

The emancipation of the Working Class must be accomplished by the workers themselves.

The NEW YORK Call

The Weather. Fair; variable easterly wind.

600 PEARL STREET, NEW YORK.

Devoted to the interests of the Working People.

TELEPHONE 2303 BEEKMAN.

No. 117.

NEW YORK, THURSDAY, APRIL 27, 1911.

Price, Two Cents.

AND ARE CALLED TO AMUSE RICH AND BEJEWELED Efforts of the Sightless to Make Good Showing. SHOWS UP "CHARITY" Man Points Out Failure of Such Attempts to Help.

Business met last night at the Manhattan Opera House, where the Blind Workers' Exhibition, held under the auspices of the New York Association for the Blind, was opened by President Taft.

Several hundred workers, men and women with unseeing eyes, were seated in groups on the main floor, and group displaying the machinery of the handwork by which it manufactures out an existence.

In the boxes and on the stage several ladies, dressed in expensive gowns, were seated with jewelry and insurance policies for the workman, sat, looked on, exchanged social amenities and basked in the sunshine of the proverbial Taft.

The object of the exhibit, which will run until April 30, is to show what is being done for the blind in New York and throughout the United States, and what remains to be done. Men who participate in it are the rich.

The object was nearly lost sight of in the spectacular efforts which were made by the committee in charge of the exhibit, to amuse the distinguished guests who occupied the boxes, the poor, miserable boys, who are blind from birth, and struggling to earn their bread and butter through all kinds of gymnastic stunts for the amusement of the rich.

The chairman of the evening was Joseph H. Choate. After paying compliments to Miss Winifred, the secretary of the Association for the Blind, Choate introduced President Taft.

He remarks that the nation is proud of the President for "adding to the cause of universal peace" and for a grin on the faces of a number of men in the audience. The president, however, applauded vigorously the American troops who are now on the Mexican border line.

Choate and Helen Keller, who have spoken, could not be heard and sent letters expressing their appreciation for the work of the association.

ERIE MUST PAY WORKER \$25,000

NEWBURG, N. Y., April 26.—Word has been received here that the Court of Appeals has affirmed a judgment for \$25,000 awarded to George Kozak two years ago, in an action brought against the Erie Railroad Company to recover for the loss of both legs near the body.

MEXICAN PEOPLE FIGHT FOR FOOD

Planter Says Peons Know Government is Robbing Them.

SAN ANTONIO, Tex., April 26.—Peace cannot come to Mexico until peonage has been done away with, and the great masses of the common people are given a chance to raise themselves above their present condition of chronic starvation.

This was the statement made here today by Senor Zeferino Dominguez, known as the "Cora King" of Mexico, and one of the wealthiest and most influential planters of the Republic.

"At this minute Indians are working twelve hours a day on some of Francisco I. Madero's own estates and on lands belonging to other members of the Madero family for 25 cents and 30 cents, silver, a day; that would be 12 1/2 and 15 cents, American gold. And these Indians are using the agricultural methods of the Aztecs, little modified by modern appliances.

"The peons on Madero's estates, as the peons on all the other great estates of the rich barons of Mexico, do not get more food than enough barely to maintain life. They are just one step ahead of actual starvation all their lives. They cannot have minds of their own when they are not nourished above the point of brute intelligence.

Knows He is Robbed. "The brigand is a peon who also knows how to fight," said the corn planter. "He goes out and robs the haciendado, because he must live, and it is easier to live by robbery than to work twelve hours a day.

"Everywhere in Northern and Southern Mexico brigands have been attacking the starving to themselves because it promises to say that 50 per cent of the fighting has no other reason for them and that they have a half-formed idea that if they are successful against the Government they will be allowed to own a little land and have more food of their own."

ARREST TWO FOR OLD MURDER. TRENTON, N. J., April 26.—On a charge of murder committed in Scranton in 1897, Filippo De Angelo, one of the leading Italian business men of Trenton, and a member of the Italian Trading and Banking Company, and his brother, Francesco de Angelo, were arrested here today, and are now confined to the 2d District police station. The apprehension of the men for a crime fourteen years old was due to the efforts of a fellow countryman, Patrolman Antonio Peda, an Italian member of the Trenton Police De-

COLLINS, HEAD OF PRISONS, RESIGNS

Roosevelt's Pal Forced to Abandon Fat Salary and Pickings.

ALBANY, April 26.—Cornelius V. Collins, of Troy, State Superintendent of Prisons for thirteen years, has resigned, under pressure, it is reported. His resignation, which reached Governor Dix today, takes effect immediately.

Superintendent Collins was appointed March 9, 1898, by Governor Black to succeed Austin Lathrop, of Cornwall, and has served under Governors Black, Roosevelt, Odell, Higgins, Hughes, White and Dix. His last reappointment was by Governor Hughes and his term would have expired in 1913. The position pays \$6,000 per annum and the term is five years.

Collins had supervision over the four State prisons, Sing Sing, Auburn, Clinton and Great Meadows, and of the Matteawan and Dannemora State Hospitals for the Criminal Insane. He was a member of the State Parole Board and was chairman of the Commission on New Prisons appointed by Governor Hughes to select the site for the new prison to take the place of Sing Sing.

Soon after Governor Dix assumed office in January he requested Superintendent Collins to resign, but the superintendent refused. On January 30 the Governor announced that he had appointed William Church Osborn, his legal adviser, and George E. Van Kenan, of Oradell, to investigate the management and affairs of the State Commission in Lunacy, the State prisons and reformatories and the Excise and Highway departments.

Collins is known among prison reformers as a first-class grafter and bosom friend of Theodore Roosevelt. In his fight against Dix, Collins relied on the support of "Big Tim" Sullivan, Christy Sullivan, The McManus, and Tom Grady, of Manhattan, and Cullen, of Brooklyn.

He had, it was understood, favored all of them, and had them under such obligations that they would have to stand by him. Some of these Senators, it was declared, had named the cooks in various prisons, and their constituents who were unfortunate enough to get into prison had been kindly treated.

Even so late as March, Senator Cullen, of Brooklyn, was popularly credited with exercising so much influence with the superintendent that Thayer, of Brooklyn, was appointed warden of the new Comstock prison. But Charles F. Murphy, who is in command of the Democratic situation, was working hard to have Collins removed, and it was today considered that he had brought the five Democratic Senators, or some of them, around to the support of the Governor.

IN A CASE OF THIS KIND IT'S DIFFERENT

WASHINGTON, April 26.—Len Taub, in the opinion of Secretary Nagel, of Commerce and Labor, is a "progressive Americanized Chinese," and not a laborer as classified under the immigration statutes. This decision was announced today, and Len's readmission into this country authorized.

COFFEE TRUST IS ATTACKED BY NORRIS

WASHINGTON, April 26.—The "coffee trust," described as the most gigantic of the industrial monsters of the present day, was the object of an attack on the floor of the House today by Representative Norris, of Nebraska. "I speak of a combination that levies its tribute in pennies, but counts its contributors by the million," Norris said. "Other monopolies levy their tribute but once; but this monster is a daily uniting guest at every breakfast table in the land. This gigantic institution numbers among its stockholders a sovereign State and one of the independent nations of the world."

THREE LABOR MEN ARE HUSTLED INTO JAIL IN LOS ANGELES; BROTHERS PUT IN TANK

SOCIALIST WOMEN SEND OFFER TO MRS. McNAMARA. LOS ANGELES, April 26.—Several women of Los Angeles, Socialist party, tonight telegraphed the mother of the McNamaras that they would do all they could to help in the fight for her sons. They invited her to come to Los Angeles and promised her she would be well cared for while here.

LOQUACIOUS CANNON SURE IS AGGRAVATING

WASHINGTON, April 26.—Representative Lindbergh, of Minnesota, who "insurges" whenever he feels the feet of the oppressor on his neck, has discovered a "trust" right in the House of Representatives. It is a speaking trust or monopoly. The Minnesota representative mentions it in a resolution which he introduced today with a view to reforming the "Leave to print" practice in the House.

The Lindbergh resolution says that "a partial and monopolistic practice prevails in the House by designating certain so-called leaders to control the time and to discriminate in the distribution of time to their favorites, sometimes giving more than three hours to one of these and frequently five minutes or less or no time at all to others."

ASK UNION PACIFIC TO GIVE UP SWAG

WASHINGTON, April 26.—Suits to recover lands said to be worth more than \$100,000,000 in Wyoming, Nevada and Washington, from the Union Pacific Railroad may soon be instituted by the government, through a court decision, has violated the terms of its grant, by refusing to sell land to settlers for \$2.50 per acre.

REACTIONARY PRESS OFFICIALS ELECTED

Directors of that capitalist servant, the Associated Press, elected the following officers yesterday: President, Frank B. Noyes, Washington Star; first vice president, R. M. Johnston, Houston (Tex.) Post; second vice president, Frank P. MacLennan, Topeka (Kan.) State Journal; secretary and general manager, Melville E. Stone; treasurer, J. R. Youatt.

URGES PUBLICITY TO ABOLISH VICE

NEW HAVEN, Conn., April 26.—Discussing the social evil before the Connecticut State Conference of Charities and Correction last night, Dr. Charles W. Elliot, president emeritus of Harvard University, urged a campaign of publicity to stamp out the evil and to properly educate mothers to teach their children. He said: "Publicity is necessary. Vice and crime seek secrecy for the commission of crime. We will welcome any movement which will bring publicity to the community."

"Mothers are the best teachers. But the question is, are they the most competent? Haven't they been doing wrong in the past? Haven't they been teaching their children in fables from the mythology of life? We need a change in sentiment toward the whole subject. In the hospitals and their staffs I see great hope. Diseases can be treated promptly. The thing to be taught to men and women is the wrongfulness of unchastity. Our campaign must be educational."

BRADLEY CO. ROBBED CITY, IS CHARGED

Lawyer Files Complaint With P. S. C. Against Construction Firm.

That the city was systematically robbed by the Bradley Construction Company, which constructed the Duane street sewer about two years ago, is the charge made by Aaron Bearman, a Brooklyn lawyer, in a complaint against the Public Service Commission which he filed with Commissioner John N. Carlisle. In the process of constructing the Duane street sewer, Attorney Bearman charges, the Bradley Construction Company was supposed to employ a number of carpenters. Instead of employing the carpenters and paying them the current rate, which was \$3.50 a day, it employed what it termed "handy men" at \$2 a day. The city, however, was charged \$3.50 a day for the carpenter work done.

Attorney Bearman bases his charges against the Bradley Construction Company upon admissions which were made by the company at a hearing before the Controller in the spring of 1910, when the Bradley Company admitted that it paid the "handy men," who acted as carpenters, \$2 a day.

FEARFUL PLIGHT OF LONDON POOR

LONDON, April 26.—Sixty per cent of the adult workers of Great Britain receive less than \$7.50 weekly wages, according to statistics quoted tonight in the House of Commons, by H. J. Tennant, Under Secretary for the Board of Trade, in opposing the motion of Will Crooks, the labor member from Woolwich, for a compulsory minimum wage of \$7.50.

THIS WILL MAKE MORGAN SHRIEK

WASHINGTON, April 26.—The Government is going to try to "lame Wall Street." A far-reaching campaign with this object in view has been planned, it was learned today, by the Department of Justice, where it was stated that the appeal in the cotton pool case is the first step.

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No Disorder Attending Arrival, Trio Being Taken Off Train by Secret Arrangement—Woman Ready for "Identification."

INDIANAPOLIS LAW OFFICERS ARE UPSET

Prosecutor Suddenly Realizes Grossly Illegal Methods Prevailed in Kidnapping Unionists and Hints Some Kind of Action May Be Taken—Doubt Whether Judge Acted Lawfully.

DAY'S DEVELOPMENTS IN CAPITALIST CONSPIRACY.

Three labor men arrive in Los Angeles and are hustled into jail.

No demonstration attempted, men being taken to cells by secret route.

Stage all set to have boarding house mistress identify J. B. McNamara as J. B. Bryce.

Two Socialist lawyers and Judge Hilton engaged to defend union men.

Disturbing situation arises in Indianapolis, capitalist bloodhounds fearing they have gone too far.

Prosecutor not sure whole proceeding has not been illegal.

Even judge declared to be involved in unlawful use of powers.

LOS ANGELES, Cal., April 26.—While 300 people crowding about the entrance to the county jail this afternoon were held back by a squad of deputy sheriffs, the three labor men accused by capitalists of complicity in the dynamiting of the Los Angeles Times Building here the morning of October 1 last were rushed into the building and in a few minutes had been booked and put in separate cells, thus ending the dash half way across the continent which followed their arrest.

They arrived at the jail at 2:35 and within a few minutes were in solitary confinement.

While they were being booked a score of newspaper men who had been admitted to the building were prisoners behind the steel grating of the visitors' room and could only look at the trio, being unable to question them.

J. B. McNamara and McManigal were taken from the California Limited at Pasadena and put in an automobile, which covered the ten miles between that city and the county jail at high speed.

J. J. McNamara remained on the train until Raymond Station was reached, when he was taken off, put in another automobile, and brought to the jail in the same manner, arriving only two minutes behind his companions.

Large crowds waited at the main station in Pasadena and at the Arcade Station in this city to see the prisoners.

The arrangements which had been made were kept secret and few knew how the prisoners were to be taken to jail.

James B. McNamara learned yesterday that his brother was on the train, but J. J. McNamara was in ignorance of the nearness of the former until they arrived at Pasadena, where he saw his brother and McManigal taken off the train.

McManigal was in good humor and joked with the officers when they had trouble taking the handcuffs from his wrists. Four keys were tried before one was found that fitted.

After the men had been searched, weighed and measured and the contents of their pockets taken from them, they were locked up. McManigal was put in cell 9, while the McNamaras were put in a tank until separate cells can be arranged.

With the three men in jail, big developments in the conspiracy are certain within a few hours. Mrs. D. H. Ingersoll will be taken to the jail to see J. B. McNamara and it is freely hinted she will identify him as J. B. Bryce, a leader in her rooming house in San Francisco a few weeks prior to the destruction of the Times building here.

These attorneys already have been

engaged to aid in the defense of the men, but no attempt was made today to obtain writs of habeas corpus. The lawyers are Austin Lewis, of Oakland, a prominent Socialist in that city; Job Harriman, of Los Angeles, also prominent in Socialist circles, and O. N. Hilton, until recently of Denver. Hilton visited the prisoners, and tonight held a conference with Harriman. Whatever legal move they decide to make will be made tomorrow. Hilton is to appear in behalf of the McNamaras and McManigal at the request of the Western Federation of Miners.

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., April 26.—Serious complications have arisen here over the arrest and taking away to California of J. J. McNamara, and friends of the convict and others who are under bond on the kidnapping charges fear that the proceedings against them will be made anything but a joke.

The seriousness of the situation became apparent today when Prosecutor Baker took the ground that McNamara had been illegally taken from the State; that Judge Collins, of the Police Court, who turned McNamara over to Detective Burns after identification, was wholly without jurisdiction in the case, and that the man who spirited the Iron Workers' secretary from the State are guilty of kidnapping.

When the charge was first made and labor leaders swore out warrants for the arrest of Burns, Ford, Brown and others, there were those that considered the whole thing a joke, but when lawyers began an investigation there was found good cause for believing that a mistake had been made and that all the parties, and Judge Collins also, were liable under the kidnapping statute to fine and imprisonment.

Prosecutor Baker is not especially in sympathy with the protest that has gone up from organized labor over the arrest of McNamara, but announces he is looking at the situation from the standpoint of a public officer only.

After carefully investigating the law in respect to extradition of criminals, which provides only for the arrest of fugitives from justice, Baker said that McNamara ought to have been tried here and that from the issuing of the requisition by the Governor, which was entirely regular, all the proceedings were illegal.

New Law Violated. He says when McNamara was taken before Judge Collins for a hearing on the question of identity it was the duty of Judge Collins to notify the Prosecuting Attorney before proceeding with the case.

The section of the statute which, he says, required Judge Collins to do this, and which section, he says, the judge did not follow, is one passed by the last Legislature, amending an act of 1905.

That Judge Collins had absolutely no jurisdiction to hear and determine the matter of extradition in the McNamara case is the opinion expressed only by Mr. Baker, but by other lawyers, and they base their opinion on section 1895 of Burns' S. A., which says the Sheriff or Constable making the arrest shall take the fugitive before the Circuit, Superior or Criminal Court, or Judge of this State, nearest and most convenient of whom to the place where the arrest was made.

The section does not say anything about taking the fugitive before a city judge, and lawyers say that Judge Collins was wholly without jurisdiction.

Prosecutor Baker says the taking away of McNamara was illegal for the reasons, also, and that he considered kidnapping. In making his defense against the charge of kidnapping, it is understood, Burns will take the position that he did not know Judge Collins had no jurisdiction to hear the extradition proceedings; that he was only a bystander in the proceedings, and that when the court ordered jurisdiction and return of McNamara to be turned over to the

Eagle Brand Condensed Milk advertisement with logo and text: 'EAGLE BRAND CONDENSED MILK Convenient, Economical, and Will Give You Best Results in Your Cooking'

formal agent, he believed the court was acting in a legal manner. "Too bad, but—"

While this is practically the opinion of all lawyers they also say that there is no help for McNamara who is now in California in the jurisdiction of the courts of that State and he cannot be gotten back here, notwithstanding his rights were ignored.

As one lawyer expressed it: "This happens to be a case in which the law presumes the officers on whom it confers powers will always do their duty. At least there seems to be no remedy provided for the man who has been treated as McNamara has been treated. By that I do not mean no liability of any kind attaches to anybody who was involved in taking him away by abduction. I mean the law affords no procedure that will help McNamara now. It may be proper to say that McNamara was not arrested for him the rights that were denied him."

With W. A. Ketcham, his attorney, Detective Burns appeared in the Grand Jury witness room today, in answer to a summons to appear before the Grand Jury in its investigation of the dynamiting case. His examination was deferred.

The Employers' Association of this city has retained a lawyer to assist the prosecutor in bringing out the connection of McNamara with the dynamite found in the Central Life Building and in the Jones stable, west of the city, and the labor unions have employed an attorney to assist in the kidnaping case.

MINERS' JOURNAL CALLS IT ANARCHY

INDIANAPOLIS, April 26.—The Mine Workers' Journal, the official organ of the United Mine Workers of America, today denounces the outrage on McNamara. It says in part: "Organized labor in Indianapolis, and later throughout the whole country, was stupefied by the piratical manner in which the headquarters of the International Association of Bridge and Structural Iron Workers was raided by the minions of predatory wealth."

The editorial says: "The brazen impudence of Burns and his agents in sweeping like vultures upon a body of responsible citizens, who had responsible positions, and rushing one of their number to a strange and hostile community without due process of law is an exhibition of the rankest kind of anarchy."

"Fiendish plot, re: conceived by devils and executed by hellions. We do not approve of throwing dynamite bombs and killing scores of innocent people. We are just as desirous of apprehending the perpetrators of the Los Angeles outrage as the most vehement advocates of law and order."

"But suffice it to say that we are not in favor of violating the law in a mad endeavor to punish a crime. If we have reached such a stage in the evolution of the body politic that it is necessary to violate some fundamental law in order to..."

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Bread bearing this label is Union Made. Ask for the Label when buying bread.

Drink "Peter Brew" The Wm. Peter Brewing Co. UNION HILLS, N. J.

Labor News of the World

CAMPAIGN AGAINST UNSAFE FACTORIES

United Hebrew Trades to Open Persistent Fight for Betterment.

A vigorous campaign against shops where unsafe and insanitary conditions exist has been started by the United Hebrew Trades.

Every worker who is a member of an organization that is affiliated with the United Hebrew Trades has received instructions to report the condition of the shop he or she works in to the union.

Through its attorneys, Jacob Panken and Morris Rothenberg, of 5 Beekman street, the United Hebrew Trades has directed complaints to either the Building, Factory Inspection, or Fire departments against the following establishments:

604 Broadway, Schiller; Ladies' hat shop. The water in the shop is shut off at 5:30 o'clock in the afternoon, while the girls employed do not leave the shop until 6 o'clock. Conditions are described as insanitary and dangerous. Complaint made to Board of Health.

432 Broadway, Twelve-story building. No fire escape. Complaint made to Building Department.

5 Division Street, Eagle Rain Coat Co. Shop on top floor. Amount of naphtha about the shop exceeds that allowed by law. Naphtha kept unguarded. Floors soaked with it. A light is always burning in the shop and naphtha may become ignited any moment. Workers fear for their lives. Complaint made to Bureau of Factory Inspection.

514-516 Broadway, Frankelstein & Co. Manufacturers of garters. On the Crosby street side doors open inwardly. Passages obstructed. Machines virtually block exits. Complaint made to Bureau of Factory Inspection.

At the office of the United Hebrew Trades it was announced that if the departments to which these complaints are addressed do not take speedy action to remedy conditions its attorneys will take legal steps to compel such action.

DEMAND WITHDRAWAL OF U. S. SOLDIERS

PHILADELPHIA, April 23.—At a meeting of American Cotton's Patent and Rotary Knitters' Union, Local 706, the following resolutions on the sending of American troops to the Mexican border were passed:

"Whereas the President of the United States, William H. Taft, has occasioned the assembling of troops and warships near the border of Mexico for the purpose of interfering with the revolution that is now being carried on in that country, said revolution being the result of the barbarous and inhuman treatment and oppression of the masses of the people by the Diaz regime; and

"Whereas Taft's interference is admittedly occupied by his desire to protect the American dollar invested in Mexico, thus placing the dollar above human happiness and the welfare of the people involved; and

"Whereas it is the policy of the American people to encourage and foster all extensions of political liberties to an oppressed people, well remembering that our own political freedom was acquired through just such resistance to tyranny as is now being practiced by the Mexican revolutionists; therefore, be it

"Resolved, That we, the officers and members of the American Cotton's Patent and Rotary Knitters' Union, Local No. 706, assembled in meeting, do protest against this action of President Taft, and demand the withdrawal of the troops from the Mexican border; and be it further

"Resolved, That we go on record as protesting against this encroachment upon the right of a people to govern themselves and the right of a people to revolt against and to alter their government so as to provide and establish more political freedom and security as is set forth in the American Declaration of Independence."

CLOTHING BOSSES IN NEW CORPORATION

It was announced in Wall Street yesterday that Ladenburg, Thalmann & Co., bankers of this city, and A. G. Becker & Co., latter of Chicago, have completed organization of a new Hart, Schaffner & Marx clothing corporation, with capitalization of \$20,000,000, divided into \$5,000,000 preferred and \$15,000,000 common.

This was the principal firm involved in the great garment workers' strike in Chicago this past winter. It maintained practically a private army of its own to fight the strikers.

R. R. STRIKE THREATENED

SALT LAKE, Utah, April 26.—A general strike of engineers, firemen and switchmen employed by the Western Pacific Railway is threatened today. Officials of the railroad at a recent conference in San Francisco refused the request of the men for increased wages.

COPS KNOCKED OUT BY WOMEN STRIKERS

Policemen Had Assaulted Them in "Protecting" Norwich Mill Owners.

NORWICH, Conn., April 26.—Disorder prevailed throughout the day at the Norwich Cotton Mill Company's plant at the Falls.

The strike at the mills was precipitated on Monday at noon and yesterday the 200 weavers went out in sympathy with those on strike.

When an effort was made this morning to hitch up the company's teams, a crowd was on hand and male a. demp up and efforts were made to unhitch horses. Police were put on duty and all was quiet until 12:30 this afternoon.

The gate was opened to admit scabs at the mill this afternoon and there was a rush by a crowd to prevent entrance. The police used their clubs on the crowd and drove it back to the street.

Those in the rear of the crowd began to throw stones, sticks and other missiles at the cops. Policeman Driscoll was felled with a huge stone, he immediately opened fire with his revolver.

Some of the crowd scattered, but others stood their ground. Policeman Brock was the next to be laid low with a flying brick, and Policeman Keenan was crippled by a stone.

Prior to being knocked out Brock had manhandled some women who were in the crowd. It was not long before more policemen were dispatched to the mill, but no sooner had the cops handcuffed their men than the women and several men made a rush to assist their fellows in distress.

The women attacked the cops and tried in vain to have the men under arrest released. When the cops arrived with the prisoners, a number of cops went to the scene in automobiles and ordered the people to return to their homes.

Several defied the officers and were taken to police headquarters and will be given a hearing tomorrow morning.

HEARING ADJOURNED UNTIL TOMORROW

The hearing on the temporary injunction obtained by the Henry R. Worthington Hydraulic Works, of Harrison, N. J., against sixty pattern makers and machinists who are on strike against the concern, which was to have come up in the Court of Chancery in Newark, has been adjourned until Friday.

Attorney Samuel Kalisch appeared for the strikers. In reviewing the restraining order which the manufacturing company is now trying to have changed into a permanent injunction, Attorney Kalisch said that it was extremely harsh and, if granted, would be a severe blow to the strikers.

The men on strike against the Worthington concern were really forced into the strike by the company, which locked them out. It was after the lockout that the men declared a strike against the concern and began picketing the shop.

The striking pattern makers and machinists have made demands upon their employers for higher wages, a shorter workday, and recognition of their organization.

BUTTON CUTTERS OUT IN LA CROSSE, WIS.

LA CROSSE, Wis., April 26.—Sixty-five button cutters are out and seventy-five girls will quit if plans of the striking cutters materialize here. Not only will the girls quit, but a walkout of every employe of the Wisconsin Pearl Button Company is threatened.

Oliver C. Wilson, member of the Executive Committee of the Muscatine Button Cutters' Union, arrived in the city Sunday morning, and at a secret meeting that morning formed a union.

WORKERS DEMAND MORE PAY. CHICAGO, April 26.—A Grand Rapids dispatch says bakers and electrical workers demand a 10 per cent increase by May 1.

Three furniture factories have signed the union agreement. Trouble is expected when the Michigan Chair Company attempts to resume work with imported non-union help.

TO TRY ARBITRATION. CHICAGO, April 26.—Arbitration between all factions in the steamfitters' jurisdictional fight is to be attempted. Ten million dollars actual and thirty millions prospective building work is tied up by the dispute.

Cement workers' and bricklayers' differences are expected to be settled by arbitration.

STEEL TRUST CUTS HOURS VOLUNTARILY

Hours Reduced 4 a Day in Sharon, Pa.—Bosses' "Wise" Move.

SHARON, Pa., April 26.—Notice have been posted in the steel castings plant of the Standard Steel Car Company at Verona, stating that the regular day and night shift of men employed there would be cut from twelve to eight hours, but at the same time the pay would remain the same. This affects nearly 20 per cent of the 250 men employed in the shops and foundry.

The Verona plant was recently purchased by the Standard Steel Car Company for manufacturing all of the castings for the car shops. It is expected that the plant will be operated steadily.

This voluntary move on the part of the steel trust, which is a branch of the Steel Trust, has caused considerable discussion among the workers involved in Sharon, as well as in the surrounding towns, where there are several plants belonging to the Standard Steel Car Company.

In the last big strike among the iron workers at this place, two years ago, the Amalgamated Association was beaten by the Steel Trust, which declared for the "open shop." This apparent philanthropic change of front is being looked upon as a wise move on the part of the steel bosses to throw out a bone to the few more or less skilled workers in order that the back of a big impending revolt may be broken.

It is believed that the Steel Trust officials have had a "change of heart." This tendency was expressed at the recent annual meeting of the United States Steel Corporation in Hoboken, N. J., when it was decided to investigate the conditions of the workers in the steel mills. The arrogant and brutal policy pursued the last few years by the bosses has learned, in making rapidly for a revolt, and this scheme of throwing out a bone or two is believed to be a good one to at least postpone a general uprising of the mass of workers, who have been ground down almost to the last notch.

It is thought that the Steel Trust will establish a condition similar to that in Sharon in its other branches.

What effect the scheme of granting a shorter workday to a few will have on the majority of so-called unskilled workers is not generally discussed, as most of these lower paid men are foreigners, who cannot speak English very well, many not at all.

THOUGH STARVING, HE STICKS BY UNION

A fine example of class loyalty was shown yesterday by Charles Foster, a carpenter of Willow street, Jamaica. Though facing eviction from his home because he had no money with which to buy food for his family or himself, Foster refused to take a non-union job, offered to him by Magistrate Fitch. The refusal angered the magistrate, who said:

"So you would rather starve, and have your family starve, and perhaps have all turned out of their home for nonpayment of rent, than take work as a non-union man? You should have more regard for your family."

Foster said he needed work, but would rather starve than "buck the union."

He had been taken to court on the charge of abusing his wife. Mrs. Schroeder, a neighbor, testified that Mrs. Foster was trying to induce their baby to continue leaving the house, even though they were not able to pay for it, because her husband was out of work. An argument arose, she continued, and Foster called his wife names. The charge was dismissed.

MINERAL WATER BOSSES SETTLE WITH UNION

Thirty-one mineral water bosses yesterday signed an agreement with the Mineral Water Workers' Union granting an increase in wages of \$1 per week to all their employes and the reduction of working hours from ten to nine and a half. The settlement was made at the office of the union, 151 Clinton street, between the Settlement Committee and a committee of the employers.

There are fifteen more employers who have not settled as yet, and a strike will be called against them if no agreement is reached. The union will be able to supply the demand for union made mineral water, and it is expected that the other bosses will also grant the demands of the workers.

The victory is due to the demand for the union label on mineral water and to the agitation carried on by the union. The mineral water makers will celebrate their victory by participating in the International Labor Day demonstration next Monday, May 1.

CANADA TALKS OF EXCLUDING NEGROES

WASHINGTON, April 26.—Plans of the Dominion of Canada to adopt restrictive measures against the immigration into that country of the American negro were the subject of a conference today between the Assistant Secretary of State, Huntington Wilson, and John E. Jones, Consul General of the United States at Winnipeg.

Jones presented a memorandum from the Canadian immigration authorities indicating that the American negro may be barred on the ground that he can not become adapted to the rigorous northern climate and consequently may become a public charge. Such action is authorized by the Immigration Act of Canada.

FIGURES SHOW VIVIFICATION. ALBANY, April 26.—By vote of 11 to 5, the Senate today defeated the Payne bill creating a commission to inquire into the nature and practice of experimentation on living animals and the status of the present laws with regard to vivisection.

JAMES R. KEANE & CO. 1351-1357 Third Avenue. Modern House Furnishers. FURNITURE, CARPETS, BEDDING, OILCLOTH, etc. YOU SAVE MONEY WHEN YOU BUY HERE. This quarter oak side-board, finely polished and richly built, French bevel mirror, at \$7.50 and up.

It Will Help Weld the Working Class Closer

CLEVELAND, Ohio, April 26.—Declaring that the arrest of J. J. McNamara will help to amalgamate labor all over the country in a fight against capitalism, was the assertion of William D. Haywood, former secretary-treasurer of the Western Federation of Miners, in the following statement prepared especially for the United Press: "The kidnaping of J. J. McNamara, secretary of the Bridge and Structural Iron Workers' Association, from his office in Indianapolis by Burns' detectives and the mad flight with the labor leader across the continent is not new in the class war now on throughout the world."

In 1906 Moyer, Pettibone, St. John, Adams and myself were victims of a similar conspiracy when we were arrested in Colorado without warrant, secreted for a time and later rushed 1,000 miles to Idaho, charged with the murder of former Governor Steunenberg—a man whom we had never seen."

Like McNamara, we were given no chance to confer with our friends or families or consult an attorney. We were imprisoned eighteen months through the powerful efforts of the Mine Owners' Association, backed by the Federal Government."

Everybody knows the result of the trials. There was no evidence that we had anything whatever to do with the killing of Steunenberg. I predict that McNamara and his associates will be vindicated as we were."

Kidnapping Remarkable. It is remarkable that McNamara was kidnaped from Indianapolis, the city where ex-Governor Taylor, of Kentucky, lived so long a fugitive from justice, charged with the assassination of Goebel at Frankfort.

The Republican politician has given every opportunity to prove his innocence. In fact, he never returned to Kentucky, and was finally pardoned. He never was forced to trial. His acceptance of a pardon to my mind was an acknowledgment of crime."

It is remarkable how easy the wheels of court move in the instances of workmen accused of crime and how securely the safety clutch holds when an attempt is made to prosecute capitalists.

McNamara's case has all the earmarks of a conspiracy of employers and detectives. It is purely a detective-made case, as far as it has gone. Detectives in labor troubles have been

The May Day Call

ON THE FIRST OF MAY THE NEW YORK CALL will be full of interesting and attractive matter, and is intended for free distribution by Socialist and Labor organizations as one method of advertising and popularizing the Workers' Daily. Bundle Orders, 80c Per Hundred. SEND YOUR ORDER NOW

The bundles will reach you on Monday, May 1, and thus be available for demonstrations and general Socialist agitation.

- Some of the Features. The Socialist Easter Days, by Eugene Wood. Origin of the May Day Demonstration, by Bela Low. May Day, by Joseph E. Cohen. Justice, by Jacob Panken. A Socialist Legislator's Work, by James Maurer. Decimated but Invincible, by George Allan England. Labor Conditions, by Eliot White. Getting Labor Laws Enforced, by Algernon Lee. The Grist of the Gods, by Paul Hanna. Nail Brothers! Nail Sisters! by Leonora O'Reilly. A People's Charter, by Henry Stehobin. Our Holiday, by Morris Hillquit. Customs and Festivals, by Patrick Quinlan. The Man With the Dough, by Captain French. The Awakening Spirit, by Lucien Sanial. A May Day Greeting, by Victor Berger. Political Corruption, by Roland D. Sawyer. A Bit of Fun, by D. S. Webster. Five Excellent Cartoons by John Sloan, Gordon Ross, Sanger, Arthur Young, etc. Bundle Rates, 80 cents per hundred. ORDER NOW BEFORE IT IS TOO LATE. Local Rochester, N. Y., leads with an order for 100 copies. How many for your organization?

White Rose CEYLON TEA. Imitation is the Price of Popularity. The Wm. Peter Brewing Co. UNION HILLS, N. J.

ARREST
OF J. J. McNAMARA

Lists of Lancaster, Pa., Point Out Class Character of Case.

(Special Correspondence.)
LANCASTER, Pa., April 26.—Local Socialist party, has passed resolutions denouncing the arrest of McNamara, secretary-treasurer of Iron Workers. The resolutions, by Elmer Smith, Cora Bixler, Cooper, H. C. Shiffer and A. F. committee, are as follows:
The members of the Socialist party of Lancaster County, harn with indignation at the summary arrest and removal into another State without opportunity to offer any defense in its constitutional rights, of McNamara, secretary-treasurer of the International Brotherhood of Structural Iron Workers, who believes that this arrest is a repetition of the Moyer, Haywood and Pettibone case and has for its purpose—the murder of Labor Union officials at the end that such organizations of the working class shall be destroyed.

Who believe Detective Buras to be a member of the notorious McParland gang, instrumental in the effort to remove the three men above mentioned, who possibly knew more about the strike of the Western miners, destroyed the lives of some twenty strikers, than any other person, and the only thing necessary to complete the similarity of these two cases, is the unmistakable character, Harry and whom we believe will be successful in due time.

Who believe that all private detective agencies are subversive of the best traditions of our republic; that they are the scourge of humanity and we call on the workers of our nation to organize against this scabby spot may be removed at once.

Who tender our sympathy to the people of the State of Indiana in their misfortune of being afflicted with a government that will grant requisition papers upon the arrest is made if the sender is a worker as in this case, whereas a capitalist he would not be made. As shown in the case of ex-Governor Taylor of Kentucky, who was imprisoned for murdering Governor Letcher, and who lived in Indiana for years and who afterwards accepted a pardon for the crime.

Who believe that a copy of the above is the true character of our government and that to the Lancaster Central Union and to the labor and Socialist party.

Who believe that the arrest of McNamara is a repetition of the Moyer, Haywood and Pettibone case and has for its purpose—the murder of Labor Union officials at the end that such organizations of the working class shall be destroyed.

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SIG KLEIN and Assistants
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WHAT LOCAL LABOR BODIES ART DOING

BROTHERHOOD OF MACHINISTS TO HOLD MASS MEETING
District No. 1 of the Brotherhood of Machinists last night issued a call for a mass meeting of all members of the Brotherhood, to be held at Murray Hill Lyceum, 24th street, near Third Avenue, at 2 o'clock next Sunday afternoon. The meeting will be for members of the Brotherhood exclusively and all members are requested to bring their membership cards. Matters of great importance will be transacted.

LADIES' TAILORS TO PARADE
The Ladies' Tailors and Dress Makers' Union, Local No. 28, of the International Ladies' Garment Workers, at their meeting last night voted to take part in the May 1 demonstration. All the members were ordered to refrain from work Monday, and to celebrate the International Labor Day. The union will have a band of music and the members will parade under the banner of the workers' "Marschallise" and other revolutionary airs.

EMBROIDERY WORKERS STRIKE
The Embroidery Workers Union has ordered a strike against the Bonnaz Embroidery Company, 3 Rivington street, for higher wages and fewer hours. The firm advertised for scabs, and two men responded to the advertisement, but they left the place as soon as they learned that strike was in progress. The workers request all embroiderers to stay away from the shop until the firm grants their demands.

MACHINE REPAIRERS TO ORGANIZE
There will be a mass meeting at 155 Clinton street at 8 o'clock tonight for the purpose of organizing a union of machine repairers. Organizers of the International Association of Machinists and the United Hebrew Trades will address the meeting in Jewish, English and German.

FANCY LEATHER GOODS WORKERS
The Fancy Leather Goods Workers' Union will hold a special meeting at 151 Clinton street tonight for the purpose of discussing the question of calling a strike. The plan of refraining from work on May 1 to take part in the demonstration arranged by the Socialist Party will also be discussed.

BOSSSES HUSH WORKERS' PERIL
NEWBURG, N. Y., April 26.—Word has reached here that on Saturday last a seam opened in the rock 1,500 feet below the surface of the Hudson River, and 350 feet west of the eastern shore of the river, in the tunnel that is being constructed for the use of the New York Water Aqueduct intended to convey the water from the Catskills at Ashokan across from the west side of the river at Cornwall to the east side at Storm King.

One hundred men were in the tunnel at the time and all escaped.
Pumps were being kept going with a view to getting the water out.
The water gets in about as fast as it is pumped out and work is temporarily suspended. The seam appeared immediately following a blast being made.

It is known here that contractors on this operation were instrumental in suppressing the news.

The Socialist Party is rolling up its sleeves preparatory to the open air campaign, it is good to get ammunition, and to the plenty of solid facts. So the issue of

The Sunday Call, April 30
Ideally suited to this end. It will contain some of the most interesting literature that has ever appeared in a Socialist publication.

First of all there is a matter of sheer news-interest. The Call, among English publications in this city, has given the truth of the McNamara kidnapping. On Sunday there will be more news and so more will be given, and it will all be right up to the

Conjunctions, by Morris Jolles, a careful study by a man who has time, knowledge and understanding to the subject. It is one of the best articles on this much discussed matter that has ever appeared.

Privilege and the Press, by Charles Solomon. A bit of good philosophy, with sound conclusions.

Criminal Slang, by Joseph M. Sullivan, a philologist, lawyer and linguist, takes up the subject and he sets it forth so that all can understand the significance of criminal argot. An absorbing study.

"DESPOTIC METHODS NOT USED HERE"

Gaynor Assures Grand Jury in "Crime Wave" Inquiry.

Mayor Gaynor talked for nearly an hour and a half yesterday to the Grand Jury which is inquiring into police conditions. When he had finished and was on his way down in the elevator he thought of something more he wanted to say and went back. His second visit lasted only a few minutes. It was said that he reminded the Grand Jury that their proceedings were supposed to be secret.
The Mayor came from the City Hall with George Gordon Battle, one of the directors of the inquiry. He went at once to the Grand Jury room on the fourth floor. After he had entered the doors of the vestibule were closed and a policeman stationed in the District Attorney's office took his stand in front of the door.

His talk was, for the most part, an enumeration of the improvements made by himself in the police work of the city. Graft in the police force, it is said he told the Grand Jury, was a thing of the past. There were no more levies on saloonkeepers by commanders of the precincts.
When he took the plain clothes men away from the police captains and insisted that a policeman should enter a saloon only when he saw that the law was being violated inside, the payments by the proprietors ceased.

Such gamblers as remained in the city, he said, paid no tribute to the police. This, too, he attributed to the abolition of the wardman.

He is also said to have stated that old time police methods comparable to those in despotic Russia were no longer used and that this, too, was owing to his activity.

The Grand Jury will probably finish its sessions this week or early next week. They were anxious to learn from the Mayor just how close a relation existed between him and his Police Commissioner.

BLIND ARE CALLED OUT TO AMUSE RICH AND BEJEWELED

(Continued from Page 1)
blind man who has given the problem of his unfortunate brothers due thought. "This association for the blind," he said, "is doing little for the blind despite its boasting and talk. The streets of New York are today just as full of blind men begging as they ever were. This fancy work for the blind, the Metropolitan Opera House shows nothing of the real conditions among the blind neither in New York nor in the country at large."

These charity workers have picked out a man here and a woman there, who are all more or less important cases and are earning a livelihood probably because they have a pull with an employer, and hold them up as an example of what can be done to make blind men and women self-sufficient. This is plain misrepresentation of the situation.

CAPITALIST PAPER ON SOCIALIST GAINS

It is of considerable interest to know at this time that during the recent city elections held in the West the Socialists elected no less than thirteen Mayors in communities that heretofore had been choosing regularly either Democrats or Republicans. At present, the American West is swept by the Socialists were Berkeley, Cal.; Flint, Mich.; and Butte, Mont. all municipalities over 35,000 population. In addition to electing Mayors in these thirteen cities, there were four in other places where either Aldermen or some minor official were chosen.

Taking it all around, it was a notable achievement for our Socialist friends. There are signs that they are going to win a much more important factor in the affairs of the country than was thought possible no further back than five years ago. It only needs repeated failure upon the part of the old parties to recognize the demands of the people, with a few months of contention in business and the consequent suffering and deprivation among the masses, to send thousands and thousands of voters into the ranks of that party.

The lesson of it to the other parties, to all those interests that insist on voting by methods that would not bear close scrutiny, is that there must be a change, or a radical revolution will follow that will reduce them something more than mere inconveniences.—Bridgeport Evening Post.

GOV. FOSS SIGNS INJUNCTION BILL
BOSTON, April 26.—Governor Foss today signed the anti-injunction bill which passed the Legislature in the face of a strong protest from "leading" members of the bar.

SPORTS

STANDING OF THE CLUBS.
National League.

	Won.	Lost.	Pct.
Philadelphia.....	2	2	.500
Chicago.....	5	2	.656
New York.....	5	4	.600
Pittsburg.....	6	4	.600
Cincinnati.....	6	6	.500
Boston.....	4	6	.400
St. Louis.....	2	7	.286
Brooklyn.....	3	8	.273

American League.
Detroit.....10 1 .909
Boston.....6 4 .600
New York.....5 4 .556
Chicago.....5 6 .455
Washington.....4 5 .444
Cleveland.....5 7 .417
Philadelphia.....4 6 .400
St. Louis.....3 8 .250

GAMES SCHEDULED TODAY.
National League.
Boston in New York; Philadelphia in Brooklyn; Chicago in Cincinnati.

American League.
New York in Boston; Washington in Philadelphia; Detroit in Cleveland; St. Louis in Chicago.

BASEBALL SCORES.
National League.
At Brooklyn—R. H. E.
Philadelphia.....0 2 0 0 3 1 1 0 1 4
Brooklyn.....0 0 0 0 1 2 0 0 3 6 2
Batteries—Alexander and Doolin; Ryan, Knetser, Bergen, Ragin and Erwin.

At New York—R. H. E.
Boston.....0 0 1 0 0 0 2 0 0 3 10 3
New York.....0 0 0 1 2 1 0 0 4 6 11 3
Batteries—Mattern and Graham; Raymond and Wilson.

At Cincinnati—R. H. E.
Chicago.....1 0 2 0 3 4 0 0 0 10 10 1
Cincinnati.....0 0 1 0 3 0 9 4 0 8 9 4
Batteries—Reubach, Brown and Archer; McQuillen and McLean.

At St. Louis—R. H. E.
Pittsburg.....0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 2 2 6 0
St. Louis.....0 0 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 5 3
Batteries—Steele and Gibson; Golden and Brennan.

American League.
At Detroit—R. H. E.
Cleveland.....3 0 1 0 2 0 0 0 0 6 9 2
Detroit.....1 0 0 4 0 0 0 4 0 3 14 1
Batteries—Ginling, Lane and Mitchell; Works and Stange.

At Boston—R. H. E.
New York.....1 0 1 1 0 0 4 1 0 8 13 3
Boston.....4 0 1 0 2 0 0 0 0 11 13 4
Batteries—Able, Brockett and Blair; Walsh, Cloutte, Carrigan and Hall.

At Philadelphia—R. H. E.
Washington.....0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 2 2 6 3
Philadelphia.....0 0 0 0 5 1 1 0 1 7 6 1
Batteries—Groome and Street; Bender and Thomas.

STREET CAR MEN WORST PAID IN LOS ANGELES

LOS ANGELES, Cal., April 22.—The hardest worked, the most underpaid and the longest hour employed force in Los Angeles is the street car employes. In order to keep the wolf from the door these workers must take their cars from the barn at 4:40 in the morning and often do not return to the barn with their cars until as late as eleven o'clock.

At other times the carmen must be on hand at the barn at 4:30 a. m., and remain until eleven before they are sent out on cars. The time lost in this tiresome wait is not paid for by the company. Again, men are sometimes sent out at 4:30 and return to the barn at 10. Then, if fortunate, this same crew is sent out again at 2 or 3 o'clock in the afternoon and is eleven at night. This wait at the barn for calls is also not paid for by the corporation.

In conversation the other day with one of the car conductors, he was asked why they did not organize into a union and enforce reasonable demands. He quickly replied that a great majority of the employes of the Huntington system were anxious to become members of a labor union, but at every attempt a Pinkerton man had been rounded up in the effort and several of the carmen were discharged following the meeting, which always put a damper upon extended efforts.

STEEL HEADS PLAN FOR "WELFARE WORK"

Heads of Country's Steel Mills Anxious About Rebellious Slaves.
Judge Gary, chairman of the United States Steel Corporation, gave a luncheon yesterday in the Railroad Club, to the representatives of all the steel manufacturing companies in the United States.
This meeting of all the big steel magnates of the country was one of more than ordinary significance. One of its motives was to bring the heads of the steel plants throughout the country into closer working harmony.

INDIANA GOVERNOR MAY ASK McNAMARA'S RETURN

Indianaapolis, April 26.—Changes in public sentiment here, which it is predicted will bring pressure to bear on Governor Marshall to request of Governor Johnson, of California, that John J. McNamara be returned for a hearing in this city, are seen in the editorial in this evening's issue of the Sun.

The denial of local rights to McNamara contrasted with the legal ethics shown when Walter Drew and Assistant District Attorney Ford were arrested on the kidnapping charge.

Prosecuting Attorney Frank P. Baker in the Sun tonight says the kidnapping was unjustified.

Under the heading of "The Shoe on the Other Foot," the Sun comments editorially in part as follows:
"When Drew, counsel for the National Erectors' Association, and Fred, the Assistant District Attorney for Los Angeles, were arrested upon the charge of kidnaping J. J. McNamara they immediately demanded counsel and the right of a hearing. It was given them."
"They will be given all the opportunities under the laws of Indiana to establish their innocence of the charge. There two men, both learned attorneys, took on the case for McNamara, who is now on his way to California without having an opportunity of having counsel."

"The contrast is too strong to be overlooked."

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LOCAL LABOR PLEDGES SUPPORT

Harry Jones, secretary-treasurer of Greater New York District Council of Bridge and Structural Iron Workers, comprising nine locals, with a total membership of 4,700 men, declared yesterday that the arrest of McNamara was a framed-up case in order to disrupt the labor movement.

"I have known McNamara for the past twelve years, and always found him to be a loyal worker for our organization," said Jones. "All the members had faith in him, and the entire affair is a put-up job of the detective agencies and the boss's associations. A man of McNamara's intelligence would not go into a thing like that, and there is no doubt in my mind but that the dynamite and other explosives which the detectives have so easily 'found' was placed there by hired thugs."

"The kidnaping was the most outrageous act perpetrated against workmen since the Moyer, Haywood and Pettibone case, and I have no doubt that the authorities will meet the same end in the McNamara kidnaping as they did in the former case."

All members of our unions are ready to give up their last pennies for the defense of McNamara, and we are ready to start raising funds as soon as we hear from the national office.

Jones said that the District Council had not taken any action, because the reports are so complicated, and that a meeting would be held as soon as they receive official word.

"It is a repetition of the Moyer, Haywood and Pettibone case," declared Morris Braun, of the Cigar Makers' International Union, when asked about the kidnaping of McNamara.

"It is my opinion that the entire case was framed in the offices of the union-crushing employers' organizations and the scab detective agencies.

"The kidnaping is the result of the policy of the American Federation of Labor to reward your friends and punish your enemies. In the last campaign President Gumpers made speeches for Governor Marshall, of Indiana, lauding him as a friend of labor's," and this is the result of Marshall's friendship.

"While Marshall shielded capitalist criminals like ex-Governor Taylor, of Kentucky, he rushed to give up McNamara without even looking into the case or examining the papers. This will make thousands of Socialists of working class representatives will be sent to the lawmaking bodies."

"What the workers cannot accomplish for themselves the capitalists add to the injury by their ungenerous plots. It is his belief that McNamara and his comrades will get the undivided support of organized labor both financial and moral, the same as was given Moyer, Haywood and Pettibone."

Robert M. Lackey, general secretary-treasurer of the Brotherhood of Machinists, commented on the McNamara kidnaping as follows: "It is a fact that all information now on hand about the case indicates a conspiracy from capitalist sources, no statement having been made by those accused. But even without available information, one who has experience concerning tactics pursued by the boss's associations and detective agencies in former cases can readily discover the elaborate efforts to frame up a case against innocent men."

"It is hardly conceivable that the Structural Iron Workers should have blown up the Times building, since Otis' fight was not directed against them, but against the labor movement in general. Labor, organized and unorganized, will surely rally to the support of these latest victims of capitalist infamy and see that justice is had."

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AFTERNOON AND EVENING
At the Brooklyn Labor Lyceum
849 Willoughby Avenue, Near Myrtle Avenue
VAUDEVILLE AND CONCERT,
VOCAL AND INSTRUMENTAL
EVERY EVENING AND
SUNDAY AFTERNOON
ADMISSION, 10 CENTS

There will be booths loaded down with articles for all, with a thousand dainty things, the handiwork of femininity—Booths for Coffee and Candy, Ice Cream, Candy, Tobacco and Cigars, and Lunch.
The Museum and Freak Show will be an attraction not to be missed.

FREE! SPECIAL DELIVERIES to the Bronx, Westchester County. WRITE FOR CATALOGUE Home Furnished \$75.00 (Actual Value \$100) at Containing the following articles: PARLOR, DINING ROOM, BED ROOM, KITCHEN, BATH, HALL, and PORCH.

ARMY OF UNEMPLOYED GROWS MORE MENACING Only 43 Per Cent of Workers in This State Have Steady Jobs—Unskilled Toiler's Income Forced Below \$600 a Year.

ALBANY, April 26.—The Wainwright Commission on Employers' Liability presented its third report to the Legislature today. It covers the subject of unemployment. 'We find in the industrial centers of the State,' says the report, 'at all times of the year, in good times as well as in bad, wage earners, able and willing to work, who cannot secure employment,' and concludes with a strong recommendation for the establishment of a system of public employment offices...

McCann's Hats Are always the best and cheapest. 210 DOWNEY.

FRANK'S Department Store... Always Something New.

HENRY FRAHME TRUSSMAKER 1600 3d Ave. Bet. 84th & 85th Sts.

OPTICIAN AND OPTOMETRIST, NEW YORK. When you are troubled with your eyes, have your eyes examined and glasses are necessary, have them made at Dr. B. L. Becker's OPTICAL PLACE.

OPTICIAN AND OPTOMETRIST, BROOKLYN. I. M. KURTZ, Expert Optician, 100 Broadway, Brooklyn.

BROOKLYN FAIR CONFERENCE NOTES. REGULAR MEETING OF THE Brooklyn Call Fair Conference Every Friday Evening.

REGULAR MEETING OF THE Brooklyn Call Fair Conference Every Friday Evening At the Labor Lyceum, 949-951 Willoughby Avenue

Contingents and sympathizers of the Call are reminded that there are only two weeks left in which to work and hustle for delegates for the Fourth Fair. Anything from a needle to an automobile, or clock to an elephant, will be accepted.

STATE WINKS AT MONEYLESS BANKS

Whitman Report Shows How Fundless Financiers Fleece the Public.

High financing in New York State is easy if the high financiers have friends in politics and the judiciary. How banking institutions can be operated without either capital or surplus is the lesson drawn by District Attorney Whitman from his examination into the affairs of the broken Carnegie Trust Company and the Northern Bank.

Official Excuses. The claim against the Phoenix Insurance Company of \$267,009.38 has been settled for \$180,000 since the failure. The Kieran loans are said to be worthless.

\$700,000 FOR AUTOGRAPH LETTER

Mrs. Ann Eliza McCaddin Walsh, of 107 Baldwin street, Brooklyn, is the proud possessor of an autograph letter from Pope Pius X. The letter, which was brought from Washington by the Rev. Father Grannen, of the Catholic University of Washington, reads as follows:

NOTICE!

Walters, Bartenders and Cooks' Unions are on strike in Stevenson Casino, Second avenue and 9th street. The place is unfair to organ used.

DEMOCRATS PLANTING MINES UNDER TAFT

WASHINGTON, April 26.—The Committee on Expenditures in the Postoffice Department today reported out the Saunders resolution to investigate all postoffices. The purpose is to ascertain what postmasters do in addition to their government duties.

ANNUAL MEETINGS.

MILLER MINING AND SMELTING COMPANY. Notice is hereby given that the annual meeting of the stockholders will be held at the office of the company on Wednesday, May 3, 1911, at twelve o'clock, P. M.

TO ISSUE WARRANTS IN LORIMER PROBE

Beef Trust Head and Bankers Involved in Latest Coup.

SPRINGFIELD, Ill., April 26.—Warrants for the arrest of Edward Tilden, president of the National Packing Company; W. C. Cummins, head of the Drovers' Trust and Savings Bank; and George M. Benedict, cashier of the Drovers' Deposit National Bank, are being prepared by Meyer J. Stein, law secretary of the Senate.

John J. Healy, attorney of the Bribery Committee, opened the arguments by explaining the terms of the resolution under which the committee was instructed to investigate the Lorimer bribery cases.

RECALL IN ILLINOIS. SPRINGFIELD, Ill., April 25.—The Illinois House today passed the commission form of city government bill, as amended, reducing the recall percentage for city officials from 75 to 55 per cent.

ABUSING THE CAPITALISTS.

WASHINGTON, April 26.—A long standing rule of the Oregon Short Line that coal shipments should be weighed only at points of origin, and that final charges should be made accordingly, was today declared unreasonable by the Interstate Commerce Commission, and ordered canceled.

THE SUPREME COURT AND LABOR

That Magnificent Cartoon and Editorial By GORDON NYE.

What Does The Labor Press Mean to The Workers?

DO YOU LIKE IT?

A Few Plain Words to Non-Socialist Workingmen

IS IT NOTHING TO YOU?

A Short Sketch on the Triangle Disaster All above excellent propaganda articles from The Call have been reprinted on a two page poster, size of the regular page of The Call, and are now ready for shipments.

ORDER AT ONCE THE NEW YORK CALL

BLISTERS NAVAL CADS IN LETTER

Secretary Meyer Gets Sizzling Epistle From a Congressman.

WASHINGTON, April 26.—A hot reply to Secretary of the Navy Meyer's letter transmitting a report in the "Miss Beers case" was made by Representative Korbly, of Indiana, today, after he received an extract from the report submitted by Capt. J. M. Bowyer, Superintendent of the Naval Academy, on the affront offered Miss Beers because it was thought she was a working girl.

The Indiana Representative replied: "You say the dance was a private subscription hop paid for by the cadets, and that you directed the Superintendent of the Naval Academy to apologize to Miss Beers and her father, because Midshipman Curtis, who escorted her to the hop, had been cautioned privately that it was not considered fitting that a midshipman should take a nurse, maid, or a domestic servant to a social function at the academy."

"I can hardly refrain from saying that it was very considerate that the young lady's character was left to her, and no doubt her family and friends are duly grateful. It is well known that many young women take employment as nurse girls, and that they contribute out of their earnings to the support of the government."

"Are these young women to be forever excluded from polite society, because they have taken employment? It may be so in England, and in the Beacon Hill Annex, but it is not so in the United States."

Will you please give the names and occupations of the head men of the Militia of Christ, also any information as to the object of the organization? I know that they are not fighting the principles of Socialism for the good of the working class, but I want the information to back up any statements I make by facts.

PITTSBURG GRAFTERS TRIED NEXT WEEK

PITTSBURG, April 26.—Seven prominent men will be tried next week according to the plans of District Attorney Blakeler, as an outcome of the council, "graft" scandal.

A SNOWBALL IN HELL

AKRON, Ohio, April 26.—It took a jury of twelve millionaires, whose combined wealth is estimated at \$50,000,000, just five minutes to find John Becker guilty of cutting with intent to kill.

A PACKAGE AND A BOOKLET FREE! HOW TO PRESERVE YOUR HEALTH. PARTOLAX The Most Wonderful Home Remedy for Men, Women, and Children. The Ideal Peppermint and Blood Purifying Laxative.

QUERY COLUMN

Will you kindly tell me where is the nearest... VAN D. PERRINE, Englewood, N. J.

Being a member of The Call, I hope you will not refuse to answer my question which I am to ask of you. We are three girls who take great interest in living life, and are willing to work, as we do not know which colony is best, we determined to ask of you if you know about any of them, especially about Tolstoy's colony.

I am 18 years old and would like to know if anything can be done in my case. I am employed at a trade which I do not like. So I got a position in a ribbon factory on West 55th street. I only stayed there one day because the odor in the workroom was more than I could put up with.

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ALVIN E. HOPKINS—David Goldstein and Martha Moore Avery were expelled from the S. L. P., not from the Socialist party. They undoubtedly would have been, but they got out of the party through suspension and non-payment of dues.

J. J. C. HENRY SIEGEL and others—If you will apply at Socialist party headquarters, 239 East 84th street, you can obtain all desired information as to matters of naturalization, citizenship, etc.

50c RUSSIAN-TURKISH BATHS formerly \$1.00. PREMIER BATHS, 27th St. at 1st Ave., New York.

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LEGAL NOTICES

SUPREME COURT, COUNTY OF NEW YORK. In re: Estate of Adeline Hirsch, Plaintiff against et al. Defendants.

Being a member of The Call, I hope you will not refuse to answer my question which I am to ask of you. We are three girls who take great interest in living life, and are willing to work, as we do not know which colony is best, we determined to ask of you if you know about any of them, especially about Tolstoy's colony.

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CALL ADVERTISERS' DIRECTORY. MACFADDEN'S Physical Culture Restaurant. MANHATTAN CLOTHING AND GENTS FURNISHERS. MASSACHUSETTS HARDWARE AND TOOL.

LISTS EXPECT TO CARRY OAKLAND

Making Their Campaign Uncompromising Lines.

By GRACE V. SHAYER.

no compromise, and will make none. They did not ask for the support of Jackson or of any other defeated candidates. But they cannot prevent Jackson, or any other non-Socialist, from writing, speaking and voting for their candidates.

Uncompromising Stand Taken.

The campaign has been remarkable for the clear and uncompromising language used by the Socialist candidates. No candidate for Mayor anywhere, ever made such a thoroughly radical and revolutionary speech as did Thomas Both last Sunday night, right on the eve of election.

Received Largest Vote.

Tuck, the blind editor of the World, the man who is now almost a jail sentence for his position as Captain of Detectives Walden Peterson, received the largest number of votes of any Socialist candidate, although he did not, at this election, secure a plurality. This is the best proof in the world that the people of Oakland are with him in his fight against the police brutality which has been the rule here.

COLLEGIATE SCHOOL

5 to 15 W. 125th St. Regents and College examinations. Five recitations a week devoted to each subject.

Preparatory School

Washington Ave., near 114th St., Bronx. Gold Watches and Chains. B. H. DAVIS & CO.

PRINTERS

COOPERATIVE PRESS, 100 W. 125th St., New York. J. SPEYER, Printer.

MANHATTAN AND BRONX

DR. HYDE FREE. Out on \$25,000 Bail Pending a Second Trial. KANSAS CITY, Mo., April 26.—Freedom on \$25,000 bail until his second trial was granted this morning to Dr. Hyde, once convicted of the murder of Col. Thomas Swope.

H. W. PERLMAN

HIGH GRADE PIANOS. 418 GRAND STREET, NEW YORK. If you are contemplating the purchase of a piano—no matter what you think you can afford to pay for it—buy one of these.

Contemporary Socialism

John Spargo's Latest Book. PART I. Marx, Leader and Guide. PART II. Anti-Intellectualism and the Socialist Movement. PART III. The Influence of Marx on Contemporary Socialism. Complete in One Volume. Price \$1.00.

They are not even particularly pleased to have such support given, for they realize that it will not be a Socialist vote, in any sense, and that Jackson and his followers, once they have beaten Mott, will turn around and fight with equal zeal against Both and other Socialists who may be elected.

He told his audience, boldly and without trimming his language, that the Socialist party of Oakland was fighting against the business men, both small and big; that it wanted and received no support from them, and that they might expect his enmity, if elected. He told the people that the Socialists were after something more than "municipal ownership" and such reform schemes.

And at the same meeting one of the other speakers, W. G. Henry, associate editor of the World, boldly laid down the principle that power is the only test of right; that it has been right for the capitalist class to take from the workers their product in the past, because they had the power to do so; and that it will be right for the workers to take from the capitalist class all they have just as soon as they have the power to do so.

Didn't Sugar-Coat Principles.

And all this on the eve of election, when it is supposed to be the proper thing for all candidates, even Socialists, to sugar-coat their principles, if they have any.

Removal Notice.

We wish to inform the Comrades and friends of Branch 7 that on May 1 we will remove to our new home in the Workmen's Circle Building, 143 East 103rd street.

BRANCH 7.

Matthew Stillman, Financial Secretary.

BRONX FORUM DANCE.

The Entertainment Committee of the Bronx Forum has made arrangements for an entertainment and dance to be held on Saturday evening, April 29, at the Bronx Forum clubrooms, 1363 Fulton avenue.

BROOKLYN.

9th A. D., Branch 2—At Olympia Hall, 4922 Fifth avenue. 21st A. D.—At 113 Moore street.

Women of 22d A. D., Notice!

Mrs. Carrie Allen will speak at a special meeting for women at Wohlra's Hall, 675 Glenmore avenue, corner Ashford street, tomorrow evening.

Branch 2, 20th A. D., Notice!

Branch 2 of the 20th A. D. o. Brooklyn decided at the last regular meeting to participate in the May Day parade as strongly as possible.

Debate in Brownsville.

A debate on Socialism between Edward Dobson, the assistant editor of the Standard Union, and Prof. George R. Kirkpatrick will be held on Sunday evening, May 14, at Metropolitan Saenger Hall, Pitkin avenue, corner of Watkins. Subject, "Socialism vs. Capitalism." Professor Kirkpatrick will take the affirmative side and Dobson the negative.

Brooklyn Call Fair Conference.

The manager has been requested to announce for the information of visitors to the fair that donations will be made to those organizations qualifying by the required membership of those bodies and presenting cards in

SOCIALIST NEWS OF THE DAY

All announcements and other matter intended for publication in this department must positively be in this office by noon of the day preceding that on which it is to appear.

MEETINGS TODAY

MANHATTAN AND BRONX.

Branch 3—At 272 East 10th street, Business meeting. Irish Socialist Federation, McNamara protest meeting—At northeast corner of 125th street and Seventh avenue.

Arrangements Committee, Circle 1, Young People's Socialist Federation—At Comrade Schwartz's house, 136 Atorney street.

Roumanian Socialist League—At Room 6, University Settlement, 184 Eldridge street. Special general meeting.

Debate on Socialism.

There will be a debate on "Socialism in the Public Schools" between Bird S. Coler, of Brooklyn, who will attack Socialism as a menace to the welfare of our public schools, and Benjamin C. Greenberg, who will champion it.

Conference Committee Meeting.

A meeting of the Conference Committee of the Young Socialist Clubs of Greater New York will be held tomorrow at 41 East 22d street, under the auspices of Branch 1, Socialist party.

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good standing. The qualifications and donations are as follows: 1. To the largest represented Assembly District of the Socialist party during the fair, the sum of \$10.

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ERON PREP. SCHOOL. 155-157 EAST BROADWAY. Commercial, Regents, College and Civil Service Courses, Day and Evening. J. E. ERON, PRINCIPAL.

will be Robert A. McJunkin, a prominent member of the Socialist party, and Mrs. Esther Suisman. Last Sunday there were about fifty children present between the ages of 7 and 14 and thirty-five were enrolled as members, being divided into two classes. R. A. McJunkin and Miss Roberts, of Springfield, spoke. There was a program of piano numbers and recitations, and refreshments of ice cream and cake were served.

RHODE ISLAND.

Providence. "Socialism will win because it is the next step in economic freedom," was the declaration made by H. F. Thomas in an address at the Christian Fellowship meeting at 35 Westminster street yesterday afternoon.

UNFURNISHED FLATS AND APARTMENTS TO LET—EAST SIDE.

AMSTERDAM AVE., 156-158, between 123d and 124th streets, and bath; 21 rooms, 2 1/2 baths; 212-214, 216, 218, 220, 222, 224, 226, 228, 230, 232, 234, 236, 238, 240, 242, 244, 246, 248, 250, 252, 254, 256, 258, 260, 262, 264, 266, 268, 270, 272, 274, 276, 278, 280, 282, 284, 286, 288, 290, 292, 294, 296, 298, 300, 302, 304, 306, 308, 310, 312, 314, 316, 318, 320, 322, 324, 326, 328, 330, 332, 334, 336, 338, 340, 342, 344, 346, 348, 350, 352, 354, 356, 358, 360, 362, 364, 366, 368, 370, 372, 374, 376, 378, 380, 382, 384, 386, 388, 390, 392, 394, 396, 398, 400, 402, 404, 406, 408, 410, 412, 414, 416, 418, 420, 422, 424, 426, 428, 430, 432, 434, 436, 438, 440, 442, 444, 446, 448, 450, 452, 454, 456, 458, 460, 462, 464, 466, 468, 470, 472, 474, 476, 478, 480, 482, 484, 486, 488, 490, 492, 494, 496, 498, 500, 502, 504, 506, 508, 510, 512, 514, 516, 518, 520, 522, 524, 526, 528, 530, 532, 534, 536, 538, 540, 542, 544, 546, 548, 550, 552, 554, 556, 558, 560, 562, 564, 566, 568, 570, 572, 574, 576, 578, 580, 582, 584, 586, 588, 590, 592, 594, 596, 598, 600, 602, 604, 606, 608, 610, 612, 614, 616, 618, 620, 622, 624, 626, 628, 630, 632, 634, 636, 638, 640, 642, 644, 646, 648, 650, 652, 654, 656, 658, 660, 662, 664, 666, 668, 670, 672, 674, 676, 678, 680, 682, 684, 686, 688, 690, 692, 694, 696, 698, 700, 702, 704, 706, 708, 710, 712, 714, 716, 718, 720, 722, 724, 726, 728, 730, 732, 734, 736, 738, 740, 742, 744, 746, 748, 750, 752, 754, 756, 758, 760, 762, 764, 766, 768, 770, 772, 774, 776, 778, 780, 782, 784, 786, 788, 790, 792, 794, 796, 798, 800, 802, 804, 806, 808, 810, 812, 814, 816, 818, 820, 822, 824, 826, 828, 830, 832, 834, 836, 838, 840, 842, 844, 846, 848, 850, 852, 854, 856, 858, 860, 862, 864, 866, 868, 870, 872, 874, 876, 878, 880, 882, 884, 886, 888, 890, 892, 894, 896, 898, 900, 902, 904, 906, 908, 910, 912, 914, 916, 918, 920, 922, 924, 926, 928, 930, 932, 934, 936, 938, 940, 942, 944, 946, 948, 950, 952, 954, 956, 958, 960, 962, 964, 966, 968, 970, 972, 974, 976, 978, 980, 982, 984, 986, 988, 990, 992, 994, 996, 998, 1000.

REAL ESTATE FOR SALE.

FLORIDA FARM HOMES secured at fraction usual cost. Cooperative Land Club driving force. Buy at wholesale rate of \$12 per acre; easy terms; farm tracts and residence lots; building lots; blocks and public utility lots; collectively owned; government initiative; referendum and recall. Members in complete list. A. R. Hawk, Secretary, Tampa, Fla.

VARIED OPINIONS ON VARIED SUBJECTS.

A SUGGESTION. Editor of The Call: Could not the May Day parade be also a protest against the plot organized by the Capitalist class against Labor, that has culminated in the arrest of McNamara and others?

PENNSYLVANIA.

Darby. A reception and dance for the benefit of the Delaware County Local Socialist party, will be held in Odd Fellows Temple, Main street, Darby, tomorrow, at 8 p.m. Thomas Hirtwistle, of Philadelphia, will speak on "Tendencies Making for Social Democracy," and Miss Irene Green will give a recitation. F. Whiteside will preside. Ice cream, cake, and lemonade will be on sale. Admission 15 cents.

CANADA.

Montreal. A series of meetings will be held in Montreal on Saturday, Sunday and Monday, April 29, 30 and May 1, with W. R. Killbridge, of New Jersey, as the speaker.

LIST OF PUBLIC LECTURES TODAY.

Public School 33, 415 West 23rd street: "Tahiti and the Society Islands." Dr. Henry E. Crampton. Public School 46, 154th street and St. Nicholas avenue: "Manet and Impressionists." Louis Weinberg. Public School 58, 225 East 57th street: "Songs of Shakespeare." Lewis W. Armstrong. Public School 62, Hester and Essex streets: "Can One Become Successfully Self-Taught on the Piano?" Miss Margaret Anderson. Public School 64, 19th street, east of Avenue B: "The Prevention of Tuberculosis." Dr. Thomas Darlington. Public School 106, 138th street, west of Fifth avenue: "Morocco and Its People." Henry Collins Walsh. Public School 119, 134d street, east of Eighth avenue: "Brahms." Daniel Gregory Mason. Public School 165, 108th street, west of Amsterdam avenue: "From the Nebular Hypothesis to Man." John H. Frome. Institute Hall, 215 East 106th street: "The Tempest." Miss Katherine Collins. Library, 112 East 96th street: "The Weather Bureau and Its Service to Agriculture and Commerce." James H. Scarr. St. Luke's Hall, Hudson street, south of Christopher: "The Electric Automobile." W. Wallace Ker. W. S. AND D. B. F. NOTES. A general meeting of Branch 22, Workmen's Sick and Death Benefit Fund, Newark, N. J., will be held this evening at 7:30 o'clock at the Labor Lyceum, 10th street and Washington avenue, Newark.

THE FIRST SOCIALIST IN CONGRESS

VICTOR L. BERGER TO SPEAK ON "The Prospects of a Socialist Congressman" Thursday, May 4, 1911, 8 o'clock CARNegie HALL.

Intercollegiate Socialist Society

Franklin H. Wentworth on "Signs of Land" J. G. Phelps Stokes, Chairman.

Classified Advertisements

Small Ads That Will Bring Big Results. Try an insertion in The Call, the most clearly read daily paper.

UNFURNISHED FLATS AND APARTMENTS TO LET—WEST SIDE.

COLUMBUS AVE., 33d, near 106th st., 3 large, light rooms; hot water supply; \$18.00. LENOX AVE., 514-530 rooms, bath; steam heat; hot water; from laundry; \$20-25. 4TH AVE., 2618 (near 106th st.)—Fourteen flats, 5 rooms, bath and hot water; \$17 monthly. 14TH ST., 514 W.—Five large, light rooms; hot water; radiator; radiator; \$20. 4TH ST., 261 W.—Four rooms; bath; hot water; well-lit corner house; \$16. 14TH ST., 261 W.—Free to May 1; 6 rooms and bath; \$22. 10TH ST., 211 W.—4 light rooms, bath; steam, hot water; free door; \$20. Janitor. 142d ST., 267 W.—4 large rooms; bath; rent \$15. Advance on premises.

UNFURNISHED FLATS AND APARTMENTS TO LET—EAST SIDE.

240 ST., 138 E. (near Ave. A)—Flats 3 and 4; hot water; bath; \$20. 21ST ST., 110-114 E.—4, 5 large, light rooms; hot water; bath; cheap rent. 3TH ST., 201 E.—Six large, light rooms; improvements; corner house; \$20. 10TH ST., 400 E.—Regal flat, 3 all light rooms; bath; improvements; \$21. 16TH ST., 201 E.—Six large, light rooms and bath; hot water; elegant house; references; \$18. 16TH ST., 242-258 E.—Four handsome rooms; bath; hot water; elegant house; references; \$18. 12TH ST., 241 E.—Newly painted flat, 3 large rooms through; \$17. 12TH ST., 241 E.—Six rooms; bath; private bath; one night; near Mott Morris Park; \$24.

UNFURNISHED FLATS AND APARTMENTS TO LET—BRONX.

BRYANT AVE., 1424 (three blocks from subway)—5-6 rooms; all improvements; \$22-24. 107TH AVE., 527, near 162 st.—2 1/2 rooms; bath; improvements; \$12. 107TH AVE., 190-198, near 162nd st.—6 rooms; \$25; all improvements; electric light. JENNINGS ST., 645 Bronx—4-5 rooms, bath; \$12-20, near Freeman st., subway station. 12TH AVE., 412 (118th st. station)—3 large, light rooms; hot water; \$22-23. WEBSTER AVE., 1728, 2 blocks W. 174th st.—3 rooms, bath; hot water; \$18.

REAL ESTATE FOR SALE.

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A SUGGESTION. Editor of The Call: Could not the May Day parade be also a protest against the plot organized by the Capitalist class against Labor, that has culminated in the arrest of McNamara and others?

PENNSYLVANIA.

Darby. A reception and dance for the benefit of the Delaware County Local Socialist party, will be held in Odd Fellows Temple, Main street, Darby, tomorrow, at 8 p.m. Thomas Hirtwistle, of Philadelphia, will speak on "Tendencies Making for Social Democracy," and Miss Irene Green will give a recitation. F. Whiteside will preside. Ice cream, cake, and lemonade will be on sale. Admission 15 cents.

CANADA.

Montreal. A series of meetings will be held in Montreal on Saturday, Sunday and Monday, April 29, 30 and May 1, with W. R. Killbridge, of New Jersey, as the speaker.

LIST OF PUBLIC LECTURES TODAY.

Public School 33, 415 West 23rd street: "Tahiti and the Society Islands." Dr. Henry E. Crampton. Public School 46, 154th street and St. Nicholas avenue: "Manet and Impressionists." Louis Weinberg. Public School 58, 225 East 57th street: "Songs of Shakespeare." Lewis W. Armstrong. Public School 62, Hester and Essex streets: "Can One Become Successfully Self-Taught on the Piano?" Miss Margaret Anderson. Public School 64, 19th street, east of Avenue B: "The Prevention of Tuberculosis." Dr. Thomas Darlington. Public School 106, 138th street, west of Fifth avenue: "Morocco and Its People." Henry Collins Walsh. Public School 119, 134d street, east of Eighth avenue: "Brahms." Daniel Gregory Mason. Public School 165, 108th street, west of Amsterdam avenue: "From the Nebular Hypothesis to Man." John H. Frome. Institute Hall, 215 East 106th street: "The Tempest." Miss Katherine Collins. Library, 112 East 96th street: "The Weather Bureau and Its Service to Agriculture and Commerce." James H. Scarr. St. Luke's Hall, Hudson street, south of Christopher: "The Electric Automobile." W. Wallace Ker. W. S. AND D. B. F. NOTES. A general meeting of Branch 22, Workmen's Sick and Death Benefit Fund, Newark, N. J., will be held this evening at 7:30 o'clock at the Labor Lyceum, 10th street and Washington avenue, Newark.

THE FIRST SOCIALIST IN CONGRESS

VICTOR L. BERGER TO SPEAK ON "The Prospects of a Socialist Congressman" Thursday, May 4, 1911, 8 o'clock CARNegie HALL.

Intercollegiate Socialist Society

Franklin H. Wentworth on "Signs of Land" J. G. Phelps Stokes, Chairman.

UNION AND SOCIETY DIRECTORY.

The regular meeting of your Union and Society should be announced here. It will assist you in winning new members. Bring this matter up at your next meeting.

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UNITED JOURNEMEN TAILORS LOCAL NO. 390.

Headquarters, Club and Reading Room, 109 W. 124th St., 2nd floor, between 123rd and 125th Sts., New York City. Meetings every Monday, 8 p.m., at 109 W. 124th St. Delegates' duty every fourth Monday, 8 p.m.

UNITED BROTHERHOOD OF CARPENTERS AND JOINERS.

Local Union No. 221, 125th St., near 124th St., New York City. Meetings every Monday, 8 p.m., at 125th St. Delegates' duty every fourth Monday, 8 p.m.

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The Call

Devoted to the Interests of the Working People.

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THE MATTER OF RISKS

The men who are erecting the new Municipal Building near the Brooklyn Bridge terminal, the men who spanned the East River with great roadways, the men who put up the framework for all the skyscrapers of which Americans are so proud, are the men who have been kidnapped and whom detectives and capitalists are trying to drag to the gallows.

What the work means is shown by a little item in yesterday's papers. Charles Callvan, a structural iron worker, committed suicide because his nerve was broken. He was only forty years old, and had helped to erect the Singer Building and the Queensboro and Manhattan bridges. For a while he was a wonder among the workers, and no height appalled him, no task was too difficult and dangerous for him.

But in the note he left his wife he says: "I do not want to become a burden to you. When I get up in the air I cannot resist looking down and my mind becomes a blank. My memory, I fear, is leaving me."

What really had left him was his nerve, and it was on his nerve that his means of making a living must depend. So the admission that he did not wish to become a burden to his wife explains why he killed himself. His work had shattered him, had rendered him incapable of following such a profession any longer, and at forty years this man of heroic grit was broken and worthless.

It is a thing that happens over and over again. While still in what should be the prime of life these men are burned out. In practically every big building put up a few of them are killed. The public does not hear much about this, for it is a thing the newspapers are not interested in giving to the public. It is one of the things not fit to print. However, they find it fit to print stories to the effect that these men who build the great structures and build the long bridges have been guilty of the explosions that have, according to the detective's count, ruined several millions of dollars' worth of property and killed about one hundred persons. There is absolutely no proof of it. Yet as it harms the men there seems to be no compunction in iterating and reiterating the lie, for there is a certain purpose to be accomplished.

That purpose is simple, break up the union and push down wages. For a work that brings so many men to the condition of Callvan, who escaped the horrors of life by inhaling gas, the pay is small. Hundreds of men have been killed, crippled or mentally unbalanced in the past couple of years. But still the employers are not satisfied. They want cheaper men and the unions stand in the way of their getting them. So they are out to destroy the unions. It was for that they hired Burns.

This is characteristic of the actions of the steel men. In the Pittsburgh district the horrors of steel production have been told repeatedly. A man a day is killed. It is a city of cripples. And it is not the old and slow who are smitten, but the young and active, for youth and strength are necessary in the mills. When the product of these mills is being used the same thing happens. Men are killed. Men are crippled. Again it is the young and active who suffer, for, as shown in the case of Callvan, they are old at forty.

The steel kings who have made Pittsburgh an industrial hell and who have rooted out unionism so they could get docile labor, labor which would go uncomplainingly to the slaughter, now seek to extend the same conditions into the steel building operations. Through hard fighting the structural iron workers wrung some concessions, won an advance in pay and a slight reduction of hours. The steel kings wish to take all these things away from them.

That is at the basis of the kidnapping and of the conspiracy so carefully engineered by Burns and the others. He is the McPartland of the case, and as McPartland had his Orchard so has Burns. But this aggression can have but one effect, and that will be to line the whole working class up solidly with the iron workers.

PROPHETS AND INFORMERS

A fine crop of prophets has sprung up since the detectives made their move, and without exception these prophets foretell something that was going to happen if McNamara had not been arrested. Dire things would surely have occurred and great damage would have resulted if—well, if all laws had not been violated by the detectives and had not these violations been meekly submitted to by the authorities. These prophets knew of endless crimes that were to have been, and do not hesitate to stand up now and tell about them. Apparently the absurdity of the affair does not appeal to the newspapers, for plenty of them are printing these tales, piling up "disclosures," and uncovering plots that were to have been. The one great and strong point about the method is that when one prophet peters out another can take his place. As a lie from one source is as good as a lie from another, all the prophets at the present moment are permitted to work overtime.

Another fine crop that has been brought out also is that of the informers. They, if the capitalist newspapers are to be believed, are rushing headlong to the police with circumstantial stories of things they know, with detailed accounts of conversations they overheard, and with tips as to where more explosives may be found. As the detectives must already have paid out a few hundred dollars for dynamite it is not probable they will care to "find" any more for the time being.

It is not for a moment to be thought the editors themselves believe any of these stories. But they realize how they may be used to impress a credulous public, and that a case may be made out against the accused men on the basis of rumor alone. So rumor is having full sway. Rumor is advanced as authoritative evidence, and so bitter are the members of the Erectors' Association and of the other capitalist combinations, that they would willingly swear away the lives of the workers by means of perjured testimony or the outgivings of disordered brains.

This case has the same thorough viciousness and villainess that characterized the case against the Western Federation, but the latter taught the workers of this country a lesson, and this time they have instantly rallied to the defense of the accused men. This time, also, they have laughed to scorn the belated prophets and the men who are informers either for cash or because of mental disease.

"Before Burns decided to give himself up," says the Associated Press dispatch from Indianapolis, "he had fun at the expense of the constables." Even in such a trivial case as the kidnapping of men and attempting to compass their death, his sense of humor cannot be restrained.

It will be noticed that all the capitalist papers speak of the alleged "kidnapping." But they drop the quotation marks when they try to attribute murder to the iron workers' officials.

Gen. Harrison Gray Otis knows how to run things. Attached to the lying stories inspired by the Manufacturers' Association of Los Angeles and the Erectors' organization, is the laconic order—"Publish all of this or nothing." That is the way to shape public opinion against the kidnapped men.

THE SACRIFICE FORBIDDEN



LABOR STAYS THE HAND OF CAPITALISM

A TRIBUTE TO A RUSSIAN POET

By L. PASVOLSKY.

Peter Philipovich Yakubovich was, indeed, a great, tender heart, a poet, enamored of honor and truth. That heart, inured to all hardships by the uneven strife with his people's foe, torn by the tortures of the Akatny imprisonment and the Siberian mines, was yet capable of the most touching poetical expression.

Yakubovich, the poet, stands foremost in the ranks of Russian poetry for the last quarter of a century. He is a minstrel of the strife. His lays are powerful appeals, sung in a high, almost triumphant pitch, yet never dwindling into shrill, false notes. He is certain of the ultimate victory of the Cause and is content to be but the first preliminary force. His foe is more powerful and the poet is cast into the Siberian mines. Yet his indomitable spirit motes into the beautiful finale of his "Songs of the Conquered":

"Not he is the conquered, who fell to the ground,
Not he, who delivered the blow, has won!"

Yakubovich understands the struggle. He compares it to the sea tempest in the following beautiful analogy: (The verified rendering is by Alice Stone Blackwell.)

"Not for every splashing wavelet
"Watches keen the helmsman's eye;
He awaits, the last huge roller
When the ninth wave surges high."

But until that last strong roller
"Swells with deep, decisive roar.
We must meet the strife and effort
Of the waves that go before."

Even though we scarce perceive them,
Sinking vanquished to their grave,
Wait, O brethren, wait with courage
For the ninth, the conquering wave."

He recognizes himself as one of the first "waves" and realizes the fact that "the ninth, the conquering wave" is yet to come.

Yakubovich was born in 1860 in the Province of Novgorod. He received a good education. At the age of eighteen he was already known in literature, but almost at the same time another field was opened before him—he joined the revolutionary movement. In 1887 he was arrested and sentenced to death. His sentence was commuted and he was sent to Siberia, first to Kara and then to Akatny, the worst of the Siberian prisons. These sufferings naturally undermined his health and produced nervousness that did not leave him until his death. But even in Siberia he found sufficient strength to sing his lays. At that time he wrote "To the Sister," a beautiful poem of touching brotherly affection. Many of his best works were written in the "Land of Cold and Snow." In one of his poems he says that the songs of a suffering poet are the purest and the most effective, even as that oak is the most powerful which grows not in a thick forest, but alone in an open field, swept by the fury of the tempest.

After his return to St. Petersburg his life was comparatively tranquil. He was already very popular as a poet. At that time he published his book, "In the World of the Reflected," dealing with prison life, describing that life in a strikingly forcible manner. The book was very successful, and its author became still more popular. He wrote several other prose works, most of them under the pseudonym of L. Melanin. He published a book of his poems, of which seven editions were

sold during one year. Another of his popular works was a collection of poems of the best Russian poets of the nineteenth century, published under the title of "The Russian Muse." Yakubovich loved his country and his people. This love is excellently expressed in the following poem (the rendering is again by Alice Stone Blackwell):

"Bright the sky of other countries,
"But, however blue and glad,
It can ne'er obscure the beauty
Of our sky, bleak and sad."

And the rustle of the forest
By some unknown river small
To the sick heart is more pleasant
Than the strains from heaven that fall."

Other lands in happy beauty
Bloom contented, free from fears:

But far drearer is my country,
"Though in tatters and in tears!"

He loved his country, despite its "tatters and tears" and felt that it needed him. But he also knew that his place was not on the field of carnage, not on the altar of Mars or Moloch, not among those that tyrannize over his people, but in the midst of that people, at the guns of its defense, under the fire of its relentless foe. He was one of the few who dared to stand on the authority of their convictions, in his case, even at the expense of a death sentence and Akatny imprisonment. The best of his life was sacrificed to promulgate the idea of civic independence among his downtrodden, suffering brethren.

His name will live as one of the forerunners of that final, decisive effort that shall sweep away the obnoxious, humiliating yoke of tyranny.

THE CASE OF THE PEOPLE VS. MR. PEEVISH, THE PRIDE OF "PROGRESSIVE" DEMOCRATS

By W. W. PASSAGE.

"The people cry for bread," reported a satellite of Louis XV.
"Tell them to eat grass," replied the king.

"The cars are unheated, and the air is cold and foul," wrote the patron victim of the Brooklyn Rapid Transit Company.

"Your head is full of vitiated atmosphere. Why don't you walk?" retorted the patron saint of the "progressive" pedestrians, who sits in a comfortable chair when he works, and walks at his leisure for lack of other exercise.

"The skyscraper lofts in which we work are death traps. Enforce the fire laws lest we perish!" cried the factory workers.

"Your heads are full of fire! Why don't you wear asbestos clothing?" quoth the man who works on the ground floor.

"The people demand municipal ownership of public utilities," wrote another seditious Brooklynite, who had once been the president of his borough.

"Their heads are full of stridulence! Tell the people they are not good enough for municipal ownership," tartly replied the case of St. James, albeit said people had been "good enough" to make him their chief.

"You promised independent subways," wrote still another Brooklyn boob, the president of the Central Labor Union.

"You signed your letter with a rubber stamp, and you do not represent any labor, anyhow!" shrieked the "progressive" one somewhat disturbed.

"You have loaned the police to the express companies!" complained the striking expressionist.

"You are a brutal and criminal bunch! Would you have the unsophisticated strikebreakers get lost in this great, strange city? Do you expect scabs who can't read to deliver packages without the aid of the po-

lice?" was the bland rejoinder of the ancient philosopher and distinguished jurist of Prospect Heights.

"Evil haunts itself on the streets and the violators of the excise laws are unmolested!" exclaimed city magistrates and responsible newspapers.

"Your heads are full of vice! How can the police run the express wagons and enforce law at the same time? For the love of Mike, why can't you Mutts be reasonable!" responded the disciple of Epictetus.

"Crime is rampant, life and property are unprotected!" cried the people generally.

But the skipper answered never a word, for a frozen corpse was he.

Who, oh! who, will care for the "Progressive" Democrats now, poor things?

CLEVER ROVER.

"Yes, dogs are undoubtedly sagacious animals," Jones said to his friends, "but none of your dog stories will beat this. My friend Johnson had a most intelligent retriever. One night Johnson's house caught fire. All was instant confusion. Old Johnson and his wife flew for the children and landed out with them pretty sharp. Alas! one of the children had been left behind, but up jumped the dog, rushed into the house, and soon reappeared with the missing child which he deposited on the lawn. Every one was saved, but Rover dashed through the flames again. What did the dog want? No one knew. Presently the noble animal reappeared, scorched and burnt, with—what do you think?"

"Give it up," chorused the eager listeners.

"With the fire policy, wrapped in a lamp towel, gentlemen!"

Tourist—"What do the people round here live on, Pat?"

Jarvis—"Flax, sir, in the winter, and tourists in the summer."

TO SOCIALIST PHYSICIANS

By H. A. GIBBS, M. D.

This communication is intended primarily for Socialists who are members of the medical profession. I trust everyone such will give it careful perusal.

From a somewhat broad and intimate acquaintance with the Socialist movement particularly here in the East I am convinced that the medical profession is more generally represented in the Socialist movement than any other. We are not so lone some as we used to be.

The idea has for some time been taking form in my mind, augmented by suggestions from other Socialist physicians, Comrades outside of the profession, that we ought to get together and keep in touch with each other through some kind of an organization. There is strength and inspiration in union. To quote the words of a professional Comrade recently received: "It is always an inspiration to meet or learn of some new Comrade as well as to know that one's lot has been cast with an ever-growing rather than a gradually dwindling host of some thinkers and unselfish souls. What my life would be without this comfort I cannot picture, certainly not so big and full as it is now."

But entirely apart from any selfish satisfaction which may come to us in clasping hands and measuring our increasing strength, there are special duties and responsibilities devolving upon us as physicians on the constructive stage of Socialism which is already here, which it seems to me imperatively demand an organization of physicians of the Socialist faith. The great questions of public health in city and country; the fundamental relation of economic

conditions to disease and management of penal and other institutions in the light of social sociology, the development of public health institutions, the approach of the solution of these problems as these with clearer and broader view than those who have a strong grasp of Socialist philosophy? It is a duty, therefore, which we owe to ourselves, the Socialist movement and public in general to get together and to bring our influence to bear in united effort.

Eventually such a movement should take the form of a national organization, one that is cut and dried plan formulated, such an organization, I think, can safely be left to the members themselves when the time comes. I am sending forth this call as a tentative and preliminary step. It is necessary for some one to take the lead. Will the Comrades who are members of the medical profession and who would like to see an organization perfected through the columns of The Call also send me their names and addresses with any suggestions they wish to make? Will the trades who are not members of the medical profession send me their names and addresses of any Socialist physicians they may know?

It is our intention after tentative preliminary way to issue a national and general call with the names of those who are in favor of some such organization as suggested. Brookside Sanitarium, Belknap St., N. Y.

WORRY

By ELIAS TOENKIN.

"You look worried, John."

There is not a household in America—the America of the working class—where this phrase is not a familiar one.

Every American worker worries. He loses nearly as much energy worrying as he does working. The wastefulness of worry if it were figured out in dollars and lives would stagger the eye.

Why this worry? Are the men who worry cowards? Or is anything wrong with their constitutions physically, mentally?

No, there is nothing wrong with them. Worrying is not a symptom of disease, nor does it mark a man as lacking courage.

Worry has today become a part of our economic fabric. It is the great pillar of the present capitalist system. The worker does not worry because he wants to worry, but because he has to. The system sees to it that he has something to worry about.

"I work three hours a day," said a New York newspaper man who is essentially a success, "and I spend six more hours a day worrying, scheming trying to hold my job."

Worrying, scheming, trying to hold one's job! A moralist like the late (we mean late in the public eye) Dr. Madison C. Peters would say that if the man in question went ahead and did his work well he would not have to worry about keeping his job. And Dr. Peters would have been believed by many. The employer would have been pleased to let him work and earn his living by his own hands and a boss.

Among savages there is no time when a man wills to work. He has to fight for it, to face death, or so long as bread was to be had he could not get it. In the early days of civilization men clamored for their bread and denied the work at the whim or interest of the employer.

Worry today is not cowardice. It is a part of man's work. It is a part of the industrial system. And it is also the gravest indictment of that system.

YOU HAVE DRIVEN THIS APPEAL INTO THE OPEN

WELL, LOOK WHO'S HERE!
RIGHT OUT ON THE EDITORIAL PAGE WHERE ARTFUL DODGERS CAN'T DODGE IT.

YOU AGILE READERS WHO HAVE BEEN SKIPPED FROM FIRST PAGE TO EDITORIAL PAGE, AFRAID TO LOOK INSIDE FOR FEAR YOU WOULD SEE SOMETHING UNPLEASANTLY PERSONAL, WILL HAVE TO RE-EVALUATE YOUR SYSTEM.

This column is here to stay, until you get tired of it. Use drive it to cover with a volley of pledges.

We have tried to preserve a good humor and hopefulness in these appeals. We have addressed the readers of The Call as mutually and vitally interested in The Call's welfare. That an appeal has provoked a response from some, but from others has issued no echo.

The Call needs this money. It must have \$450 a week to get it during the next year. Surely you can't doubt that. The weekly deficit in The Call office of \$300. There are old and some debts which demand an extra outlay of \$150 a week. This is your concern.

If The Call is not what you think it should be and not been what you wanted it to be, this deficit and these old debts largely to blame.

The cat that is occupied ambushing fleas can't catch mice. The Call has overcome a great many of its obstacles, but are still some big ones left. This sustaining fund will go far in removing them.

All who subscribe to this fund will receive 4 per cent on the W. C. P. A. or subscription cards in the full amount of the paid in. These cards may be resold to non-readers of the paper they may be given away.

These are the needs of The Call and these are the terms you to supply them. The fund is less than half subscribed. It is time for you to act.

THE BOARD OF MANAGEMENT

Of the Workingmen's Co-operative Publishing Association

THE NEW PLEDGE FUND.

Amount subscribed \$..... Date

Indorsing the purpose outlined in your circular, the undersigned hereby agrees to contribute \$..... per week for a period of one year for the maintenance of The Call. In addition to this subscription that no payment is to be made until notification is given that the amount of \$450 has been paid. The undersigned further agrees to bring or send the amount when due to the office of The Call.

Signature

Address

This blank should be forwarded to THE NEW YORK CALL Pledge Fund Committee, 409 Pearl Street, New York.