

GRAFTERS FOR BUILDING CODE

Give McClellan Opportunity to Use Veto Power as Political Club Over Murphy.

The hearing before Mayor McClellan on the new building code, which was drawn up by the agents of Charles F. Murphy in the interest of the Hollow Tile Trust, came to an end late yesterday afternoon after two days of hot discussion.

The floor was thrown open yesterday morning to those in favor of the code, and all the friends of the National Fireproofing Company and the Tammany gang kept up a steady fire of eloquence in its defense. At times the hearing became farcical, and the speakers raised their voices instead of arguments. The entire affair resembled an amateur debating exercise more than a discussion on a vital municipal matter.

The men who rushed to the defense of the code were Daniel F. Cohan, grand sachem of Tammany Hall and confidential adviser of Charles F. Murphy; C. D. Myers, an architect, and John D. Moore, an expert engineer, who are members of the building code revision committee; Thomas B. Leahy, contractor and builder, who built the Waldorf-Astoria; Paul Starrett, president of the Fuller Construction Company; W. D. Henry, president of the National Fireproofing Company; E. V. Johnson, general manager, National Fireproofing Company; C. A. Bloomfield, representing New Jersey Clay Product Company, and a few attorneys representing other concerns who were directly interested in the adoption of the code.

A "Friend" of Labor. When Henry, the president of the Hollow Tile Trust, took the floor he told the Mayor that he was a "friend of labor" and that he employed union men. The National Fireproofing Company is the same company which had a strike last fall, after the election of 1908, in which the men demanded a continuation of wages from 90 cents to \$1.50 a day. During that strike at Henry's workmen were shot down by the militia, which Governor Fort was at the very beginning of the trouble.

But President Henry did not mention this strike, and the wages which the men were getting, "Your Honor," he said, "I am a friend of labor and I employ union men."

The stock arguments used were that "the provisions are wise," that "with this legislation" they will work for the best of the city, that "it is safety and not expense that should be considered," and that the fact that some concerns will be benefited by the code should "cut no ice." Henry also declared that his company was doing \$1,000,000 a year business, as was stated the day before by the opposition.

General Manager Johnson, of the National Fireproofing Company, made a long speech in which he told of the value of hollow tile and in which he advised that never, never should anything else be used.

"Do you think that cinder concrete should be used at all?" asked McClellan. "Not if you can get hollow tile," Johnson answered. He also submitted drawings to prove his contention on the value of his products and a schedule of rates from the insurance companies, purporting to show that the rate for hollow tile is 4 cents lower on every hundred dollars. This schedule, it was later developed, was a reprint of 1905 and is obsolete, and the drawing was not in proportion to the specifications of the code.



View of the McKees Rocks (Pa.) strikers waiting for the afternoon speeches by strike leaders or Socialists. Taken on Indian Mound especially for The Call by A. P. Meng.

WANTED TO GO TO JAIL

Jobless Man, Ill and Discouraged, Stole That He Might Find Rest.

Francis Graham, in his seventy-fifth year, and accused of grand larceny, said to Judge O'Sullivan in General Sessions: "I stole in order to get a place in which I might lie down and sleep and may be die. I am crippled with rheumatism, homeless and unable to work. I won't beg. I don't want to go to Blackwells Island. They make you break rocks there, and I am too feeble for that. So send me to Sing Sing."

Graham went on to relate that he went through the South Side procuring portables. The crate of canteloupes was \$5. That would be petty larceny, the Island. A statue of the Virgin at \$200 was too heavy to handle. At last on the sidewalk in front of an electric supply house in Murray street he found a little dynamo with a price tag of \$40. He picked it up and walked up and down before the store. In a quarter of an hour a clerk came out and passing Graham went around the corner. While Graham waited for him to come back the dynamo got so heavy that he had to set it down. Finally the clerk returned. Making quite sure that he was observed, Graham took up the dynamo and started away. Graham was arrested. He offered to plead guilty yesterday but the Court rejected the plea and turned him over to Superintendent Meeker, of the Bureau of Dependent Adults.

WOMAN 'WHITE SLAVER'

Helen Spencer Brought Back from Panama on Serious Charges.

New York Police are awaiting further news of the steamer Alliance, on which Helen Spencer is being brought back a prisoner from Panama to answer to the charge of conducting a gigantic traffic in "white slaves" between New York and the Canal Zone. A fragment of a wireless message picked up yesterday from the vessel, while she was off the North Carolina coast, states that the woman had made an attempt to kill herself, but gave no details and did not say whether she had been successful.

HE WAS A HUMAN SPHINX.

Beekman Spoke Not, So His Wife Sued Him for Divorce.

ASBURY PARK, July 22.—In the summer he would sit outside all day and never say a word; in the winter he sat in the house from dawn to nightfall, silent as a wooden man, burning the fuel his wife chopped. His intense silence finally got on the nerves of his wife, and she yesterday brought suit for divorce. Frank Beekman, the silent one, listened to yesterday's proceedings gloomily and made no remarks, seeming to take little interest in the proceedings. That he can talk was testified to by Mrs. Mary Eve, a witness who says that Beekman recently went to her home and asked for a piece of apple pie.

SAVED THE SACRED POTS.

Driven from their beds by flames in the steeple of St. Alphonsus' Church, at 310 and 312 Broadway, yesterday a score of Redemptionist Fathers rushed to the altar of the church and saved the sacred holy water pots. The fire originated in the candy factory of D. Arnould, at 355 Canal street, which was damaged to the extent of \$10,000. Several hundred persons were driven in a panic from the nearby tenements. Little damage was done to the church.

"HUNGER STRIKE" GOES

Half Dozen More Suffragettes Freed. Will Reveal Jail Scandals.

LONDON, July 22.—Emaciated and scarcely able to walk, six more of the suffragette prisoners at Holloway jail were to-day released as the result of their "hunger strike." The six were borne out through the streets by their cheering comrades, declaring that they will expose a grave scandal in connection with their imprisonment, and shouting encouragement to the remaining suffragette prisoners who are persisting in their refusal to eat the prison food.

The released suffragettes have enlisted the supporters of their movement in a plan to make public charges against the jailers at Holloway jail. It has been charged several times that the suffragettes attacked the women jailers and destroyed the furniture in their cells. The released prisoners today claim that these were only retaliatory measures to resent tortures which were inflicted upon them. They declare that they were wantonly beaten by wardresses in the jail, because of their refusal to eat. Several of the ex-prisoners profess to have been badly hurt in encounters with the jailers.

TWO STILL MISSING

Chinese Girls Can't Be Found—Fathers Won't Help.

If you happen to run across Moy You Toy or Chin Fung Toy and return them to their homes at 30 Mott street and 34 Mott street, respectively, Mr. and Mrs. Moy and Mr. and Mrs. Chin will feel very grateful. So will Police Captain Mike Galvin, of the Elizabeth street station, and Detectives Nammack and Brickley, who spent yesterday trying to find the two little Chinese girls, who went away together about 9 o'clock on Wednesday night with all of \$9 and something in their possession.

GET RID OF WITNESS

Ella Gingles to Be Sent to Ireland Despite Her Protest.

CHICAGO, July 22.—Ella Gingles, who was acquitted of larceny following a sensational trial here, next week will leave Chicago and return to her home in Larne, County Antrim, Ireland. This was decided last night at a conference in the office of Patrick H. O'Donnell by a number of persons interested in her welfare. The girl protested vigorously saying she desired to remain here and own a lace store. Mrs. Theodosia Bagshaw, who has been one of her supporters, will accompany her. The expenses of the trip will be paid by the Orangemen of Chicago.

ACCUSES EBBETS OF LARCENY.

Joseph Hart, the Comedian, Makes Charge Against Confidential Man.

James Ebbets, bookkeeper and all-around confidential man for Joseph Hart, the comedian and theatrical manager, and who, according to the police, is a brother of Charles H. Ebbets, the president of the Brooklyn National League Baseball club, was arrested yesterday afternoon on a charge of grand larceny made by Mr. Hart. The amount of the specific charge is \$305.45, but Mr. Hart says the total shortage attributed to Ebbets will be in the neighborhood of \$2,000.

ITALIAN SOCIALIST ELECTED

ROME, July 22.—Reports from the district of Biella are to the effect that Quaglinio, the Socialist candidate for the Chamber of Deputies in a by-election, was elected by a vote of 6,514 to 3,932 for his opponent.

STRIKERS HELD ON RIOT CHARGE

Pittsburg Magistrate Tries to Help Pressed Car Company Defeat Its Slaves.

PITTSBURG, Pa., July 22.—Eighteen of the twenty-three McKees Rocks strikers who were arrested some days since were to-day held for court on charges of rioting and disturbing the peace by Magistrate Mc-Masters.

Officials of the State Constabulary of Pennsylvania made the charges and appeared against the strikers and on several occasions it seemed as if there would be bitter clashes between the two factions, as more than two hundred friends of the strikers were around the magistrate's office during the hearing.

The situation at McKees Rocks, where 5,000 workmen of the Pressed Steel Car Company's plant are on a strike, remains practically unchanged to-day. Although there have been numerous rumors of the coming of men to fill the places of the striking workmen, no new men have arrived. Unless officials of the company make good their promise to import strikebreakers no more violence is expected. Although several members of the State Constabulary still are guarding the big plant their presence has not been necessary and not a semblance of trouble has been reported since the first few days of the strike.

Notwithstanding the present quiet, eviction notices served last night upon strikers, arrangements by the Sheriff to import more firearms and deputize into the Pressed Steel Car Company plant, the reinforcement of guards by the company and pickets by the strikers and rumors of strikebreakers being on the way here indicate that a crisis is near at McKees Rocks.

Strikers were served by deputies with notices to vacate the company's houses at Schoenville last night. The action took the strikers by surprise. While they were busy in their houses last night advantage was taken of the deserted condition of the street and railroad tracks to shunt three sealed box cars into the plant. The cars were labeled scrap iron, but the striking workmen are firmly convinced the cars carried strikebreakers.

More Riot Guns for Plant.

Ten additional deputy sheriffs were sent to the car works to-day, and Sheriff Gumbert has arranged to send twenty-five more riot guns into the plant. Twenty-five armed deputies will hereafter guard the main entrance to the car works.

The strikers yesterday organized complete picket lines. Charles F. Weller, of the Associated Charities, is conducting an investigation into the condition of the strikers' families. One result of the failure of the defense association to end the strike will be the presentation of a bill at the next Legislature giving courts jurisdiction in matters pertaining to private corporations. A. A. Anderson, attorney for the Public Defense Association, made this announcement to-day.

The unorganized striking workmen are receiving the support of the union men in and about Pittsburg. Resolutions denouncing the directorate of the car company and commending the strikers were adopted last night by the District Council of Carpenters and Joiners.

Won't Stand for Constabulary.

BUTLER, Pa., July 22.—The big plants of the Standard Steel Car Company are closed to-day, although the strikers on Tuesday voted to return to work. When the State Constabulary was sent to New Castle, where trouble was feared, the foreign workers rescinded their action, voting to call off the strike, and as a result the main plants were idle to-day. The few American workmen who entered this morning returned to their homes when they found operations could not be resumed.

Trouble is feared at the plant, as President J. M. Hansen has issued this ultimatum: "Return to work under the old terms, or not at all. We will adjust grievances growing out of the collection of back rents, but the company makes no concessions."

Rev. Father Beczewski, who was largely responsible for urging the strike called off Tuesday, is urging the men to go back to work, but they are not inclined to do so unless they are granted an increase in wages, which they demanded at the big mass meeting they held last night.

RAILROAD PASS CAUSES SUIT.

EVANSVILLE, July 22.—The Indiana Railroad Commission to-day filed suit against the Evansville Suburban and Newburg Electric Railroad to recover \$3,000 penalty and attorneys' fees for violation of the anti-pass law. It is charged the company gave a free pass to William J. Becker, of Boonville, in consideration of an agreement with Becker to ship sand over the line of the defendant road. This is the first suit of the kind filed in the state under the anti-pass law.

Three from One. Write for full information.



State Constabulary guarding bank and entrance of Pressed Steel Car plant, McKees Rocks, Pa. The trouble of July 14 took place here. Taken especially for The Call by A. P. Meng.

TIN MEN STAND FIRM

Strikers Not Intimidated by Keystone Thugs—Trust Turned Down.

NEW CASTLE, Pa., July 22.—Although twenty members of the State Mounted Police are quartered in the tin mill district here, all is quiet and there is no indication of trouble ahead. Sheriff Waddington, however, holds his force of deputies, part of whom are striking rollers and heaters, in readiness for the first sign of violence.

At the Amalgamated headquarters the arrival of the constabulary is not regarded as discouraging to the cause of the strikers. Leaders of the men blame the riots of Tuesday to the efforts of the tin plate company to enlist public sympathy.

There are now 300 strikebreakers housed in the Shenango tin mill and less than fifty in the Greer mill. The number of striking employes from these two plants alone reach 4,500.

NEW KENSINGTON, Pa., July 22.—The borough council has refused the request of the American Sheet and Tin Plate Company to use the municipal building to house strikebreakers. It was planned to fill the building with cots, to provide sleeping quarters for the men now at work in the plant, but this plan was turned down when presented to the council.

CLERK MENACED HER

Raleigh Is Fined \$10 for Threatening Wife of Former Employer.

Mrs. Emma Siebert, the wife of ex-Police Captain Siebert, owner of the Hotel Brunswick, at Madison avenue and 89th street, caused the arrest yesterday of Henry Raleigh, who was clerk in the Brunswick for five years and was discharged on July 12. Mrs. Siebert complained that the discharged clerk had threatened to do her injury unless she paid him \$1,000. She said that he followed her when she went shopping, made motions with his hands across his throat and hoisted a knife to the employee and saying that Mrs. Siebert would have to comply with his demands. Her husband is in Europe.

Raleigh, who lives at 22 East 88th street, said that he had not threatened the woman. Magistrate Kernochan declared that he believed Mrs. Siebert's story and told Raleigh that he would let him off this time with a \$10 fine. If he continued to annoy his former employer, the Court said, he would be sent to the Island.

WESTERN MINERS WIN

Long Strike in Montana and Wyoming Amicably Settled.

WILKES-BARRE, Pa., July 22.—T. L. Lewis, president of the United Mine Workers, who is here attending a district convention of the union, has received a telegram announcing that the troubles between the miners and their employers in northern Wyoming were amicably settled yesterday. This adjusts the mining troubles both in Wyoming and Montana, over 14,000 men being affected. The present wages are renewed and many improvements are in the new contract, which runs until October 1, 1910.

TWAIN RECOVERS HIS "GIFT."

DANBURY, Conn., July 22.—The cottage in Redding, which Mark Twain Twain presented to Miss Isabel V. Lyon, his former secretary, when she was married to Ralph W. Ashcroft, his business representative, a few weeks ago, was transferred back to the humorist to-day, and it is said that an understanding has been reached by which the suit which Mr. Clemens instituted against the Ashcrofts to recover \$4,000 and to which the cottage is attached, is to be dropped.

Three from One. Write for full information.

THREE MEN SHOT BY ARMED THUGS

Kenosha Deputies Fire on Tannery Strikers—Militia May Be Called Out.

KENOSHA, Wis., July 22.—The strike for higher wages in the N. B. Allen & Sons tannery to-day resulted in a riot in which three men were shot. The sheriff has admitted that he cannot control the situation and has telegraphed to Madison asking the Governor for troops. The Governor is in Camp Douglas reviewing the Third Regiment, now in camp there. The nearest troops are at Milwaukee.

At the time of the riot a committee representing the strikers was in the general office of the company seeking to make a settlement of the difficulties, but the management at once called off all negotiations, and the committee was escorted out of the office. The officers and deputies who had been at the meeting immediately armed themselves, as crowds of strikers were parading the streets. Fifteen hundred men have joined the ranks of the strikers, and while many of them are not making demands upon the company for increase in wages, all are acting in union.

The first outbreak occurred at the big central entrance on Grand avenue, where an unknown striker was shot. The bullet passed through his hip. The wounded man was taken to the hospital. A minute later a clash at the corner of North Chicago and Union streets resulted in another man being shot through the left side. One man was struck down with a coupling pin, and was later taken to the county jail.

Two Cops Used Up.

Two policemen were struck down during a melee and both are in the hospital seriously hurt. The company has declared it will hold no further parley and every department of the plant has been closed. Citizens have refused to be sworn in as special officers.

The injured so far reported are: Tony Manker, striker, shot through the right hip and perhaps fatally wounded; Peter Sebocic, shot through legs; Charles Clemens, shot through legs; Joseph D. Newhouse, acting police chief, clubbed; Neil Nelson, policeman, hit over head with coupling pin and badly injured; Louis Moushouse, deputy sheriff, struck with a brick; Paul Lousch, striker, clubbed. To-night a great meeting of the strikers was held, and they appeared to be in a resolute mood although their leader, Steve Brovsky, is in the county jail charged with rioting.

CAMP DOUGLAS, Wis., July 22.—Governor Davidson has ordered the troops to hold themselves in readiness to leave at once for Kenosha to suppress the strike disorders. He will not give the order to leave, however, until he has received further notice from the Kenosha authorities.

W. F. M. CONVENTION

General Strike May Be Called Against Guggenheim Mines.

DENVER, Col., July 22.—As a result of the action of the convention now in session, the Western Federation of Miners may call a general strike against all the mines and smelters of the American Smelting and Refining Company, and probably against the mines and smelters of the other Guggenheim companies. Red Clough, member of the executive board of District No. 1, which includes California, Nevada and Arizona, recommended in his report to the convention yesterday that such action should be taken to force the American Smelting and Refining Company to pay the same wages that other mining and smelting companies are paying. The report was referred to a committee without discussion and will be taken up by the federation when the committee makes its report.

Clough called attention to the trouble near Ely, Nev., where the mine operated by the American Smelting and Refining Company has continually refused to abandon the contract system of employing workmen, under which system, it is alleged, the workmen receive considerably less than their minimum scale. These refusals resulted in 600 men being called out on strike, and they are yet out. It is stated that the Guggenheim interests make use of this same contract system in many of their mines, and in both their mines and smelters maintain lower wages than are paid by independent companies.

CRUSHED BY ELEVATOR.

John Fox, sixty-five, for thirty-five years a clerk in the cashier's department in the United States postoffice here, was crushed to death in a freight elevator in the postoffice yesterday. During the period of thirty years he has worked for the government. Fox had not been absent for one day. Fox lived at 306 West 142d street.

ITALIAN UNION GROWS.

ROME, July 22.—According to a statement issued at a meeting of the officials of the General confederation of Labor, yesterday, the membership of the confederation has increased more than 100,000 during the past year.

TAFT BLUFFS CHINA

"Injunction Bill" Practically Forces American Bankers on Celestials.

PEKING, July 22.—The fact that President Taft has taken a personal hand in the effort being made by American bankers who desire to secure a part of the loan of \$27,500,000 now being floated by the Hankow-Szechuen Railroad has created much surprise in diplomatic circles here.

Until President Taft, called to Prince Chun, asking that the American bankers be allowed to participate in the loan, had never been a matter for diplomatic discussion. Now, however, that the President has interested himself in it officially the loan threatens to become a political. The German bankers threaten to break up the concert of the various bankers who had arranged for the loan and to try to get it all.

The Prince Regent has now taken a hand in the matter and has cabled President Taft that he will endeavor to have the American bankers participate in the loan.

FOR A 13-HOUR DAY

Steamboat Inspectors Want Logs Kept on Tugs.

Under a construction of the law regulating the navigation of steam vessels, the United States Steamboat inspectors of the district ordered the owners of tugs measuring more than fifty tons gross to have their navigators or chief engineers make out logs of their trips.

The object of this was to compel the tugboat owners to work their men not more than thirteen hours a day, even in emergencies. The steamboat inspectors have received complaints from engineers who declare that they and the crews of certain tugs have been worked from thirteen and a half to fifteen hours.

Two specific complaints against tugs have been turned over to Collector Loeb by the steamboat inspectors. One is against the Dalselt tug Union and the other against the J. Fred Lohman, under charter to the Tidewater Oil Company. One of the tugs is charged with refusing to keep a log and the other, the Union, with working her men from thirteen and a half to fourteen hours a day.

CAUGHT ROBBING CAR

Youth Nabbed in the Act Is Committed to Reformatory.

For several weeks past freight cars in the yards of the New York Central road, 5th street and the Hudson River, have been found broken open and robbed. Yesterday Detective Holstein, of the railroad's squad, saw James De Bellas, sixteen years old, of 201 East 102d street, breaking the seal on a car door. Two other boys then helped him to remove bundles of safety matches and boxes of canned goods.

The boys hid their plunder in bushes near the river. The detective got De Bellas, the biggest boy of the three. The others got away. The stolen property, valued at \$40, was recovered.

In the West Side Court Policeman Ferguson said that De Bellas ran away from home a week ago and his parents described him as a very bad boy. Magistrate Steinert committed him to the City Reformatory for three years.

FAILURE TO KISS COST \$25.

Sarner Went Back to Do the Trick and Got Into Trouble. Neglecting at the proper time to give his wife a good-by kiss on her departure for the country cost Jacob Sarner, of 1530 Fifth avenue, \$25 yesterday.

Sarner had accompanied his wife to the West Shore terminal at Weehawken to see her off on a trip to the Catskills, but in the bustle he forgot all about his good-by kiss until she was safely aboard the train. When his dereliction came to his mind he tried to force his way through the platform barrier to reach her and on being stopped by Special Officer James Timoney he became peevish and kicked the officer in the shins. Timoney took him before Recorder Nunan, who imposed a fine of \$25.

Three from One. Write for full information.

(Continued on page 2.)

SPANISH TROOPS WILL NOT MARCH

Ordered to Morocco, Barcelona Battalion Revolts—Entire Country Aroused.

BARCELONA, July 22.—The trouble in Madrid, which marked the first departure of the Spanish troops for Mellilla, was continued here to-day in the shape of a mutiny of an entire battalion of soldiers who were being marched aboard a transport to be sent to the relief of the garrison at Mellilla.

The soldiers refused to embark on the transport and when their officers tried to force them on board, with drawn revolvers, the soldiers fixed bayonets on their rifles and threatened to kill their superior officers.

Other troops from the Barcelona garrison were hastily summoned and surrounded the mutineers, forcing them all to surrender.

The Spanish nation is bitterly opposed to the war in Morocco, and the soldiers declare their terms of enlistment do not compel them to do service in foreign lands. Grave outbreaks are feared.

Many Injured in Madrid.
MADRID, July 22.—At least a dozen people were injured at demonstrations here early to-day. Troops had been ordered to go forward to the relief of the Mellilla garrison. Their families gathered around the railroad depot and openly demonstrated against the government for sending the soldiers to duty in Africa.

The police charged with their swords and in some cases used their revolvers. The entire city is in an uproar as the result of the order to send the troops to Africa and stringent measures are being taken to put down any more demonstrations.

King Alfonso has canceled all engagements and is remaining close to his palace to await developments in the African situation. The first line of reserves has been summoned to the colors, and this has added to the hatred of the people, who bitterly oppose the war in Africa. It is probable that General Veley, who once commanded for Spain in Cuba, will lead the relief that goes to Mellilla.

War for Private Interests.
The liberal press is joining in the popular protest against sending soldiers to the Rif coast, alleging that the war is solely for the purposes of protecting private mining interests. The newspapers demand the convocation of the Cortes and a frank statement of the government's intentions.

According to the war department's messages the Kabyles and the Rif tribesmen are joining the attack on the Spanish forces near Alcazaba de Selmuja, where General Marinias is stationed. The situation, the war department thinks, will demand that 60,000 troops be sent to Morocco for an extended campaign. This, it is generally understood, will bankrupt Spain.

BILBAO, July 22.—The civil governor of Bilbao, at the request of a Basque committee, has authorized a meeting to be held on Sunday for the purpose of protesting against the Spanish-Moroccan war, on condition that it is not accomplished by a public manifestation. Nevertheless, processions are being organized and rioting is feared.

Moors Fight Desperately.
MELLILLA, July 22.—The Spanish positions here were reinforced to-day by fresh troops from Spain. During the fighting yesterday the Moors got within 800 yards of Mellilla. When they retired they left 104 dead on the field.

General Marinias returned here to-day from an inspection of the outposts. He says the Moors are displaying desperate courage and using modern weapons. He predicts a long and hard campaign.

ALGECIRAS, Spain, July 22.—The natives of the Souk region, in Morocco, are preaching a holy war, and are preparing to join the Moors in front of Mellilla.

JOY RIDER NABBED
Plunkett Admits the Ride, but Doesn't Recall Hitting Sinn.

Cleveland Collins, who was with Chauffeur James Plunkett in the auto of Edward R. Kertcher on the joy ride that terminated in the killing of Motorman Edward Sinn at Yonkers, was arrested at his home, 128 Bradhurst avenue, yesterday. Collins admitted his identity.

Collins claimed that he remembers nothing of what happened the night before except the machine smashing into a telegraph pole after Sinn was killed. He said that Plunkett yelled to him when the car burst into flames: "Come on. Beat it quick. Maybe we've killed a man."

Collins said he and Plunkett parted at some town near Yonkers, where he took a train for New York. Plunkett told him he was going to New Haven. The police immediately notified the New Haven police and sent detectives there.

ADMITS STEALING \$4,000.
TERRE HAUTE, July 22.—Howard Phillips, age twenty-two, clerk at the Terre Haute National Bank, has been arrested, and confessed taking \$4,000 in the last three years. The thefts were made when making exchanges with other banks by holding out money and by manipulating the accounts. While he was away on a vacation his books were examined and he was arrested when he arrived home.

SOUTH AND WEST IS STORMSWEEP

High Winds and Rain Cause Great Property Loss in Wisconsin. Texas Suffers.

MILWAUKEE, Wis., July 22.—Disturbances from various points in northern Wisconsin indicate that damage aggregating at least \$500,000 and possibly as high as \$1,000,000 has been done by a cloudburst.

The valleys of the Marengo, White and Red rivers in the neighborhood of Ashland were swept by the floods and only one train has been able to reach Ashland since 5 o'clock yesterday morning. Miles of railroad tracks have been carried out and smaller washouts are innumerable.

The Marengo Valley, which is well settled, was swept of everything, even houses being carried away. The White River power plant, several miles from Ashland, was ruined at a loss of \$200,000.

DULUTH, Minn., July 22.—Two and three-fifths inches of rain fell here during the night, flooding the city for the second time in twenty-four hours. The damage is estimated at \$1,000,000.

AUSTIN, Texas, July 22.—What was apparently a second storm to that which swept south Texas and the Gulf coast territory yesterday struck Austin to-day. The wind attained a velocity of sixty miles an hour and raged for five hours. It was the worst hurricane in the history of this section and caused great damage to property over a wide scope of country.

At Austin a number of buildings, including the City Hospital, were wrecked. Wires are down south of here and what damage was done in that direction is the Colorado River, all the way from Austin to East Gulf, suffered great damages to property.

PORT ARTHUR, Texas, July 22.—The towns of Sabine and Sabine Pass are several feet under water from the gulf. The inhabitants of these places were brought to Port Arthur. It is thought no lives were lost. Reports from other coast points between here and Bolivar are meager. Several miles of track of the Bolivar division of the Santa Fe are under water, the gulf waters having swept inland for two miles and more. Boats and tugs were out all last night picking up waterbound residents along this part of the coast.

GALVESTON, Texas, July 22.—Galveston has weathered a repetition of the storm of 1900, when a tidal wave swept over the island city, taking lives counted in the thousands and causing a property loss of millions of dollars, without the loss of a life in Galveston and a property loss trivial in comparison with that of the great disaster. To the sea wall alone is attributed the fact that the city is standing to-day. In the vicinity of Galveston, the loss of life from the storm is placed at ten, all members of a fishing party at Tarpon Pier, several miles out in the gulf at the end of a narrow point. The total property loss is estimated at \$100,000.

GRAFTERS FOR BUILDING CODE
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and who are nothing but "wheelbarrow mechanics." They asked the Mayor, for the sake of the families, wives and children of the bricklayers to sign the code. One of them, Conlon, attacked the delegate of the Cement Union, who favored the code, and said that he was nothing but a grocery clerk.

The Mayor himself, many lawyers and politicians smiled perceptibly when the labor men spoke sturvingly of their fellow workmen. The real fight, however, took place between the cinder interests and the fireproofing interests. The latter company, it is said, has spent \$150,000 to get the building code through and gain a monopoly in this city. Of this large sum, it is said, \$50,000 went to Daniel F. Coahlan, general counsel of the company, as a legal fee. Where the remaining \$100,000 has gone is the subject of conjecture.

How It Will Be Done.
The Mayor said last night that he would take action on the new code early next week before returning to the Adirondacks. He declined to say what his action would be.

It was suggested as quite probable that should the Mayor veto the vital sections of the code, Little Tim Sullivan would arrange to get the whole business back into the hands of the Aldermen again, by directing Chairman Kennedy, of the Building Committee, to request its return. This would shut the whole discussion off until after the election in the fall, and this is the course that Tammany is said to be most desirous of since the turn things have taken.

It is said that if McClellan vetoes the measure or puts it off until after election he will receive the nomination for Governor, or possibly renomination for Mayor as reward for his action.

There are 154 sections in the code, and formal protests were made against fifty of them by various interests which appeared at the hearing. The Mayor was told the cost to the city of the two commissions which have been revising the code would approximate \$25,000, and when asked if that would influence him he said: "That cost is awful, but it should not affect the judgment of the executive in a matter of such vital importance to the whole city. This code directly affects many millions of capital, and the cost of revision is secondary."

Three from One. Write for full information.

RELEASES FOUR DETAINED ALIENS

Williams, Evidently Influenced by Agitation, Allows Immigrants to Enter.

Apparently in fear of the outcome of the mighty movement against his arrogant rule at Ellis Island, Immigration Commissioner Williams has suddenly changed front and ordered the release of the four detained Russian immigrants whose case is now pending before Judge Hand in the Federal Court.

The aliens spent a happy day yesterday receiving congratulations from representatives of the various East Side immigrant societies which took an active interest in their case.

The immigrants who were the first to triumph over Williams' \$25 mandate are Hirsch Kuratowky, Gus Ferber, Meyer Gilrud and N. Boitz. Although sufficient guarantee had been given to Williams by the relatives of the aliens that they would not become public charges, Williams ordered their deportation.

The men appealed to the Board of Special Inquiry, but that body, which, it is claimed, is subordinated to Williams, sustained the commissioner.

The aliens, with the aid of immigrant societies, took the case before Judge Hand on a writ of habeas corpus. The case was still pending when Williams backed out and ordered that they be allowed to enter.

Commissioner Williams declared, however, that the case would have no influence in other cases. "There will be no letting down of the bars," he said.

RESIST DEPORTATION
Gypsies Fight U. S. Officers on Pier Before Verdi Sails.

A band of gypsies whom the immigration authorities sought to deport to South America, whence they had sailed for this country, fiercely resisted the immigration inspectors this afternoon and battled with them on the Lamport & Holt liner Verdi.

There were twenty-four gypsies in the band. Eleven of these were adults and the rest were children. The women fought with the same ferocity displayed by the men, scratching and biting. According to some of those who were about the docks at the time one or two of them, finding no other weapons at hand, actually employed their babies as clubs, swinging them by the legs and dealing blows right and left with them.

The gypsies arrived here last Monday on the steamship Tennyson. They intended to go on to Southern California. They were Rumanians and Bulgarians. When they reached Ellis Island it was decided that they were "undetractable citizens" and were likely to become a public charge. So their deportation was ordered.

DIES OF BROKEN HEART
Girl Pines Away Because of Deportation Order by Williams.

"That girl died of a broken heart, nothing else," declared Coroner's Physician Weston, as he left the autopsy over the body of Chane Oberwasser yesterday.

The girl came to America on July 9 from Breslau. She was without the \$25 required by Commissioner Williams, and was therefore debarred from entering America. She was to have been deported this week.

Daily from Ellis Island she gazed with longing eyes toward New York and the country she wanted so much to visit. The more she gazed across the short stretch of water, the more she pined to be allowed to enter. But the Commissioner was adamant to her pleadings.

She suffered from organic troubles, the doctors said, but simply pined away and died as she realized that her dream of living in America was never to come true.

KUHNE OUT OF JAIL
Brooklyn Captain Is Suspended Pending His Trial by Department.

Following his release from jail yesterday Captain Augustus Kuhne was suspended from duty and deprived of his badge of office. When he presented himself, according to orders, to Inspector McCafferty, of the Detective Bureau, his badge, keys and manual of rules were confiscated.

Kuhne was told he could not do police duty until notified of the date of his trial. Meantime he is to report to Inspector McCafferty daily at 11 o'clock.

After leaving headquarters the Brooklyn detective at once went home.

"I have two children down with pneumonia and diphtheria and I want to get home and do what I can for them," said Kuhne.

HERE'S A REAL FISH STORY.
ASBURY PARK, N. J., July 22.—With a hook greatly resembling a bent pin and a line of common cord Anthony Tomanne, a cook at the Hotel Curlew, Allenhurst, to-day landed a channel bass weighing twenty-three pounds. The fishing excursion was the result of jollying by several of his companions. They rigged up the line for him and followed to the beach in anticipation of great fun. The laugh was on the other side when the fish was served for dinner.

Three from One. Write for full information.

Once a Customer always one
Fraas & Miller
Broadway, Linden & Queens Sts

Midsummer Mark-down of Brass Beds and Cribs

This sale includes many of the so-called "dressed Patterns" and samples at prices far below regular.

Colonial patterns, square and continuous post beds, in all the popular styles and finishes abound. Prices lower than our usual prices.

Brass Beds from 9.50 to 110.00.
Brass Cribs from 15.75 to 55.00.

Many choice patterns of Costumers.

Our store closes at 1 P. M. Saturdays during July and August. Open Monday evenings.

OFFERS SPIES TO EMPLOYERS

Detective Agency Has Choice Collection of Thugs and Scabs For Mr. E. Z. Capitalist.

"Mr. Capitalist, do you want any spies, thugs or scabs? We can furnish a choice variety at low prices. Take your pick, Mr. Boss!"

This is in substance what the American Detective Service Company has to offer to capitalists of this country.

The Call yesterday secured a copy of a letter which an employer of garment workers has received from this notorious strikebreaking agency. Here is the letter:

"We are interested to know if we can assist you in the present labor trouble we understand you have with the Garment Workers' Union.

"The method that we use is by putting operatives among your employees, such as mechanics, skilled laborers, etc. These operatives will furnish you all the necessary information. They work themselves up in the union and report to you the union's intentions, the agitators, trouble makers and other information that will aid to break the union. All this information will guide you and put you on guard.

"We will shadow suspicious employees after working hours and report their habits.

"If you are in a position to use our services, we will make you a special rate.

"We can furnish you with guards for protection of your property and your loyal employees, also first class mechanics and skilled laborers."

It is said that the Farleys and other scab agents have grown rich through their nefarious business of aiding the capitalists in the industrial struggles of the last decade.

HAINS HAS INVENTION

Plans an Improved Street Cleaning Apparatus While in Sing Sing.

The appeal of Captain Peter Cooper Hains, who is now in Sing Sing serving a sentence for the killing of William E. Annis, is being prepared and will be presented to the Appellate Division at the opening of the fall term.

Eugene E. L. Young has just returned from a conference with the prisoner. Hains, Young declares, is perfecting an invention in prison which he expects to make him a fortune. It is a street cleaning apparatus.

Hains is now in charge of the draughting department of the iron and tin works of the prison. The prison authorities are giving him free rein to work out his invention, a type of a garbage collector which will dump it as well.

FOUND DEAD IN TRUNK

Armenian Killed by Bullet in Missing Man's Room.

LYNN, Mass., July 22.—The discovery of the body of Minas Moonjian, an Armenian, jammed in a trunk with a bullet in his chest in the room of Frank Jones, a shoemaker, who, it is believed, started for Armenia last Monday, has given the police what they think is a startling murder mystery to work on. The man had evidently been dead for some time, as the body was badly decomposed.

Jones had been living at the place where the body was found, a house kept by Beatie Robbins, for about two years, and was a quiet, orderly man. No one saw Moonjian enter the room and no one ever remembers ever having seen him before.

BAKER APPOINTS ARMY MAN.
Charles W. Kirby was appointed to be Second Deputy Commissioner of Police yesterday by Commissioner Baker. Mr. Kirby was for twenty years a member of Company E of the Seventh Regiment. His home is at 33 West 193d street.

Three from One. Write for full information.

TRAITOR BRIAND MADE PREMIER

Renegade Revolutionary Named in Clemenceau's Place as Head of French Cabinet.

PARIS, July 22.—Aristide Briand, Minister of Justice in the Clemenceau cabinet, which was overthrown by a vote of 212 to 176 in the Chamber of Deputies Tuesday on the question of the rank scandals in the French navy, was appointed Premier to-day by President Fallieres to succeed Premier Clemenceau and has accepted the portfolio.

He will, he has announced, make few if any changes in the cabinet as it was organized under Clemenceau. Clemenceau leaves Saturday for Carlsbad, in Austria, to take the cure there.

Aristide Briand, who has become Prime Minister of France, was born March 28, 1862, in the city of Nantes, and has successfully occupied the office of Deputy Minister of Public Instruction and Minister of Justice, being appointed to these latter positions under Clemenceau's regime.

Briand is a worthy successor of his friend and master, "the First Cop of France," as Clemenceau was sometimes called by the Socialists and Syndicalists, as his record of treason to early doctrines and ideas is fully as black as that of the fallen Premier.

At one time known as the most ardent advocate of the revolutionary general strike and the brilliant lawyer who successfully defended many a labor leader in the courts of the republic, as soon as he obtained a taste of power Briand gladly accepted the bribes of the bourgeois rulers of France and became one of the most relentless persecutors of the adherents of the very ideas for which he had formerly so eloquently contended.

It is generally conceded that Briand's pamphlet urging the calling of the general strike as a means of bringing about the overthrow of capitalist governments and his appeal to the soldiers to refuse to shoot down their brothers of the working class, but to turn their rifles against their officers instead, are among the best literature of the kind ever published. In fact, these tracts are still circulated by the revolutionists, both for their intrinsic value and for the purpose of showing what a rank renegade their author has become.

Once affiliated with the Socialists, Briand is now regarded by them with the greatest scorn and his name has become a synonym for all that is despicable and treacherous. It is certain that Briand's accession to power will intensify the disgust of the working class with the Radical government and that the general elections of next spring will see great gains for both the Extreme Left and the Extreme Right with a corresponding loss for the Radicals.

Briand, while Minister of Public Instruction and Cults, contributed in an able manner to the bringing about of the separation of church and state, and for this is consequently hated by the clericals as heartily as by the Socialists for his treason to the working class.

FREE SPEECH WINNING
Committee Forces Police of New York to Back Down.

As a result of visits to Police Headquarters in New York and Newark the Free Speech Committee has made remarkable progress in its efforts to establish liberty of utterance, and there is little prospect of any police interference at Emma Goldman's meeting to-night, when she will speak at the Harlem Liberal Alliance, 100 West 116th street, on "Misconceptions of Anarchism."

On Tuesday Leonard Abbott and Dr. Ben Reitman, on behalf of the Free Speech Committee, visited New York Police Headquarters and interviewed Deputy Commissioner Stover. They told him that the last time Miss Goldman spoke before the Harlem Liberal Alliance, Inspector Titus, Captain Carson and a force of officers were present and intimidated the landlord before the meeting, so that the hall would have been closed had they not held a lease the provisions of which the hallkeeper was afraid to violate.

The Commissioner was evidently impressed by the number of persons who had come to the defense of the freedom of speech, for he replied that he would instruct the police captains of the city not to interfere with Miss Goldman's meetings, and would also instruct Captain Carson, of the West 125th street station, to notify the hallkeeper that Miss Goldman's meeting was not prohibited.

Later investigation showed that this had been done, at least so far as the Harlem Liberal Alliance meeting is concerned.

These victories will be followed by more test meetings at Phillips Hall, 770 Bergen, Jersey City, next Thursday; in Paterson on July 30, and in towns where meetings have formerly been prevented, including New Haven, Providence, Worcester and probably East Orange, N. J.

Hutchins Hagood has been added to the active committee which represents the movement for free speech joined in by a number of prominent journalists, authors, artists, Socialists and radicals of all schools.

It is conceded that the success of the movement for free speech has been largely due to the activity of Socialists and the support given by The Call to the defense of the constitutional right of all opinions to be heard, whether agreeable to those in power or not.

Three from One. Write for full information.

This Sale from Monday, July 19th, to Saturday, July 24th, 1920

5 o'Clock TEA CRACKERS 7c
Fresh, fine and crisp from the ovens. Reg. 14c quality. Sale only for this week and limit 5 pounds to a customer. Per pound

7 cakes KIRKMAN'S SOAP for 25c
Wonderful Brand, makes delicious dessert in one minute; reg. 10c pkgs. assorted flavors, per pkg.

JELLY POWDER 8c

How to Keep Cool These Hot Days
DRINK BANNER BRAND
ICED CEYLON TEA
Delicious Summer Drink. Packed in air-tight lead packages. Half lb. pkg. 25c. Trial size, 10c

DRINK AND ENJOY
Royal Breakfast Coffee
The Best Quality Coffee with a little Chicory. 30 Stamps with every lb. 25c

STRAWBERRY JAM
New Season's pak. Prospect Park Brand. Glass Jar 15c

MEXICAN DISCOVERY
Sure death to bed bugs, etc., bottle 10c

GLYCERINE SOAP
Mognouth Brand, softens the skin and improves the complexion, large cake 5c

MALT TONIC
Dr. Bartlett's, sterilized, builder and strengthener; large bottle 9c

A Little added to your salad makes it delicious. large size 18c medium size 10c small size 5c

Thos. Rowston.
61 Grocery Stores All Over Brooklyn

OFFICE AND WAREHOUSE,
101 and 105 NINTH STREET, BROOKLYN.

BRANCHES:

77 Atlantic Ave.	281 Atlantic Ave.	223 Fulton St.	272 Prospect Park West.
133 Albany Ave.	283 Broadway Ave.	227 Fulton St.	Rogers Ave.
135 Ave. of the Arts	285 Broadway Ave.	231 Fulton St.	Shelton St.
137 Ave. of the Arts	287 Broadway Ave.	235 Fulton St.	Shelton St.
139 Ave. of the Arts	289 Broadway Ave.	239 Fulton St.	Shelton St.
141 Ave. of the Arts	291 Broadway Ave.	243 Fulton St.	Shelton St.
143 Ave. of the Arts	293 Broadway Ave.	247 Fulton St.	Shelton St.
145 Ave. of the Arts	295 Broadway Ave.	251 Fulton St.	Shelton St.
147 Ave. of the Arts	297 Broadway Ave.	255 Fulton St.	Shelton St.
149 Ave. of the Arts	299 Broadway Ave.	259 Fulton St.	Shelton St.
151 Ave. of the Arts	301 Broadway Ave.	263 Fulton St.	Shelton St.
153 Ave. of the Arts	303 Broadway Ave.	267 Fulton St.	Shelton St.
155 Ave. of the Arts	305 Broadway Ave.	271 Fulton St.	Shelton St.
157 Ave. of the Arts	307 Broadway Ave.	275 Fulton St.	Shelton St.
159 Ave. of the Arts	309 Broadway Ave.	279 Fulton St.	Shelton St.
161 Ave. of the Arts	311 Broadway Ave.	283 Fulton St.	Shelton St.
163 Ave. of the Arts	313 Broadway Ave.	287 Fulton St.	Shelton St.
165 Ave. of the Arts	315 Broadway Ave.	291 Fulton St.	Shelton St.
167 Ave. of the Arts	317 Broadway Ave.	295 Fulton St.	Shelton St.
169 Ave. of the Arts	319 Broadway Ave.	299 Fulton St.	Shelton St.
171 Ave. of the Arts	321 Broadway Ave.	303 Fulton St.	Shelton St.
173 Ave. of the Arts	323 Broadway Ave.	307 Fulton St.	Shelton St.
175 Ave. of the Arts	325 Broadway Ave.	311 Fulton St.	Shelton St.
177 Ave. of the Arts	327 Broadway Ave.	315 Fulton St.	Shelton St.
179 Ave. of the Arts	329 Broadway Ave.	319 Fulton St.	Shelton St.
181 Ave. of the Arts	331 Broadway Ave.	323 Fulton St.	Shelton St.
183 Ave. of the Arts	333 Broadway Ave.	327 Fulton St.	Shelton St.
185 Ave. of the Arts	335 Broadway Ave.	331 Fulton St.	Shelton St.
187 Ave. of the Arts	337 Broadway Ave.	335 Fulton St.	Shelton St.
189 Ave. of the Arts	339 Broadway Ave.	339 Fulton St.	Shelton St.
191 Ave. of the Arts	341 Broadway Ave.	343 Fulton St.	Shelton St.
193 Ave. of the Arts	343 Broadway Ave.	347 Fulton St.	Shelton St.
195 Ave. of the Arts	345 Broadway Ave.	351 Fulton St.	Shelton St.
197 Ave. of the Arts	347 Broadway Ave.	355 Fulton St.	Shelton St.
199 Ave. of the Arts	349 Broadway Ave.	359 Fulton St.	Shelton St.
201 Ave. of the Arts	351 Broadway Ave.	363 Fulton St.	Shelton St.
203 Ave. of the Arts	353 Broadway Ave.	367 Fulton St.	Shelton St.
205 Ave. of the Arts	355 Broadway Ave.	371 Fulton St.	Shelton St.
207 Ave. of the Arts	357 Broadway Ave.	375 Fulton St.	Shelton St.
209 Ave. of the Arts	359 Broadway Ave.	379 Fulton St.	Shelton St.
211 Ave. of the Arts	361 Broadway Ave.	383 Fulton St.	Shelton St.
213 Ave. of the Arts	363 Broadway Ave.	387 Fulton St.	Shelton St.
215 Ave. of the Arts	365 Broadway Ave.	391 Fulton St.	Shelton St.
217 Ave. of the Arts	367 Broadway Ave.	395 Fulton St.	Shelton St.
219 Ave. of the Arts	369 Broadway Ave.	399 Fulton St.	Shelton St.
221 Ave. of the Arts	371 Broadway Ave.	403 Fulton St.	Shelton St.
223 Ave. of the Arts	373 Broadway Ave.	407 Fulton St.	Shelton St.
225 Ave. of the Arts	375 Broadway Ave.	411 Fulton St.	Shelton St.
227 Ave. of the Arts	377 Broadway Ave.	415 Fulton St.	Shelton St.
229 Ave. of the Arts</			

CAPITALIST WAR ON UNIVERSITY

Wisconsin Educators Attacked for Exposing Private Theft of State's Water Power.

(Special to The Call.) MILWAUKEE, Wis., July 22.—The electric railroad and the electric lighting interests have begun a bitter war in Wisconsin University because it has started an investigation of the natural resources of the state.

Why Brown Fights. Brown is the head of the Wausau street railway, which is operated with electricity generated by water power.

Feeling Bitter. Messrs Hooper, of Oshkosh, has also loaned and distributed another argument throughout the state on behalf of the water power owners.

As a Socialist he is a general success, says Mr. Brown of the law professor. As a lawyer he must fail.

That the attack on the University of Wisconsin by Neal Brown, of Wausau, is merely part of a widespread plan on the part of corporate interests of the country to control the country's educational interests.

LYNN PACKERS ON STRIKE. Four Big Shoe Factories Tied Up—One Firm Surrenders.

(Special to The Call.) LYNN, Mass., July 22.—The shoe packers in four large factories in this city went out on strike yesterday.

MAYAS ON THE WARPATH. MEXICO CITY, July 22.—Bands of hostile Maya Indians are again giving the Federal troops in Quintana Roo territory much trouble.

MEETING OF THE WORKINGMEN'S CO-OPERATIVE PUBLISHING ASSOCIATION. PUBLISHERS OF THE NEW YORK CALL.

Members are hereby invited to attend the annual meeting of the Association on Friday, July 23, 1909, 8 P. M., at Pearl Hall, 475 Pearl Street, Manhattan.

SUTTON INQUIRY IN FOG

Testimony Falls to Show Clearly Just How He Was Killed.

ANNAPOLIS, Md., July 22.—When the fourth day of the Sutton inquiry began this morning, Lieutenant Willing was on the stand for cross-examination by Attorney Davis for the Sutton family.

TROLLEY'S WILD DASH. Crowded Car Runs Away on Grade and Overtakes Five Seriously Hurt.

POTTSVILLE, Pa., July 22.—After a wild dash down a steep grade a special trolley car carrying half a hundred Elks turned turtle at the foot of the hill to-day.

TRIES SUICIDE IN COURT. LONDON, July 22.—Driven to despair by his conviction on a charge of smuggling, Albert Hausman, a wealthy German, swallowed poison in the Supreme Court to-day.

OLDEST PRIEST DIES. BERLIN, July 22.—Dean Machorski, the oldest Catholic priest in the world, died to-day at Thorn, a town of Prussia. He was 102 years old.

RUSSIA ADMITS HARTING'S GUILT

Bourtsieff's Exposure of Czar's Chief Provocative Agent Amply Verified by Events.

(Correspondence to The Call.) PARIS, July 14.—The Russian government has practically confessed that the chief of the Russian Secret Service in Paris, Harting, is in reality a certain Landesen, who had entered the Revolutionary party as early as 1882 in order to betray it.

FRENCH CARDINAL FINED. BORDEAUX, July 22.—Cardinal Andrieu, Archbishop of Bordeaux, was to-day fined 100 francs as a further development in the church-civil dispute that has concerned all France since the separation laws were passed.

BALLOONISTS INVADE GERMANY. BERLIN, July 22.—The French balloon Emulation du Nord, competing with others, started from Brussels last evening at 7:30 and descended at 9:30 in the Grunewald Park, close to Berlin.

WIFE AND HUSBAND LODGED IN JAIL FOR SUPPLYING CHEYENNE HOUSES. (Special to The Call.) DENVER, July 22.—The white slave traffic in this city is being very rapidly broken up.

STOWAWAY HURT IN FIGHT. A stowaway put up a stiff fight when discovered in the hold of the Hamburg-American line steamship Moltke shortly before the vessel sailed from Hoboken yesterday.

ERIE RESTORES WAGES. It was announced yesterday that the Erie had restored the salaries of its officers and employes, which had been cut on an average of about 4 per cent in January, 1908.

HOME COMPLETELY FURNISHED 9998. 3 ROOMS AT FURNISHED 49.98. 4 ROOMS AT FURNISHED 75.00.

ROYAL FURNITURE CO. 2188 90 3rd Ave. Tel. 119-120

BRONX ADVERTISERS. LADIES' GENTS' & CHILDREN'S SHOES. 1554 AVENUE A. Bet. 83d & 84th Sts.

YOUNG MEN AND MEN THAT FEEL YOUNG

THAT WANT GOOD SERVICE AND SERVICEABLE HATS. CORRECT STYLES AND SPLENDID VALUES.

BURGLAR BLAMES WOMAN FOR FALL. Sherman, Once a Bank Clerk, Says He Lavished Wealth Upon Her to His Sorrow.

"A woman was the cause of my downfall. I lavished wealth upon her and she clung to me as long as I was able to give, give, give. Now I am in jail, while she is living in luxury in Boston."

GREY DEFENDS CZAR. British Foreign Secretary Attacks Labor Members Who Protest. LONDON, July 22.—The Labor members of the House of Commons to-day again raised their protest against the Czar's approaching visit to England.

FREE BAND CONCERTS. At Battery Park. March, "Strenuous Life." Boehme. Overture, "William Tell." Rossini.

TRAFFIC IN GIRLS SMASHED. WASHINGTON, July 22.—Consul General Charles Denby, who was recently transferred from Shanghai to Vienna, and against whom charges have been made by former Judge Wilby, of the United States court, in Shanghai, arrived in Washington to-day.

TWINE EXTORTION IN P. O. WASHINGTON, July 22.—Because of the extortion of the Twine Trust the Postoffice Department is in search of a substitute for twine in the postal service.

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STRUCK BY AUTO, LEFT IN STREET

John Flynn's Skull Fractured by Speeding Joy Riders Who Flew.

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MEN'S AND LADIES' FURNISHINGS. Union Label. Shirts, Collars, Underwear, Suspenders, Hosiery, Overall, Caps. Litholin Collars, 25c. Cleaning Soap Free. Waiters' and Cooks' Outfits.

EMMA GOLDMAN HAS FREE SPEECH? Emma Goldman will lecture at the Harlem Liberal Club, 100 W. 116th Street, Friday, July 23, 1909, at 8 P. M.

JUST COMPLETED THE ONLY ENGLISH EDITION: THE THIRD AND LAST VOLUME OF MARX'S CAPITAL VOL. III. The Process of Capitalist Production as a Whole. \$2.00, our price \$1.50.

WILL IT PAY? This is the question advertisers ask when selecting a medium to advertise in. If The Call is in the position to prove beyond a doubt that it DOES PAY, it will get more advertising.

NEWARK FOR THE CALL. Big Crowd Fills New Saenger Park and Enjoys Fine Program. New Saenger Hall and Park, Newark, were crowded by friends and sympathizers of the Socialist movement Wednesday night at the dance and entertainment run by the Woman's National Progressive League for the benefit of The Call.

DENBY MUST EXPLAIN. WASHINGTON, July 22.—Consul General Charles Denby, who was recently transferred from Shanghai to Vienna, and against whom charges have been made by former Judge Wilby, of the United States court, in Shanghai, arrived in Washington to-day.

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THE CALL FOR FOUR MONTHS AND THE APPEAL TO REASON FOR ONE YEAR BOTH FOR \$1.00 (VALUE, \$1.65) WITH SELF-FILLING FOUNTAIN PEN ALL FOR \$1.75 (VALUE, \$2.90).

SHIPPING NEWS. Gull To-day. Prins Sigismund, Colombia, Cienfuegos, Progresso, Apache, Jacksonville, Hamilton, Norfolk. Duo To-day. Lowerth Castle, Algiers, June 20. C. F. Tietgen, Christiansand, July 10. Louisiana, Havre, July 10. Horatio, Barbados, July 14. Hug'n, Progresso, July 15. Huron, Jacksonville, July 15. Lusitania, Liverpool, July 17. Alliance, Cristobal, July 17. Mexico, Havana, July 20. Altal, Santa Marta, July 15. Comal, Galveston, July 17. City of Savannah, Savannah, July 20. El Siglo, Galveston, July 17. Jefferson, Norfolk, July 22.

SOCIALIST NEWS OF THE DAY

All notices must be in this office by noon of the day previous to publication. All meetings begin at 8 P. M., unless otherwise specified.

MANHATTAN AND BRONX. Business. 1st and 25th A. D. (German Branch)—111 Seventh avenue.

LABOR UNION NOTES.

NATIONAL CONVENTIONS. August 2, Denver, Col., Amalgamated Sheet Metal Workers' International Alliance.

SPORTING NEWS

CUBS WIN FIRST GAME. YANKS WIN SHORT GAME. Beat Cleveland in Six Inning Contest by Score of 1 to 0.

BIG MATCH IN JANUARY

Jeffries Declares That He Will Be Ready to Fight in Six Months.

CENTURY RUN FOR CHICAGO

Hundred Mile Run Starts To-night at Windy City.

WOMEN'S UNION LEAGUE

The Women's Trade Union League is conducting an active campaign in organizing the following trades:

PICKUPS AND 23DS CLASH

The Kings County Pickups and the 23d A. D. of Brooklyn, will clash on the diamond to-morrow at the New Lots Road on the Canarsie 'L' line.

HOW THEY STAND

Table with columns for League, Club, W, L, P.C. National League, American League, Yesterday's Results.

LEWIS READY FOR PAPKE. Willie Lewis says he will box ten rounds with Papke at the Fairmont A. C. if the latter will make 154 pounds ringside.

Convenient for the Reader. Profitable for the Advertiser. CALL ADVERTISERS' DIRECTORY READ IT DAILY—BEFORE YOU SPEND YOUR MONEY.

BOROUGH OF MANHATTAN. BARBERS, BOOKS, STATIONERY, ETC., BOOTS AND SHOES, CIGAR MANUFACTURERS, CLOTHING AND FURNISHINGS, DELICATESSEN, DAIRY RESTAURANT, DRY GOODS, LADIES' AND GENTS' FURNISHINGS, FURNITURE, ETC.

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THE LONDON CONGRESS OF THE INTERNATIONAL ALLIANCE FOR WOMAN SUFFRAGE.

(Translated from Die Gleichheit.) Recently five years have passed since in 1904, in Berlin, was founded the International Alliance for Women Suffrage, and it has already fulfilled...

CLARA ZETKIN ON ADULT SUFFRAGE.

A rousing demonstration organized by the Adult Suffrage Society was held at the Holborn Hall in London recently, when the chief speaker was the veteran and eloquent Socialist, Clara Zetkin...

THE LITTLE MATCH PEDDLER.

By JACK BRITT GEARITY. John Rava claims to be eleven years of age, but he looks about eight. When I met little John—my attention was first attracted by a bundle of tiny rags—he was huddled in the doorway of a Park Row lunch room...

A NEW CHEAP AND DEADLY IMPLEMENT OF WAR

Filed away in the archives of the Ordnance Division of the War Department at Washington is the description of a war balloon, entirely different from any type yet known to the public.

A SUFFRAGE FRAPPE.

"I see no reason," cried the Suffragette, "why women should be classed with aliens, idiots, children and criminals!" "I hope you'll forgive us," replied the kind-hearted Alderman...

FOOTLIGHT FLASHES

Clay Clement has been engaged by William A. Brady for "The Dollar Mark." George Broadhurst's new play, which opens at Wallack's Theater on August 15.

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THE NEW YORK CALL

A Newspaper for the Workers.

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THE CHINESE LOAN AND PATERNALISM.

In order to remove every shadow of doubt regarding the true meaning of the appointment of Charles R. Crane as Minister to China, the leading banking interests of this city gave, last Tuesday, a luncheon in his honor. Among others there were present representatives of J. P. Morgan & Co., Kuhn, Loeb & Co., the First National Bank, and the National City Bank. Conditions in the Far East were discussed, as well as the steps that will have to be taken in order to carry out the campaign upon which American capitalists are about to engage in China. When Morgan, Schiff, and Rockefeller work together in perfect harmony we may be sure that there is trouble brewing and that the American people will be made to foot a pretty large bill.

Meanwhile the negotiations concerning American participation in the Hankow-Sze-chuen Railway loan are proceeding satisfactorily. Several days ago President Taft cabled to the Prince Regent of China in regard to this matter. Yesterday it was reported from Washington that the President received a cablegram in reply, stating in effect that the Chinese Foreign Office had been directed to take up negotiations with the American Charge in Peking for the admission of American capital to participation in the loan on equal terms with that of Great Britain, France and Germany. It is understood that the loan may be increased by one-third over the sum originally contemplated. In this way the sum to be borrowed from the British, French, and German bankers will suffer no diminution, while American capital will obtain its full share of recognition.

As Mr. Crane stated on Tuesday on the above-mentioned occasion: "I have every hope that the last proposal of an increase in the total amount raised so as to give America a share with England, France, and Germany will result in a satisfactory close of the deal. We want to get in, not because there is any particular financial advantage to us in the present proposal, but because it will increase our prestige. We are, in fact, **LOOKING TWENTY YEARS AHEAD**, and not only at the present situation. * * * They (the Chinese) want railroads, an army, and a navy," and American capital is determined to get its share of profit out of these things. If the Chinese are not allowed to come to America to be exploited by American capital and to be used as a club against American workingmen, then American capital must go to China.

Observe the touching solicitude of our Government for the welfare of our great bankers, the loving care which it bestows on American capital, and contrast with this its cautious reserve whenever it is asked to do anything in the interests of labor. Whence does this great contradiction in its respective attitudes originate? Why is it that in the one case Government protection is regarded as a matter of course, as a sacred duty toward our "national interests," while in the other case its interference would be universally condemned as "paternalistic" and subversive of the very foundations of our national fabric? Surely, one would at first blush rather be inclined to think that poor miners or steel workers stand in greater need of aid than powerful bankers.

But the seeming contradiction is in reality the most perfect consistency. Our Government is under the absolute control of the capitalist class, is, in fact, nothing more than its permanent Executive Committee. A man cannot be paternal to himself, neither can a government of capitalists be paternalistic to capital. It is only to labor that it may be paternalistic. If the workers of the nation are resolved upon obtaining measures of relief which are essential to their welfare, they must change their relation to the Government. Instead of being strangers to it, they must become identical with it. It must become their Executive Committee. Government interference on their behalf would then cease to be paternalism. It would become self-help.

THE EFFICIENCY OF OUR LABOR.

Some time ago the Australian Government decided to erect the first small arms factory in the country. This is a part of its program providing for the national defense.

The Australian Government, like the Canadian, favors commerce with Great Britain at the expense of foreign countries. But notwithstanding this, it awarded the contract for the erection of the Government's own small arms factory to an American firm, which offered better terms, as to both price and time, than its British competitors.

And yet we are told that labor unions are ruining the country by making its labor inefficient. It was no less a person than President Woodrow Wilson, of Princeton University, who said only a short while ago that "the labor of America is rapidly becoming unprofitable under its present regulation by those who have determined to reduce it to a minimum. Our economic supremacy may be lost because the country grows more and more full of unprofitable servants."

The fact is that our labor is the most efficient in the world. The fact is that the wages of our labor are, in relation to its wonderful efficiency, the poorest in the world, while the profits of our capitalists are the greatest in the world.

But it is also a fact that the superior efficiency of our labor is ruining our laborers. It is destructive of their health and life and makes them prematurely aged. Were it not for the continual inflow of foreign laborers the incomparable efficiency of our labor would have resulted long ago in the actual depopulation of the country.

If our labor is to be preserved at its source, its efficiency—that is to say, the extravagant waste of it in the interest of augmented profits—will have to be reduced.



"NO MATTER WHAT THE COST."—President Hoffstot.

ARE OUR MILLIONAIRES IN SLAVERY?

By ROBERT HUNTER.

I was reading the other day the Insurance Record. Now and then such financial papers throw an interesting light upon the progress of democracy.

A gentleman, who signs himself "Halut" was discoursing upon the market. After giving his opinion of how to get rich by buying and selling certain stocks he drifts off into one terrific assault upon the working class.

The following are some of the gems from his sage, judicial pen:

"Politicians are too often aiming to incur popularity with the masses, and this usually means the ignorant and pampered working classes, as compared with the substantial, hard-working business men of intelligence, who have made the country what it is."

"I do not like the laboring classes, and I have no sympathy whatever with the so-called 'poor laboring man.' I do not dislike him because he labors (for I am a laboring man myself), but I dislike him because he is so ignorant, so absolutely blind to his own interest, and so under the control of demagogues. They are merely a lot of unthinking bits of protoplasm, ruled and bossed by a lot of ignorant and unprincipled and usually dishonest leaders. It is due to the trades unions and the evil connected with

the trades unions that prices of all commodities are up to a point where they are to-day, and that the cost of living is as high as it is to-day. The laboring classes study to do as little work during the working hours of the day as they possibly can, and unless you stand over them and keep them up to the work and watch them they will waste time in every possible way they can devise.

"The longer people temporize with this ignorant monster called the Trades Union, the more difficult it will be to disentangle ourselves from their shackles. I cannot understand why the masses of workingmen do not band together and throw off this yoke which is dragging them down to ruin. Every year the condition of the workingmen becomes worse, and his slavery to the demagogues more conspicuous."

These golden thoughts should be preserved by the workers. It would be well to read them in the evening by the fire. More and more one hears such sentiments expressed by the hard-working toilers of Wall Street, of the Stock Exchange, of Delmonico's, and of the clubs.

In fact, the only thing that seems to mar the beauty of America, the liberty and freedom of this golden continent, is the bitter yoke of slavery which our "pampered, unthinking bits of protoplasm" have cast on the necks of our millionaires.

ABBOTT, THE DOWNLOOK SHEPHERD.

By J. R. M.

Lyman Abbott, that hoary-headed and pussy-footed shepherd who, while pointing to the celestial fields with his petroleum-dipped crook, gently guides his submissive flock into the pinfolds of plutocracy, drops his sanctimonious mask for an instant in a late number of the *Downlook* (July 10), and says things calculated to make even a sheep suspicious. The reverend misleader and clerical crook-welder seems to think that his woolly charges are so thoroughly doped that they will not be alarmed when driven to the very threshold of the abattoir.

Under title of "A Needed Evangelism," and discussing three alleged incoherencies of law, the unshiverable collaborator of a monkey-shooting statesman says:

"The second theory is that implied in the saying of the Declaration of Independence, that government rests on the consent of the governed. This is the principle of anarchy; it recognizes no authority of law; and it is the theory of the mob which acts on the belief that the self-will of the majority is the superior and final will."

The Declaration of Independence ought never to have been written! It is the principle of anarchy! It is the theory of the mob! Its modicum of democracy is a fatal error. The common people of America are an anarchistic mob, who are of right should be unfree and unequal. Political liberty is a vulgar joke. Freedom is a failure.

That triumphant plutocracy has thrown overboard the Declaration of Independence and the Constitution of the United States, and has superseded these documents with the doctrine of the divine right of trusts, is a good deal of an open secret. President Taft himself recently uttered some fat-witted quips and quarks at the expense of the democratic tendencies of the founders of the republic: The hired man at the head of the colleges and the purchased writers in the editorial sanctums, not to mention the lucre-hungry occupants of the pulpits, have all been laboring with more or less subtle, skill and ef-

LETTERS TO THE EDITOR

FROM THE FIELD OF BATTLE.

I feel sure your readers will be interested to learn something additional to what may be gathered from the press dispatches of the strike of the Pressed Steel Car Company, of McKees Rocks, near Pittsburgh. This company is beyond question as heartless as capitalism has yet produced, and I am aware that that is saying a great deal.

There are perhaps 4,000 men working in that plant when in full operation, all of whom to hold a job any length of time must live in Schoenville, the company's town. The houses consist of shacks of four so-called rooms each, which rent for \$12 per month. I learn that if a boarder is kept by the family, he, too, is charged \$12 per month, so that in one case, where three boarders were kept, the rent for the four rooms retained by the company from the wages was \$24 each two weeks.

Pay envelopes shown me prove that one man worked nine days and received \$3.75, and another nine days and got \$2.85, another three days and got \$1.75, another three days and got \$1, another three days and got nothing, though he has for two months tried to get something. But the climax was reached when as the price of a job one poor fellow, who had been out of work for nine months, surrendered his wife to a boss in payment of a job and after three days he was discharged.

Payment for jobs was or has been the rule, as well as retaining from the pay the envelope calls for anywhere from 10 per cent. to 15 per cent. each pay day.

It is not necessary to detail the multitude of schemes used by which the men are robbed. Suffice it to say that so many new ones were revealed to me that I was surprised, not at the greed displayed, but at the great variety of the schemes.

The most interesting phase of the situation is that notwithstanding there is not even a semblance of an organization among the workers, and that four-fifths of them are non-English speaking, the walkout was complete. I have been among the strikers for several days, as well as have several other comrades, and all we say is listened to with interest and enthusiasm. To-day the Executive Committee of the skilled workers met with a similar committee of the foreigners, and are now in session devising ways and means by which success may be attained. These committees have been selected since the strike, the men coming together in groups, that is, the English speaking workers and the foreign workers, who are nearly all laborers, but we have urged them to get together and form a local organization for the time being, one that will embrace every worker in the entire plant, and something of that kind is under way.

The most surprising example of class feeling ever witnessed in this section is here shown. Poles, Hungarians, Slavs, Italians, Germans, English, in fact, so many nationalities that I cannot name them all, were to-day gathered in one enormous audience about half a mile from Schoenville, all intent on winning, all listening to all that was said by any speaker, and all manifesting a greater spirit of class consciousness than I have ever before witnessed.

A suit in equity against the company has been started by the strikers, and an injunction has been denied them. They asked that the company be restrained from using the troops against the men. It has just been denied by the court. Thus the court has also shown its class consciousness.

The Socialists are going to collect

THE HARP TO REAPPEAR.

The publisher of the Harp announces that on account of the financial stress it was found impossible to have a June issue of that monthly.

Now, however, the position has improved and the July issue will appear about the 25th. After August, publication will be promptly on the first of each month.

The publisher desires to ask the indulgence of all friends of the Harp and promises hereafter a bigger and better paper.

Irish men and women who are Socialists should rally to the aid of this advocate of Socialism among their countrymen. The subscription price is 50 cents yearly. Office of publication 749 Third Avenue, New York City.

A CHARGE AGAINST THE CALL

Editor of the Call:

It is with great reluctance that I ask for space in the letter column of the *Call* to say something other than the usual words of praise one sees therein about The Call and its conduct.

ONLY THE BEGINNING.

By JOSEPH E. COHEN.

Some Republican and Democratic editors seem at loss to account for the doings of Congress these days.

While its tinkering with the tariff has disgraced very little from the confirmed "stand pat" policy, so that the new monstrosity is to the general liking of the conservative organs, there is no explaining why Congress should devote its time to consider taxing incomes and corporations.

Of course, it by no means follows that Congress is serious in proposing these measures, nor is it certain that between the perverseness of the Supreme Court and the dilatoriness of the several states they will soon come to be voted upon as amendments to the Constitution.

But it is gratifying to mark the consternation of dyed-in-the-wool Republicans and Democrats, just at the time when English old fogies are amazed at the quite moderate budget introduced by Lloyd-George.

There is no mistaking what the Republican party is doing. It is swallowing in a gulp the so-called radical measures of populism dead and embalmed, and of the democracy, dead and decaying. The principal reason the grand old party has in doing this is to win to itself the more progressive elements of the old parties.

There cannot be said to be any further method in the madness of this bulwark of conservatism. No one really believes that the Republican party has so far forgotten its dignity as to attempt to serve the common people. No one believes that it is aiming to surreptitiously smuggle in Socialism, nor that its antics will prostrate its hated social problem. In the panic of fear, in which the Republican leaders find themselves, they are undecided which way to turn.

The Republican party cannot go back. Competition will never be resuscitated. And the Republican party cannot stand still. It is only too well the pulse of suffering, and is not blind to the fact that the wrongs of the lower classes sooner or later be redressed. Efforts to appease the multitude are feeble, only because the old party are cowardly rather than incompetent.

They feel instinctively that what they take is a step in advance and they will push on no faster than they are compelled.

The taxing of incomes and corporations, even though the plan is put out as well as now contemplated, therefore only a beginning and a poor beginning. More decided action will be taken to the extent in which the American people find themselves.

The most striking feature of present psychology of the public is its inability to group itself for concerted action. Its makeup is completely of the transitional kind, knows not whether it is going or not remain as they are. In the face of such a condition there is something heroic in the breaking away of individuals of the professions and the middle class from old parties and their spousal of Socialism.

But this is only for the time being. These men and women are forewarners of the larger members in the wake. For the struggle of the future is between the few monopolists and the American people, and as the distinction grows, the more does it appear that the interests of nearly all are bound up with the movement of the working class.

Republican and Democratic alike may as well prepare themselves for still stranger moves on the chessboard. The working class, those who stand with them but yet come to realize their strength, their mission. When the awakening of the intelligence of the masses comes it will be comparable to the social revolution sure to follow.

Some day they will furnish judges for contempt of the people.

The only town in the United States named Rockefeller has decided to change to Area, Ill.; but what is the use? In a few years the entire United States will belong to Oily John and Area will not be able to escape him.

David Levine took advantage of the Taxpayers' News offer to publish letters setting forth its readers' choice for Mayor, and he tells why Edward F. Cassidy, the Socialist candidate, should be elected. Good for Mr. Levine. Socialists should improve every chance to get a few words, even edgewise, into the capitalist press. It is seed that will bear good fruit.

What do you think of this heading, Mr. Wage Slave? "Riot of prosperity marks life of Americans in London; highwater mark of expenditure formerly set by coronation; year collapsed; all records unsurpassed; nothing will satisfy our wandering folk but the richest and the rarest." Do you know who these wandering folk are? They are the parasites who gave you that poverty-itch.

And so the poor, sordid, speculating "pallid child" has been in the limelight again. And she was really forced to tell horrid things about the man whose family refused to come down with the dollars which she needed for a riotous time. Alas, 'tis really too bad that wifely devotion should be appraised at so low a figure by capitalism.

ON THE FIRING LINE.

By MONOSABIO.

When will our "rulers" be babbling about war as a social evil? When will the workers, the war.

The "Countess Seeshovt," Gladys Vanderbilt, is not hiding the royal court of Hungary, but the same papers which contain this lamentable piece of news print headlines stating that Mabelle Gorman, alias Mrs. William Ellis Gorman, has been invited to visit the Countess of Warwick and is to be presented to King Edward. Score one for the Corey press agent.

Capitalist love and marriage is at all commercial. Listen to these excerpts from "Some Don't" for the courtesans in the Sunday *World*. "Don't forget that the most interesting book you can give your son a bank book; don't think that sense alone makes the heart generous—parents have been known to have the same effect; don't stop to please her—if you stop to please body else may begin." Stella G. burger is responsible for this, which correctly represents the relations into which capitalism has forced men and women.

The Straight Edge Industrial settlement, of 1 Abingdon Square, came a circular and invited you to observe how it is "making" places in the industrial world for the unemployed, without changing human nature, without getting new laws passed, without riot or bloodshed. Wonder what it is all about? And to enroll for one year, send \$1.00 to enroll permanently, send \$16.00.

In matters concerning the welfare of the working class.

The editor of the Appeal to Reason, Comrade Fred D. Warren, has been sentenced to suffer a fine and months' imprisonment for trying to prove to the workers the duplicity of our courts of justice and the character of our government. Outside of reporting this as a piece of "news," outside of writing one editorial on it and occasionally referring to it by reprints and allusions, the *Call* has assumed a very lukewarm and dangerously indifferent attitude to the first attempt of the Federal Government to deal with Socialist editors who are dealt with in Russia and Germany. Such an attitude is not only contrary to Socialist comradeship, but is detrimental to the work of propaganda in that it allows to an excellent opportunity to drive home to the workers the class character of our Government.

To say the least, Warren in his present fight deserves as much our support as Gompers in the fight against imprisonment. Yet disproportionate more prominence has been given to the *Call* to the case of Gompers. This is unlikely that the Supreme Court will sustain the sentence passed by Gompers, Mitchell and Morrison, while it is most likely that the court will affirm the sentence passed on Warren. For after all it must not be forgotten that Gompers up to this very moment has been doing yeoman work in keeping the American workers attached to the old political parties, through the help of which parties judges are what and what they are. On the other hand Warren's activities have been in the line of placing the most discredit upon the old parties and their beneficiaries.

It is my opinion that The *Call* commits a grave blunder and does injustice to the cause by not hammering away daily at the Warren affair. It wants space let it give up the space that a "cut" of a baseball player is full uniform occupies.

With best wishes, I am, fraternally,
A. M. S.
Yonkers, N. Y., July 17, 1909.
[We plead not guilty. We leave it to the readers of the *Call* to judge between A. M. S. and us.—Editor *Call*.]

HISTORY OF THE GREAT AMERICAN FORTUNES.

Editor of the Call:

Inasmuch as I am unable to reply individually to a large number of complimentary letters from comrades and others who have subscribed for my forthcoming "History of the Great American Fortunes," I trust that you will allow me the opportunity of making this general expression of appreciation. Charles H. Kerr & Co., who I am glad to say, will publish the work and issue it shortly, will acknowledge the subscriptions in each case.

I desire in the heartiest manner to thank all of those who by letter or orally have manifested their interest in this work and who have contributed their subscriptions in advance of publication.

It is in no sense from a personal motive that I express the hope that this work will have as large a circulation as possible, for the sake of its propaganda effect. All comrades who share in this aim can greatly assist its speedy publication by sending in their subscriptions at the earliest moment and direct to Charles H. Kerr & Co., 153 East Kinzie Street, Chicago, Ill. The subscription price is placed at \$2.50 for the three volumes if paid in advance, or \$1.50 a volume after publication.

I hardly think that any Socialist will object to my stating these business essentials.

GUSTAVUS MYERS.

A CHARGE AGAINST THE CALL

Editor of the Call:

It is with great reluctance that I ask for space in the letter column of the *Call* to say something other than the usual words of praise one sees therein about The Call and its conduct.