Hyeler and children were guests at the William Robinson residence on Friday.

Ruth and Eleanor Holland, Gertrude Hoffman and Blanche Budke were visitors at the Sam Walkden home Sunday.

Mrs. Joe Brown and daughter Florence and James McBurney motored to Plentywood Saturday night to attend the fair at the charity ball given at the fair grounds pavilion.

Wilbur Strube, LeRoy Holland and Leland Evenson were business callers at the W. J. Robinson home on Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Carl Stadstad and children and Nella Corkery were Raymond callers Saturday evening.

Mrs. Leo Hyeler and children and Mrs. Lena Wilson were Raymond callers Thursday.

Clifford Umbach was taken to the Plentywood hospital Monday where he is suffering from a fractured skull. He was injured while attempting to board a train at McCabe. His many friends hope for his rapid recovery.

SCIENCE IN ROAD LABORATORY FINDS NEW WAY TO MAKE STRONGER ROAD AT LESS COST

How many people realize that expensive laboratories are maintained for the sole purpose of scientifically discovering better ways to build stronger roads? The answer is very few, indeed, although everybody uses roads and the government, states, cities, and counties spend billions of dollars in developing highways for the immense automobile traffic of the country.

In one of the oldest road laboratories in the United States, established in Boston a generation ago and maintained at a cost of \$30,000 a year, the road experts tirelessly experimenting year after year have made many discoveries of great value to the science of road building.

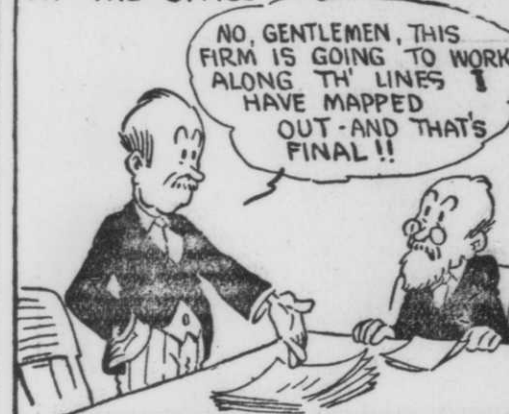
But they have perhaps made few more interesting discoveries than the simple fact that asphalt will adhere

very much more strongly to stone that has been coated with oil than to stone which has not been oil coated. Also they found out that asphalt will penetrate a stone road base more thoroughly when the stones have been covered with oil. The reason for this is that the oil offsets the effect of the dust or moisture present on the surface of the stone. Asphalt cannot obtain a good grip on stone which is moist or dust coated.

This simple, though valuable discovery, was made in the road laboratories of Warren Brothers Company, an old New England firm and one of the oldest road engineering firms in the world. Its experts lecture on roads in many of the leading universities of the country.

It was shown that when asphalt was poured at the rate of two gallons per yard on a three inch layer of uncoated stone that from

A MAN CAN BE ALL POWERFUL AT THE OFFICE



AND ABLE TO PUT UP A STRONG RESISTANCE TO ANY PROPOSITION



BUT BE ABSOLUTELY HELPLESS WHEN HE GETS HOME TO LITTLE FOUR YEAR OLD WILLIE ???



YOUTH MEETING AT COLUMBUS DREW A GOOD ATTENDANCE

Anti-War Rally and Demonstration Staged by Young Communists Draws Packed House—Lillian Husa and Charles E. Taylor are Speakers.

Columbus, N. D.—A crowd that packed the New Columbus theatre to the doors attended the anti-war demonstration held here Tuesday evening under auspices of the Young Communist League. The program, which included speeches

by Lillian Husa and Charles Taylor, lasted more than two hours, and the crowd listened attentively to all the speakers had to say.

The meeting was opened by the singing of the International by the young folks who sponsored the meeting and several songs were sung by this group later as part of the program.

Lillian Husa, who spoke for a brief half hour, gave a short sketch of what the youth movement of the world is, and emphasized the fact that for the youth there is no hope under the present regime. The system that has robbed the parents of the present-day youth of all they had hoped for when they were young and enthusiastic holds no promise for the youth of today, the young leader

pointed out. Whereas there was free land and golden promises for the parents of the present youth generation, there is nothing of promise for the boys and girls now taking their place in the world unless the system is changed. Youth of today looks forward to a dreary future of hopeless futility under capitalism, in the opinion of Miss Husa.

The war just fought a dozen years ago did not settle anything, and did not end war, this speaker pointed out. And no way of preventing war has been found by the capitalist government of the world.

The only way to stop war is for youth to refuse to fight, and in order to get a group large enough to be effective it is necessary to organize the youth into a class conscious whole, which shall refuse to kill or be killed for profits of profiteers.

A liberal applause rewarded the young speaker at the conclusion of her talk.

Senator Charles E. Taylor of Plentywood was the principal speaker of the evening, and he enlarged on the outline made by the first speaker. Mr. Taylor went into details, showing that the system is robbing workers and farmers alike, and can not possibly be supported by thinking people. Farmers have produced enough, and their families, almost in any year they have raised a crop, for the rest of their natural lives. Yet the reward of this labor, this great production, has been to place the farmers of the country in a position where two successive crop failures wipe them out completely as independent owners of land, and production equipment.

"The farmers have not been failures," Senator Taylor pointed out. "A failure is a person who does not fulfill his function. The farmer has fulfilled his function exceedingly well. His function is to produce foodstuffs. And he has produced. But what good did it do him? He can't buy back enough now when he has a year of failure to feed himself and his family."

Mr. Taylor ended his speech with a plea that the young people be given encouragement in their efforts to organize. The way to build for the future is to give the youth a chance to learn what has been happening and to find out how to prevent the tragic errors of the capitalist system, with its wars, its unemployment, its robbery of farmer and worker and consequent misery to be carried into the lives of the future citizens.

The meeting in Columbus was one of a great number of anti-war meetings held by the Young Communist League in all countries of the world, and in many states of the union on that day.

Helena—According to statistics released by the U. S. Department of Commerce, Montana's commercial mines produced over three million tons of coal in 1930.

Glasgow—State highway No. 2 is being oiled west of town.

Millin' Charlie Says



*Some professor has figured that a college education is worth \$33,000—We know a lotta young grads, who'd be willing to take 50% off for cash!

REPORT of Examination of the City of Plentywood, Montana, — by — B. A. Risley, Deputy State Examiner Commencing Aug. 12, 1931 Concluding Aug. 14, 1931

MONTANA Office of State Examiner HELENA August 17, 1931.

CITY OF PLENTYWOOD

To the Honorable Mayor and Council of the City of Plentywood, Montana.

Gentlemen: We herewith submit a report of the regular annual examination of the records and accounts of the CITY OF PLENTYWOOD, as made by B. A. Risley, Deputy State Examiner, said examination commencing on the 12th day of August, 1931, and concluding on the 14th day of August, 1931.

OFFICERS Mayor, Mr. J. C. Storkan. Clerk, Mr. C. B. Robinson. Treasurer, Mr. H. O. Stenehjem. Police Judge, Mr. George Munson. Chief of Police, Mr. Robert Robke. Attorney, Mr. A. C. Erickson. Water Superintendent and Collector, Mr. Robert Robke.

VALUATION Assessed Value for year 1931 \$1,046,434.00 Taxable Value for year 1931 \$1,234,340.00

TAX LEVY FOR 1931 Fund Levy General 2.5 Bond Interest 7.5 Band 2.5 Fire Apparatus 1.5 Airport 1.5 Total levy 20 mills City Treasurer, Mr. H. O. Stenehjem.

OPERATION OF GENERAL CASH ACCOUNT

To balance in all funds at time of the last examination on August 31, 1930 \$9,596.12 Date to August 12, 1931 16,648.92 By disbursements during same period 16,756.34 Balance in all funds August 12, 1931 \$9,488.70

CASH RECONCILEMENT Cash and cash items in office \$225.47 Farmers & Merchants State Bank, Plentywood (closed) 8,964.75 National City Bank, New York, balance 109.33 First National Bank, Reserve, Montana, balance 189.15 Total cash in office and banks \$9,488.70

DEPOSITORY SECURITIES Farmers & Merchants State Bank, Plentywood (closed) Approved Custodian's Receipt with First National Bank of Minneapolis covering the following: Sheridan County Funding bonds, 6%, 1934, Nos. 54-59, 57-65, 196-107 \$10,000.00

TREASURER'S FUND BALANCES JULY 31, 1931 Fund Overdraft Balance General \$18.82 \$2,516.77 Street & Alley 22.76 Police 1,081.39 Sewer 252.85 Bond Interest 548.50 Sinking 2,414.72 Water operating 2,357.82 Found 21.40 Band 189.15 Firemen's Relief 7.33 Whiteway 14.99 Total \$18.82 \$9,407.50 Less overdraft 18.82 Net total \$9,388.68

OFFICIAL BONDS City Treasurer, Mr. H. O. Stenehjem. Bond with American Surety Company, Expires April 1932, according to claim filed; this bond or the continuation could not be located. City Clerk, Mr. Clarence B. Robinson. Bond with American Surety Company, Expires May 4, 1933 \$1,000.00 Water Collector, No bond. City Marshal, No bond.

COLLECTIONS, AUGUST 31, 1930 TO AUGUST 12, 1931 Tax Collections \$9,740.35 Licenses issued 147.50 Police Fines 57.50 Sewer Rentals 138.24 Interest on Bank deposits 10.00 Dog Tax Collected 5,495.40 Water Rentals 59.00 Miscellaneous sales 131.71 Poll taxes collected 145.00 Firemen's Disability Money collected 156.72

Total Tax Collections \$16,648.92 Water Collector, Mr. Robert Robke. To water rentals collected from August 31, 1930 to August 12, 1931 \$5,495.40 To sewer rentals collected during the same period 519.50

Total \$6,014.90 By City Treasurer's receipts for the same period \$6,014.90 Police Magistrate, Mr. George S. Munson. To fines collected from August 31, 1930 to May 1, 1931 \$55.00 By City Treasurer's receipts for same period \$55.00

Police Magistrate, Mr. George A. Munson. To fines collected from May 1, 1931 to August 12, 1931 \$2.50 By City Treasurer's receipts for same period \$2.50

OUTSTANDING INDEBTEDNESS JULY 31, 1931 Warrants General fund \$1,175.32 Fire Apparatus fund 2.77 Water operating fund 312.86 Band fund 100.00 Whiteway fund 1,260.24

Total outstanding warrants \$2,851.19 Bonds Water bonds, 1926, 5% 5,000.00 1927, 5% 20,000.00 Sewer bonds 1928, 5% 7,178.45

Total outstanding bonds \$32,178.45 Total outstanding indebtedness July 31, 1931 \$35,029.64

CITY INDEBTEDNESS AT CLOSE OF FISCAL YEAR, June 30, 1930. Warrants outstanding \$3,914.52 Bonds outstanding 36,532.12

Total outstanding indebtedness \$40,446.64 Less balance in sinking fund and investments on hand 1,787.49

Net indebtedness June 30, 1930 \$38,659.15

CITY INDEBTEDNESS AT CLOSE OF FISCAL YEAR ENDING JUNE 30, 1931 Warrants outstanding \$2,851.19 Bonds outstanding 32,178.45

Total outstanding indebtedness \$34,833.64 Less balance in sinking fund and investments on hand 1,787.49

fund and investments on hand 2,414.72

Net indebtedness June 30, 1931 \$32,418.92 CITY INDEBTEDNESS AT TIME OF EXAMINATION—JULY 31, 1931 Warrants outstanding \$2,851.19 Bonds outstanding 32,178.45 Total indebtedness \$35,029.64 Less Sinking Fund balance, cash 2,414.72

Net indebtedness, July 31, 1931 \$32,614.92

COMPARATIVE STATEMENT Net indebtedness June 30, 1930 \$38,659.15 Net indebtedness, June 30, 1931 \$32,614.92

Decrease during fiscal year 6,044.23

Net indebtedness, June 30, 1931 \$32,614.92

Net indebtedness, July 31, 1931 \$32,614.92

Increase during period from close of last fiscal year to date 195.00

Decrease from June 30, 1930 to July 31, 1931 \$6,044.23

EXAMINER'S NOTES On July 31, 1931 the Street and Alley fund was overdrawn in the amount of \$18.82 the City Treasurer should not allow any fund under his control to become overdrawn.

The City Treasurer's official bond could not be located for examination, nor could the continuation certificate be located; we note that a claim was filed for the premium so no doubt the old bond is still in effect. A new bond should be procured at the beginning of each new term of office instead of having the old bond renewed, for it is seldom that the renewal certificate is ever filed with the bond and there is no way of telling that the bond is still in force.

The City Marshal is required by law to have an official bond; the City Ordinance provides for the amount of such bond. At the present time the acting marshal has no bond. The Water Collector is also without an official bond; the law does not require a bond and we do not know whether your ordinances provide for a bond for this official or not, but as a matter of public policy and of security, both for the official and the city, all officials handling public monies should be bonded with a surety bond.

There has been a nice decrease in the indebtedness of the city during the past year, and the tax levy for the year 1931 has been lowered to help out through the poor year, but as the reduction was in the most paid bonds from the sinking fund, it will be necessary to increase

the levy for sinking fund purposes on the 1932 assessments as the city is far from out of debt.

More care should be exercised before claims are allowed for payment, to see that they are fully itemized showing dates that work or materials were furnished; also that they are properly signed and sworn to. Your attention is called to the following claims:

No. 5442, Farmer-Labor Temple Association, \$10.00; this claim is not sworn to.

No. 5492F, Oliver Gunderson, \$4.00; not sworn to.

No. 5534, Chas. Morris, \$34.00 shows 85 hours work; there are no dates showing when work was done, nothing to indicate where work was done. All claims should be self explanatory so that any taxpayer can look at a claim and know what his money was expended for.

The Annual Reports for the fiscal year 1930-31, which closed on June 30, 1931, had not been filed with the State Examiner at the time this examination was made. These reports are due not later than sixty days from the close of the fiscal year, which means that they are due not later than August 31st of each year. It would be just as easy to get these reports out promptly at the close of the year as to wait until the last minute to do so.

1931 examination fees not paid.

Respectfully submitted, G. M. ROBERTSON, State Examiner.

Per R. M. HAWKINS, Asst. State Examiner.

B. A. RISLEY, Deputy State Examiner.

Stock Feed Loan Regulations Are Made Public

Washington.—Regulations under which farmers in northwestern, drought states may borrow money to feed their live stock have been made public.

Loans to an individual will not be more than enough to buy feed for 20 head of cattle, six horses and 200 sheep for a period not to exceed six months.

The borrower will give a promissory note maturing Sept. 30, 1932 at 5% interest secured by a mortgage on the live stock.

Applications must be at the feed loan office, Grand Forks, North Dakota not later than Nov. 1. They will be received from portions of North and South Dakota, Montana, Utah, Washington, Nebraska, Idaho and Wyoming.

Loan regulations have been amended to permit farmers to borrow funds for the purchase of feed for brood sows. The amendment authorized loans not to exceed costs of feeding 10 sows for six months at 75 cents per head each month.

Saco—Construction is progressing on the Legion swimming pool at hot water well near here.

well aware that the above statement will immediately be misused by a few antagonists. The matter was brought out solely for the purpose of informing the youth that the things with which he will be brought into contact here are not necessarily of the "ham and egg" calibre, and I am quite willing to face the personal insults that a few fanatics are bound to hurl upon the reading of this article. Let me also point out that unless we gain your support and gain it immediately it will undoubtedly be the last time we three can open the school together; we have no endowments fund whatsoever and must depend on free will gifts plus tuition. Without students we must of necessity close the institution.

I have written as boldly as I have because I want all to understand that the battle line is now drawn. Must Nysted close its doors before they are hardly open, or will you come to our support? Personally, I still have faith that there is a Danish-American youth eager to keep this great adult educational movement alive.

Finally, let me state rather bluntly that if you want to loaf, stay away, but if you have a desire to work and learn—regardless of whether you are a holder of a university or a grade school diploma—come, and bring your friends with you. You will never regret it.

HANS HOIBJERG. For our catalogue, address C. P. Hoibjerg, president, Nysted Peoples College, Dannebrog, Nebr.

(EDITOR'S NOTE: Readers will recall an editorial printed in the Producers News telling about the two Hoibjergs, father and son, delivering the most interesting talks on Russia, Gandhi, Communism and Socialism, at the Brotherhood Hall and Dagmar church the past summer. Three months spent at their school will be well spent and we hope they will be able to get their 50 students and many more.)

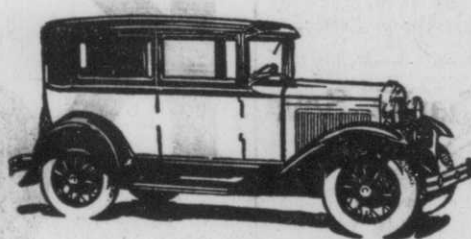
war. Is it justifiable ever to engage in war—especially now that we know that another war will mean the extermination of western civilization? How can war be eliminated? Does the League of Nations provide the proper method? Among other subjects to be discussed this winter, if time permits, will be such as India, Russia, our changing morality, the American negro, etc. I ask again, are there not 50 young people who will come to Nysted this, our first, winter and share fellowship with us in our discussions, in our group singing, in gymnastics, in basketball, in folkdances and in everything serving to enrich life?

We are arranging with the Public library in Omaha to secure all the books necessary to get in touch with each of the above mentioned subjects.

On the faculty will be 'found, amongst others, C. P. Hoibjerg, Otto Hoibjerg, Chris Christensen, Dagmar Boibjerg, and the undersigned. That such a force does not lack the outward qualifications to teach will be seen from the fact that it is composed of members the majority of whom are holders of high university degrees. I am

more.

"Why My Next Car will be A FORD"



WHEN you buy a Ford there are two things you never have to worry about. One is reliability. The other is long life. Here's an interesting letter from a Ford owner in North Carolina:

"My Ford was purchased May 8, 1928, and has been run 121,767 miles. It has never stopped on the road for repairs of any kind whatsoever except punctures.

"The brakes were relined at 101,000 miles. My gas mileage averaged 21 miles to the gallon, and on tires, 19,000 miles per tire. I travel over all kinds of road conditions—mountainous and flat.

"I consider this a wonderful record and I assure you my next car will also be a Ford."

This is just one of many tributes to the reliability and long life of the Ford. A Ford owner in Iowa tells of driving his Ford 73,000 miles in a single year. Another writes of 120,000 miles of good service.

Think ahead when you are considering the purchase of an automobile and consider what it will be like after thousands of miles of driving. Will you still be satisfied? Will you still say "it's a great car"?

If it's a Ford, you know everything will be O. K. It will be taking you there and back in good style, just as it has always done. And you will have saved many important, worth-while dollars in cost of operation and up-keep and low yearly depreciation.

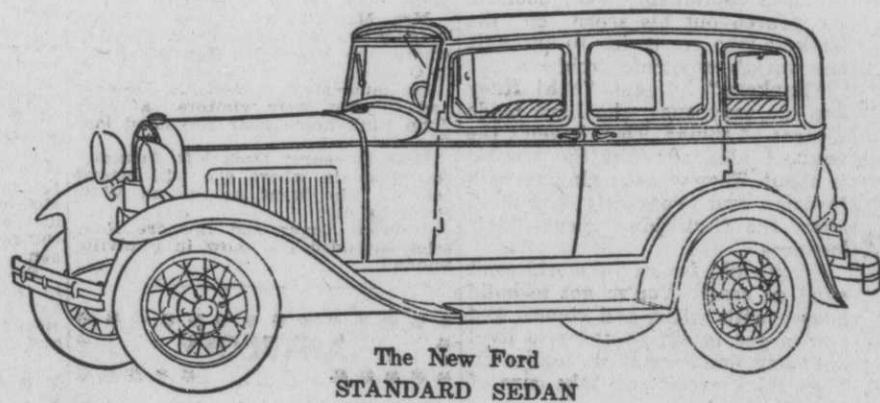
FIFTEEN BODY TYPES

\$430 to \$640

F.O.B. Detroit, plus freight and delivery. Bumpers and spare tire extra at low cost. Economical time payments through the Authorized Ford Finance Plans of the Universal Credit Company.

ARRIVED!

A CARLOAD OF THE Latest Model Ford Cars



The New Ford STANDARD SEDAN

We have employed Ford factory-trained mechanics and are fully equipped to do general automobile repair work. Satisfaction guaranteed. No job too big nor any too small. We specialize in lubrication work and invite an early visit to our shop.

Karlson Motor Co. Successors to Kienast Motor Co. Plentywood Montana

