

THERE SHOULD BE A
UFL LOCAL IN YOUR
COMMUNITY

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THE PRODUCERS NEWS

OFFICIAL ORGAN OF THE UNITED FARMERS LEAGUE

PLENTYWOOD, SHERIDAN COUNTY, MONTANA, FRIDAY, JUNE 30, 1933

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450 FARM LABORERS STRIKE IN N. MEXICO AGAINST LOW WAGES

ORGANIZE UNION

Demand Minimum of 20
Cents an Hour, Recognition
of Their Union

ELECT COMMITTEE

Strike Is First Struggle on
Farms of County in
Over 30 Years

(BY M. R.)

Roswell, N. M., June 21.—Four hundred and fifty farm laborers and cotton choppers left their fields and goose-necked hoes in answer to a call sent out by the Unemployed Council June 19 to organize into the Agricultural Workers' Industrial Union, affiliated to Trades Union Unity League, and strike for recognition of their union and a minimum of 20 cents an hour in wages.

Cotton croppers were getting 25 cents a day for 12 days work. It took a good man 1 1/2 days to pick 1 acre. In previous seasons they received \$2.50 to \$3 per acre, depending on the amount of cotton per acre. Forbidding hay farm laborers received five cents a ton. They formerly received 50 cents to \$1 per ton.

GET WAGES IN VEGETABLES

Truck gardeners were paid off in turnip greens and vegetables. The first strike meeting elected consisted of C. B. Holmes, chairman; H. Ruat, vice chairman; W. B. Verheim, business agent; Raymond Fox, picket captain; C. Howell, assistant picket captain. This is the first struggle of the farmers in this county in 30 years.

BOND MORATORIUM IS LEAGUE DEMAND

Payment of Interest on Irrigation Bonds Must Be Stopped

Escalon, Calif.—The following resolution was passed by the United Farmers League at a recent meeting and copies were forwarded to the irrigation office of the South San Joaquin Irrigation district:

Whereas, in the last few years the incomes of our farms have been insufficient to meet our taxes, and keep us in the standard of living that we all deserve;

Whereas, these conditions came about through no fault of ours, and therefore we have resolved, that we, the members of the United Farmers League of the South San Joaquin Irrigation District, insist that our District default the payment of interest on the outstanding bonds until conditions will make it possible for us to meet the same.

Be It Further Resolved, That we will pay the taxes for the maintenance of our Irrigation District, to the best of our ability, provided the said District is conducted with economy, consistent with good service.

Theodore F. Toniatti,
Escalon Unit Sec.
Alex Kottiroff,
Manteca Unit Secretary.

STATE ORGANIZER IN SOUTH DAKOTA ORGANIZES LOCAL

(By Julius Walstad,
State Organizer)
Sisseton, S. D. June 20.—A committee of action of five members was set up at a successful meeting in Hamelton township, Marshall county. Twelve farmers joined the United Farmers League. We are having another meeting Monday, June 26. We hope to make the township one hundred per cent U. F. L. The League is growing stronger every day.

CROPPERS PUT INTO DUNGEONS

Speigner Prison, Hell-Hole
of Alabama, Noted for
Filth and Brutality

Dadeville, Ala.—Three of the five union sharecroppers convicted in the Tallapoosa frame-up are languishing in that hell hole of Alabama prisons, Speigner jail, at Speigner, Alabama.

Judson Simpson, Ned Cobb, and Clinton Moss were flung into the dungeon noted for its filthiness and brutality for the county jail. At the time Alf White was transferred to Kilby jail, the same one in which the nine innocent Scottsboro boys were kept confined for two years before being removed to Birmingham prison. Only Sam Moss was left in the county jail.

PRISONERS GOADED TO REVOLT

Speigner prison conditions are so intolerable that the history of it is punctuated by repeated revolts of the prisoners goaded beyond endurance by vile food, dirt and vicious mistreatment. Riots, prison breaks and shootings have been frequent because of this.

Irving Schwab and Ansel Morrison, International Labor Defense lawyers, have filed an appeal against the conviction of the five Negro sharecroppers. The appeal is pending. All five were sentenced to long jail terms because they defended themselves and others against the deputy sheriffs who came to seize the property of Cliff James, leader of the Sharecroppers Union, who was killed by the murderous fire of the deputies.



WAR PLANES IN THE NEW DEAL

During the next three years 290 planes will be constructed for the United States Navy at a cost of nearly \$10,000,000. This is part of Wall Street's contribution to world peace.

49 Warships Will be Constructed During the Next Three Years

Washington, D. C.—Thirty-two new warships will be built during the next three years in accordance with a decision made by President Roosevelt. This is in addition to seventeen which are already under construction.

During the same three year period 290 new airplanes will be built. While the Federal government refuses direct relief for the impoverished farmers and for the unemployed workers these new weapons for war will cost \$247,382,000, of which \$238,020,000 will be for the 32 war ships and \$9,362,000 for aircraft.

These war preparations are being carried out under the Industrial Recovery Act. This law which is supposed to help the working people is only another means of preparing for world war.

These are the realities behind the Disarmament Conference and the World Economic Conference—preparations for armed struggle while the statesmen talk of peace.

SPECULATOR IS NEW DEAL BOSS

Thies for 20 Years a Speculator, in Charge of Wealth Processing

Washington, D. C.—Frank A. Thies of Kansas City, Mo. for 20 years a grain speculator has been appointed chief of the Wheat Processing and Marketing Division under the new deal Agricultural Adjustment Administration.

Thies was formerly president of the Kansas City Board of Trade, one of the big speculative food markets in the country. Up to the present time he has been vice president and director of the Simonds, Shields-Lonsdale Grain Co. of Kansas City, grain speculators. MEMBER OF U. S. CHAMBER OF COMMERCE

He remains a member of the Agricultural Committee of the Chamber of Commerce of the United States, director of the Grain and Food Dealers' National Association, and vice president in charge of agriculture of the Kansas City Chamber of Commerce, all agencies of the Wall Street bankers.

This is a vicious mockery of the wheat farmers of the country. The administration of the New Deal is in the hands of one who has for 20 years lived by robbing them. The first task undertaken by Thies after his appointment was to arrange a conference to discuss the processing tax on wheat. Those invited to the conference included the great milling and banking companies of the country. The farmers, the employed and unemployed workers, who will have to pay the cost of the tax, were NOT represented.

League to Hold Picnic For Four S. D. Counties

(BY N. W.)

Hillhead, S. D., June 24.—There will be good speakers at the big July 4 and 5 picnic organized by the United Farmers League of Roberts, Day, Brown and Marshall counties at Orville Monson's place nine miles southeast of Velbin. The program includes singing, a ball game, tug-of-war, foot races and horseshoe games. Everybody welcome. Come if you can.

WHY I Joined the U. F. L.

Every member of the United Farmers League knows that it is the best farm organization to belong to. But have you been able to convince your neighbors of that? Sometimes you have difficulty in expressing your ideas to your neighbor. If you do, you will surely want to order the new pamphlet called "Why I Joined the United Farmers League."

It is written by a Wisconsin farmer who, in plain terms tells why he likes the United Farmers League above any other organization. We liked it so much we decided to print several thousand copies for the farmers throughout the country. You will like it. Your neighbor will like it. Order 100 of them for 50 cents or get 50 for 30 cents. Individual copies sell for one cent. Send money with your order to The Producers News, Plentywood, Montana.

Farmers Force Postponement of Sheriff's Sale at Cook, Minnesota; Will Rally Again if Necessary

National Executive Council Will Meet on July 22 23

THE UNITED FARMERS LEAGUE
National Headquarters
Minneapolis

To all Farm Organizers
Fellow Farmers:

The United Farmers League is holding a National Executive Council meeting, July 22 and 23 in Minneapolis. It is our wish that all Farm Organizers who have helped to formulate the Program of the United Farmers League will attend this meeting.

This meeting is called for the purpose of furthering and bettering the work of the UFL as a whole. In the discussion on the work many valuable lessons should be learned by all.

All who come should report to 1629 Linden Ave. and will be assigned to places for housing while in the city. We hope to see all invited functionaries and Farm Organizers at this meeting.

Sincerely,
THE UNITED FARMERS LEAGUE,
Charles E. Taylor,
National Chairman.
James Flower,
National Secretary.

PREPARATIONS FOR WAR INTENSIFIED

Metz, French Fortification
Near German Border Is
Scene of Activity

While the statesmen talk of peace the generals prepare for the next imperialist war. A British journalist, Pembroke Stephens, has recently toured Europe for the Daily Express of London. This is what he saw at Metz, the great French fortification near the German border.

"I saw more French soldiers in Metz today than I saw civilians. On the 50 mile drive to the border area I met only troops—bicycle patrols, cavalry, infantry, artillery,—on the march. The soldiers were mere boys for the most part, wearing steel helmets and the sky blue uniform of France.

OUTPOST CITADEL

"An observation balloon rides in the sky over Metz, and at the strongly fortified Thionville, the outpost citadel of Metz, military airdromes and scores of prettily painted military machines face the east.

"New barracks are being built at Thionville to house the troops France is rushing to the frontier under the new scheme of army reform.

"Between Metz and the German frontier workers are building bridges where there are no rivers and raising the railway levels where there is no danger from rain. This is in order that the country may be flooded and invaders drowned in time of war." The capitalists are preparing for war in order to find a way out of the crisis for themselves, and at the expense of the working people.

RENO COMPANY GOES ON ROCKS

Farmer Asks for Receiver
for Insurance Co.,
Losses Not Paid

Des Moines, Iowa.—O. C. McBurney, Mahasky county farmer, has filed a petition in district court seeking receivership for Milo Reno's insurance, the Farmers Mutual Insurance Company.

The petition declares that the company is insolvent and that McBurney has received only \$793 on a \$3,575 fire loss last November.

This is one of the three insurance companies from which Milo Reno has received a salary, including traveling expenses, of \$800 a month. Over a year ago Congressman Campbell got a loan of \$170,000 from the Reconstruction Finance Corp. for Reno in order to keep the companies out of receivership.

A former director of one of the companies charged that Reno, in order to cover up a deficit for 1929 and 1930, purchased a building for \$50,000 and carried it on his books as an asset of \$150,000.

Sheriff and Deputies Called in Merville, Ia.

When a group of unemployed workers gathered at the home of County Supervisor Henry Tabke on June 23 to demand relief work the sheriff and two deputies were called.

The families of these workers are facing starvation. Despite this Tabke told them that the county did not have enough money to put through a relief program for them.

LED BY LEAGUE

Mortgage Holder Attempts
to Take Means of Livelihood From Erickson

IMPRISON ATTORNEY

Make Certain Only Farmers
Can Bid But Attorney
Agrees to Stop Sale

(BY REINO TANTTILA)

Cook, Minn., June 19.—Under the leadership of the United Farmers League, 150 farmers prevented the sale of the property of Mr. John Erickson, and forced it postponed until June 26. Mr. Erickson made his living by sawing lumber for the farmers of Cook and vicinity. The property which the farmers saved included one Case tractor, a swamill rig and a Ford coupe, Erickson's only means of a livelihood.

The sheriff had taken his sawmill outfit away from him because he could not keep up the payments and had it removed to the home of the local constable of Cook, where the sale was to have taken place.

LEAGUE TAKES INITIATIVE

A representative of the United Farmers League called upon Mr. Erickson and told him that the United Farmers League would attempt to prevent the sale, to which proposal Mr. Erickson heartily agreed upon.

A leaflet was put out by the UFL calling upon the farmers to come to the sale and prevent it from going through. A committee of seven was elected from the mass of farmers that responded to the call as a steering committee to see to it that nobody interfered with the bidding of the farmers' elected representative, and watch particularly the representative of the companies, a Mr. Scott, attorney.

FARMERS DEMAND EX-TENSION

A few minutes before the sale was to take place the committee went into the house of the local constable, where the attorney was and demanded that he grant an extension on the balance due the company on the machinery. This he refused to do, and stated that he was going through with the sale.

The farmers committee told Mr. Scott "O K. You can go through with the sale but the farmers will be the only ones to do the bidding, and you will stay in the house."

Mr. Scott was kept a prisoner in the house for about 20 minutes by the farmers. He pleaded with the farmers to let him bid just once. The farmers told him "Nothing doing. You're here to represent the interests of the company and you will be dealt with accordingly. If there is any bidding to do we will do it."

SALE IS POSTPONED

Finally Mr. Scott told the farmers that the sale was called off for one week and he wanted to announce this to the farmers assembly. (Continued on Page Two)

Nebraska Farmers Convention Will Build Stronger Holiday Organization

DELEGATES FROM EVERY TOWNSHIP IN STATE
TO ATTEND LOUP CITY CONVENTION,
JUNE 29, JULY 1

Lincoln, Nebr.—Delegates from every township and county local of the Nebraska Holiday Association, Madison county plan, are expected at Loup City on June 29 for the opening of the first state convention of this militant fighting farmers' organization.

The most important job before these delegates is to form a state unit and defend the attacks of the banker-capitalist class. The convention call issued by a committee of county chairmen, leading Holiday organizers and members of the state defense com-

mittee, urges the election of a state committee, the setting up of a state headquarters and other measures designed to prepare the Nebraska farmers for the vicious onslaught which the money powers are planning for the coming fall. The delegates are coming to Loup City prepared to tackle the job.

20,000 MEMBERS
The convention is called under the original by-laws of the Madison county plan which stipulated that when the organization had grown sufficiently, a state executive committee should be named to direct the activities of the state

organization. With 20,000 Nebraska farmers carrying the card of the Madison county plan, the call committee declares, the Nebraska Holiday can delay no longer in the vitally important job of calling a state convention and completing the organizing of the Nebraska Holiday on a statewide scale.

The committee goes on to point out the weakness of the Nebraska association which was demonstrated in the failure to rally to the defense of Wimer and Kingston in the Stanton county case, and to the defense of Harry Lux and the other farmers and workers in the Saline county case.

various counties was the cause of this failure, the committee declares. Strengthening the state organization, setting up centralized leadership, will make us strong where we are now weak, and will prepare us for the arrests and persecutions which face us in the near future.

The call further points out that the farmers can expect nothing from the New Deal, and that foreclosures and evictions are a greater threat this coming autumn than they were during the past winter. More organization, not less, is required.

BIG JOB BEFORE DELEGATES
For these reasons given above, the delegates are coming to Loup City with a serious appreciation of their responsibility. There is a big job before them, but there is a

general understanding of its importance. On June 29 and 30, business sessions will be held at the Fair grounds. On July 1, a great picnic will be held at the State Park, with all farmers invited. A committee headed by Frank Golus, county chairman, A. E. Brundson, county secretary, and Carl Wilk, defense committee man, is handling arrangements.

DRAFT PROGRAM AND BY-LAWS
From suggestions based on the experience of the Holiday officers and organizers, a draft of by-laws and demands has been drawn up and distributed in various counties for discussion. This draft will serve as the basis for discussion at the convention, and will be useful to the many delegates in formulating and adopting a program and a set of by-laws.

The draft program also features the protection of the farmer's livestock, implements and chattels, which are given no protection under the moratorium law. The Holiday farmers realize that this fight must be carried on, not only for the protection of farm-owners, but for the protection of the tenant farmers, renters, who face even more miserable conditions than those faced by the farm owners, without machinery or livestock, the tenant cannot even find a place to rent, they point out, and is thereby condemned to starvation or the soup line.

WEAKNESS OF PRESENT SET-UP SHOWN IN FAILURE TO RALLY TO DEFENSE OF LUX AND OTHER FARMERS

ity between farmers and the workers. This reflects the conviction which has been growing among Nebraska farmers, that they cannot win in the fight against the moneyed class unless they are allies to the city workers who are waging such a courageous battle against the great exploiters. Solidarity between the farmers and the farm workers is also a burning question, and the draft program lays the basis for a joint struggle by farmers and farm workers against capitalist exploitation.

The draft program emphasizes the necessity for solidarity between farmers and the workers. This reflects the conviction which has been growing among Nebraska farmers, that they cannot win in the fight against the moneyed class unless they are allies to the city workers who are waging such a courageous battle against the great exploiters. Solidarity between the farmers and the farm workers is also a burning question, and the draft program lays the basis for a joint struggle by farmers and farm workers against capitalist exploitation.

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ERIK BERT, Editor
RUTH BERT, Associate Editor
CHARLES E. TAYLOR, Managing Editor
HANS RASMUSSEN, Business Manager

Friday, June 30, 1933

DOLLAR WHEAT—WHO BENEFITS BY ROOSEVELT'S NEW DEAL?

Wheat has gone over a dollar a bushel. Other grains have gone up likewise. These are supposed to be the fruits of the New Deal for us. But we know that our conditions have not been improved one bit since the advent of the New Deal. What, then, does it mean?

There are now 360,000,000 bushels of wheat in the warehouses. During the past few months the value of this wheat has been increased by hundreds of millions of dollars.

There are now between 12 and 13 million bales of cotton in the gins and warehouses. This too has increased in value by hundreds of millions of dollars.

Whose grain and cotton is it.

The 360,000,000 bushels of wheat and the 13 million bales of cotton which are kept behind locked doors while millions go hungry and ragged are the property of the food and textile trusts, the speculators, the banks, and of the gamblers. These are the ones whose profits have been swollen by hundreds of millions as the first dispensation of the New Deal.

What are the fruits of the New Deal for the working people? While the capitalist press is howling of a turn out of the crisis there has been no decrease in the number of those walking the streets without jobs. While the propaganda machine of bankers runs scare headlines across the papers telling of rising prices, our crops are still in the ground. The groceries in our kitchens are few and far between, our children's teeth are still uncleaned for, our clothes are more ragged than on March 4 when a New Deal was handed us.

We, the working people, have not seen our conditions improve.

In the next few months the Roosevelt administration will start levying huge sales taxes which they want us to believe will be of benefit to us.

In the propaganda which the Department of Agriculture is sending out it is attempting to disavow the sales tax because of the growing realization among the impoverished farmers that such increased burdens on their city brothers can mean no solution for the farm crisis.

The Roosevelt farm administration has stated that "there is absolutely no discretion with the Secretary of Agriculture to decide whether such a tax should be levied. The Agricultural Adjustment Act expressly provides that when the Secretary determines that benefit payments are to be made with respect to cotton or other commodity he must proclaim such determination and a processing tax automatically goes into effect at the beginning of the marketing year next following."

The "automatic" nature of the processing tax is used to blur the fact that the Secretary of Agriculture is part of the same administration which passed the "automatic" sales tax.

In the first years of the crisis the Hoover administration proclaimed its program of "plowing down every third row of cotton" and cutting production of wheat and other crops. This was the Old Deal.

What is the New Deal? Roosevelt is putting into operation the acreage cutting program that Hoover advocated.

The wheat crop for 1934 and 1935 is to be cut 20 per cent. This year's cotton crop is to be cut between 25 and 50 per cent. This is the New Deal.

By these means the Roosevelt administration is trying to cut production so that the rich owners of the present surplus can squeeze untold profits out of the consumers, the working people of the country.

The consumers of our products, the workers in the cities and other farmers, have had no increase in their purchasing power. The food and textile trusts are raising the prices to these working people. The amount they can buy is being cut. Even if we cut our production they will not be able to purchase what we produce.

The surplus will again increase the price we get will again be forced down by the gamblers and trusts who are now reaping millions disposing of the present surplus. The surplus will be here, prices will not cover our costs of production, the workers will be crushed by even worse conditions, but the speculators will have reaped their crop—their profits wrung out of the lives of the working people.

THIS IS THE NEW DEAL.

Against this program of acreage cutting, sales taxes, and starvation, the working people must build one united front. Unity of city workers and farmers must be thrown against this hunger plan. We urge on our readers to intensify the struggle for the following demands:

Prices for our products to guarantee us a decent living—but no increase in cost to the workers.

Federal unemployment insurance and immediate cash relief for the city workers, the chief consumers of our products.

Joint struggles to force price reductions by the food and textile trusts. Higher prices for the farmers and lower prices for the city workers must come out of the profits of these plunderers.

Scottsboro Boy Granted New Trial

KNOX COUNTY, NEB.,
HOLIDAY ASSN. TO
HOLD BIG PICNIC

Niagara, Neb.—The Knox County Holiday Association is arranging a big picnic to be held at the state park here on July 4, to which all farmers and workers and their families are invited.

Harry Lux, state organizer of the Holiday; Charles Taylor, National Chairman of the United Farmers League; Lem Harris, secretary of the National Committee for Action and Edgar Howard, U. S. Congressman, will speak. There will also be local speakers.

A representative of the unemployed workers movement has also been invited to speak.

The Knox County Holiday hopes to make this a state affair and has invited all Holiday groups to attend, bringing their own banners etc. Sports, baseball, foot races, tug of war, and dancing are on the program.

MRS. ROOSEVELT IN 4-H CLUB MEETING

Tells Farm Boys and Girls to Think More About 'Joy', Less About Money

Washington, D. C., June 16.—"We are coming to a time when we are going to think less about the amount of money we can get, so long as we have enough to live on decently, and think more about the joy we have in our work," said Mrs. Roosevelt to the Seventh National 4-H Club camp here.

The 147 boys and girls at the camp received this warning about the New Deal to carry back home with them. Mrs. Roosevelt did not tell them how they were going to get "enough to live on decently" but tried to make the children hope for the "joy we have in our work" by thinking "less about the amount of money we can get."

Probably because we are going to get less and less money as the New Deal advances.

The boys and girls were shown the sights in Washington in order to stupefy them to the real conditions of their fathers and mothers and themselves.

VETERAN OF WORLD WAR IS DRIVEN TO SUICIDE THRU CUT

(By a World War Veteran.
Columbia Falls, Mont., June 22.—The veteran who committed suicide, John Shell, of Bronx, New York, jumped out of the hospital attic window. He was out of his mind for a few days. He told Dr. Cal he worried a great deal about his pension cut and about some real estate in Great Falls which he lost. He was out of his mind at the time. He was buried in the Soldiers Home cemetery and was survived by a daughter in Bronx, New York.

HITLER PLANNING ATTACK ON SOVIET UNION

While the statesmen of most of the capitalist countries have been sparring at the World Economic Conference some of the real purposes of the conference were revealed by Dr. Alfred Hugenberg, German delegate, in a statement made on June 16.

The issues which he brought up—a revision of the capitalist colonies and the attack against the Soviet Union—are two of the central points of the conference. And are being discussed, not on the floor, but behind the scenes.

In his speech Hugenberg, who is Minister of Economy and Agriculture in the Hitler cabinet, demanded the return to Germany of its former African colonies "as a basis for the execution in this whole new territory works and constructions, which would otherwise remain undone."

NEW TERRITORIES FOR EXPLOITATION

Germany demands new territories for exploitation. These territories are now being exploited by the victors of the last war. This demand is one of the basic issues of the conference for all the capitalist countries. They want new territories in which to sell their goods. This is at the bottom of the struggle around the tariffs and money stabilization.

Hugenberg's second demand was that the conference should "open up to this people (Germany) without room, territories for the settlement of its active race and for the construction of great works of peace."

This refers to occupation of the Soviet territories by fascist Germany and was so interpreted by the capitalist press. The correspondent of the New York Times in London wrote: "This demand is regarded here as a corroborative and further definitive of National Socialist hints that Germany's future lies eastward."

In order that there should be no doubt about what he meant, Hugenberg in his ten-page document, stated that "Germany is at the head of the battle against the com-

20 FARMERS IN IA. SENTENCED

Judge Sentences Them on Contempt of Court Charge

Twenty farmers were sentenced to one day in jail and \$50 fine in Primghar, Iowa, on June 22 for participating in the struggle against the sheriff and deputies in the O'Brien county courthouse on April 27. This was part of the struggle which the militia was brought out to crush.

The charge was contempt of court and the farmers were sentenced without a jury trial by Judge Peters. Charges of conspiracy are still pending against these farmers. They have been granted a change of venue to Orange City where the trial will take place on July 10.

These farmers have been sentenced in order to break their militancy. We call on all farmers to protest these sentences on the contempt of court charge and demand that the conspiracy charge be dropped immediately. Send all protests to Judge Peters at Primghar, Ia., and to Gov. Clyde Herring at Des Moines.

JAIL LEADERS OF IOWA UNEMPLOYED

Small Army of Gunmen Is Mobilized to Prevent Attempt to Free Them

In order to prevent over 150 unemployed workers from freeing four of their leaders from the Centerville, Iowa, jail, a small army of special deputies, city police and regular sheriff's deputies was mobilized.

The four leaders held in the jail are Roy Long, vice president of the Appanoose county Unemployment League, Joe Long, Ezra Thomas, and Hugh Stevens. They were arrested it is reported for having tried to organize the workers on the county roads to strike for 40 cents an hour instead of the present scale of 30 cents.

There are approximately 900 families in the county whose breadwinners are unemployed. The jail and courthouses have been heavily guarded for weeks to withstand the developing militancy of the unemployed workers.

Distribute the new United Farmers League programs to your neighbors. For 25 or more, four cents each; for 100 or more, three cents each, plus postage. Order them now.

Hugenberg, German Delegate to World Economic Conference, Demands Redivision of Colonies and Russian Territory

plete destruction of the Occident (capitalism in the west—Ed.) and that if she, fascist Germany, "perishes, all other peoples (capitalism—Ed) will perish with her."

The Pravda, official organ of the Communist party of the Soviet Union, gave to the fascists and the capitalist statesmen a decisive answer to Hugenberg's anti-Soviet war front program.

DAYS OF SOVIET WEAK- NESS ARE PAST

"The days are past when Ger-

FARMERS FORCE POSTPONEMENT OF COOK, MINN. SHERIFF'S SALE

(Continued from Front Page)

bled outside. This the farmers committee allowed him to do.

He started to give a very heated speech to the farmers about law and order, about being under oath to enforce law and order and that he has always served the interests of the people and that he will bring enough forces, deputy sheriffs next Monday, June 26 so that he will be able to go thru with the sale.

The attorney would have raved on indefinitely but the farmers' spokesman, Rino Tantilla, St. Louis county organizer of the U. F. L. cut him short. He told Mr. Scott that if law and order means depriving a man of a living then it is our duty to break the laws, if necessary.

FARMERS WILL BE THERE AGAIN

The farmers were called upon to come in much larger numbers when the sale comes on again and prevent the sale from going thru. They all promised to talk to their neighbors so that there will be such a force of farmers present that they will be able to prevent the sale again.

The farmers hung around the

INTEREST PAID TO BANKERS LARGEST SECTION OF BUDGET

At the end of May the debt of the Federal government amounted to somewhat less than \$22 billion dollars as the result of the extraordinary expenditures made during the war and the almost constantly recurring deficits. This year it is expected that the government's operations will show a deficit of about \$1,700,000,000. If the entire Roosevelt program goes thru additional billions will be added to the public debt.

The debt is now at its highest point since 1919. The constant increase in interest payments because the interest rates now are being paid the bankers are higher than ever. Service on the public debt—interest and sinking fund payments to bankers—now constitutes the largest single item in the national budget.

SCOTTSSBORO BOYS IN DESPERATION

Thrown Out of Job By Cudahy Packing Plant Worker Loses Home

Milwaukee, Wis., June 16.—Steve Gago, of Cudahy, Wis., 43 years old, came to the U. S. in 1907 from Czechoslovakia. He worked a few years in a packing plant in Omaha, then moved to Cudahy, Wis. He worked for 7 years as millwright in the Cudahy packing plant and then was laid off on Nov. 10, 1930.

Being out of work he could not meet the payments on his house. Even though he had paid for his house the mortgage holders fixed it so that he still owed \$4,000. His home was foreclosed last week, and he, his wife and two children 12 and 13 years old, were evicted.

TO OLD FOR JOB AT 43

Being desperate, Gago went back to Cudahy's plant and asked for work. They told him he was too old. As he argued with the superintendent one of them struck him. In the fight which followed, Gago drew a revolver and shot two of the superintendents, one thru the jaw and one through the arm. Now Gago is being held by the police, facing a serious charge.

The International Labor Defense is calling meetings and issuing leaflets to the workers of Cudahy, showing that the real criminals are not Gago, but the officials of the Cudahy Packing, who fired him because he was "too old" at 43, and caused him to lose his home, until his suffering made him mentally unbalanced temporarily.

Mike Cudahy's wages alone last year were \$86,000. One of the Cudahys is now ambassador to Poland in service of American imperialism.

STUPID HITLER IDEA

"It is, says the Pravda, 'the stupidest document in recent times and could only have been produced in the atmosphere of contemporary Germany, where the government policy is often hardly distinguishable from tomfoolery.'

"Hugenberg just blustered out what the present leaders of Germany are thinking about and aiming at—in short, it is their program."

In other words, Hitlerism is being forced by economic and financial difficulties, says the Pravda, to adopt a policy of military adventure by which Germany "hopes to redress her own affairs and re-establish her shattered prestige."

"They (the Hitlerites) call themselves the saviors of humanity, while their real name is 'clown in power,' the editorial concludes.

Renew Your Subscription Now



THE RITZ HOTEL

HOME OF THE FAMOUS SPANISH VILLAGE
FINEST ATMOSPHERIC CAFE

DINE AND DANCE
NO COVER CHARGE

250 ROOMS
WITH BATH—ON—SHOWERS
RATES
\$1.50 PER DAY AND UP

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WASHINGTON AT 2ND AVE. S. MINNEAPOLIS

Doings of the Advance Guard

There is something wrong somewhere. Our subs don't come in as they used to and as they ought to. Our speakers are somewhat to blame for that.

We had expected that we would have been able to follow them from meeting thru subs coming in from those places, but nothing like that has happened.

With all the good work these people are otherwise doing it looks as though they are leaving the Producers News on a side issue or forgetting it entirely. Only from reports do we know about the organization work going on, and not thru subs coming in from these well attended and interesting meetings.

Putting up an organization without having a paper to hold it together has been tried before and failed. We have the paper but, without getting it to the organized farmers the paper is not doing much good and simply can not keep on existing. Our speakers should realize this and put more power behind the appeal for subscriptions.

Part of the organization work, and one of the most important parts is to get some live ones to go out and take subs for the paper. If this were done at every meeting, we here at home would be able to tell where the good organizers were working from the subs coming in.

RECRUITING OF FORCED LABOR

Threaten to Cut Mother's Pensions if Youth Will Not Join Forest Army

(BY W. S.)

Prasee, Minn., June 20.—The army of forced labor has been organized in this section by the Lutheran preacher Hillpert, County Commissioner Ford King and the mayor of Detroit Lake, Alfred Knutson.

They have taken 44 young men to Fort Snelling. This bunch is in California now. Since these young men left for the camps the county commissioner has been trying to talk another bunch into joining. Most of them are wise however and won't go for they don't believe in bosses wars.

USES THREATS TO RE- CRUIT YOUTH

The die-hard Republican who is county commissioner in Baker county has threatened some youth whose mothers get mother's pensions, that if they do not go to the camp their mothers' pension will be cut off.

Many of these young men have asked me what this forestry army means. I have told them that it means war, war against ourselves, fighting for capitalist self-preservation and self-determination of

ponderated in favor of the defendant.

Heywood Patterson was not brought here for today's hearing.

Judge Horton's decision, though it does not liberate Patterson or the other boys enmeshed in the frameup, leaves not even a shred of a case for the prosecution, Ruby Bates having exposed the details of the frameup when at the retrial of Patterson she testified she originally was terrorized into accusing the boys.

Her evidence completely cleared the youths and revealed Victoria Price's testimony as completely false.

This Ad and 25c will bring you a copy

"THIS IS CHICAGO, ONE-NINE-THREE-THREE"
(By Louis A. Kurtz)

It is a World's Fair Souvenir booklet of 81 four-line verses. Vividly describes—
CHICAGO LAND AND A CENTURY OF PROGRESS

21 Colored Views of the World's Fair grounds FREE with each copy. Postpaid.

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it stands by you in all your struggles
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The Producers News

official organ of the United Farmers League

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Plentywood, Mont.

Enclosed find _____ Dollars, _____ Cents for

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State _____

Subscription rates: \$2 one year; \$1 six months; 50 cents

for three months; 25 cents for six weeks.

NO WORKER OR FARMER ON MONT. RELIEF COMMISSION

The last Legislature passed a bill creating the Montana Relief Commission composed of five men appointed by the Governor. This Commission shall appoint all the relief committees and make all the necessary rules and regulations governing the distribution of Federal Aid money.

The members of the Montana Relief Commission are J. F. Kilpatrick, banker, of Helena; Elmer Holt, real estate dealer, of Miles City; D. G. Stivers, corporation lawyer, of Butte; W. C. Lubrecht, superintendent of the lumber interests of the Anaconda Copper Mining Co., of Anaconda; and T. L. Gies, wholesale merchant of Great Falls. The four first named are appointees of Governor Erickson, and the last an appointee of Governor McGowan. No representative of the workers or of the farmer is on the commission.

The Montana Federation of Labor is sending out a call for a convention to be held in Missoula June 27 in which it says:

"Many complaints have come to this office concerning abuses in the administration of Federal relief money on unemployment relief by money committees."

"A most degrading state of affairs exists in the handling of relief money. In some cases men have to take the pauper's oath before they can get relief work."

"Men employed on relief work are not getting orders on merchandise for groceries. Other instances are that workers must take their wages in groceries of such a quantity and quality as an aged woman has a mind to say that they shall have."

"The laws of Montana are explicit in stating that the workers are to receive lawful money for their labor, as per Section 3084 of the revised codes of Montana."

PICNICS IN DANIELS COUNTY

United Front picnic will be held in Four Buttes, Monday, July 10, at 2 p. m.

Another picnic will be held at Navajo on Tuesday, July 11 at 2 p. m., where Roger Murray, the leader of the Montana State Hunger march, and others will speak. Everybody is invited and welcome.

Want Ads

TAKEN UP—One red and white yearling steer, one red and white heifer. Came to my place 3 miles NE of Comertown about April 1. Owner may have same by paying for advertising and pasture. Andrew Espen, Comertown, Mont. 14-3tp.

BOLL DEVELOPED, 8 hi-gloss prints, free enlargement in beautiful leatherette frame 35 cents. Without frame 25 cents. With frame offer include 7 cents postage. Owl Photo Service, Fargo, N. D. 4-31

WANT TO BUY—You can pay your subscription to the Producers News with coal. Bring us a load. We also take wheat and other produce in exchange for paper. Let's share up the account.

WANT TO BUY—Stucco and plastering done by Hans Rasmussen.

PROFESSIONAL DIRECTORY

DR. W. D. ROY
DENTIST
Phone 119 Plentywood

HOWARD M. LEWIS
LAWYER

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Attorney-at-Law
Practice in all Courts
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Jewelry
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Martin Homme
Twenty-five years experience in
Watch and Jewelry Repairing
The Farmer's Friend and Comrade

WHEN OLD DUTCH WAS BURIED

At the time "Old Dutch" died and was buried at the county's expense, we wrote an article entitled "When Old Dutch Died," in which we said he was thrown into a box and buried the same day he died. This was written from the information we had received at that time.

We are now informed by the undertaker that it was necessary to bury him right away and that he was not buried in a box but in a regular casket, even a little better than the ordinary county caskets, as none of them were on hand at that time.

RESOLUTION PASSED AT FARMERS' PICNIC

"To Gov. R. M. Miller
"Montgomery, Ala.,
"Sheriff Bob Slay,
"Lafayette, Ala."

"We, 150 farmers of Raymond, rest and incommunicado confinement of the Negro tenant named Finley because his fellow farmers put his furniture back into his house after he had been evicted on orders of a landlord. Finley and his family are entitled to a place to live no matter what the landlord thinks about it. We demand the immediate unconditional release of Finley and we demand that all terror against the sharecroppers who are fighting against starvation, shall cease."

BEN BENSON APPOINTED SCHOOL TRUSTEE IN OUTLOOK SCHOOL DIST.

Ben Benson is the new school director in Outlook District No. 29. A new nepotism law passed at the last legislature was the reason for the resignation of Amund Johnson. He being on the board that hired his two daughters to teach in the Outlook school.

County News

ARCHER

Ted Flakne, Art Kaseck, Roy Cook and families were Sunday callers at Nels Thompson's. Ed Bolen, Joe and Harry Whitish were Plentywood callers Saturday. Donald Logan was a caller at the Pat Greff home recently. Vern Mickels spent the week end in Plentywood. Mrs. Pete Whitish of Redstone was visiting her daughters Mrs. Roy Cook and Mrs. Leo Kaseck recently. Wallace and Frankie Barge and Robert Clark are employed at the Frye ranch near Brockton.

Comertown-Dooley

Mrs. Brown and daughters are here from Viborg, S. Dak. Mr. and Mrs. Brown are living on the Adolph Heppner farm. Mr. and Mrs. Benny Onstad and boys called at the Horace LeVedure home Sunday afternoon and spent the evening at the home of Mrs. Onstad's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Fred Frieberg. Misses Katherine, Frieda and Blonida Heppner visited Elizabeth Nelson Monday. A birthday party was held for Evelyn Westrup June 19 at her home. She is now seven years old. Guests were Mr. and Mrs. Hans Olson and Mr. and Mrs. Chris Mikkelsen and family. Mr. and Mrs. Rasmus Rasmussen and family left Friday morning to attend the World's fair at Chicago. In the recent storm of the 24 a horse belonging to H. O. Heppner was killed by lightning. Mrs. Adolph Johnson is now back from Washington. She made the trip with her daughter Mrs. Lou Folsom. English communion was held in the German Lutheran church in the English language Sunday. Waldemar Stienke who has been a student at Concordia college at St. Paul, Minn., arrived home last week. Miss Helen Stienke and brother

NOTICE OF MEETING OF STOCKHOLDERS OF THE PEOPLES PUBLISHING COMPANY

All stockholders of the Peoples Publishing Company are hereby notified that a regular annual stockholders' meeting will be held at the Farmer-Labor Temple in Plentywood, Saturday, July 15, 1933, at 2 p. m. for the purpose of electing a board of directors and transacting such other business as may come before this meeting, pursuant to the charter, constitution and by-laws of the corporation.

ODIN LUTNES,
Secretary.
PROXY
Know all men by these presents: That I _____ of _____ do hereby _____ to be my lawful attorney, substitute and proxy, for me in my name, place and stead to vote _____ shares of stock held by me in The Peoples Publishing Company, of Plentywood, at the stockholders' meeting to be held July 15, 1933, as fully as I may or could do, were I personally present at such election.

I hereby revoke any proxy given to any person heretofore and prior to this date.

Dated _____ Name _____ Witnesses: _____

EXPERIMENTING WITH THE NEW DEAL AND STARVATION

(BY HANS RASMUSSEN)

All the leading papers are regarding the so-called New Deal that Roosevelt is trying to put over as merely experiments that are no in any way hurting the present ruling class. One of the experiments that is now being tried is the question of how to starve themselves before they act. Thru our local relief committees they are now experimenting with how much misery the people will peacefully stand for. Last month Jack Bennett was able to "save" seven hundred dollars by keeping that much away from the people of Sheridan county. This month he is experimenting with how much further he dares to go. Art Wankel is completely ignored and no longer notified about relief meetings.

Practically every food order has been cut down and many cut off entirely. Medical aid has been done away with completely. For all the government cares we can cut down and die. The order for cutting off medical aid comes directly from Washington, D. C. it is part of Roosevelt's new deal.

At the same time this country is bragging about its superior civilization, culture and wealth, the government is sending out orders not to give any needy and poor people any medical aid or attention, and our local committees and other authorities accept the idea of letting people die for want of proper care without a protest.

In protest of these conditions the people are circulating petitions all over the county, demanding that medical and dental care be given to all needy people. These petitions will then be presented to our county commissioners, who's duty it is to see that people are properly taken care of. If the

Henry have left for a trip through the parks of Western Montana. Grasshoppers are doing much damage to crops in this community.

RESERVE

Mrs. Hansen entertained her Bridge club last Wednesday, Mrs. Eversen making the high score.

Mrs. Fulkerson entertained the town-country Bridge club Tuesday with the high score going to Mrs. Gibbons.

Mr. and Mrs. Gust Wagner are in Minot where Mrs. Wagner is receiving medical attention. Eighteen members of the Wakea club enjoyed a picnic at Overland Point on Medicine Lake Thursday afternoon.

Mrs. Dora Robb of Iowa City spent a few days at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Henderson last week.

Leonard Singleton, an old timer here returned for a short visit with friends last Thursday. He has been living at Vida, Mont., for the last several years.

Oscar Oppengard checked the accounts of the Farmers Elevator here last Friday.

Luella Hansen returned from a couple of weeks visit with her aunt in Bainville last Friday.

The Commercial club arranged a dance in the school house last Friday evening. Aage Christensen's orchestra was on the job as usual and Bernhard Nielsen served the lunch, only a small crowd was in attendance.

With the prolonged dry spell and hot weather it looks like the crop will burn up again in the district, only a quarter inch of rain falling the past week.

Farmers in the district, turning out to do road work, have made a great improvement in the roads in every direction from town.

County employees are putting new decks on the bridges east of town. The first bridge, was about worn thru and was in need of repairs.

J. J. Gibbons will leave this week for a six weeks vacation, and will attend the World's fair at Chicago and will visit at other points in the East before his return.

county is not able to do it, then it becomes their duty to bring sufficient pressure and let their voice be heard not only in Helena but clear down to Washington, D. C.

In connection with these prevailing conditions it is interesting to read what another country is doing for its children, a country that by many people is looked on as being so far below us that there is no comparison. A country that also is putting over a New Deal, but putting it over in a different way than ours.

In the Chicago Herald and Examiner for June 26 the well known American newspaper correspondent, Charmion Von Wiegand, writes about Soviet Russia of which we quote parts:

"Soviet Russia, more than any other country in the world today, is concerned with the welfare and the wellbeing of its children. Every year the Soviet Government spends millions of rubles for their care, protection and education. The U. S. S. R. is rapidly being covered with a network of creches, nurseries, playgrounds, rest homes, camps, schools, clinics and hospitals, all maintained by the State for the benefit of its smallest citizens."

"The Russians take great pride in their children, fathers as well as mothers. On 'free day,' the Soviet equivalent of Sunday, every sixth day, it is a common sight to see dozens of Red Army soldiers promenading on the broad boulevards, each with his child by the hand."

"There are children everywhere and they are remarkably well dressed in a country so poor in manufactured goods."

"Practically all Russian women have children and it is not for lack of knowledge as to how to prevent their birth, for every woman may obtain information concerning the methods of birth control or have an operation at one of the government-run clinics."

"The Soviet plan is to have more babies brought up in collective nurseries, kindergartens and the schools, where the child in earliest infancy begins a social and collective existence."

"The Soviet Government's interest in the child begins before its birth. The mother is protected and her health insured by a system which if she is an industrial worker allows a vacation of from six to eight weeks (depending on the type of occupation) both before and after the birth of a child and at full pay."

"In addition each mother for the baby's first year has the right to leave her work every three hours to nurse her child, which she keeps in the day nursery of the factory or organization for which she works."

"There are special consultation clinics for mothers with young children, where specialists advise her how to care for and bring up a young baby."

"The universal system of social insurance for all workers furnishes the service of the best doctors free of charge. All babies are born in state hospitals maintained for that purpose. The former infant mortality has declined tremendously since the revolution."

"The Soviet Union has also destroyed for all time two of the greatest evils which affect the life of a child—illegitimacy and child labor."

"The Soviet government's interest in children does not stop at hygiene and education. The problem of 'culture,' science and recreation are considered of equal importance. There are many camps and rest homes for healthy children who need a vacation separate from parents. There are playgrounds in the cities where a child may be left for the day or for a few hours."

"Over twenty million children were enrolled this year in the primary schools, and when one remembers that prior to the revolution Russia was the most illiterate country in Europe's some picture of the great change that has occurred in the last 15 years may be envisaged."

"As a result of the tremendous educational program, even the youngest child can read. At almost any book store charming children's books can be purchased for a few pennies. Fairy tales having no reality content are barred, but the most fascinating tales of everyday life have been written by the best authors in the U. S. S. R."

"I saw a group of peasant mothers watching in bewilderment how their lusty progeny were engaged in building a miniature model of the Dnieperstroy power plant and dam out of huge wooden blocks. Nearby a group of other children

STORES SUBJECT TO STATE LICENSE TAX

At the last legislature someone brought out a bill with the intention of putting a license tax on all chain stores, but somehow it was twisted around so when the bill passed, the tax not only included the chain stores but also all other stores as well, it takes effect on July 1.

This is another one of the 'painless' taxes that the storekeepers pass on to the consumer by raising the price of their goods.

Local Brevities

Enjoy a few days at the Beaufort Hotel 112 3rd Street South, opposite Federal Building, Minneapolis, 75c, \$1, \$1.50 per day. Parking next door.

Wm. Pierce and family moved back to town again the first part of the week after being absent for some time. He reports crops as a failure from practically all parts of the state except in irrigated districts.

Olaf Hoff and family of the Quitney country was here Wednesday.

James Ostby and wife of McClelland stopped here last Tuesday on their way home after spending a few days visiting in Daniels county.

Art Wankel drove in from the Raymond county Tuesday. He is on the Central Relief Committee, but they don't notify him about meetings any more.

James Glen of near Coalridge visited in town Wednesday. The unusual sight of a runaway team was seen on Main street on Wednesday afternoon. No casualties occurred as there was no one on the street.

Scott DeTray motored over to Wolf Point last week and returned Tuesday. While there he was repairing wells and reports crops in sections are poor.

Carl Johnson moved down from south of Flaxville last week and reports he has a large crop in and although short is looking fairly good.

The county is cutting down the O'Toole hill and when completed will be a great improvement. It will be a leveled later.

A crew of men finished the gravel landing platform at the Savage gravel pit Tuesday.

J. J. Gunther shingled part of his house this week. Carl Christensen, manager of the Poor farm is laid up with a sprained back this week.

The Brit Chasler family is now located in the Timmerman house, recently vacated by Bob Cummings. Emil Rehner is confined to his home with blood poisoning in his right hand.

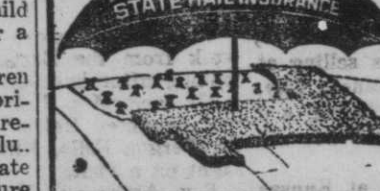
Harvey Nichols made a trip to Midby Tuesday for a well boring outfit and is now locating a new mine.

William Goff was in town the first of the week and stated the crops are now beyond help of rain. Charley Emington motored to the Dooley country Sunday and informs us that grasshoppers are bad and crops are not very promising.

was collectively putting together a wooden tractor on a large toy convey which one of the boys was manipulating.

"The difference between the generations was dramatically realized. These children of the peasantry loved the new toys and used them. Some day they will learn to build real dams and to make real tractors."

"The Road to Life, actual former homeless boys now living in a government home near Moscow acted the main parts with skill and vivacity."



IF A CROP IS WORTH GROWING IT IS WORTH INSURING

Grain growers may obtain State hail insurance from county assessors. Full information will be furnished by assessors or by the

STATE BOARD OF HAIL INSURANCE
Helena, Montana

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BEN BRABEC MEETS ACCIDENTAL DEATH MONDAY; OLSON SERIOUSLY INJURED

Ben Brabec, a young man employed by Fred Forman, went to Williston last Monday for a load of groceries, driving Forman's truck. Gust Olson accompanied him for the trip. Before leaving Gust remarked that he did not have his life insured but he would go along anyhow.

Coming back about noon, and going at a good rate of speed, the truck ran into some loose gravel on the new highway under construction about three miles south of Medicine Lake, near the John Norbo place, and the driver lost control, with the result that the truck turned over two or three times without leaving the grade.

The two men were picked up by County Commissioner Olson and hurried to the Plentywood hospital where Brabec died later in the evening from internal injuries.

Gust Olson was also found to be in a serious condition, his scalp being torn open and was cut with glass and gravel. However, Gust says he is going to pull thru which goes a long way towards recovery as long as he feels that way about it.

The funeral of Benjamin John Brabec will take place Saturday at 2 p. m. He was born September 23, 1909 on a farm north of Plentywood. His mother, Mrs. Ole Aspelund, left recently for a visit in California and will not be present for the funeral. His father died 13 years ago, and of his several sisters and brothers none of them are living here, but some of them will return for the funeral.

CACHE OF STOLEN BEER FOUND ON CITY DUMP WED.

Last week when Foster, local junk merchant, made his daily rounds over the city dump ground looking for anything that a thrifty person could turn into money, he found half a dozen cases of perfectly good beer hidden among the scraps. The find interested him, to such an extent that he decided to stay around and see that nobody else got away with the beer.

Soon a couple of small boys came along exploring among the tin cans and scraps, they too found the beer, but with Foster standing guard over it, and it was then decided to notify the law about the beer on the dump ground.

How the beer got there in the first place nobody seems to know, but it is the general opinion that the six cases of beer had disappeared out of a carload of beer shipped to Carl West and unloaded on the track at that time. Some youngsters of quite respectable families and high political standing have been mentioned as suspected of sneaking it off to the dump ground, but that part has not been given any publicity yet.

Towards evening Vern Michels, a farmer living southwest of here, drove into the dump ground in his rickety old Ford, looking for some scrap to fix up his old car with and he also found the beer.

With the prospect in mind of getting a reward for what he had found, Vern started loading the beer into his car with the intention of taking it back to town and locating the owner. But before he got through loading, out of the tin cans jumps the law in the form of Bob Robke and boundary hoppers stationed on nearby hills.

He was caught with the goods and the law was perfectly satisfied. In triumph he was taken to the city jail where he was kept until he was able to furnish the required bonds. All because he was looking for some scrap iron and found some beer that someone else had stolen.

Getting away with somebody else's beer has always been considered more or less a joke, but when it comes to putting the farmers in jail in order to cover up the jokes that some of the younger town sports are playing, then it is carrying the joke a little too far.

Summerfall loans to be acted on immediately

Farmers waiting for their government summerfall loans to be acted on before the summer is completely over with, might enjoy the report received, that summerfall loans will soon be acted upon.

The Mountain States Telephone & Telegraph Company

One of the family or a close friend in another city is ill. You're worried. Relieve your worry now by telephoning. It's quick, personal and inexpensive.

The Long Distance operator will be glad to tell you the rate.

16th Annual

Farmers Picnic

at

Brush Lake

with

Roger Murray

Fighting Leader of the Montana State Hunger March

and Other Speakers

GREAT INDIAN WAR DANCE

Come Early! Speaking at 2 p. m.

Sunday, July 9

Dance in the Evening

Plentywood Farmers Oil Co.

We offer the following deal to our customers:

We have decided to give our customers a cent and one-half a gallon reduction to those who haul their own gas. At that price the gas will cost them at the present 17 and one-half cents at our bulk station.

Our Lubricating Oil is also cut. We charge you 60 cents a gallon for any weight Texaco Bus Oil, 25 lbs. Gun Grease \$2.90—Tubin Gear Grease also cut to 10 cents per lb. Fuel, 10 cents per gallon with a cent and half off if hauled by customer. Our Service Station prices are 19 cents—Texaco Fire Chief Ethyl, 22 cents per gallon.

In last part of July we will have a carload of twine on hand, priced very reasonable.

Plentywood Farmers Oil Co.

Plentywood Farmers Oil Co.



Honor Morgan Supreme Court Justice

Williamstown, Mass., June 19.—Justice Owen J. Roberts of the United States Supreme Court, who was revealed by the Morgan investigation as one of Morgan's preferred clients, was given an honorary degree at the annual commencement of Williams College today.

Refuse to Pay War Debts

Washington, D. C.—Seven countries, France, Belgium, Estonia, Hungary, Lithuania, Poland and Yugoslavia made no payment on their war debts to the United States.

Great Britain owed \$79,950,000 and paid \$10,000,000; Italy owed \$13,545,450.50 and paid \$1,000,000; and Finland paid its full instalment of \$148,592.50 and Latvia owed \$119,609 and paid \$6,000. Czechoslovakia owes \$1,500,000 and Rumania \$1,000,000.

While the war debts are not officially on the order of business at the World Economic Conference they are being used by the United States as a club in the negotiations going on behind the scenes.

Train Police to Attack Workers

New York City.—Beginning June 25 a training course for higher police officials will be started by the Police Department in order to train them to attack demonstrations of workers. Police Commissioner Bolan wants a "more military bearing" by the police. Bolan admitted the anti-working class character of the new military training course by stating that they would be used for during "riots"—the police name for workers demonstrations and parades.

Jobless Women's Camp Is Brutal Mockery

New York, June 20.—A grand total of 30 jobless women have been allowed to attend the camp established by Mrs. Roosevelt and Miss Frances Perkins, Secretary of Labor, to relieve the unemployment situation. The capacity is 360 but only 30 could be found who filled all the requirements to get to this jobless camp. Of the 700 jobless women who applied for admission only 30 were accepted. This is the new deal for the unemployed working women. One of the requirements is that the women must be completely destitute. If they still have a nickel to buy a cup of coffee or enough to pay their next week's board they are not wanted in this camp.

Cut Utility Employees' Wages

New York, June 20.—Through wage cuts and forced vacations the New York Edison company and its affiliated companies have "saved" \$5,000,000 out of the wages of their employees. On May 1 a cut amounting to over 8 per cent was put through. While these cuts in the workers' wages were put through there was a forty per cent increase in the salaries of the high officials of the companies in the first four months of this year as compared with last year, the figures being \$86,000 and \$61,000. This raise of \$25,000 was in payment to the officers for putting over the \$5,000,000 cut.

Sharp Drop in U. S. Foreign Trade

Washington, D. C., June 19.—For the first five months of this year exports were \$176,500,000 less, and imports were \$166,500,000 less than for the first five months of 1932. If the lowered value of the dollars through inflation is considered the decline during this year is even more drastic.

When Thieves Fall Out They Fight

Cambridge, Mass., June 19.—Dr. Arthur S. Dewing, Professor of Finance at Harvard University Business School has been fired from his job for drawing \$30,000 in gold from a bank just before the bank holiday for the Chatham Water Co. of which he was president. The fellow who fired him was the dean of the School, Donham, who is notorious in his own right, having been on Morgan's graft list with permission to buy 1,000 shares Standard Brands stock, part of the food trust, at bargain prices.

Wall Street Demands Pound of Flesh

New York, June 21.—The American bankers yesterday protested the decision of the German government to declare a moratorium on interest payments on German bonded indebtedness. This is part of the World-wide economic struggle being carried on by the Wall Street bankers.

Use R. F. C. Funds for Trade War

Washington, D. C., June 17.—In order to carry on a more effective struggle against the British and French capitalists in South America a group of American manufacturers, thru the American Manufacturers Export Assn., is planning a \$5,000,000 bank to finance trade that the big banks will not handle. The Reconstruction Finance Corporation has been asked to supply the funds which the big banks are afraid to invest.

New Deal Wage Cut for Postal Employees

Washington, D. C.—By an order signed by President Roosevelt a cut of \$9,500,000 will be taken out of the wages of postal employees in the three months July, August and September. These employees will be forced to take a nine day "vacation" without pay.

Students Reject Wall Street Pledge

New York City.—One hundred of the five hundred senior class students of the Samuel J. Tilden High school have refused to sign a "loyalty" pledge passed around by the principal. The pledge requires "absolute and unconditional loyalty" of the students. The pledge was drawn up during the anti-Red campaign following the war.

START CUTS IN PRODUCTION OF WHEAT AND COTTON

CUT OF 20 PER CENT IN WHEAT

Experience of 1928 to 1932 Proves That Curtailment of Production Brings no Solution to Farm Crisis; Working People Starve Midst Plenty

RICH FARMERS WILL BENEFIT CHIEFLY

Increase in Prices to City Workers Through Sales Tax Will Mean Greater Hunger and Increase in Wheat Surplus of Country

Washington, D. C., June 20.—The first step in the inauguration of the new farm bill for wheat was taken Monday when Secretary of Agriculture Wallace proclaimed that payments would be made by the government this year to carry thru acreage cutting by wheat farmers.

The Adjustment Administration of the Department of Agriculture has decided on an acreage cut in the 1934 and 1935 crops up to 20 per cent of the acreage sown in the past few years.

HOOVER BAITED FOR FARMERS

In order to get the farmers to accept this program the new deal hook has been baited with an estimate that the wheat farmers will get \$150,000,000 payment on his years crop for agreeing to cut the acreage for 1934 and 1935.

Information furnished by the Department itself foreshadows the failure of the plan. From 1928 to 1932 there was a decrease in acreage of almost 15 per cent—from 71,000,000 acres to 61,000,000 acres. Despite this cut in acreage the surplus in the United States piled up from 124,000,000 bushels to 363,000,000 bushels, an increase of 239,000,000 bushels.

Even if the total of \$150,000,000 is doled out to the farmers as promised, which is very unlikely, it will amount to an average of only \$125 for the 1,200,000 wheat farmers in the country. The mass of wheat farmers would not even get that amount. The benefits of the bill are determined by the number of bushels raised. This will give the rich farmers many times the \$125 average and the mass of small destitute farmers will get much less.

SMALL DOLE IS MAXIMUM POSSIBLE

Small as the \$150,000,000 is, it is the maximum possible under the farm bill act, since the Department of Agriculture has calculated it on the basis of the "maximum processing tax under the law" 30 cents a bushel.

In commenting on the new regulations Secretary Wallace stated that the farmers should begin to "produce, for a change, for the market that actually exists." This means that the Roosevelt program has the perspective of continuing the starvation and misery of the 17,000,000 unemployed, since they do not constitute an "existing market" in the eyes of the new deal.

In order to make the new law acceptable to the American working people the Department of Agriculture is going to great pains to prove that the tax will not be passed on to them.

"For example," said George Peek Administrator of the bill, "in the pre-war period of 1909-1913, hard winter wheat was selling at 95 cents a bushel at Kansas City, flour sold for \$4.38 a barrel, and the retail price of bread was six cents per pound.

"But in 1932 wheat at Kansas City was 46.9 cents a bushel, and flour was \$3.85 a barrel, bread sold at 6.7 cents a pound.

"In other words, while wheat prices fell more than 50 per cent, bread prices rose 10 per cent."

"Such a spread suggests," according to Peek, "that at least part of the processing charge should be absorbed in the spread between the producer and consumer."

TRUSTS WILL PASS TAX TO CONSUMERS

Such a spread suggests nothing of the kind. His own figures proved that the milling and baking trusts raised their prices to the working people while the farmers got less for their products. It also suggests that the millers and the bakers will pass on to the workers not only the tax on flour but as much more as possible.

This will cut the purchasing power of the working people to even fewer loaves of bread, fewer bushels of wheat. The surplus will continue to grow, driving the price to the farmer still lower.

HOOVER'S EXPORT PROGRAM

The Adjustment Administration has given out no details as to its intentions in regard to the present surplus of over 300,000,000 bushels. It will try to "facilitate exports" by methods not in conflict with existing agreements.

This is nothing more than the same slogans of the Hoover administration which failed so miserably.

Each state, county, and farm will be given an allotment based on the production of the preceding years. To carry through the program the farmers in each county will be organized into a county association, with a director. The expenses of this organization will

HOOVER AGENT IS SELECTED FOR FARM RELIEF JOB

Washington, D. C., June 21.—A For-Hoover man has been drawn into the work of farm relief under the new deal. This addition to the farmers' saviors is Carroll W. Dunning who will be executive assistant to Gen. William L. Westervelt, chief of the processing and marketing division of the Agricultural Adjustment Administration.

In 1920 Dunning was assistant to the general sales manager of the Ford Motor Company, handling tractor sales to the American farmers. From 1926 to 1930 he was sales manager and assistant general manager of the Ford Co. in Germany and Central Europe. Before the war he served in the Department of Agriculture and since 1931 he has been associated with the Department of Commerce.

ROOSEVELT SIGNS INDUSTRY BILL



Wage cuts, speed-up, trustification of industry, and higher prices to consumers are provided for in the new Industrial Recovery Act recently signed by Roosevelt. Instead of industrial recovery the bill means a concerted attack on the working people to maintain capitalist profits.

Washington, D. C., June 20.—

Big capitalists and misleaders of labor have been organized by General Hugh S. Johnson, administrator of the National Recovery Act, to put over this piece of anti-working class legislation.

Among the big capitalists chosen for the Industrial Recovery Board by Secretary of Commerce Roper are:

Alfred Finch, president Thomasville Chair Co.

Edward N. Hurley, chairman of Hurley Machine Company.

Louis Kirstein, vice president William Filene's Sons Company,

others chosen by Secretary of Labor, Perkins:

Dr. Leo Wolman, economist, of Columbia University, chairman.

John Frey, Metal Trades Department, American Federation of Labor.

Joseph Franklin, president International Boilermakers Union.

William H. Green, president of the American Federation of Labor.

Sidney Hillman, president Amalgamated Clothing Workers.

Father Francis Haas, Catholic Welfare Council.

Ros Schneiderman, secretary of Woman's Trades Union League.

Mr. and Mrs. Lloyd Deck and children returned Monday from Beach, N. D., where they had been visiting at the home of Mrs. Deck's parents.

Mrs. John Wunderlich was a Plentywood shopper Monday.

A large crowd attended the shower given for Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Klofstad Sunday.

Klofstad was formerly Alice Hanson.

Mrs. Snuggins left Wednesday for Daniels county where she will take subscriptions for the Producers News.

Mr. and Mrs. George McHenry and son, Mr. and Mrs. Alfred McHenry and family, Mr. and Mrs. Henry Lee and family and Mr. and Mrs. John Gunderson and family from the north Outlook country attended the U. L. P. picnic at Art Wank's Wednesday.

All report a good time.

Mr. and Mrs. John Emilson and Mr. and Mrs. Adolph Hark and family attended a party at Herb Bliet's north of Raymond Sunday.

Montana Cramer spent several days last week visiting her friend Mildred Torkie at Raymond.

Clarence Boe and Ransom Cosper were Plentywood visitors on Monday.

The Lutheran ladies aid at Carl Wollan's Sunday afternoon was well attended.

Pete Wagnild and family were Plentywood visitors Monday.

Mr. and Mrs. Carl Wollan and Mr. and Mrs. Earl Cooper were supper guests at the John Emilson home Monday night.

Mr. and Mrs. Alfred Bakke returned the first of the week from Great Falls. They were accompanied by the Misses Irene Bakke, Margaret Simonett and Minnie Engler who will spend their vacation with relatives and friends.

The girls are all in training at a hospital there.

Jack Nelson and son Wallace and Johnnie Ladd returned Thursday from Idaho and Washington. They were well pleased with the West.

Mr. and Mrs. Chas Ross were Plentywood callers Monday.

A large crowd attended the ball game north of Outlook Sunday.

be paid by the farmers out of their share of the tax.

MAY DESTROY HALF OF COTTON

In Order to Participate in Program Cotton Farmers Must Agree to Withdraw Between 25 and 50 Per Cent of Present Cotton Acreage

HOLD "COTTON WEEK" TO FOOL FARMERS

New Deal Administration Leave Tenants to Mercy of Rich Landowners; Tenants' Crops Will Be Destroyed While Payment Goes to Rich Operators

Washington, D. C., June 26.—"The Department of Agriculture feels that it is desirable that a substantial portion of this year's cotton production be eliminated."

With these words Secretary of Agriculture, Wallace, introduced the program of cutting cotton production in the United States.

During the week beginning today, "Cotton Week," the Department of Agriculture is going to try to convince 2,000,000 cotton farmers that this plan is going to help them.

AIDED BY BUSINESS MEN

The government is going to be aided in this attempt by "leading farmers" (meaning rich farmers and landlords—Ed) and businessmen who will address meetings of farmers called by the agents of the Department of Agriculture.

There are two plans offered the farmers: The first plan provides for a cash payment ranging from \$7 an acre for the 100-pound to \$20 an acre for the highest yield land producing 275 pounds or more to the acre.

The second plan is similar to the first with the exception that the payments range from \$6 an acre for the 100-pound to \$12 an acre for the land producing 275 pounds or more to the acre. The difference in this part of the plans is supposed to be compensated for by involving the farmers in speculating with Government owned cotton.

DEPENDS ON CROP DESTRUCTION

The above payments are on the acreage that farmer withdraws from cultivation. Under the second plan in addition to getting this payment the farmer also gets an option to buy Government owned cotton at 6 cents a pound to May 1, 1934, to the amount that he is withdrawing from cultivation.

Under this program up to 10,000,000 acres may be retired from production this year. Ten million acres of this year's crop will be destroyed while millions of the workers and farmers must go ragged because they cannot get decent clothes.

No farmer will be allowed to participate in this plan unless he agrees to cut his crop this year from 25 to 50 per cent.

In order to provide for the payments to be made for cutting acreage the Secretary of Agriculture is going to levy a sales tax on cotton. How much has not been decided. This will be passed on to the working people by the textile manufacturers.

The processing tax on cotton is to go into effect on August 1.

The Roosevelt administration is trying to make it appear as though the cotton farmers are the ones to decide their own fate. In a preface to a pamphlet on the cotton plan Roosevelt has stated that "This program for the cotton producer essentially places the responsibility upon the individual farmer. He and he alone, will in the last analysis, determine whether it shall succeed."

SPECULATOR DREW UP PLAN

Nothing could be more false. The farmers had nothing to say about the farm relief bill. The guiding spirit in its formulation was Bernard Baruch, Wall Street speculator, Roosevelt adviser, and now acting Secretary of State. The farmers want a decent price for their cotton. What the Roosevelt administration is giving them is a cut in acreage. The farmers are not even going to decide whether the plan should become operative. This will be decided by Secretary of Agriculture, Wallace.

The bill makes absolutely no provision for the protection of the tenant farmers in the south. The big operators, who also speculate in cotton on the exchanges, will decide to cut acreage—the acreage of their tenants, into which the latter have put a whole spring of toil. The tenants will lose this crop.

ROOSEVELT OFFERS ADVICE

The only relief the Roosevelt administration can give these impoverished Negro and white tenants is some legal advice as to how they are going to be robbed.

"The test as to who may make contracts (AND COLLECT THE GOVERNMENT PAYMENTS—Ed.) is the legal ownership of the crop. Agreements by operators and their tenants are EXPECTED to provide for a division of the payments in proportion to their interest in the crop."

With this pious wish the Roosevelt administration leaves the destitute tenant farmers to the tender mercies of the exploiting landlords.

LEAGUE PROGRAM

Distribute the new United Farmers League program to your neighbors. For 25 or more, four cents each; for 100 or more, three cents each, plus postage. Order them now.



German Peasants Demand Results

Zurich, Switzerland, June 6.—The "Volksrecht" reports that there is growing dissatisfaction among Hitler's supporters, especially among the peasants who demand that a beginning should be made at last to put the famous fascist farm program into operation.

Discontent in Hitler Ranks

It is reported that 3,570 Hitler Storm Troopers were expelled from the organization between May 1 and 25 for "want of political reliability." When the leader of the storm troops attempted to read the names of those expelled at a meeting of the organization in Berlin he was stopped by the singing of the "International." It was sung until the leader and his detachment were forced to leave the place. Then a resolution was unanimously adopted in which the members declared their solidarity with those expelled.

Thousands of Japanese Killed in Manchuria

Tokio, June 5.—According to a report from the Japanese war department the Japanese army has had 2,897 killed and 8,483 wounded since the beginning of the war in Manchuria. According to periodic reports which have been issued from time to time the official reports do not give the total casualties by any means.

Canadian Workers Got to Soviet Union

Stockholm, June 5.—A few days ago a steamer arrived in Goteborg with a group of 43 Finnish Canadian workers who are going to the Soviet Union by way of Sweden. Most of these workers took part in the Finnish revolution of 1918 and had to flee to Canada. They are glad to get away from the misery of unemployment in Canada.

Fascists Fire Socialist Misleader

Berlin, June 3.—When the fascists took over the Berlin Metal Workers Union they put in charge Max Ulrich a Socialist union leader. Now that they have no further use for this anti-communist misleader they have fired him.

Trinidad Workers Demand Relief

Port of Spain, Trinidad, West Indies, June 24.—When a large group of unemployed women marched to the government buildings here yesterday the governor was forced to agree to receive a delegation tomorrow. The unemployed carried banners containing slogans such as "Stop the depression, restrict rents. We want work, not promises."

War Preparations in Australia

Canberra, Australia, June 20.—Sir George Pearce, Minister of Defense is conferring with the British War Office concerning increased armaments for Australia. The government plans to spend 1,000,000 pounds for the air force and for mechanizing war transportation.

Brutal Sentences in Bulgaria

Sofia, Bulgaria, June 6.—Yesterday the Military Court of Tatar Pazardjik sentenced one soldier to death. Two workers were sentenced to from 7 to 12 years each.

Trade War Intensified by France

Paris, June 20.—The government has just introduced a bill which provides for tariff increases on over 100 products which are imported from Germany. Since these articles are also imported from the United States, U. S. imports will also be hit. This shows the hypocrisy of the tariff truce that was recently adopted by the capitalist countries.

British Attack Japanese Trade

Tokyo, June 20.—The British Federated Malay States have struck another blow in the British Japanese trade war by raising the tariff on products imported from Japan by 30 to 80 per cent. The Japanese Consul General, Tamura, at Singapore has been instructed by the Japanese government to protest the increase.

Student Militancy in Honduras

Managua, Nicaragua, June 20.—The Law School at Tegucigalpa, Honduras, has been closed by President Carrias because of the developing revolutionary sentiment among the students there.

Try Crush Militancy in Turkey

Angora, Turkey.—Under a new terrorism law voted by Parliament any persons "forming an association whose purpose is . . . the establishment of the sovereignty of any one social class, or the dissemination of propaganda against the national interests" will be sentenced to 5 to 10 years in jail. This and other parts of the law are directed mainly against the working class which is developing in militancy.

Austrian Loan Against Hitler

London, June 15.—Austria has received a loan of \$40,000,000 from Great Britain, France, and Italy, in an attempt to stabilize its financial conditions. The imperialists are making the loan in order to have in Austria a weapon against Hitler.

Al Capone Methods By Fascists

Berlin, June 17.—The National Socialist (fascist) storm detachments are continuing their racketeering methods to keep the party treasury full. Businessmen are asked for "voluntary" contributions. If they do not contribute sufficiently they are subject to gangster raids by the fascists.