

GIN BINGHAM PROBE TO-DAY

Will Investigate Charges Made Against Commissioner by Justice Gaynor.

EXAMINE ALL IN DUFFY CASE

Promises Immediate Removal of Police Head if Accusations Are Substantiated.

Mayor McClellan will investigate Justice Gaynor's charges against Police Commissioner Bingham to-day. For the first time since...

POLICEMEN TO TESTIFY

The Police Commissioner was ordered last night to have three or four witnesses who were concerned in the various cases of young Duffy appear before him to-day. These men will be asked separately and asked to tell...

WORKING IN MANHOLE KILLED BY CAR

Stephen Campbell, twenty-two years of age, a motorman, living at 549 West 23d street, is under a technical charge of criminal negligence to-day. He was run down and killed by James J. Regan, thirty-eight, while the latter was working in a manhole between surface tracks at Broadway and West 23d street.

WOMAN ENDS LIFE BECAUSE OF CANCER

After dependent by the knowledge that she had an incurable cancer, Mrs. Ethel Dosza, thirty-five years of age, of 216 East 13th street, wife of Charles Dosza, one of the editors of the Hungarian Post, is dead to-day, having committed suicide by inhaling cyanide gas at her home. She conveyed the gas to her mouth by means of a rubber tube which she put to her face with a hair ribbon. When her husband came home he found the doors locked and, upon breaking in, saw his wife dead.

DELAY GOLDBERG CASE

The case of Louis Goldberg, financial secretary of Branch 2, of the 23d Street District of Local Kings of Labor, Socialist party, who was arrested carrying a red flag in the May Day demonstration and which charge was changed to parading without a permit, was again postponed at New York Avenue Police Court this morning. The date of trial was set for June 7.

WHAT IS PATRIOTISM?

Gruff old Samuel Johnson defined patriotism as "the last refuge of a scoundrel." Was he right? The class in this, as well as every other country, most blatant in declaring their patriotism are the ruling classes—the people of property. But when war comes they show their intense patriotism by letting the working class fight their battles, and in selling off rotten food and rotten supplies for the use of the very armies fighting for their interests. The kind of patriotism our proprietorial classes have shown in this country is fully set forth, in a crushing array of facts, by Gustavus Myers in his "History of the Great American Fortunes," running serially in The Call every Saturday.

MAN FOUND SLAIN

Woman Discovers Body Which Later Disappears—Victim Unknown.

A murder, supposed to have been committed last Sunday scarcely two hundred feet from John D. Rockefeller's duck farm, near Tarrytown, and close to the edge of his estate at Pocantico Hills, is being investigated by the police to-day. The victim was a man whose identity is unknown. His body, though discovered, is now missing. There is absolutely no clew to who or how he was slain. Mrs. A. Tophit, who lives near the duck farm, made the discovery. She was driving to town when she saw the body lying at the edge of the road. She jumped out and found that two deep wounds had been inflicted in the man's head. She also noticed red stains just above the head.

GIRL FIGHTS RUFFIAN

Rescued by Policeman After Ankle Is Broken.

While hurrying to her home at 1263 68th street, Brooklyn, Miss Sadie Smith was attacked by a muscular young man under a gas lamp on 69th street, near Thirteenth avenue, just before 1 o'clock this morning. Miss Smith battled with her assailant, who kicked her when she began screaming. "It is a lonely section and her cries brought no aid. She struck the man repeatedly in the face and forced him to loosen his grip on her throat. She ran toward Thirteenth avenue, but the man overtook her after a short chase. The fight was renewed, but the girl's strength was exhausted. In her first encounter her right ankle had been broken. Her assailant struck her, felling her to the pavement. The girl had not ceased her screams, which were heard by Patrolman Coffey, of the Bath Beach station. When he appeared the man fled, but the policeman caught a man at 52d street, and Miss Smith identified him as her assailant. At the police station the prisoner said he was Ward Leiri, of 65th street and Thirteenth avenue. He was locked up, charged with felonious assault.

HOLY GHOSTER CALLS ON GOD; GETS FINED

While haranguing a crowd of whites and blacks, who had gathered to watch him try to force an entrance into the house at 328 West 37th street by means of a ground floor window this morning, Robert L. Kent, forty years old, reported a member of the Holy Ghosters and a frequent worshiper at the negro mission at 325 West 41st street, was arrested by Patrolman Hiavac and Watson, of the 37th street station. When taken into custody Kent struck at Hiavac repeatedly with a heavy cane. Being disarmed he was taken to the police station, calling loudly for Divine protection. When arraigned later in Night Court, he told Magistrate Cornell that 328 West 37th street was his home and he had a right to enter. The detective stated that Kent had been dispossessed a month ago. Magistrate Cornell fined him \$2. He is locked up, as he had no money.

DYING FROM FALL

Peter P. Haffery, sixty-five years old, of 2374 Eighth avenue, is dying in the Harlem Hospital from the effects of injuries sustained by walking out of a window while he was asleep early to-day. Haffery's room was on the third story, and he fell a distance of about forty feet.

17 ARRESTED IN BAKER STRIKE

Bosses' Hired Toughs Attack Committee Who Agitated for Union Label.

Seventeen people were arraigned this morning in the Essex Market Court, charged with various "crimes," from disorderly conduct to interfering with an officer. The accused were picked up last night at the corner of Market and Madison streets, where the toughs hired by the boss bakers to guard the bake shops of that neighborhood attacked a committee who went to agitate for the union label. In the scramble that ensued hundreds of passersby took part, the police came and arrested those who were nearer at hand, among them being fourteen strangers and three bakers.

A plan to establish a co-operative bakery has been submitted to the East Side Retail Grocers' Association and practical work has already been started. The name of the bakery is to be the East Side Grocers' Co-operative Bakery and \$1,000 has already been collected to start it going. B. Wisniefsky, of 383 East 15th street, is treasurer and H. Herbert, of 101 St. Marks place and I. Slattinok, of 518 East 12th street are trustees. A silent partner, one holding a share, will be Local 100 of the bakers' union so that the grocers and bakers can work together in the interest of the strike. There are ten members of the Grocers' Association on the committee to look after the working of the bakery.

Money is still coming in for the support of the striking bakers. M. Ghisla, treasurer for the Committee of Fifty, reported that up to yesterday the money received reached \$1,133.75.

The agitation for the union label still continues. A mass meeting will be held at 62 Pitt street at which prominent speakers will urge the support of the union label. Several successful meetings of the same kind were held last night. Max Kirshenbaum, a striking baker, was attacked yesterday while he passed the bakery of M. Pechter, 68 Pitt street. He was so badly beaten up by toughs and several non-union workers, that he had to be removed to the hospital. This is the second time that Kirshenbaum was attacked by the same people at the same place. The first attack took place about ten days ago.

PLAN TO HELP UNIONS

Organize Woman Auxiliary to Buy Union-Made Goods Only.

A woman's auxiliary has been organized by the Bakers' and Confectionery Workers' International Union, for the purpose of strengthening the union by enlisting the support of the wives of workmen of various other unions. A committee of the Woman's Auxiliary will meet this afternoon at Labor Lyceum, 949 Wiloughby avenue, Brooklyn, and will be attended by the representatives of fourteen organizations. The purpose of this organization is to unite the purchasing power of the workmen and to spend every dollar for union-made goods. Women expend about 75 per cent of their household earnings and make up a patronage of no less than 250,000 customers in this city. Mrs. G. Ritter, who is secretary for the Woman's Auxiliary, when seen by a reporter of The Call had the following to say in support of the plan: "In Greater New York we find about 250,000 organized wage workers, each one of whom earns about \$300 per year. This makes a total spent of \$208,000,000. The A. F. of L. has a membership of 2,000,000 who earn \$1,600,000,000. All this is unorganized money, and all this money, with the exception of a small amount, is spent for necessities of life, food, clothing, etc. "If we organize the women in order to have the union-earned money spent for union-made goods, for goods bearing the union label, the consequence will be, that the non-union products will disappear from the market."

SUFFRAGETTES SCARE BRITISH LABOR FAKIR

LONDON, June 3.—John Burns, the renegade labor leader, who is president of the Local Government Board, had an exciting set-to with a group of suffragettes who tried to break up his speech in opening the first exhibition of the British Anti-Tuberculosis Association in Whitechapel. Shortly after Burns began speaking yesterday, the women began a demonstration. "Put them out!" cried the speaker, cutting short his address. One of the men in the audience objected to such discourtesy on the part of Burns, and the latter yelled: "Put him out, too! Put out anyone and everyone who interrupts this meeting!" Officers quickly suppressed the suffragettes. When "order" had been restored, Burns said: "I apologize to the East End for these vulgar creatures from the West End."

ARBITRATE R. R. STRIKE

WASHINGTON, June 3.—Chairman Knapp, of the Interstate Commerce Commission, and Dr. Charles P. Neill, Commissioner of Labor, mediators under the Erdman act, have returned from Atlanta, where they secured an absolute agreement between the Georgia Railroad and the striking firemen to arbitrate their troubles over the negro firemen. The A. F. of L. has a membership of 2,000,000 who earn \$1,600,000,000. All this is unorganized money, and all this money, with the exception of a small amount, is spent for necessities of life, food, clothing, etc. "If we organize the women in order to have the union-earned money spent for union-made goods, for goods bearing the union label, the consequence will be, that the non-union products will disappear from the market."

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SAY BANKER IS CONVICT

Man Nabbed in Georgia Swindle Is Wanted on Other Charges.

BAINBRIDGE, Ga., June 3.—Postal Inspectors Sutton and Bunnerman declare that A. D. Oliver, reputed "millionaire," now in jail here, really is Leroy C. Harding, who has served sentence in Ohio, and that he is an escaped convict from Mississippi. They say he is wanted by the Federal authorities also. His financial schemes of the past six months assounded this part of the state. The inspectors declare his real name is Charles Blazer and that, in addition to other alleged wrongdoings, he has four wives, all young and of good families—one each in Ohio, Mississippi and Alabama, and the fourth a girl of eighteen he married here two months ago. Harding escaped December 31 from the jail in Aberdeen, Miss. He had been convicted of swindling and sentenced to three years. A. D. Oliver suddenly appeared in Climax in January, and inaugurated what is called one of the most gigantic swindling schemes ever operated in Georgia. It resulted in his arrest, and that of Cashier Hall, of the Climax Bank, as an accomplice.

STRIKERS TIE UP MILLS

Italian Lumberman Not Bluffed By California Militia.

SISSON CALI, June 3.—Conditions at McCloud, where a thousand Italian lumbermen are on strike, are very serious to-day. Following their meeting yesterday the strikers marched in a body on the company's mills and all the scabs were driven out and the doors and windows smashed. The Sheriff and his deputies were outnumbered and did not interfere while the troops had not gone into camp. The American male residents of McCloud are guarding their property with rifles as the strikers continually parade the streets carrying banners. The Sacramento troop of cavalry has been assigned to patrol the McCloud Lumber Company's property while the infantry will be held in readiness to "preserve order" in the town proper. The companies of militia at Woodland and Colusa are being held in readiness to proceed to McCloud if it becomes necessary. President Queale, of the McCloud Lumber Company, arrived here to-day to see the Governor. He declared that his company intended to run their works their own way if they had to shut down for ten years to bring the strikers to terms. He declared that several assaults on the company's property have done much damage, for which he holds the sheriff responsible, declaring that he warned him some time ago his force was inadequate to "preserve order."

DOCTOR'S WIFE POISONED

CHICAGO, June 3.—A startling climax in the death of Mrs. Nora Cleminson and the arrest of her husband, Dr. Heldene Cleminson, charged with her murder, came early to-day when Dr. E. R. Le Count reported to Coroner Hoffman that a clinical analysis of the dead woman's stomach revealed that morphine caused her death. Another sensation was caused when detectives working on the case charged that Dr. Cleminson made desperate efforts to have his wife's body cremated immediately after her death. In addition to this Cleminson confessed that he had five "amfibits" at the time his wife died. Dr. Huldane Cleminson is a prisoner without bail on a formal charge of murder. The preliminary hearing is set for June 9. The doctor, it is said, is weakening rapidly under the "sweat box" ordeal at the hands of the police, and it is felt he is certain to tell soon all he knows about the death of his wife. His "confessions" are contradictory. At one time he charged that his wife was murdered and that five of her distant relatives were responsible. Later he attempted to explain that she may have ended her life by accident.

DEFY GOVERNMENT

French Union Men Will Not Lie Down. Socialist Victories.

PARIS, June 3.—Officers of the labor union recently formed by employees in the Department of Posts and Telegraphs announce to-day that they will pay no attention to the Attorney General, who decided Tuesday that the union was illegal, and must be dissolved within two weeks. The members of the union will carry the fight to the courts. In the meantime the workers are keeping up their political activity, as is shown by the marked increase in the votes cast for the Socialist candidates in recent bye elections for the Chamber of Deputies. In the 12th arrondissement of Paris, M. Fribourg, the Socialist candidate, although defeated, polled 4,810 votes on the first ballot as against 2,802 for the Socialists in 1906. In the second district of Boulogne in the North, M. Decluze, who ran as a labor Socialist after M. Degay, the regular candidate of the Socialist party, had refused to withdraw from the race, as he was ordered to do by the national congress of the party held at St. Etienne because of his occupying an important appointive position under the Clemenceau government, was elected by a vote of 14,443 against 178 for Degay. The other candidates had abandoned the field after the first ballot.

MOB LYNCHES NEGRO

Circus Employee Riddled With Bullets. Kentucky Governor Not Interested.

FRANKFORT, Ky., June 3.—Without sight and sound of the Governor's mansion, John Maxie, a negro, attached to Howe's circus, after escaping death at the hands of a mob of his own race, was taken from jail early to-day by a white mob and lynched from a bridge over the Kentucky River. Maxie was discovered by Bert C. Bower, of Wichita, Kan., superintendent of the laborers with the show, in the act of ripping the canvas, and when ordered to desist, turned on Bower and shot him in the abdomen. A mob of colored laborers from the circus at once attacked Maxie, when local officials succeeded in getting him away and placed him in jail. While further attempts at lynching were feared, nothing was done to prevent it, and at 1:30 A. M. a mob of white masked men surrounded the jail, took the negro from Jailer Bridges and escorted him to the bridge across the Kentucky River that separates North and South Frankfort. There, while the negro pleaded for his life, a rope was placed around his neck and as he was swung from over the beam of an electric light pole his body was riddled with bullets. Following the lynching, Governor Wilson, whose mansion was close enough to hear the shots fired, was called from bed by telephone and informed of the occurrence. He stated, however, that he could see no reason why he should be disturbed over a purely local affair. Bower, the white man who was shot, is probably fatally injured. He is a member of the Elks at Valdosta, Ga., his former home. Relatives attached to the circus are caring for him.

WRIGHT PREDICTS AIR TRIP ACROSS OCEAN

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PITTSFIELD CAR MEN WIN SHORT STRIKE

PITTSFIELD, Mass., June 2.—The Pittsfield Street Railway Company and the striking car men came to an agreement early to-day after an all-night conference, and the men went back to work at 5 o'clock. The company acceded to the two principal demands of the strikers—the one cent an hour wage increase and a straight ten-hour day, while the strikers withdrew three minor demands. The strike was inaugurated yesterday.

BIG FIRE IN STAATS ZEITUNG'S OFFICE

Fire starting at 3 o'clock this morning in the four-story building running through from 304 Washington street to 327 Fulton street, Brooklyn, and occupied by the Brooklyn office of the Staats Zeitung, was so dangerous for a time that two alarms were sent in for the engines. The fire was discovered when it had spread over the third floor. Before the arrival of the engines answering the first alarm, it had broken through the floor above and the roof, and valuable business property in the vicinity was in danger. It was put out after a loss of \$2,000.

WHITE WINGS OUT ON PARADE TO-DAY

Four thousand five hundred men and 2,000 horses connected with the Street Cleaning Department of New York City, take part to-day in the parade. Commissioner William H. Edwards, of the Street Cleaning Department, has donated a silver cup, which will be awarded to the borough making the best showing in general military appearance and observance of department regulations. Colonel Daniel Appleton, E. B. McAlpin, Inspector General, state of New York, and Major Frank Landon, act as judges. Deputy Commissioner Hogan has offered a silk banner to the district having the best kept stables. The head of the line form at 69th street and Fifth avenue, and from 59th street the parade will proceed down Fifth avenue, past the reviewing stand in Madison Square and to Washington Arch, where it will disband.

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PHILADELPHIA POLICE

(Continued from page 1.)

- 24th and Allegheny ave. 1
27th and Girard ave. 4
18th and Jackson sts. 20
46th and Woodland ave. 20
42nd and Haverford ave. 11
44th and Jefferson sts. 3
42d and Lancaster ave. 15
Total 153

Mass meetings will be held to-night in the car men's meeting places, as well as in Bricklayers' Hall, 707 North Broad street.

Traffic by way of foot and wagon grows heavier, and the outlook is bright for the street car men. No cars are running at night and are replaced by strikebreakers who are poorly patronized. The union's ranks are reinforced by desertions from among the old men who refused to come out at first.

Police officers are being kept busy by the subway men who they will join their comrades at the right time. Trouble occurred at Front and Dauphin streets at 6 o'clock last night. While a patrolman was at a nearby box telephoning to the police station that all was quiet in his district, a United States marine came out of a house near the car barn waving an American flag. Then he placed the Stars and Stripes on the track as he saw a car approaching and defied the motorman to run over it.

"Take that off the track," demanded the motorman, who was not in uniform.

"You run over me and your name is mud," retorted the marine. Shoving on the power, the motorman dashed over the flag, while a howl of rage went up from the crowd that had gathered.

"Kill the scab," yelled someone in the crowd, and at the same instant a pole caught the trolley rope and pulled the pole from the wire. The motorman sprang from the car and ran down the street, pursued by a crowd, who chased him to the car barn. Once the fugitive turned and threw the controller handle at the crowd, then he dashed on.

While some of the enraged citizens tried to catch the crew a crowd-directed attention to the car, which was lifted bodily and turned across the track, then the windows were shattered into a thousand pieces by a fusillade of stones. In a few moments the streets seemed to swarm with men, for the flag incident occurred as the mills were closing for the day. Then the policeman, who had a few moments before telephoned that all was quiet in his district, turned in a riot call; but there was nothing for the police to do except to clear the streets of the people.

The striking street car men themselves did not take part in the rioting. They were attending various meeting places of the union at that time.

BERGHOFF STILL SHIPPING SCABS

The 36th street scab agency of the Berghoff Service Bureau continues to engage and ship several hundred strikebreakers every day.

Reporters are excluded from the building at 103 East 36th street, where the scabs are herded, and the press representatives meet with a hostile reception.

A reporter of the Evening Call penetrated to the second floor of this building yesterday, however, and found the agent in charge calling loudly for motormen, while conductors, who are present in much larger numbers, are kept waiting.

The agent was surprised and angry when he found that a reporter had succeeded in entering the building, and refused all information.

"Will you state how many men were engaged to-day?" he was asked. "Now, we ain't got no use for youse reporters. Beat it! Take the elevator for Room 27 in the basement," he said sarcastically.

A number of the men engaged by the service bureau have formerly worked for Farley, and there seems to be some connection between the two strikebreaking organizations.

MITCHELL WAS NOT ASKED TO ARBITRATE

When asked by a reporter of The Evening Call whether he would act as arbitrator if requested to do so, John Mitchell said:

"I would like to do anything that would assist in settling the strike, but it would be improper for me to say whether I would act as an arbitrator before I have been asked."

Mr. Mitchell would not say whether the Civic Federation, of which he is secretary, intended to offer its services for arbitration or not.

Money spent with call advertisers is money well invested. It will not only secure your necessities, but will also insure the life of this paper through building up the advertising patronage.

TO ALL HARD SOLDIERS, Comb. Buckle, Ptn Makers, Mounters and Some Setters and all those who are working in this trade:

Brethren Workmen! After a long time of suffering from hard conditions of work and low wages, we organized a union in our trade to stand against the bosses and to protect our rights. Now we appeal to you in your own interest. Don't you feel your life of privations? Don't you see how the bosses do always take advantage of the circumstance that we are unorganized and are always cutting our wages. Therefore, Brethren, we think the time has come to change those conditions and to unite together in one organization that we should be able to resist against the bosses. Come to us, join our union, which counts already many members. We are asking you, Brethren, to attend the

MASS MEETING which will take place FRIDAY EVENING, JUNE 4, 1909, at 8 o'clock, 79-81 FORTY-SIXTH STREET, where well-known speakers will explain the importance of a workers' union. Fraternally, INDEPENDENT INTERNATIONAL UNION OF THE HARD SOLDIERING TRADE.

AGAINST FOREIGN RULE

Turks, Egyptians and Persians May Unite to Throw Off Domination.

CONSTANTINOPLE, June 2.—

Great enthusiasm among the Young Turks has been aroused by the cordial reception given by Sultan Mehmed V. to the Khedive of Egypt, who arrived here yesterday, and they assert that a general movement for the freeing of Turkey, Egypt and Persia from all European domination will soon be under way.

Rifaat Pasha declares that the Cretan question does not exist officially, no power having challenged the sovereignty of Turkey over the island. The inhabitants of the island maintain that they were confined provisionally to foreign troops and that after the evacuation of Turkey they will again assume the occupation of the island. It will not, however, be occupied militarily and the island will enjoy autonomy and will be allowed to recruit its own militia.

The Ottoman government, however, will not give way one iota if Greece should occupy it. On the other hand some reports say that an intense racial feeling has broken out against the Greeks in Turkey. Several Greeks have been killed, and the feeling is daily becoming more bitter.

REDS GO TO AUSTRALIA

Russian Revolutionists Flee From Cruelty of Czar's Secret Police.

SYDNEY, N. S. W., June 2.—According to a rumor in circulation here, disclosures regarding the admission of Russian revolutionists into Australia as political refugees show that the slayer of Father Gapon lived for a year in Melbourne and now has gone to Paris.

A refugee who has just arrived from Wellington, New Zealand, is Dr. Boranoff, a graduate of science and medicine of the universities of St. Petersburg, Dorpat and Berlin. He was sent to the mines in Siberia for being concerned in the publication of a newspaper.

He escaped to Switzerland and was rearrested in St. Petersburg on "Red Sunday," but again escaped to England, whence he worked his way as a fireman to New Zealand to shake off the Russian secret police. There are scores of Russian exiles and refugees in Australia at present.

BADLY BRUISED IN AUTO SMASH-UP

Frank Stories, of 207 West 88th street, chauffeur for Jacob Loewer, a brewer, of 163 West 87th street, has a wrecked auto on his hands to-day. While driving to his garage in Seventh avenue he turned west into 50th street and collided with the brougham driven by William Podmore, of 1129 First avenue, in which were seated Paul de Young, of the San Francisco Chronicle, and his wife and daughter, Miss Florence. The shock of the collision threw Podmore heavily to the ground, the fall bruising him badly. No one in the car was injured, and the chauffeur also escaped without hurt. The machine was badly damaged. No arrests were made.

EDITOR'S WIFE ENDS LIFE BY GAS

Karl Dorsa, of 316 East 13th street, editor of the American-Hungarian Post, is to-day under a physician's care, suffering from the shock caused by the suicide of his wife, Mrs. Ethel Dorsa, to whom he had been married but six months. On returning to his home on the first floor of the 13th street house, Dorsa found his wife motionless on the floor of their kitchen with a pillow under her head and the end of a gas tube between her lips. When Dr. Burke of Bellevue Hospital, told Dorsa that his wife was dead he became hysterical. Melancholia is thought to have been the cause of Mrs. Dorsa's suicide.

ENDS LIFE IN CELL

While suffering from a fit of remorse Hans Wanderer, a waiter, forty-two years old, of 425 West 31st street, hanged himself in a cell at the West 51st street police station early to-day. He had been drinking hard since the first of the year and on frequent occasions had beaten his wife.

You are at home when dealing at FRANK'S DEPARTMENT STORE, N. E. Cor. 53d St. & Ave. A. N. Y. ALWAYS SOMETHING NEW. We handle all union made merchandise.

MEMBERS OF THE Workingmen's Co-operative Publishing Association Publishers THE NEW YORK EVENING CALL are hereby invited to attend the REGULAR MEETING of the Workingmen's Co-operative Publishing Association to be held on Friday, June 4, 1909, at 8 P. M., at Pearl Hall, 475 Pearl St., Manhattan. Among the order of business is the election of a Board of Management postponed at the last meeting of the Association. The presence of every member of the Association is desired and required, and in the interest of THE CALL every member should attend. Comrades who are proposed for membership in the Association are requested to be present at the meeting and bring their party cards with them. Those residing out of town and who cannot attend the meeting should send their party cards to the Secretary, that they may be admitted to membership. Fraternally yours, J. GERBER, Secretary.

Fraas & Miller THE FURNITURE CENTER Broadway, Linden and Quincy Sts., Brooklyn.

New Baby Go-Carts The graceful 1909 models present many marked improvements. All the popular styles are represented in our line of Conveyance for Baby. Alwin Folding Go-Carts, with or without hoods. English Perambulators, all colors. 14.75 and upward. Reed Hood Go-Carts, 10.50 to 30.00. Pullman Sleepers and Collapsible Carts at all prices.

HELD AS BANDIT FOREIGN NOTES

MELBOURNE, June 2.—The Australian Premier, Mr. Fisher, having resigned office because of his defeat in Parliament, the Hon. Alfred Deakin, formerly Premier, has formed a new Cabinet. As follows: Premier, Alfred Deakin; Minister of Defense, Joseph Cook; Treasurer, Sir J. Forrest; Attorney General, Mr. Glynn; Postmaster General, Sir John Quick; Minister of Trade and Customs, Sir R. W. Bester; Minister of Home Affairs, Mr. Fuller; and Minister of External Affairs, Mr. Groom.

DENVER, June 2.—James Shelton, believed to be the fourth member of the band of robbers who recently held up the Overland Limited near Omaha, is in custody here to-day. Shelton, according to the police, came to Denver several days ago, and has been trying to raise funds for the defense of the three men now under arrest at Omaha.

Lillian Stevenson, who says she is Shelton's wife, was also arrested. Chief of Police Armstrong is positive she is the woman in the "automobile group photograph" found by the Omaha police and which was traced to a Denver gallery.

OMAHA, June 2.—D. W. Woods, Frederick Torgensen and C. Gordon, charged with being implicated in the Union Pacific hold-up on May 22, were partly identified by members of the train crew. The police have found the room here where Gordon and a man believed to be James Shelton, arrested in Denver, lived together.

WASHINGTON, June 2.—A dispatch to the State Department from Bogota says that the ministry has resigned. In the Congressional elections just held the Government was defeated. The three cornered treaty between Colombia, Panama and the United States is involved. The elections passed off quietly. The dispatch says further that President Reyes is leaving the capital and that Dr. Holguin has taken charge of the formation of a new ministry.

VICTORIA, B. C., June 2.—The exploring steamer Nimrod, which took Lieutenant Shackleton's expedition to the Antarctic, has sailed from Sydney to hoist the British flag on islands in the far south, according to a dispatch received here yesterday by the steamer Makura. Man has never set foot on Emerald, Nimrod or Doherty Island. It is said that their existence is doubtful.

MADRID, June 2.—An explosion of fire dam occurred in the Mosquetara, in the province of Oviedo, yesterday. Six miners were killed and several injured.

PARIS, June 2.—One million shares constitute the amount of United States Steel common which the syndicate formed by Morgan, Harjes & Co., of Paris, in conjunction with J. P. Morgan & Co., of New York, has arranged to list on the Bourse here.

CARACAS, June 2.—Up to date six cases of bubonic plague have been officially reported, in the new outbreak of the disease at this place, with three deaths.

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CZAR IS DARING; MAY SEE EUROPE

If Nothing Happens He Will Leave His Den Escorted by 48,000 Troops.

ST. PETERSBURG, June 2.—The Novoe Vremya says Emperor William and Emperor Nicholas will meet on the Finnish Gulf June 17. Emperor William will arrive on the imperial yacht Hohenzollern, and join the Russian imperial family. Shortly after the visit the Czar and his family will start on their summer cruise in the Finnish Archipelago.

The meeting, which, according to some reports, was proposed by the Czar, is taken to mean that Russia prefers an amicable arrangement with Germany to the doubtful issue of an antagonistic policy.

If Emperor William also meets President Fallieres, as it is reported from Berlin that he will do, the European situation may be regarded as entering upon a decidedly peaceful phase.

After meeting the German Emperor the Czar will go to Stockholm, probably on June 25.

He will then return to Peterhof, where during the early days of July he will receive King Frederick of Denmark.

His majesty will then go to Potlava to attend July 7 and 8, the celebration of the 20th anniversary of the battle of Potlava. Elaborate preparations are being taken to prevent tampering with the railway lines to Potlava. Forty-eight thousand troops will be stationed along the route during the journey.

Next he will go by sea to visit France, England and probably Italy. Next Saturday the Czar will preside at the dedication of the monument to Alexander III., erected at the end of the Nevski Prospect.

LONDON, June 2.—The papers here are commenting on the Czar's visit to European countries. When the question of an appropriate welcome came up in Stockholm recently in the Rikstag, the Czar was condemned by the thirty-five Socialist members, who insisted that his visit be entirely ignored.

The radical press and the Socialists in the Italian Chamber of Deputies vigorously protested against making any kind of demonstration in honor of the proposed visit of the Russian Emperor. All over Europe the Socialists have taken a similar attitude of contempt for the Czar, and for those who would do him honor.

The belief is expressed here that some of his proposed visits may be dropped, due to Terroristic activity. The fact that elaborate precautions are taken, and that 48,000 troops will be stationed on the road, they say, shows that activities of the "reds" are stronger than what is generally known by the "facts" which Russia allows to get into print.

NAPLES, June 2.—Though the Emperor of Russia does not contemplate a visit to Italy before the middle of July, the chief of the Russian secret service arrived here to-day to begin the arrangements for the safety of the Czar during his stay in Italy. It is reported that Maxim Gorky, the exiled Russian author, will be deported from his home on the island of Capri during the Czar's visit. Arrangements are being made for thousands of soldiers, police and detectives to guard the Czar throughout every mile of his coming journey.

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SEE THESE PRICES

For Thursday, Friday and Saturday, June 3, 4 and 5.

COCOA Walter Baker's Breakfast Half lb. can, Special . . 17c

CORN New York State Cream Corn, Reg. 10c can, Special, per can 7c

Lots of Green or Red Stamps

100 Stamps with one lb. Best 60c Tea

40 Stamps with one lb. Best 30c Coffee

SALT A large 5c bag Refined Table Salt, Special, per bag, 3c

PEARS Red Letter Brand, a large No. 3 can, in syrup. Special 10c

Thos. Roulston Grocery Stores All Over Brooklyn

LOCATE MRS. REED'S MISSING HUSBAND

The police of Manchester, N. H. are to-day keeping their eye on a man whom they believe to be Herbert C. Reed, the alleged Harvard law student who deserted his wife last Sunday while the couple were stopping at the Grand Union Hotel, New York City.

Mrs. Herbert C. Reed will to-day decide whether or not she will go to Manchester to identify the man now being watched by the police and believed to be her missing husband. A telegram from Deputy Superintendent Watts, of the Boston police, announced that a man thought to be Reed had been located in Manchester. Detectives Birmingham who had been working on the case advised her to go to her husband. Mrs. Reed said she would think it over. She seemed to fear that her husband was in danger of arrest. Manchester was requested not to let Reed get away.

STRETCHED HIMSELF INTO ACADEMY

ANNAPOLIS, June 2.—Llewellyn Welsh who will graduate from Naval Academy here on Friday, in line from any congratulations from his friends, Welsh, before he enters the academy, was obliged to stretch himself up to the required height. He will be No. 4 among the 175 picked men of his class.

Welsh had passed the mental examination and had an appointment as midshipman within his grasp, but it was found he was short of required height by an inch. He admitted himself to a specially constructed instrument similar to rack of inquisition days, and the pressure in his spinal column were pulled until he measured up to the full standard of an American midshipman.

MRS. VANDERBILT LOSES BRACELET

NEWPORT, R. I., June 2.—The authorities are to-day trying to solve the disappearance of a valuable diamond and sapphire bracelet, the property of Mrs. Reginald C. Vanderbilt and said to be one of her wedding gifts, which has just been reported as missing from her room at the Newport Hotel on Monday or Tuesday. A reward is offered for its return, though the amount of the latter has not been announced. The exact value of the bracelet is not known.

IMPORTANT TO CALL READERS! M. & A. KATZ, Department Store

831-833 3d Avenue, Near 51st Street. A CALL AND PURCHASE AT OUR STORE WILL HELP THE CAUSE. SAVE OUR COUPONS. THEY ARE EQUAL TO 4 P. C. DISCOUNT.

Grand Spring Outing SOCIALIST BAND SUNDAY, JUNE 6, 1909

At BIEWALDS PARK, BOWERY BAY HEIGHTS, L. I. Amusements—All Sorts. Take North Beach car from 34th or 55th St. Ferry to Ebbet ave; from there short walk to Park. COMRADES AND FRIENDS, DON'T FORGET YOUR BAND.

The Voice of the people is the MARGUS BROS. Deserve the good name which they have, because they give to every one who buys Clothing a chance to get the best ready made Suits and Overcoats for less money, save money when you buy your clothing MARGUS BROS. 121-123 Canal Street, Cor. Chrystie.

SOCIALIST NEWS OF THE DAY

All notices must be in this office by 10 o'clock of the day previous to publication. All meetings begin at 8 P. M., unless otherwise specified.

To-Night's Meetings.

MANHATTAN AND BRONX. Business. 113 A. D.—130 Henry street. Vote amendments to the local's by-laws. 114 A. D.—240 East 80th street. Meeting by Henry Harris, on the present status of the Workingman's party. 115 A. D.—112 East 104th street. Meeting by J. V. Shubert, on "The New Struggle."

Open Air. 116 A. D.—116th street and Lenox avenue. J. J. Shanahan and Edward Mason. City Convention Committee. The joint committee appointed by the locals of Greater New York to prepare for the city convention will hold a meeting to-night at the headquarters of Local New York, 239 East 9th street. Members are urged to be present.

Young People's Organization. The Council of the Young People's Socialist Federation meets at its headquarters, 293 East 3d street. All members should be present as important business will be transacted.

IRVINGTON. There will be a business meeting of the branch at the headquarters, Union street and Springfield avenue.

BROOKLYN. Business. 1st and 2d A. D.—477 Atlantic avenue. Open Air. 17th A. D.—Halsey street and Bedford avenue. Alex. Tropo and Mike Kerrigan.

NEWARK. Business. 8th and 14th Wards.—Greier's Hall, 137 Sixteenth avenue. 15th Ward.—Labor Lyceum, Eight-

centh avenue and 10th street. GLOVERSVILLE, N. Y. There will be a regular meeting of the local to-morrow night at the club-rooms, 24 South Main street.

NORTH CAROLINA.

The Socialists of Spencer at the municipal election have elected H. C. Bueck for Mayor, and C. A. Kneeburg and C. A. Sides for aldermen, thus leaving the council equally divided. The other two members being Democrats. This is the first wage workers' municipal administration in the state, and before the term, which is for two years, expires it is expected that the town will be a Socialist stronghold. The campaign was rather warm toward the close, particularly on election day, and by a shabby trick three Socialists were shut out. It was a proletarian ticket, was run as such and won out by more than a two-thirds majority.

GRAFT GROWS RICHER

Federal Report Shows How Commercial Parasites Skin the People.

(National Socialist Press Bureau.) WASHINGTON, June 2.—According to the annual report on wholesale prices just published by the Department of Commerce and Labor, wholesale prices have decreased on the average, during the last year, despite the fact that the consumer is paying more than ever for the necessities of life. The bulletin is quite exhaustive, covering the wholesale prices for 255 staple articles, and prices on the same for the nineteen years, 1890 to 1908. The average decrease in wholesale prices in 1908 over 1907—that year witnessing highest prices of the whole previous decade—was 5.2 per cent.

While the Republican party had been patting the "independent" farmer on the back and telling him that he is receiving a higher price for his products than ever before in the history of America, this official report gives the lie to the flattery. There was an actual decrease in the wholesale prices of farm products of 2.9 per cent in 1908 below the average for 1907. This was in spite of the fact that

food, most of which was these same farm products, increased 2.4 per cent. These remarkable figures show that there is an increase instead of a decrease in the graft of those engaged in the business of distributing commodities in the United States, in spite of the fact that immense improvements have been made in the method of distribution.

NEWARK TO CELEBRATE

Newark is going to celebrate the anniversary of The New York Evening Call with a big mass meeting in Columbia Hall, on Friday, June 4, at 8 P. M. This meeting is intended to afford both financial and moral support to The Call. Newark is wide-awake and declares that this meeting is to be a big success. The following well known speakers will address the meeting: Charles Edward Russell, Carrie W. Allen, Dr. Morris Kershot, Adolph Benev, Jacob Panken, and others.

Announcements

There will be a meeting of the Minute Men to-night at the Social Store, 25 St. Marks Place.

The Co-operative League will meet to-night at University Settlement building, Library room, 184 Eldridge street. Ged C. Streeter will talk on "Co-operation."

The students of Cooper Union will hold their commencement exercises to-night in the Cooper Union building, 9th street and Fourth avenue. This also happens to be the fiftieth anniversary of the existence of the institute.

CUBAN GOVERNMENT WILL HANG 'REBELS'

HAVANA, June 2.—The Supreme Court has confirmed the death sentence imposed by court martial against Sergeant Cortes and his son for leading a recent revolt among the rurales. The sentences will be executed unless President Gomez intervenes. Petitions are being circulated all over the island asking for a commutation of the death sentence imposed against the rebels of Taguayabou.

B. & O. MACHINISTS QUIT

Men in Cumberland Shops Go Out—May Order General Strike To-day.

BALTIMORE, Md., June 2.—All machinists in the big shops of the Baltimore & Ohio Railroad at Cumberland are on strike to-day, following a fruitless conference between the company's officials and representatives of the Machinists, Blacksmiths and Boiler Makers' unions. A strike over the entire system will, it is believed, be ordered to-day or to-morrow. The Baltimore, Ohio and Southwestern may also be involved. The company immediately arranged for strikebreakers, getting a number of expert machinists from the Baldwin Locomotive Works at Philadelphia, increased its private police force and placed 300 camp cars in the yards to be picketed with guards when the army of strikebreakers expected arrive.

The conference here ended without an agreement and no further meeting is scheduled. The chief issue is the piecework system. Here is a list of organizations that have started the ball a rolling: 1. Cigar-makers Union No. 149, Brooklyn. 2. Progressive Literary Aid Society, Brownsville. 3. 34th Assembly District, Socialist Party, New York. 4. Machinists' Progressive Lodge, No. 355, I. A. of M. 5. 6th A. D. Socialist Party, New York. 6. Local Tarrytown, New York, Socialist Party. 7. Local Syracuse, Socialist Party. 8. American Flint Glass Workers, Local No. 68, Brooklyn. 9. Manhattan Lodge, No. 403, I. A. of M. 10. Wood Carvers and Modelers' Association. 11. Brotherhood of Painters, Decorators and Paperhangers of Brownsville. 12. Workmen's Circle, Branch 11, Brownsville. 13. Bakery and Confectionery Workers' International Union of America, Local Union No. 15, Jersey City, N. J. 14. 23d A. D. Br. 2, Kings County, Socialist Party. 15. Woodcarvers of the Hayden Co., Rochester, N. Y. (88 per week). 16. Mercer County, N. J., Local Socialist Party. 17. Local Watertown, Socialist Party. 18. Jewish Socialist Branch of Chelsea. 19. Workmen's Circle, Br. 94, Stamford, Conn. 20. Bohemian Bakers, No. 22. 21. 15th A. D. Socialist Club, Brooklyn. 22. 22d Assembly District, Kings County, Socialist Party. 23. 20th Assembly District, Kings County, Socialist Party. 24. 26th Assembly District, Manhattan. 25. 8th Assembly District, Manhattan. 26. Local Dover, Socialist Party, Dover, N. J. 27. Suspender Makers' Union. 28. Employees of A. & E. Rosenbluth, Branch Wyckoff Heights. 29. Int. Arbeiter Unterstuetzung Verein. 30. Br. 14, W. S. D. B. I., Brooklyn. 31. Bakery and Confectionery Workers, No. 201, Philadelphia. 32. Workmen's Circle, Br. 49. 33. Frans Geran Maennerchor, Brooklyn. 34. 3d and 10th A. D., S. P., Manhattan. 35. Harrison Lodge 154, I. A. of M. 36. ? ? ? ? ? ? ?

THROWS HALF DOLLAR AWAY; ENDS LIFE

Nora Burke, the probation officer at the General Sessions, knows to-day why William Holdried failed to report to her as ordered. Holdried committed suicide by jumping from the 29th street ferryboat Bay Ridge. His body was not recovered. The Bay Ridge was about 800 feet from South Ferry on her way to South Brooklyn when the man supposed to be Holdried walked to the bow, stripped off his coat, threw a fifty cent piece on the deck, remarking that it was now of little use to him, and then dived overboard. The boat was stopped and there was a vain search for half an hour. In a pocket of the man's coat was a notebook, the cover of which bore the name and address, "William Holdried, of Woodmere, L. I." In the book was a probation card stating that William Holdried was on probation and should report to Nora Burke, probation officer, at the General Sessions Court at 7 o'clock on the night of June 2, 1908.

HUNGARIAN WORKERS MOVE GOVERNMENT

VIENNA, June 2.—The political sensation of the moment is the revelation by Herr Karl von Neray Horwath, known as the "Peacemaker of 1904," published in the "Festener Lloyd," to the effect that in Hungary an interim government has been formed to carry on affairs of state until such time as the reform voting laws have been carried through. There will then be a general election, which it will be the duty of the interim government to carry through, such government to be composed of three members of the party of independence and three nominated by the Crown. It is generally believed that the active campaign in favor of universal equal suffrage carried on by the Hungarian Socialists has brought about this crisis, and that Emperor Franz Joseph will be forced to grant many important electoral reforms in order to avoid an open revolt.

FRICK WANTS TO POOL COKE INTERESTS

PITTSBURGH, June 2.—Henry C. Frick is said to have made overtures to the promoters of the independent coke combination to pool interests. The proposition, it is said, was made to J. W. Bayleau, personal representative of J. V. Thompson. Mr. Thompson has taken the matter under consideration, and a final decision is looked for within ten days. As at present planned, the independent combination would be capitalized at about \$50,000,000, but should the Frick interests be included this capitalization probably would be increased to \$150,000,000. It is said that the desire of Mr. Frick to hold a controlling interest may impede negotiations.

ICE BATTERED SHIP SINKS OFF ST. JOHN'S

ST. JOHN'S, N. F., June 2.—The immense ice fields which blockade the Newfoundland coast and have crushed several small vessels and imprisoned transatlantic steamers have taken another victim in the fishing schooner "Souris Belle," of Western Bay. The schooner was battered by the ice and sank off St. Johns. The crew of eight took to the boats, one of which upset with two men in it, leaving them adrift on the floes. They were rescued by a tug. A search of the shore resulted in finding the remaining six men, exhausted and unable to move. They were carried to the tug and brought to this city, where they are being cared for to-day.

M'ADOO MAY GET HIS FRANCHISE TO-MORROW

On the written guarantee of the Public Service Commission that the McAdoo tunnel will not be allowed to interfere with the possible extension of the Steinway tunnel through 42d street, Comptroller Metcalf has withdrawn his opposition to the Grand Central Station extension and the special committee of the Board of Estimate voted unanimously to report it favorably. The chances are that the McAdoo franchise will be granted to-morrow. Frank Hedley, general manager for the Interborough, fought to the last for a specific declaration in the franchise itself barring the McAdoo tubes from the north half of 42d street.

REGISTER MAN FREE

LOS ANGELES, Cal., June 2.—Charles Barrel, held as a suspect in the killing of Laura Register, in Providence, R. I., has been released. The police decided that the bracelet he tried to sell did not belong to the murdered woman.

READ THIS

Do you want to do something big for The Call? Of course you do. Here is the way: If you are a member of a union, Socialist local or progressive organization, get up at the next meeting and move that the sum of \$1 per week for the next four months be donated to The Call.

It's not much to your organization, but it means a great deal to The Call. A few hundred organizations taking this action will insure the existence of The Call during the coming summer months when business is nearly at a standstill. Your organization probably gets a dollar's worth of space in The Call every week just by printing of notices and announcements. That's outside of the fact that The Call serves the cause of labor and liberty with the fidelity and loyalty that is unquestioned.

NEW YORK WAIST HOUSE

Largest Assortment of Ladies' Shirtwaists. FIVE STORES. JERSEY CITY. 346 CENTRAL AVENUE, opposite Lincoln Street. NEWARK. 681 BROAD STREET.

ARSENIC FOUND IN DEAD WOMAN'S BODY

GALESBURG, Ill., June 2.—Investigation into the mysterious circumstances surrounding the death of Mrs. Josephine C. Archer was begun to-day. Mrs. Archer died in Los Angeles, Cal., on January 2, and her husband shipped the body to Onondaga, near here, for burial. The cause of death was given as kidney trouble by a Los Angeles doctor. Daughters of Mrs. Archer, following a trip to California to settle up the estate, revealed the fact that at the time of her death, she was suing Archer for divorce on the ground of habitual drunkenness and non-support. The State's Attorney here ordered last Thursday that Mrs. Archer's body be exhumed, and it has just been announced by the chemist who made an examination of the corpse that there were traces of arsenical poison in the viscera.

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YOUTH SHOT IN SPINE IN SALOON ROW

Julius Frecault, eighteen years old, is in the Flower Hospital to-day with a bullet in his spine as the result of a row with Paul Kurth in Kurth's saloon, at 195 West End avenue. Kurth was cut in the face and in Roosevelt Hospital, where he is, the police his version of the disturbance. According to this, Frecault and five other men went into the saloon a week ago, became disorderly, made a showcase and had to be ejected by force. They returned last night and Kurth ordered them out. Frecault threw a bottle at the proprietor, and Kurth, anticipating serious trouble, took a blackjack and a revolver from behind his desk. The other men fled, but Frecault wrested the blackjack from Kurth and struck him in the face with it, whereupon Kurth fired.

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\$125.00 Worth of Valuable Articles to be Distributed Amongst our Readers. To make more Call readers patronize our advertisers—to induce more Call readers to regularly use Call Purchasers' League cards—to procure still larger returns to our advertisers and thereby secure more and larger advertisements for this paper, this is the object of the following offer. This plan has been approved by the most active workers of The Call and it is therefore hoped that it will find the interest it deserves.

Use your Call Purchasers' League Card. Secure one of these prizes.

First Prize, \$25.00—Man's or Woman's Clothing Credit Certificate to card or cards showing highest amount of purchases. Second Prize, \$15.00—Furniture Credit Certificate to card or cards showing second highest amount of purchases. Third Prize, \$10.00—Man's or Woman's Clothing Credit Certificate to card or cards showing third highest amount of purchases. Fourth Prize, \$5.00—Furniture Credit Certificate to card or cards showing fourth highest amount of purchases. Fifth Prize, \$3.00—Furniture Credit Certificate to card or cards showing fifth highest amount of purchases. Sixth Prize, \$2.00—Watch or Jewelry Credit Certificate to card or cards showing sixth highest amount of purchases. Seventh Prize, \$1.00—Dry Goods Credit Certificate to card or cards showing seventh highest amount of purchases. Eighth Prize, \$0.50—Dry Goods Credit Certificate to card or cards showing eighth highest amount of purchases. Ninth Prize, \$0.25—Gent's Furnishing Credit Certificate to card or cards showing ninth highest amount of purchases. Tenth Prize, \$0.15—Credit Certificate to card or cards showing tenth highest amount of purchases. Eleventh Prize, \$0.10—Dry Goods Credit Certificate to card or cards showing eleventh highest amount of purchases. Twelfth Prize, \$0.05—Hat Credit Certificate to card or cards showing twelfth highest amount of purchases. Thirteenth Prize, \$0.05—Shoe Credit Certificate to card or cards showing thirteenth highest amount of purchases. Fourteenth Prize, \$0.05—Hat Credit Certificate to card or cards showing fourteenth highest amount of purchases. Fifteenth Prize, \$0.05—Hat Credit Certificate to card or cards showing fifteenth highest amount of purchases. Sixteenth Prize, \$0.05—Shoe Credit Certificate to card or cards showing sixteenth highest amount of purchases. Seventeenth Prize, \$0.05—Shoe Credit Certificate to card or cards showing seventeenth highest amount of purchases. The credit certificates will be made out and forwarded to the winners, who, upon receipt, may go to the store mentioned thereon, pick out any kind of goods to the amount designated on the certificate and then hand same to the salesman as payment instead of cash. The credit certificate will be accepted without the asking of any questions. Needless to say, The Call will patronize its own advertisers and all certificates will be made out on such stores as advertise in The Call during the period the contest is in progress. We urge all our readers to enter their contest at once. Do not hesitate to do so for fear that The Call will be the loser, for this is not the case. We are bound to get more profitable advertising if you and all other Call readers will push this contest and help make it a grand success.

CONDITIONS OF THE CONTEST. The qualifications that entitle to the participation of this C. P. L. Prize Contest are easy for everyone. In a few words they are as follows: Buy of Call advertisers as much as possible. Get a new C. P. L. card and have entered thereon all purchases made at our advertisers who will patronize this paper during the period of this contest. Secure a sale slip or receipted bill also each time for every amount of \$1.00 or over. The special prize contest will begin May 20 and will close July 4. Only purchases made during that time will be counted in. The prizes will be awarded immediately afterwards by a committee to be elected for this purpose. In case of a tie for any of the prizes offered, a prize will be awarded to every one of the persons so tying. If you do not have a Call Purchasers' League Card in your possession, send for one to-day. Better yet, get a small number of them, to hand out to other Call readers and friends.

The Evening Call :: 442 Pearl Street, New York

DOINGS IN THE WORLD OF SPORTS

PASSING ALONG THE HIGH SIGN.

THIS IS WHAT THE PITCHER SEES.



Did you ever get a good line on the work of the catcher? For instance, the way he signals to the pitcher?

If he thinks the batter will go after a curve ball, or bite on it, as the players call it, he holds two fingers as shown in the photograph.

finger may mean a curve or a waste ball and vice versa. In addition the catcher has in his repertoire signals that tip off to the pitcher when to throw to first to catch a man napping; to the second baseman and shortstop, so they will act in concert to get a man asleep off second.

YANKEES TIGHTEN HOLD ON THIRD

Defeat the Browns Handily Before Small Crowd—Laporte Comes to Life.

On a slippery diamond, and in the presence of a select few, who were undaunted by the weather conditions, the Highlanders, on their return to the Hilltop yesterday, took the St. Louis Browns into camp by a score of 4 to 1 through the splendid pitching of Lake and the spirited hitting by the local outfield trio—Cres, Hemphill and Engle.

There have been many rumors in circulation to the effect that Manager Stallins is worried about the second base position. If Frank Laporte can keep up the pace he set yesterday, nobody need worry.

Erhardt's Cree was the man responsible for the Highlanders getting off to a fast start. After starting in the first inning he scented an opportunity to go to third on Hemphill's bunt in front of the plate.

KETCHEL PUTS AWAY CAPONI IN FOURTH

SCHENECTADY, N. Y., June 3.—Stanley Ketchel knocked out Tony Caponi here last night with a blow on the jaw in the fourth round of their scheduled ten-round bout.

It was evident from the first that Ketchel intended to take no chances and he went after his man hammer and tongs. He was aggressive in the extreme and his footwork was fast.

HOW THEY STAND

Table with columns for National League, American League, and Eastern League, listing teams and their records.

CHAT.

A dispatch from Berlin states that the International Council of the Olympic Games have decided to establish an international committee of judges for future contests, rather than leaving the awards to a committee from the country where the games are held.

If another country, that we need not mention, had not been so set on winning no matter which nation had the best men, a good many people would look toward the next Olympic with greater anticipation.

The beating that Hyland received from Nelson last Saturday has not harmed him in any way, for he is a demon for punishment, and the bugs will see a rattling good scrap.

Oh, You Mike! Batting average for the past week: Wagner, .400; Donlin, .000.

BASEBALL BY NIGHT IN CINCINNATI

CINCINNATI, June 3.—President "Garry" Herrmann, of the Reds, has arranged for the first trial of his pet scheme of after-dark baseball.

JOE MADDEN WINS \$30,000 BELMONT

S. C. Hildreth's Joe Madden easily took the \$30,000 Belmont at Belmont Park yesterday, when the Westchester Racing Association's meeting came to an end.

BROOKLYN PROTEST NOT ALLOWED

John Heydler, acting president of the National League, has dismissed the protest filed by Brooklyn in the game of May 15, won by Pittsburgh.

GRABBED STREETS ON ALLEGED FRANCHISE

That the New York Central Railroad, instead of owning in fee its land for a right of way along the Hudson River, passing between Spuyten Duyvil and 73d street, such properties as Riverside Drive and Fort Washington Park, can only show titles for part of the land, is the latest disclosure.

Moreover, wherever the Central comes into court as the owner in fee of any of this property, it can be compelled to open streets across its tracks and then pave and maintain them.

Red Ames. Times at bat, 15. Hits, 6. Ames knocked a home run once.

TOLD SLEUTHS WHERE LOOT WAS BURIED

JERSEY CITY, June 3.—Charles S. Sparkman, a fourteen-year-old negro, who says he is the son of a Methodist preacher at Dillon, S. C., is being held by the police to-day in connection with the theft of silverware and firearms, valued at \$700, from the private car of Daniel G. Reid, chairman of the Board of Directors of the Rock Island Railroad.

Detective Sergeants Rooney and Nugent, of the Jersey City Police Headquarters, were detailed to the case. Sparkman was seen acting suspiciously around the yards and was arrested.

CALL CENTURY CLUB

- 1. Robert Hunter. 2. Mrs. Robert Hunter. 3. J. M. Huber. 4. Morris Hillquit. 5. Workmen's Circle. 6. Local Kings County So. 7. Dr. Julius Halperin. 8. Will G. Lenker. 9. 23d Assembly District, Br. S. S. P. Kings County. 10. Rev. Elliot White, Worcester, Mass. 11. Rufus Weeks. 12. Alexander Irvine.

SUTTON REGAINS BILLIARD TITLE

George Sutton, master of the cue from Chicago, regained the 18.1 balk-line billiard crown from George F. Slosson, of New York, who captured the title from Sutton last March, in a 500-point world's championship match for a purse of \$1,000 in Madison Square Garden Concert Hall last night.

YANKEE HORSES SHOW FORM.

MANCHESTER, England, June 3.—American horses figured prominently in yesterday's racing here. Mr. Whitney's Perseus III, won the Castle Irwell handicap of 500 sovereigns. Mr. Keene's Wamba II, dispersed a field of six in a selling plate of 100 sovereigns.

MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS.

O. W. WUERTZ, PIANOS. 1055 Third Ave., near 90th St. and 222 Third Ave., near 124th St.

TRUSSMAKER.

HENRY FRAHME TRUSSMAKER

1499 3d Ave. Bet. 84th & 85th Sts. Trusses, Braces, Bandages, Elastic Stockings, Crutches, Suspensories. All stock guaranteed. Tel. 3333 79th St.

SEARCH GIRL STUDENTS

Bait to Catch Thief Fails and Young Women Undergo Indignity.

The parents of a number of girl students at Adelphi College, Brooklyn, are indignant over the treatment accorded the young women by officials of the school in their attempt to find a marked \$1 bill, the bait in a trap to catch a thief.

Several teachers and pupils have complained to Charles H. Levermore, president of the college, that small sums of money have been taken recently from their purses or the pockets of jackets hanging in lockers.

A marked \$1 bill was put in a pocketbook which was left on a table where this girl and several others were eating their luncheons. The bill disappeared. President Levermore told the students in a body that he intended to have the suspected girl searched.

Two teachers took her to Mr. Levermore's office, and while one swept and probed they made certain that the marked \$1 bill was not hidden in her clothes.

Then, the girls declared, Mr. Levermore said there was nothing left but to search every girl who was in the room when the pocketbook took wings.

HOSPITAL ATTENDANT BEAT INSANE PATIENT

MIDDLETOWN, N. Y., June 3.—Frank E. Creilly, an attendant at the State Insane Hospital, is under suspended sentence to-day, following his arraignment on a charge of assaulting Elliott Goodsell, a patient. Creilly at first pleaded not guilty and gave bail for his appearance for trial next Tuesday, but after a jury had been drawn to try the case he changed his plea to guilty.

It was charged that Goodsell was beaten with a cane in the hands of Creilly, but he was not severely injured.

COUNT ZEPPELIN WILL TRY AGAIN

BERLIN, June 3.—The Emperor has telegraphed to Count Zeppelin: "Congratulations on your remarkable return trip to Friedrichshafen, with the temporarily repaired airship, which proves the capacity of the rigid system. As I shall be absent from Berlin six weeks from now, I suggest that the Berlin trip be undertaken August 25."

In a dispatch to His Majesty the Emperor, Count Zeppelin said that in six weeks he hoped to be able to report to the Emperor at Berlin with his airship.

WANTED. A Socialist Companion

'Round the World with Wilschire. All Expenses and a Salary Paid. Red hot Socialist preferred. Write once for complete information. WILSHIRE'S MAGAZINE, Dept. 2, 300 William St., New York.

SURVIVES HIGH DIVE

ST. LOUIS, June 3.—Joseph P. of St. Louis dived ninety feet from the Eads Bridge to-day into the Mississippi River to win a wager. He was uninjured.

Advertisement for CALL ADVERTISERS' DIRECTORY. READ IT DAILY—BEFORE YOU SPEND YOUR MONEY. Rates for The Call Advertisers' Directory—One line for three consecutive months, \$7.50; each additional line at the same rate.

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MEN'S AND LADIES' FURNISHINGS. Union Label. Shirts, Collars, Underwear, Neckties, Suspenders, Hosiery, Overalls. Litholin collars, 25c. Cleaning Soap Free. Waiters' and Cooks' Outfit. Ladies' and Children's Hose and Underwear. Old-Fashioned and Nemo Corsets, Notions, Skirts and Muslin Underwear. SIG. KLEIN 50 and 52 3d AVENUE Near 10th STREET, NEW YORK. Open till 10 evenings. Mail orders filled. Telephone 4685 Stayman.

MANCHESTER, England, June 3.—American horses figured prominently in yesterday's racing here. Mr. Whitney's Perseus III, won the Castle Irwell handicap of 500 sovereigns. Mr. Keene's Wamba II, dispersed a field of six in a selling plate of 100 sovereigns. A Whitney filly by Broomstick, dam Belle of Troy, captured a selling plate for two-year-olds valued at 200 sovereigns. In addition to this good showing, a Whitney colt by Broomstick-Salle of Navarre was third in the Whitesantide Plate of 1,000 sovereigns for two-year-olds.

THE CAUSE OF HARD TIMES.
The working class of the United States cannot expect any remedy for its wrongs from the present ruling class or from the dominant parties. So long as a small number of individuals are permitted to control the sources of the nation's wealth for their private profit in competition with each other and for the exploitation of their fellow men, industrial depressions are bound to occur at certain intervals.—From the Socialist Platform.

THE NEW YORK EVENING CALL
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PATRIOTIC PLANTERS.

Owners of sugar plantations in Hawaii declare that it is impossible to get enough laborers to till their fields and ask the Territorial Board of Immigration to sanction the importation of two thousand families from Portugal or some other part of Europe.
Whether it be true or false that there is a shortage of laborers in Hawaii, it is a certain fact that there are millions of unemployed laborers in the United States, and that many thousands could be recruited on the Pacific Coast, within 2,500 miles of the islands, if a living wage and half-way decent treatment were offered them. The planters prefer to send to Portugal, fifteen thousand miles away, because they count that they will thus get cheaper, less organized, and more docile "hands" to pile up fortunes for them.
But the owners of Hawaii are very patriotic Americans, for all that. They say so themselves, and who should know better than they?

JUST SUPPOSE.

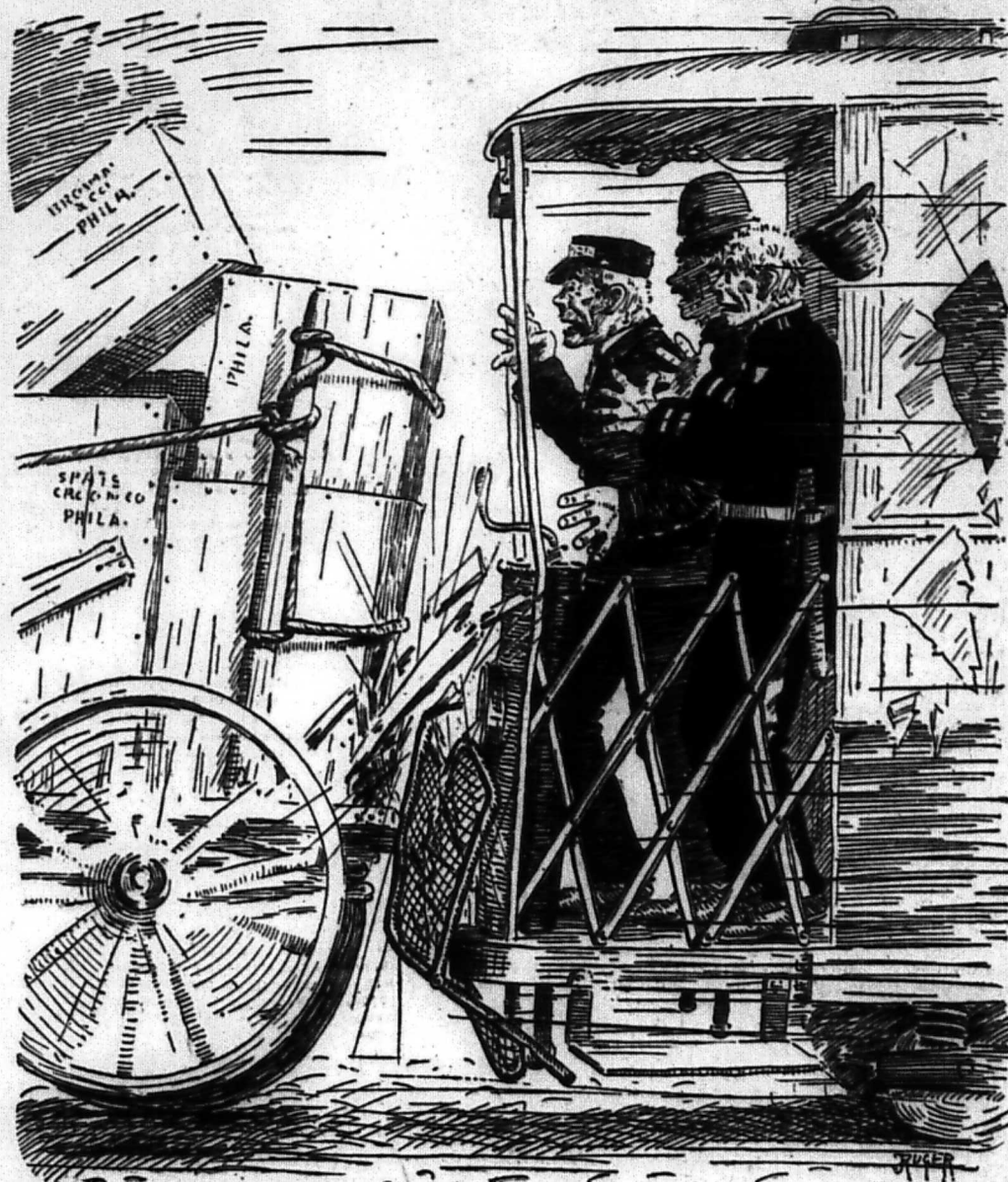
The Supreme Court of the United States is a merciful body—sometimes.
The Court had found six Tennessee men guilty of contempt for complicity in a lynching, and proposed to send them to jail forthwith. Counsel stated that one of the men was a saloonkeeper, that a prohibition law was about to go into effect, that unless the saloonkeeper were permitted to attend to his business and work off his stock before the law became effective he would sustain a heavy loss. The dignified judges smiled, held a short consultation, and obligingly put the case over till October and ordered the men released on recognizance bonds so that they could sell their whisky and pocket their profits.
Suppose a striking workman had been found guilty of using threats or violence in defiance of an injunction, and his counsel had asked that he be allowed to go free for a few months in order to provide for his wife and children. Just suppose.

BINGHAMISM.

However we may disagree with Judge Gaynor on economic and political questions, and whatever we may think of his public record as a whole—and it goes without saying that there is much in it which we cannot approve—it is to be said that he has done a real public service in his arraignment of Commissioner Bingham.
Binghamism is a synonym for lawlessness, brutality, corruption, and every anti-social tendency. It is the expression of the most destructive forces in our civilization. Where Binghamism prevails, crime is bound to flourish and political sincerity to decline. Binghamism is Czarism on a somewhat reduced scale, but without the traditional sanction which Nicholas can claim for his acts; and it is Czarism plus a hypocritical pretense of devotion to the republican institutions which it actually undermines and destroys.
Mayor McClellan will remove Bingham if public clamor becomes loud and general enough. He will not do it otherwise. For the brutal Commissioner is the natural friend and ally of the smooth and sneaking Mayor.

RACE AND CLASS.

The Conference on the Status of the American Negro held here this week has accomplished something if it has made any clearer, both to colored people and to their white sympathizers, the truth, too little recognized by either, that the so-called negro question is not simply a race question, but is much more a class question, having its origin, not in any physical or mental differences of white and black humans so much as in the simple economic fact that the blacks were slaves for generations and are now proletariat laborers on the lands owned by the descendants of the old slaveholding class.
In no other country of the world is the prejudice of whites against negroes so strong as in the United States. In no other country of the world are they the only race who have been held as chattel slaves. Nowhere else is a certain color of skin so associated with the past, and not very long past, status of slavery.
Moreover, it is a fact which any open-eyed observer can verify, that the bitterest "nigger haters," those who protest most savagely against "social equality," are just the elements of the white race in this country who have the least feeling of real racial antipathy. Their feeling is almost exactly the same as the feeling with which the old aristocrats of Europe regarded their enfranchised serfs—a feeling of class superiority, an eager desire to keep them in a subject position, a burning chagrin that they, the descendants of chattel slaves, should enjoy the substance or even the forms of freedom.
The negro question is a part of the class question. Its solution cannot be altogether independent of the solution of the labor problem. In proportion as that fact comes to be recognized by the colored people and by the white workers, we shall come nearer to a solution.



"OH, YOU SCAB!"

MR. ROOSEVELT AND THE SOCIALISTS.

By Robert Hunter.

The Outlook condemns the impetuous haste of the Socialists in attacking Mr. Roosevelt.
It is of the belief that we should have waited until Mr. Roosevelt's second article on "Where we can work with Socialists" appeared.
In this article Mr. Roosevelt declares that he and others can work with us atheists, free-lovers and moral degenerates, in trying to put a stop to child labor, in trying to decrease the hours of labor where they are excessive, in trying to put a stop to insanitary crowding, in trying to do away with unhealthy conditions in the various trades, and in trying to secure employers' liability for accidents.
Apparently these reforms appear so gigantic and momentous to Mr. Roosevelt as to require the aid of Socialists. But Mr. Roosevelt has no need to stoop to association with us in order to effect these reforms.

He has no need to contaminate himself with us moral delinquents in order to institute these humane measures.
The Republican party controls overwhelmingly our government. It has in its possession a majority of the states. It can do what it will.
Within a fortnight every one of these evils may be abolished if Mr. Roosevelt and the leaders of his party so desire.
The Socialists have not one man in Congress. They have no judges and few legislators.
No matter how much they desired, they could not pass a single law in any legislature in the country.
The Socialists of Wisconsin have introduced measures to abolish every one of these evils, and advanced Republicanism under the leadership of Senator Robert La Follette, have defeated them.
Trade unionists—Socialists and non-Socialists—have persuaded legislators in every Republican state to intro-

duce measures to abolish these evils, and the Republican party has in every instance used its power to kill these measures.
In what way, then, can the helpless and immoral Socialists aid Mr. Roosevelt and the great Republican party?
If Mr. Roosevelt will call in that thug, divekeeper and highwayman, Boss Cox, of Cincinnati, he can pass whatever law he wants in Ohio.
If Mr. Roosevelt will call in the lecherous and libidinous friends of his (of the type of Tom Platt and Matthew Quay) who dominate the Republican machine, he can obtain the passage of laws in all our states abolishing these evils.
The Parlor Socialists cannot help him. The Christian Socialists cannot help him. The Proletarian Socialists cannot help him.
There is no need of Mr. Roosevelt putting his pride in his pocket and working with atheists, free-lovers, and degenerates in order to institute these reforms.

LETTERS TO THE EDITOR

COLLECTIVISTS MAY ANSWER.
Editor of The Call:
When the majority of the members of a body styling themselves the "Collectivist Society," vote against the following resolution, viz.: "Resolved, That the most urgent measure for the welfare of the human race is the arousing of class consciousness in the working class," in heaven's name what is such a body, and for what purpose does it exist?
Collectivism is but a synonym for Socialism, hence it would naturally be presumed when one claims to be a Collectivist the one is a Socialist. But when the one virtually denies the fact of the class struggle being the base of Socialism, what kind of a hybrid can that one be?
In denying that the arousing of class consciousness is not important is a denial of there being a class struggle; hence, the worthy people who attended the recent dinner of the Collectivist Society, and who voted against the resolution referred to, demonstrated that they had not freely grasped the significance of the Socialist movement, and the writer can but conclude that they did more harm than good, as they distracted attention from the main issue, i. e., The Class Struggle, and respectfully suggest that they assume some other than the name of collectivists, ally themselves with some reform or other venture, and leave the task of the salvation of the working class to real Socialists.
E. S. EGERTON.
New York, May 20.

ROGERS AND GEORGE MEREDITH.

No doubt Mr. Rogers got a good deal out of life, one good item in his list being plenty of work. He had work enough to develop all there was in him, and that is a great thing. Of course, he might have had leisure if he had wanted it, but there was no sign of his having in him any valuable thing that leisure would have developed.
George Meredith, who died a day or two earlier, also worked pretty hard and got a good deal out of life. He had twelve years and much more leisure, and very much less money.
The financial world did not sustain any measurable loss in Mr. Meredith, but when the cable told of his death the news was put on the front pages of the papers and a great many people talked about it at dinner.
It is rather interesting to notice that, whereas we think of Mr. Rogers as the fall of the curtain on a serio-comic performance, we haven't that feeling at all about the career of Mr. Meredith. Material-minded and money-loving as this world is, it is still true that we do without affectation smile a little at money-makers as players at a game which after all is a game for grown-up children and not entirely wise, and pay the compliment of a graver and more respectful attention to the great workers in the field of knowledge and of truth—Life.

QUESTIONS & ANSWERS

I. G.—The steamer Smolensk arrived here on March 8, 1907.
R. S.—Write for your information to the German Consul, 11 Broadway, City.
Constant Reader.—1. You must take out your citizen's papers on the name you gave at Ellis Island; but you can, at the same time, make out an application for change of name. 2. If your father became a citizen before you were twenty-one you do not need your papers, as his naturalization made a citizen of you.
J. A. G.—The best collection in the Eastern States of New Hampshire and periodicals dealing with the Labor movement and Socialism is the Rand School Library, at 112 East 19th Street, New York City. The Astor Library in this city also has a very good collection of this sort, though it is not satisfactorily catalogued and made accessible. The best collections in the country are those of the John Creerer Library in Chicago, and of the University of Wisconsin.
H. G.—We cannot undertake to recommend any particular preparatory school or other private business institution. There are many of these preparatory schools, and their prices do not differ very greatly. Your friend might consult the business directory or the telephone book for the addresses of a number of such schools, write to each for circulars giving courses and terms, and so make his choice.
C. H. V.—1. The State Secretary of the Socialist party of New Hampshire is W. H. Wilkins, box 521, Claremont, Vermont. John M. Jewell, Freeport, Vermont; James F. Carey, 699 Washington Street, Boston. 2. For information about the Anti-Socialist write to the secretary of the Social Democratic party, H. W. Lee, Chandoa Hall, 21A Maiden Lane, Strand, London, E. C., England. 3. For the approximate membership of the Socialist party of Canada write to Secretary D. G. McKenzie, box 336, Vancouver, B. C. 4. The address of Justice is 37A Clerkenwell Green, London, E. C. 5. The Socialist Symposium in the Saturday Evening Post was in its issue of May 15.

WHEN DOCTORS DISAGREE.

Editor of The Call:
Professor William E. B. DuBois, of Atlanta University, Georgia, speaking at the National Negro Conference in New York City, May 31, said: "Other things being equal, the employer is forced to discharge the black man and hire the white man—public opinion demands it. . . . Under such circumstances there is nothing for the negro to do but to bribe the employer by underbidding his white fellow; to work not only for less money wages but for longer hours and under worse conditions."
Witness, the strike of the white locomotive firemen in Georgia to-day.

GETS IT COMING AND GOING.

"I should think it would be a great relief at night to get home and away from this ceaseless asking of questions," remarked the stranger. The bureau of information man smiled a wan smile. "It isn't much relief," he replied. "I'm the father of eight children."—Philadelphia Record.
Negro firemen get from 50 cents to \$1 a day less than the white firemen.
And yet the capitalist editors tell us that this strike has nothing to do with industrial conditions nor economic issues, but is purely a racial question. When doctors disagree, who can tell? EDWARD PERKINS CLARKE.
Rome, N. Y., June 1.

HADLEY ON SOCIALISM.

By Herbert Alger.

In the academic world, as everywhere else, the approaching advent of Socialism is parting the sheep from the goats, as has every other great social or intellectual movement when it became a perceptible force in human progress.
Harold Holce, writing in the Cosmopolitan Magazine under the sensational title "Blasting at the Rock of Ages," makes a remarkable collection of the utterances of American college professors who are breaking away from traditional phraseology and attempting, with sincere courage and with greater or less intelligence, the solution of the new problems of public and private ethics which new conditions present. The Socialist, who thinks of Socialism as fundamentally a movement of the working class, is likely to be astonished to find how many of these men of academic training and environment have wholly or in part accepted the Socialist view of things, or, in many cases, have worked their way to that view without even knowing that it is the Socialist view. There is no more reason now than there has been at any time in the past to suppose that the academic world as a whole will be opposed to the main current of contemporary progress. In every critical period of the world's history since a more or less segregated intellectual class arose, the conscious love of truth and the habit of intellectual honesty have prompted a considerable portion of that class, in spite of all the pressure brought to bear upon them by property interests, to ally themselves with the suffering and forward-moving classes. It was so in the era of the Reformation. It was so in the era of the French Revolution. It was so in the early days of the modern labor movement, when such men as Owen, Marx, Engels, Lassalle, Liebknecht and many others, who might have been expected to ride comfortably on the backs of the toilers, actually cast in their lot with the working class and gave it valuable service. We have no reason to doubt that it will continue to be so, and the news of the college world, both from the faculties and from the student bodies, gives daily support to our expectation.

On the other hand, just in proportion to the spread of daring and progressive thought in these circles, reactionism in the academic world becomes more active. To counter-balance a Giddings, a Dewey, a Ross, an Ely, and a Ward, we have an Eliot, a Laughlin, a Hadley. And the mental contortions which these professors resort to in order to make a semblance of scientific argument against Socialism are sometimes so funny that we can find it in our hearts to thank them for the pleasure they have unwittingly given us.
Here, for instance, is President Hadley, of Yale University, in the May number of the Circle Magazine, contributing to a symposium on Socialism and Capitalism, along with Mr. Gompers, Cleveland Moffett, Dr. Hirsch and Eugene V. Debs.
President Hadley's first great discovery is that "Socialism is not a creed nor a platform, but a way of looking at things."
But this is matched by another, which is that "The difference between the Socialist and the Industrialist is largely a matter of temperament."
That force which has mustered many millions of voters and so many tens of millions of others to whom the vote is denied all over the world, that force which has overthrown Parliaments, overthrown ministries and shaken thrones in the Old World, has within the last few years been admitted in American politics as well; that force which has exhausted all the resources of legal oppression and illegal persecution in a vain effort to suppress the force which has defied the Russian Czar and all his Cossacks and his men and has filled the world with wonder at its exhaustless vitality, that force keeps the capitalists devising alternate schemes of repression, of adroit calumny, and of perfidious espionage, and all in vain, that world-wide and ever growing force is just "a way of looking at things."
The Socialist movement exists nowhere until the modern capitalist system has arisen—the system of mass production by wage labor using other-driven machinery owned by others than the users and operated for the purpose of turning out commodities to be sold in the market for the profit of the non-producing owners. It is wherever that system appears that straightway Socialism appears as a result and its antagonist. Under monarchical and under republican forms of government, in the Old World and in the New, among white and colored races alike, wherever there comes to be a large proletariat wage working class and a small owning and employing class, there Socialism feels its way up. Socialism thought takes root and grows, and the Socialist movement is born and gathers strength, gathering under its banner working men and working women of every nationality, every age, every creed, together with a certain number of others drawn to them by moral and intellectual sympathy with the ideals by which this working class organization is inspired.
These things have been observed in Europe for sixty years or more. They have been observed in North America especially within the last generation. Still more recently they are to be observed in Japan and India and South Africa.
But President Hadley tells us that this movement, so plainly having its origin in a certain economic class, is so plainly disregarding all racial differences, is only "a way of looking at things" and that its origin is "largely a matter of temperament."
Truly, such a diagnosis is worthy of the gentleman who, a few years ago, gravely suggested that the problem of the trusts could be solved by a simple process of socially ostracizing the heads of "predatory" trusts.
The utterances of such puerility would be disheartening—amusing only if we did not know, as we do, that even in aristocratic Yale there are a large number of men, among the instructors and among the students, who laugh in their sleep, even though they may not think proper to laugh openly, at their president's vagaries.

HANFORD WRITES FOR THE CALL TO-MORROW

On this page to-morrow we shall publish a special article by Ben Hanford.
"There's Work for All" is the title, and the article is a masterly discussion of the question of unemployment, a crushing answer to those who say that workless men are to blame for their own sufferings, a stirring call to working men and women, employed and unemployed, to think clearly, to think together, to think and act for their common good, so that unwilling idleness and undeserved poverty and unearned riches and power—all three parts of the same big evil—may be done away with forever.
This is an article that should be read into the hands of every workman who is discontented with long hours, low wages, and uncertain employment, but who does not yet fully understand the Socialist explanation of these things nor know what to do to improve conditions.
Every Socialist reader of this page and every progressive Union Man who reads this paper, should buy at least two or three or half a dozen copies of to-morrow's issue and send them out to neighbors and shopmates.
Tell your newsdealer to-day that you want some extra copies to-morrow and then don't neglect to get them.

ON THE FIRING LINE.

By MONOSABIO.

The hearse of Louis XV. of France was pulled with mud by the people. If our masters keep on in this country the people may not wait until they are dead.
William Traverser Jerome will not need an act of legislature to change his name to Ichabod.
A man past forty, out of employment, stands a poor chance of getting a job; a man past fifty is like a last year's bird's nest, in the opinion of the capitalists. What is the remedy, oh army of the unemployed?
"Little girls wanted in factory; must work Sundays," is an advertisement to be found in the want columns of our highly moral capitalist dailies. Mother must have victims, and young and tender ones. Let us just imagine that the father or brothers of these little girls received the full product of their daily toil; would such disgraceful advertisements then pollute the columns of the press?
They had a toad up at the Bronx Zoological Park which was called Methusalem, because it was dug up out of a rock and geologists guessed its age must be a thousand years. This wonderful toad died shortly after his liberation of "too much freedom." It was jocosely observed. So it will be with all the lie-toads which our opponents dig up out of the rocks of capitalism. Slander and misrepresen-

tation, no matter how ancient, perish in the sunlight of Socialism.
The Sage Foundation investigators have found that \$800 a year will support a family of six in New York and \$900 means bare living. Yet many heads of such families receive per day? Evidently capitalism has by the throat and most of us are on an income less than a "living wage." What are you going to do about friends, Romans and countrymen? Vote for the old parties which squeeze you just another notch lower.
The advent of the automobile brought acutely what should have been served long ago—the necessity of playgrounds for children in the cities. Heretofore the greed for a patch of ground, on the part of business, has left no open spaces for the little ones, and they have had to play on the streets, dodging horses and cars as best they could. But the wagons and joy riders are too numerous for them and capitalism which gave them a thought finds it expensive and annoying, you see, to run them down. Hence, the ground movement, and also the setting aside certain streets for certain hours for children to play. And why not, when we rope off Broad Street, during game hours, for the curb gamblers? It means do what you can for the ones until Socialism comes to relief.

URGENT.
Lady—Will you send this rug on approval?
Salesman—Certainly, ma'am.
Little Girl (who is with her mother)—Hain't you better tell him to be sure and get it there on time, mamma? You know we give the party to-morrow night.—Life.
UNREMNERATIVE.
"Your art may be appreciated by posterity."
"Perhaps," answered the mercenary genius. "But that thought doesn't satisfy me. Posterity always insists on being a deadhead."—Washington Star.