

The emancipation of the Working Class must be accomplished by the workers themselves.

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DEVOTED TO THE INTERESTS OF THE WORKING PEOPLE

NEW YORK, FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 20, 1912.

Socialists have no interests separate and apart from the Working Class as a whole.

WEATHER: PROBABLE SHOWERS.

Price Two Cents.

### VA. MINE OWNERS WILL NOT ARBITRATE

### Down Gov. Glasscock's Second Attempt to End Kanawha Strike.

CHARLESTON, W. Va., Sept. 19.—Peace negotiations conducted by Gov. William R. Glasscock in an effort to settle the coal strike in the Kanawha and Cabin Creek districts, where "order" is being maintained by martial law, were broken today. The coal operators rejected the Governor's second proposal for arbitration.

The Governor submitted two plans of arbitration. The miners expressed willingness to abide by either; the operators declined both.

In a letter addressed to the operators, following their refusal to accept an arbitration board of three members, the Governor proposed to confine the range of arbitration to three subjects—the guardsianship of the individual miners, the right of a union, and the right of an employer, organized or unorganized, to meet with their employees to discuss wages.

The reply of the operators to this suggestion, made public today through their spokesman, H. T. Davis, declared that they would not agree to the following:

The organization of their employees by the United Mine Workers of America. Recognition of the union in any way. Interference on the part of the State.

In his letter, the Governor called attention to the expense of \$5,000 a day which martial law costs and the fact that the coal output in the Kanawha district has been reduced 90 per cent.

"This controversy is no longer a private controversy," wrote the Governor. In their reply, the operators declared that the United Mine Workers' organization is a "persistent and malicious foe to the coal industry of the State, harmful alike to the employers and employees."

Mrs. James I. Pratt and Thomas Davis led military headquarters today with bloodhounds in search of the men who fired the tipple of the Carbon Coal Company, at Carbon, early today. The mine cannot be operated until a new tipple is built. It was believed the same men who fired the tipple of the Cabin Creek Collieries Company at Holly last week were implicated.

### ELOPES SHORTLY AFTER BEING DIVORCED

WILKES-BARRE, Pa., Sept. 19.—After marrying Miss Isabelle Martin, daughter of Mine Foreman John Martin, and telling his bride that he was the son of a railroad official, and being divorced a few days afterward because his bride and her family learned that he was an ex-convict and a stool pigeon in the employ of the detective department of a railroad here, Patrick Clifford has taken another venture in matrimony by eloping with the same woman.

### JEWISH BAKERS WIN IMPORTANT VICTORY

Bakers' Union, Local 100, scored another victory yesterday when Abraham Stetmeyer, 36, Hester street, signed an agreement calling for the reinstatement of all his employees to their former positions. Stetmeyer locked his employees out last Tuesday because they refused to work on the Jewish New Year. The union combated the lockout, and an agitation was carried on urging Stetmeyer's customers to buy none but union bread.

### TRAPPED BANK THIEVES BEAT AND EVADE POLICE

CHICAGO, Sept. 19.—Detectives searched here today for two bank robbers, for whose arrest a reward of \$25,000 was offered. The men, who were worth \$150,000 after beating a police sergeant into unconsciousness when he attempted to arrest them single-handed.

### CONFERS GARTER ON MIKADO.

TOKYO, Sept. 19.—With elaborate ceremonial Prince Arthur of Connaught, the representative of King George, today invested the Emperor with the insignia of the Order of the Garter.

### HALT HARVESTER TRIAL.

CHICAGO, Sept. 19.—Owing to the illness of Edgar A. Bancroft, counsel for defendants, the taking of testimony to the government's disqualification suit against the International Harvester Company was halted today.

### ALL NIGHT FIGHTING IN BELFAST OUTBREAK

BELFAST, Sept. 19.—From early last evening until nearly daylight today, the fiercest rioting raged throughout Belfast. A free fight between home rule and anti-home rule began the outbreak.

The members of various Unionist clubs, supported by a mob of hoodlums, raged through the streets, smashing the windows in the homes of Catholics in the residence quarter and looting their shops in the business district.

The police were stoned in the most brutal manner. Repeated charges by the officers with drawn clubs failed to quell the riot until the night was nearly over. Many were badly hurt.

### KEYMEN WON'T STRIKE ON CANADIAN PACIFIC

WINNIPEG, Manitoba, Sept. 19.—The strike of railroad telegraphers on the Canadian Pacific Railway, which was expected to be called at any moment, is not likely to take place. The company, which at first refused to have anything to do with the Telegraphers' Union, has evidently realized that the men manning the telegraph lines are essential to the business and has changed its stand and granted the keymen an 8 per cent increase.

The telegraphers asked for an increase of 15 per cent and pay for overtime, and took a strike vote when the company refused to grant their demands. The company ignored the demands until the telegraphers went on strike at 11 o'clock on the sixteenth hour and decided to deal with the union so as to prevent a walkout.

After holding several conferences with the representatives of the union, the Canadian Pacific agreed to accept the 15 per cent increase in wages, a like raise for overtime work and a reduction of the working hours from eleven to ten hours a day.

It was reported here today that the telegraphers have agreed to accept the compromise wage increase, and a strike will thus be averted.

### BOY SWAM RIVER TO SEE DYING MOTHER

John McKean, a 10-year-old boy, who appeared in the police Wednesday night to report the disappearance of his mother, was taken to the hospital yesterday, by the order of Magistrate Kernochan, in Harlem Court, yesterday, by his tale of misfortune.

McKean told the magistrate he had been to his mother's home, but that he had spent his last penny on the funeral of his mother recently and had nothing to eat and no place to sleep.

Four years ago, according to the boy's tale, his father was killed in a street fight outside the Catholic Church, through the intervention of the Children's Society. Later he was transferred to the Charity Hospital on Randall's Island.

But hearing that his mother was dying in his old home at 16 Hamilton street, he crept out of the hospital one night and swam the river to Long Island City to see her before she died.

Magistrate Kernochan turned the lad over to Probation Officer Egan, with orders that he try to find a position for him.

### OVERWORKED WOMAN JUMPS TO HER DEATH

Mrs. Lena Louitaki, 24 years old, committed suicide yesterday by jumping from the roof of her home at 517 Stone avenue, Brooklyn. She landed on the sidewalk outside the laundry, where her husband was at work.

On the arrival of the ambulance surgeon, it was found that her skull had been fractured and that she had died instantly.

The husband, hearing the noise, rushed out to find his wife a lifeless heap on the walk. He informed the police that his young wife had been despondent for some time and had remarked that she would kill herself.

She had been working with her husband in the laundry, and that, together with the care of the household, she said, was too much for her. The couple had been married but a short time.

### SAYS ECONOMY CAUSED AUSTIN DAM DISASTER

WASHINGTON, Sept. 19.—Before experts of the New England Waterworks Association, T. Chaikley, Hutton, of Wilmington, Del., testified that the economy in judgment in construction caused the collapse of the concrete dam at Austin, Pa., last September, which resulted in the death of scores of persons. He said the disaster has ruined his professional reputation, and that limiting the construction cost caused the weakness of the dam.

WILLIAMSPORT, Sept. 19.—The case of George C. Bayless, president, and F. M. Hamlin, superintendent of the Bayless Pulp and Paper Company, charged with involuntary manslaughter in connection with the Austin dam disaster, were continued in the Town Court today until the fourth Monday in January, 1913.

REAPPEARS AFTER 17 YEARS. SANDUSKY, Ohio, Sept. 19.—Charles Bretz, who disappeared from Middle Bass Island about seventeen years ago, and who had not been heard from in that time, reappeared in Sandusky today while a suit, was being heard in court to prove that he was dead. Bretz was divorced from his wife before he left.

### OIL TRUST BEHIND NEW CHINESE LOAN

### Say American Is Acting for Octopus in Proposed \$50,000,000 Deal.

LONDON, Sept. 19.—The latest suggestion advanced here in regard to the proposed \$50,000,000 loan to China is that an American, A. Wendell Jackson, is the Standard Oil interests backing him. It is known that the Rockefeller crowd have had designs on the oil fields in China, and for this reason have been trying to win the Chinese Government's favor. No confirmation of the report can be secured here.

When Jackson was asked whether Standard Oil was backing him he declared that the syndicate was international, but refused to reveal what American interests were concerned.

The London house of Birch, Cragg & Co., which has refused to make any statement concerning the loan, has figured most prominently in the transaction thus far, but financiers generally look on this as a blind, taking it up to date civilization.

It is certain that during the early days of the Chinese Provisional Government when Dr. Sun Yat sen was President and Nanking the capital, the Standard Oil agent, Roy Anderson, had the tightest of grips on the administration. It is also practically certain that the money with which the provisional government financed itself during the first few weeks of its existence came from Standard Oil sources.

In return for what the standard did for the provisional government it is well known that promises were given for such oil concessions as the Standard might want in Szechwan Province, which experts say will probably prove, when its development commences, to be the richest oil region in the world.

With Dr. Sun's retirement, the succession of Yuan Shi Kai to the Presidency and the transfer of the capital from Nanking to Peking, the Standard was crowded out of its position of influence and power, and the six (originally the four) Powers syndicate, of which J. Pierpont Morgan's International Banking Corporation was the American member, became dominant.

It is agreed among financiers that this cannot but have been extremely displeasing to the Standard. The transition of China from an outdoor to an up to date civilization promised incalculable profits to the syndicate, and that the syndicate must be granted supervision of the taxing machinery, giving it virtual control of the government itself.

The Chinese refused these terms and the syndicate accordingly simply waited, trusting to time to compel their surrender. In the meantime, it undertook to see to it that the money was forthcoming from no other source. This seemed comparatively easy by so arranging matters that no other financiers could secure their government's pledge to back them, in case of default, in enforcing collection.

What English financiers surmise is that the Standard has been quietly maneuvering to overcome these difficulties and regain the control wrested from it by the six Powers syndicate.

### CHINA WILL RESIST RUSSIAN AGGRESSION

LONDON, Sept. 19.—A dispatch to the Times says that at a secret session of the National Assembly at Peking today the War Minister declared that the government would offer resistance to aggression in Inner Mongolia, but would accept the Russian conditions with regard to Outer Mongolia, hoping through these concessions to secure Mongol allegiance to the republic.

Chao Pin-Chun, acting Premier, said that the government was willing to negotiate with Great Britain on a basis of the maintenance of the status quo.

### 62 HURT IN TRAIN CRASH.

Seven Probably Fatally Injured in Belgian Wreck—Cars Telescoped. MAREHAIN, Belgium, Sept. 19.—Sixty-two persons were injured, seven of them probably fatally, in a train collision which occurred at the station here today.

Several of the cars, which were filled with marketeers, were telescoped.

### THREATEN GIRL REFORMER.

CHICAGO, Sept. 19.—Miss Virginia Brooks, a girl reformer who led the crusade that closed disorderly resorts in West Hammond, a suburb, has received an anonymous letter, threatening her with death unless she discontinues her activity.

### TRAMP STEAMER RUNS ASHORE

BLOCK ISLAND, R. I., Sept. 19.—The Norwegian tramp steamer, Nara, bound from Boston to New York, ran ashore here early today. The steamer was hauled off at 1 o'clock this afternoon by the revenue cutter Acushnet.

### POOR AND INSANE FLAGRANTLY ABUSED

PHILADELPHIA, Sept. 19.—Sensational charges of appalling conditions at Blockley, the Philadelphia insane and poor hospital, were preferred today by persons who declare that the inmates are mistreated and that the compartments occupied by them are insanitary and alive with vermin.

The charges come as the result of the investigation which followed Magistrate Gorman's declaration that "Blockley is an unfit place for the care of children." Gorman's questions were based on alleged positive information that children who have been sent there had been lost track of by the officials and consequently grew up ignorant of their identities.

### BUDAPEST SITUATION AKIN TO REVOLUTION

### Twenty-four Deaths Expected as Result of Police Charge on Meeting.

BUDAPEST, Sept. 19.—In the neighborhood of 300 persons are suffering from injuries of varying seriousness sustained last night when police, heavily armed and some of them with drawn sabers, charged the meeting through at a universal suffrage demonstration in which the Socialists played a leading role. It is expected that twenty-four of the injured persons will die as a result of their wounds.

When the police charged the crowd, eighty demonstrators were arrested. All but thirty-seven of them were liberated today after they were reprimanded and warned. The situation has assumed almost a revolutionary aspect.

The authorities are greatly alarmed at the boldness with which the universal suffrage agitators defied the police's arbitrary prohibition of their demonstration last night and the order for the closing of all houses at 8 p. m.

In resisting the police last night the crowd behaved with the utmost determination. They met the mounted officers' charges with showers of stones and broken bottles and there was a pretty brisk revolver fire. The authorities will not reveal the extent of the police casualties, but it is certain that a number of them were badly wounded.

Several anti-universal suffrage newspapers were unable to appear today as a result of the damage alleged to have been done to their plants by attacking parties. Due to the overturning of trolley poles and the ripping up of the rails in some places the street car service is completely disorganized. In one quarter the city will be in darkness at night probably for a week, while the gas lamps upset by the demonstrators are replaced.

### HUNGARIAN TROUBLE MAY SHIFT TO VIENNA

VIENNA, Sept. 19.—The Hungarian Parliamentary fight threatens to shift to this place from Budapest on September 21, when the delegations are to meet. There are two of these delegations, each composed of sixty members, representing the legislative bodies of Austria and Hungary.

The members of the opposition have resolved to come here collectively, and continue their uproarious obstruction in the so-called Hungarian Palace, where the Hungarian delegation will assemble.

The Viennese police regard this building as a Hungarian territory, and consequently the Hungarian Government is sending a force of Budapest police to handle the disturbers.

### 65 LUMBERJACKS MUST STAND TRIAL

Motion to Quash Murder Indictments Against Members of Brotherhood of Timber Workers Overruled. LAKE CHARLES, La., Sept. 19.—The motion of the defense to have quashed the indictments against A. L. Emerson, president of the Brotherhood of Timber Workers, and sixty-four of his comrades, now in the Lake Charles hell hole of a Baillie, was overruled by Judge Winston yesterday.

Immediately after the court's ruling, fifty-eight of the timber workers were arraigned and pleaded not guilty. The cases were fixed for trial October 7.

The prisoners are charged with the deaths of several men who were killed on July 7, at Grabow, where the striking "lumberjacks" were holding a meeting in the open road not far from the office of one of the lumber companies which belong to the Southern Lumber Operators' Association.

The unionists insist that they were fired upon from ambush and from the office of the nearby lumber company, the attack resulting in the deaths of the men for whose lives they must now stand trial.

### WOMAN FALLS TO HER DEATH.

Mary E. Paterson, 25, who boarded on the third floor of 214 West 55th street with Mrs. Day, died in a fall from the balcony yesterday from a Wright Hospital yesterday from a fractured skull. The young woman had been seated at a window in the rear of the apartment and leaned over the sill to watch some children in the yard.

### NEW AUSTRIAN AMBASSADOR.

VIENNA, Austria, Sept. 19.—Konstantin Theodor Dumba, now Minister to Sweden, has been nominated to succeed Baron Hengemuller von Hengervar as Ambassador of Austria-Hungary at Washington.

### ESCAPED FROM TOMBS; CAUGHT

PHILADELPHIA, Sept. 19.—George Wilson, who was arrested in a railroad station here today, confessed, the police say, that he had escaped from the Tombs Prison, New York, several weeks ago.

### POLLOK AND WIFE HELD UNDER BAIL

### He Is Arrested While Leaving for Europe via the Rear Yard.

The District Attorney's office, supported by Justice Goff, has had to exercise vigilance in the past few days to prevent witnesses in the Becker trial and other proceedings growing out of the murder of Herman Rosenthal from evading subpoenas and leaving the city.

Harry Pollok, the promoter of prize fights and other sporting events, started for Europe by the way of the back fence of the Trimm apartment house, at Broadway and 110th street, where he lives with the woman described in the subpoena as Mrs. Carrie Pollok. That was on Wednesday.

Yesterday, having been taken into custody by Detective A. Thomas, of the District Attorney's office, the Polloks were held in bail by Justice Goff, \$3,000 for the man, \$2,500 for the woman.

Previously the District Attorney's office was exercised over a report that Mrs. Herman Rosenthal intended to leave New York. Mrs. Rosenthal was called before Justice Goff and questioned. She promised to appear when she is needed as a witness.

Last night members of the District Attorney's staff were looking for Max Margolis, a young man who once busied himself in letting the newspapers know that Lieut. Charles Becker was a terrible foe of gamblers. Subsequent to Becker's arrest he made an affidavit that Becker's raid on the Rosenthal gambling house at 104 West 43d street was a joke. He knew it was a joke, he said, because he was there himself and heard Becker "hiss warningly" at Mrs. Rosenthal when she appeared in a kimono and called out, "Why, Charlie?"

The story that reached Acting District Attorney Moses was that Margolis intended to seek another field for his talents, and that he had planned to move soon. Margolis is already under subpoena.

After the hearing, Pollok said that he had been misunderstood entirely, and that he had meant to go abroad only long enough to attend to business connected with his management of Freddy Welsh, an English boxer.

With the trial of Lieutenant Becker set down for October 7, the District Attorney's office is taking no chances on the appearance of witnesses who are regarded as important. No evasions will be accepted in doubtful cases, and wherever it appears that an attempt has been made or is contemplated to avoid appearance warrants will be served and bail demanded.

John F. McIntire, chief counsel for Lieutenant Becker, yesterday characterized the activities of District Attorney Whittman in Hot Springs as unbecomingly and unethical.

The John Doe inquiry conducted by Justice Goff to ascertain whether the police in arresting Gyp the blood and Lefty Louie suppressed evidence was continued yesterday, but the session was brief. Only one witness was questioned. Inspector Edward P. Hughes, formerly in charge of the Detective Bureau, was present for a short time. Moss declined to say why Inspector Hughes was summoned.

The Grand Jury selected to hear the Rosenthal case graft testimony met, but adjourned until next Thursday.

### HART ARRIVES IN HOT SPRINGS.

HOT SPRINGS, Ark., Sept. 19.—Attorney John Hart, representing Lieutenant Becker, accompanied by witnesses who are regarded as important, arrived in Hot Springs today to continue to attend the arraignment of local witnesses before Special Commissioner C. Floyd Huff.

### ARCHBOLD WILL TELL MORE TO PROBERS

WASHINGTON, Sept. 19.—John D. Archbold will tell the Senate committee investigating campaign contributions when his hearings are resumed here September 30. It was learned today, preceding Theodore Roosevelt on the stand.

Archbold will amplify his former testimony regarding Standard Oil's reputed contribution of \$125,000 in 1904 to aid Roosevelt. Senator Clapp said today that Archbold has promised to present documents and books from his private office if they can be found regarding the big campaign gift.

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### HOTEL WORKERS CAUSE ARREST OF BOSSES

BOSTON, Sept. 19.—Charged with the violation of the Fifty-four-hour law of Massachusetts, Allen E. Jones, manager of the American House, one of Boston's biggest hotels, was this afternoon arraigned before Chief Justice Bolster, in the Municipal Court.

Manager Jones secured a continuance of his trial until next Thursday. Jones was arrested on a warrant served by State police, who acted following complaints by members of the Hotel Workers' Union, who are on strike here.

State police tried for a good part of the day to serve three other prominent hotel managers and owners, but failed to locate them.

Boston hotels and clubs faced a crisis today in the strike of hotel employees. The waiters declared they would temporarily no longer, but call out 85 per cent of the waiters in private clubs to enforce a settlement.

### FOUR SOLDIERS HURT IN BRITISH MANEUVERS

LONDON, Sept. 19.—A big howitzer charge which burst during the day tore off an artilleryman's arm and injured three other soldiers standing nearby in the army maneuvers which were suddenly abandoned last night.

Nobody knows whether London was saved or whether the defending army was repulsed with horrible loss of life. The reason for the abandonment of the maneuvers is not officially known. It is declared by some of the war correspondents that the armies have been unable to get in touch with each other owing to the successful aeroplane scouting which revealed the positions of each army and prevented their coming in contact with each other.

The King spent the greater part of the day on the firing line. A conference of the commanders will be held at Cambridge tomorrow. Following their consultation, an official statement as to why the maneuvers were abandoned may be forthcoming.

### GIBSON MUST EXPLAIN DISPOSITION OF \$7,100

Cannal Surrogate Burton W. Gibson must tell Surrogate Fowler this morning what the man in the Goshen jail did with the \$7,100 of Mrs. Rose Henschik Sabo or he will be removed as executor of the estate of the woman he is accused of putting to death.

The information may be made in confidence to the Surrogate and it will not be divulged until the time for a regular accounting, but it must be made. It must be able to stand investigation and cannot be vague or general.

It is the general belief that Gibson will be removed at once this morning if Charles Goldner, or whoever represents Gibson, does not supply the facts demanded. Dr. Fritz Fischberger, Vice-Consul General of Austria-Hungary, will in all likelihood be appointed to take his place.

### THREE "POLITICALS" COMMIT SUICIDE

HERCHINSK, Asiatic Russia, Sept. 19.—Grief-stricken over the fact that one of their comrades had been brutally knouted, three political prisoners committed suicide in jail here today.

Having an rusty weapon with which to end their lives, they each tore up their bedclothes and twisted these into ropes and hanged themselves to the bars of the cell.

They could not endure to hear the screams of agony that came from the cell of their knouted comrade. The unfortunate victim was stripped of his clothes and three prison guards armed with Russian prison whips indicated the penalty until blood appeared and the victim fainted.

### BADLY WOUNDED IN ALLEGED GANG ATTACK

Joseph Cavanagh, a roofer, of 329 Lexington avenue, Brooklyn, is in a critical condition in St. John's Hospital, at Borough, with a bullet wound in the abdomen. The police say Cavanagh was shot during a gang fight yesterday at Halsey avenue and Kosciuszko street, Brooklyn.

The police regard the shooting as a revival of the activities of the old Reynolds Forzberg gang, which used to make its rendezvous in the neighborhood of Halsey avenue, and which the police thought they had suppressed.

When the police arrived upon the scene of the alleged shooting, they saw four men who were running away. At the hospital the shot man whispered that "Angie had done the shooting. He described his assailant as being about 20 years old, smooth shaven and with light hair.

### LONDON OFFICE BOYS STRIKE.

Youths Employed by Bank of England Out for More Pay. LONDON, Sept. 19.—A novel strike occurred today when the 130 boys employed in the Bank of England quit work and patrolled the neighborhood of the bank to see that their places were not taken by others. The boys are evidently full of fighting spirit, because they have shown that they are an aggressive lot when they resisted an attempt to bring in scabs to take their place.

Police reserves were summoned to awe the youthful strikers, who are out for an increase in wages, and they managed to chase the boys away from the bank. Hundreds of passersby, who were near the scene of the attack of the police on the boys, protested against the manhandling of the youths, but in vain.

The boys say they will not return to work until they are granted a wage increase.

### BUTCHER HELD FOR MURDER.

Oscar Witt, a butcher of 175 East Houston street, was placed under arrest in Bellevue Hospital yesterday on a charge of murder, following the death of Minnie Meyer, a frail little woman with whom he lived. She died from the effect of bruises and wounds. Witt is in the hospital suffering from a slight case of insanity. The police claim was inflicted by the victim several weeks ago.

### GOV. SPRY WILL NOT CALL MILITIA YET

### To First Try Other Methods in Miners' Strike Near Salt Lake.

SALT LAKE, Utah, Sept. 19.—Though the 4,000 striking miners employed in the copper, lead and silver mines in the region of Bingham have thrown up fortifications and are in full possession of the properties, Governor Spry will not call out the State militia until the civil authorities have exhausted all efforts to settle the trouble. The Executive hurried here today on a special train from the southern part of the State and at once set the machinery in motion for peace. If these efforts fail the State militia probably will be called out.

"The strike is a matter for the civil authorities to handle first of all," the Governor announced on going into a conference with the various interests.

There is a State Board of Labor, conciliation and arbitration, organized by law, and it is that board to take the "first steps," the Governor said.

George W. Dwyer, superintendent of the Utah Copper mine, and some of the bookkeepers, went to the mine and have not been molested. None of the property of the mining company is damaged and the Utah-Apex Company is working as usual under an agreement with the union.

The miners are on strike against the Utah Copper Company for higher wages and recognition of the union. Before deciding whether State troops shall be called out, the Governor will go over the whole situation, conferring with representatives of both sides.

Bingham today presented the appearance of an armed camp. Nearly all night the strikers, mostly foreigners, had worked digging trenches and throwing up breastworks about the mine. A semi-military organization seems to have been formed and picket lines are being maintained at all points of vantage. The chief strength of the strikers was concentrated in trenches opposite the entrance to the Utah company's mine. Here a thousand men are located.

Although there was some desultory firing during the morning, nobody was hit.

Sheriff Sharp is increasing his force of deputies and at noon it was estimated that fully 350 were in Bingham. Sharp expresses a desire to attack the strikers' position, but it is believed that this will be forbidden by the Governor, who thinks it would merely provoke bloodshed.

There is a strong feeling here that Governor Spry will decide to call out troops. Militiamen have been advised unofficially to hold themselves in readiness for an order to move.

### SOCIALISTS MAY SCORE AT PRIMARY ELECTIONS

TACOMA, Wash., Sept. 19.—The death of Chief Justice Dunbar reveals another defect in the State Direct Primary Law. He was re-nominated with two other Supreme Court judges at the non-partisan judicial primary, September 10. There were no other candidates.

However, Socialist voters in some instances across the names of Socialist candidates on the primary ballots, and the Socialist candidate who got the most votes will now have his name on the official ballot, as the Primary Law provides no remedy for such a contingency.

The Republicans and Democrats, it is said, will probably agree on some candidate and try to elect him by the use of stickers on election day, thus preventing the election of a Socialist to the Supreme bench.

### W. VIRGINIA AUDIENCE CHEERS EMIL SEIDEL

(Special to The Call.) WHEELING, W. Va., Sept. 19.—Emil Seidel, Socialist Vice Presidential candidate, addressed his third meeting in this State in this city

### SHADOWED HAYWOOD FOR 2,500 MILES

#### Detectives Have Kept Tab on Nation's Sentiment in Lawrence Gase.

(Correspondence to The Call.)  
LAWRENCE, Mass., Sept. 19.—Intense feeling has been aroused over the arrest of William D. Haywood and his threatened trial before the courts of Etor and Giovanniotti. Meetings in behalf of Etor and Giovanniotti now also espouse Haywood's cause. His threatened trial is regarded as an attempt to humiliate him into jail in order to prevent any leadership on his part in the general strike now being urged by him. It is declared that if Atwill can try Haywood on the 25th of this month, as he threatens, he can try Etor and Giovanniotti earlier than the 30th, the date already set. He has had more time to prepare their case than Haywood's.

The I. W. W. has been informed that detective agencies have reported to woolen and cotton interests on the Etor-Giovanniotti case, and the prospects of a general strike. According to these reports, "there is a growing flame of indignation against the confinement of these men, and there is going to be serious trouble if either Etor or Giovanniotti is sent to prison. Electrocutation is out of the question."

"We have chased William D. Haywood for more than 2,500 miles during the past six months, and, in our opinion, he and his associates have caused a very dangerous feeling of intense hatred against Massachusetts justice."

A large meeting, held at Portland, Me., last Monday evening, went on record in support of Haywood, as have also meetings at Somersworth, N. H., and Amesbury and Newburyport, Mass. One effect of Haywood's re-entrance into New England is a demand for I. W. W. organizers from five industrial cities in this section of the country. The Boston demonstration has boomed the I. W. W. hereabouts.

The protest movement in behalf of Etor and Giovanniotti continues to encircle the world. The Defense Committee is in receipt of two money orders from Auckland, New Zealand, amounting to \$27.05. This contribution to the defense fund is accompanied by a circular issued by I. W. W. Local 175, Auckland, reciting the facts in the case, and calling for meetings of protest and for financial aid in their behalf on the part of the working men and women of New Zealand.

The Socialist party of Auckland, New Zealand, also reports a large gathering of 1,500 at the weekly Sunday night meeting in the Opera House, at which resolutions of protest to the American authorities were moved and carried unanimously, with applause and cheers. The members of the Socialist party of Auckland, New Zealand, are co-operating with Local 175, I. W. W., in raising funds and promoting protest meetings.

Arthur Giovanniotti's prison poem, "The Walker," is soliciting considerable favorable comment. The Springfield Republican describes Giovanniotti as "a poet of power and promise"; and states that "any magazine might be proud to print 'The Walker.'" The Republican concludes its editorial in these words: "This vivid and moving poem from a Massachusetts jail will call renewed attention to the case of Etor and Giovanniotti."

SALFORD, Mass., Sept. 19.—That there is widespread interest in the coming trials of Etor, Giovanniotti and Caruso, the men charged with being accessories before the fact of the murder of Mrs. Anna L. Piza in Lawrence, during the great mill strike there last winter, is evidenced from the activity of the great newspapers from one end of the country to the other.

More than this, a Berlin paper wants what will correspond to direct wire service from the Salem courthouse across the Atlantic to the German metropolises. Boston, New York, Washington, Chicago, Kansas City and San Francisco papers will all have direct lines, the latter points being reached by relayed service.

Just when the prisoners will be brought from Lawrence to Salem is a matter that Sheriff Bohannon will not discuss, nor the means of their conveyance, nor anything concerning where they will be placed on arrival here.

That there is great interest concerning these matters is quite evident from the number of people who ask questions of this nature.

All indications point to the Salem courthouse being a decidedly busy place beginning Monday, September 20, and for some few weeks afterward, as it is pointed out that the trial will last not less than four weeks.

### BIG LAWRENCE PARADE IN HOBOKEN TOMORROW

Hoboken is to have an Etor-Giovanniotti parade and mass meeting tomorrow. The following organizations will participate: Longshoremen's U. S. 311, 304 and 306; German Branch 1, American Branch 2, Scandinavian Branch and Jewish Branch, all of the Socialist party.

The Socialist section will be headed by the Socialist Five and Drum Corps. Maj. Joe Gilliar commanding. The parade starts at 4 o'clock from 9th and Clinton streets. After parading through the principal streets of Hoboken, the parade will culminate with a mass meeting in Hudson Square Park. Prominent speakers will address the crowd in English, German and Italian.

All Socialists and sympathizers are urged to assemble at Fisher's, 353 Jefferson street, not later than 3 o'clock, whence they will march to meet the main body at 9th and Clinton streets.

MORE TIME FOR GOMPERS ET AL.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 19.—The time in which Samuel Gompers, Frank Morrison and John Mitchell may file appeals from their contempt of court sentences was today extended from October 1 to November 1. The three men are under jail sentences for violation of a court injunction in the Buck Hove and Range case.

### ARREST TWO AS AIDS IN GIRL'S ESCAPE

While detectives were scouring Orange, N. J., yesterday for Miss Elizabeth Mahon, 19, who escaped in her night dress down a fire escape of the Orange Memorial Hospital at midnight Tuesday, two young men were arrested and placed in the Orange Jail, charged with aiding and abetting the girl's flight.

The prisoners gave their names as Joseph Mahon, of 37 William street, and Peter Masucci, of 29 South street, both of Orange.

Miss Mahon is charged by Mrs. Nanette Dauner, of 31 Wallace street, Orange, with the theft of \$15 last July from the Dauner home.

When Detective Brown went to arrest the young woman, he says she snatched a bottle containing iodine from a bureau and put it to her lips. Brown took the girl to the hospital, and a few hours later she escaped by means of the fire escape.

### UNTERMAYER INQUIRES AFTER \$20,000,000

#### Wants to Know Where This Sum Went After Oil Trust's "Dissolution."

In the hearing of the suit of the Standard Oil Company against the Waters-Pierce Oil Company, which was renewed yesterday before Commissioner A. L. Jacobs, in the office of Samuel Untermayer, 37 Wall street, Untermayer, who appears as counsel for the Waters-Pierce interests, attempted to bring out that the "dissolution" decree of the Supreme Court in the Standard Oil case really did not "dissolve" the octopus.

Several officers of companies which were formerly Standard Oil subsidiaries were called, and Untermayer sought to establish through their testimony that the same relationship exists between these subsidiaries and the Oil Trust as existed before the "dissolution" of the latter.

Richard C. Velt, secretary and treasurer of the Standard Oil Company of New York, was again examined. Untermayer spent some time trying to find out whether the New York company and not the California company were undertaking the expert business to Japan and Honolulu.

Velt was formerly manager of shipping and lighterage for both the New York and New Jersey companies, but now manages the department of the New York company. He said the New Jersey company refused to sell oil to the New York company when it was short of it, whereas before dissolution it would get it for the New York company.

The other witnesses on hand were William M. Hutchinson, secretary of the Union Tank Line; Samuel A. Drew, secretary and treasurer of the Chesapeake Manufacturing Company; F. E. Morrell, secretary and treasurer of the Colonial Oil Company; Samuel G. Bayne, president of the Seaboard National Bank, and W. I. Fisher, vice president of the Colonial Oil Company.

Untermayer wanted to know whether the New York and New Jersey companies were not owned by the same stockholders. Velt said they were not. The witness had sold his stock in the New Jersey company. Velt said that at the annual meeting of the New York company in February 1912, 37,270 shares of John D. Rockefeller were voted.

Velt had been asked on Wednesday to produce figures as to any sales that may have been made in Western States by the Standard Oil Company of New York. He offered the figures which, he said, had been prepared by an assistant, but Untermayer refused to accept them on the ground that they were not personally prepared by the witness.

Untermayer asked whether the statement of the New York company as of January 1 did not show assets of \$92,210,244; cash and accounts receivable \$28,428,190, against \$45,787,474 the year before, and surplus of \$45,101,121. The witness said he did not know.

"To whom did your company transfer assets of about \$20,000,000 at the time of dissolution?" demanded Untermayer.

"I don't know," replied the witness. Velt believed that the Magnolia company had at various stages been known as the Corsicana Refining Company, John Seely & Co. and the Security Oil Company. Untermayer asked whether E. R. Brown, vice president of the Magnolia concern, had not been frequently in business relations with the Standard Oil Company of New York in the last year. Velt said Brown had been in his office several times in regard to special shipments of oil to the New York company, but he did not know of any other company. Before "dissolution" the product of the latter was lighterage for the account either of the New Jersey or the New York company, the witness said.

At noon it was announced that the hearing would continue until September 25, and that the suit would be brought to trial October 8.

### FIND MISSING CHILD DROWNED.

But Parents Are Too Poor to Give First Born Burial.

The three-day search for Harry Naterman, aged 12, carried on by police and classmates of the lad, ended yesterday when the withered, rigid, dripping body, recovered from East River, was carried into the poverty-stricken home at the rear of 49 Pitt street.

There the gloom is deep, for not only was Harry the first born of his parents, but there is not a penny in the house and the body will have to be buried by charity.

Harry disappeared from school Tuesday and his playmates helped search for him after hours. It appears that he went for a swim and was drowned.

### DYING OF FRACTURED SKULL.

In the Williamsburg Hospital, Tony Costello, a 44-year-old bootblack, who lives at 124 Skillman street, Brooklyn, lies dying from a fracture of the skull. Wednesday, when attempting to carry his stand down into a cellar at Ferry and South 4th streets, where he keeps it overnight, he tripped and fell, his head striking the hard cement floor.

### AMERICANS FINANCED MADERO'S REBELLION

#### Help Given by C. P. Taft and Other Capitalists, According to Mexican.

NEW ORLEANS, Sept. 19.—Juan P. Didapp, diplomatic adviser of the Mexican rebellion, declared today, just before leaving for Mexico, that Americans, including Charles P. Taft, Henry Clay Pierce, president of the Waters-Pierce Oil Company, and representatives of the Harriman Press, had furnished money to President Madero of Mexico to finance his revolution against Diaz. He said that \$5,000,000 had been advanced, and that the loan had been repaid with a \$20,000,000 premium.

Didapp added that a new junta would be formed to replace the one which has been broken up by recent arrests by United States officers.

EL PASO, Tex., Sept. 19.—Emile Campa, reported by the Mexican federalists as "bottled up" south of Altar, in Sonora, where he looted this week, made a raid on Caborca, Sonora, today and looted the entire town, killing many of the people of the place for resisting him. The storekeepers had heard of the atrocities committed by Campa in other places and put up a fight. After looting the place, Campa left for Nora, which is only sixty miles south of the international line from Douglas, Ariz. At Nora he will be joined, he said, by the rebel command of Escobedo.

Additional Mexican federal troops are to be sent across the United States for fighting the rebels in Sonora, according to announcement of Gen. Augustine San Jinos, main federal commander at Agua Prieta, today. General San Jinos announced yesterday that he would take the field last evening with his command at Agua Prieta, but he did not go. Today he said he would go this evening. He said he would leave but a few men at Agua Prieta, as there would soon be 1,000 more federales from Chihuahua. The federales are now en route from Mexico City to El Paso for the transfer. One of their troop trains was wrecked by running into a donkey near Torreon today, and fourteen federales were killed.

Gen. Victoriano Huerta, commanding the entire Mexican army of Northern Sonora, today entrained 1,000 troops at Juarez and started south. He is presumably preparing a campaign against the rebel leader who is returning in the direction of Juarez following his defeat on Sunday. Gen. Tracy Aubert, who whipped the rebels out of Ojinaga, is coming behind them. It is reported that General Huerta is to strike the front when they approached Juarez. This is the first indication of federal activity against the rebels in many weeks.

Col. Pascual Orozco, Sr., father of the rebel leader, was arrested at El Paso, Tex., today on the charge of murder made by the main Consul there in an effort to extradite him. The United States has an indictment here against him charging ammunition smuggling, and will insist that he be tried first on this charge, according to United States officials here.

Eighty federales near Musquiqui, Coahuila, were defeated today by 250 rebels, a large number of the federales being killed. A hundred federales had been sent out from Torreon to engage the rebels. This is the first real fighting in Coahuila so close to the American border. Musquiqui being only 100 miles from Eagle Pass. The rebels, who were in camp and slaughtered, shooting down many and bayoneting many of the wounded.

Plumber's Candle Ignites Leaking Gas in Tenement House Cellar.

A plumber and a policeman were severely burned yesterday in an explosion of gas in the cellar of a tenement house at 427 Flushing avenue, Williamsburg. The victims are Ike Wax, 29 years old, of 118 Bedford avenue, and Hugh Gaughan, of the Clymer street police station.

Wax and Gaughan were badly burned about the face, neck and hands. Wax was also burned about the body. Both men were attended by Ambulance Surgeon Reibstein of the Eastern District Hospital.

AUSTRALIA HITS BEEF TRUST.

MELBOURNE, Australia, Sept. 19.—The Legislative Council today passed a resolution to the effect that it is desirable that the government take action to prevent the American beef combine or its agents from obtaining a foothold in the commonwealth, and also requesting the government to consult with the other Australian States with a view to the simultaneous passing of necessary legislation to that end.

HELD FOR JAIL DELIVERY.

Stella Moore, 22, of 216 East 7th street, was arrested at Raymond Street Jail, in Brooklyn, yesterday, charged with attempting to aid Charles Miller, alleged burglar, to escape. When searched by Matron Catherine Slavin, a pocket watch was found in the woman's shoe, and a bottle of acid was also found concealed on her person. At the Adams Street Police Court she was held for examination.

NOLAN QUITS LEGATION.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 19.—Harry E. Nolan, who was acquitted at New York of abducting Marion MacVickar, a young Scotch girl from Norfolk, Va., today resigned as secretary of the American Legation at Panama. He said his resignation had been grossly misrepresented, but, because of the notoriety, he did not wish to qualify as legation secretary. Nolan was appointed from North Yakima, Wash., but had not been qualified.

NOT SPYING ON T. R. MEN.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 19.—Official denial was made at the Department of Justice today of the charge of Senator Dixon, Colonel Roosevelt's manager, that agents of the department were spying on T. R. men and Medill McCormick. Dixon gave the names of the two men as Arndt and Beardsley.

COP HURT BY RUNAWAY.

Patrolman Eldridge L. Warner, of the East 122 street station, received injuries which may cause his death in trying to stop a runaway team at 212 street and Fourth avenue yesterday.

### DENY SOCIALIST WOMAN ADMISSION TO THE BAR

SAN FRANCISCO, Sept. 19.—Lucy Goode White, the only woman candidate who ever aspired to a seat on the Superior Court bench of San Francisco County, today failed to pass her examination for admission to the bar of California, and unless she is later admitted to practice law in this State by other means will not be eligible for the ballot in November. The examination was conducted by the District Court of Appeals.

White was the Socialist candidate, polled 7,000 votes and won eighth place on the ballot by a narrow margin.

She declared she was admitted to the bar in an Eastern State and announced today she hoped to be admitted here on motion. She has had much practice as clerk and stenographer in law courts.

### SEX IGNORANCE ROBS NATION'S VITALITY

#### Hygienic Congress Fails to Recognize That Profit System is Responsible.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 19.—Legal, medical, moral and general warfare against the "social evil" as the salvation of the human race was the keynote of today's lecture course at the exhibit of the American Federation of Sex Hygiene in connection with the International Congress on Hygiene and Demography, of which Dr. Charles W. Elliot is president.

Prof. Vernon M. Cady, of New York, who as a member of the national committee of experts representing various cities has just completed a national census of the social evil and resultant diseases, was the leading lecturer. He delivered three lectures, each morning, afternoon and evening, all of them profusely illustrated with moving pictures and colored lantern slides to emphasize the startling points brought out.

As a result of the frank exposures of the far reaching results of the social evil as affecting the lives of the men and women today, the innocent as well as the sinning and their progeny, a preliminary local organization was formed. The initiative was taken by Dr. Elmore Folkmer, a woman physician of this city, who has charge of an illustrated exhibit of plant and animal life.

Dr. Folkmer and her men and women associates in the movement drew up a prospectus for the permanent organization of the association and a number of charter members were enrolled. Invitations to join the association are being mailed to leading men and women.

"We shall do this," said Dr. Folkmer, "not only by preaching morality but by education. A corps of lecturers will visit factories, shops, department stores and arrange to address the men and women employees. We shall endeavor ultimately to carry the work into the public schools, beginning in the grammar grades. The salvation of the human race depends upon the science of eugenics, which must be taught to every man and woman, to every boy and girl."

Professor Cady announced that the federation is now launching a campaign to induce all the States to adopt laws requiring the reporting to medical and police authorities of all cases of social diseases, as well as cases of smallpox, yellow fever, etc., and laws requiring certificates of health from all candidates for matrimony.

Professor Cady talked on "Social Diseases," "Eugenics" and "Sex Education." He declared that of the 300,000,000 white slaves in the United States today, 90 to 95 per cent are bearers of disease. He stated that 100,000 federales were slaughtered, and had entered a house for refuge. Dodd was there caring for Craven. Both were unarmed. The house was broken into by rebels and both men were then deliberately murdered on the spot.

WALK IN SLEEP MAY COST LIFE.

NEWARK, N. J., Sept. 19.—Walking in his sleep during the first hour of this morning, William Kravon, a truckman, 27, died, slumped the straps of his wife as she sought to save him and fell through the second-story window at his home, 135 South street. He is at the City Hospital, with concussion of the brain, and it is feared he may die.

BILL POSTER DROPS DEAD.

A man identified by letters in his pocket as Washburn Louis, a bill poster, dropped dead in front of the building at 215 East 25th street yesterday, a victim of heart failure. There was no indication among his papers as to where he lived, but it is known that he worked for a firm of theatrical poster hangers.

JOBLESS, SHE SEEKS DEATH.

Kitty Roach, 33 years old, who said she had no home attempted suicide yesterday by jumping into the Harlem River from the foot of East 135th street. She was rescued by a barge employe and sent to the Lincoln Hospital, prisoner. The woman said she was out of work and with no funds or friends and did not care to live. She will recover.

SUSPEND CIVIL SERVICE RULES.

ALBANY, Sept. 19.—The State Civil Service Commission has approved a suspension of the rules to permit the appointment without examination of Paul McLeod as chief engineer of the State Highway Commission. The salary is \$5,000. McLeod will take the place made vacant by Harry P. Willis.

WANT \$67,000,000 FOR CANALS.

WATERTOWN, N. Y., Sept. 19.—The third annual convention of the State Waterways Association opened a two days' session here today, about seventy-five delegates being in attendance. The association will discuss waterways problems, and recommend an appropriation of \$67,000,000 for canal improvements.

FIRE DOES \$40,000 DAMAGE.

MARIETTA, Ohio, Sept. 19.—Fire today destroyed the plant of the Continental Supply Company of St. Louis, and other property here valued at \$40,000.

### REBELS MAY RESIST AMERICAN ADVANCE

#### Said to Be Preparing to Resist U. S. Forces in Nicaragua.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 19.—The Nicaraguan situation took a sudden and acute turn today when it became known here that opposition to the advance of the American forces is threatened by the rebels at a point between Managua, the capital, and Granada, the chief rebel stronghold. Reinforcements were hurried forward from Managua today, with Admiral Southerland in personal command, and it is expected that if the rebels persist in their opposition an engagement may take place tomorrow.

Admiral Southerland reported this afternoon that he was sending Major McKelvey with a battalion of marines and Lieutenant Commander Long with a company of bluejackets to reinforce Major Butler, who started for Granada four days ago. The admiral stated that he was accompanying the force and also reported that two three-inch field guns were being taken along.

The purpose of the advance toward Granada is to open the communications with that city which have been cut off for nearly two months, or ever since General Mena took his soldiers and police out of Managua and bombarded that city. Most shocking conditions have been reported to the American Legation in Managua as prevailing in Granada, under the rebel domination of the place. Famine has been threatened, if not actually existing, through the confiscation of the food supplies of the city by General Mena and his forces. To add to the anxiety about conditions in Granada, an appeal was made a few days ago by the foreign residents of Nicaragua on behalf of their daughters, who are attending a French school there. No word has been received from the girls since Mena seized the city.

When this appeal was made to the American Legation by the parents of these girls, Maj. Smedley Butler started with a force of about 500 marines to make his way to Granada. He took with him a trainload of food supplies, given by the Red Cross, for the relief of the starving non-combatants.

Between Managua and Granada is the Town of Mazaya, which is also held by the rebels, under command of General Zeledon, ally of General Mena. According to unofficial advices received here, Major Butler's force was fired on by rebels when his trains approached Mazaya. Major Butler withdrew and sent a note to Zeledon stating that he desired only to open the railroad to Granada and that he preferred to do it peacefully. He added that if no reply was received from Zeledon by 4 o'clock he would begin his advance. Zeledon replied before the hour stated that he would be glad to talk it over with Major Butler the next morning. From the fact that reinforcements are now being hurried to Major Butler, it is inferred that Zeledon has declined to permit the Americans to pass peacefully through Mazaya. It can be definitely stated that when the combined American forces renew their progress they will permit nothing to interfere with it.

It is also reported that the government troops have been defeating the rebels in the last few days in the vicinity of Mazaya. Since the first week of the revolution, the government forces have been gaining victories over the rebels and gradually dislodging them from their positions. From all candidates for matrimony, Weitzel stated that confirmation of the slaying of two Americans named Craven and Dodd, by rebels at Leon, has been received. It seems that Craven was wounded in the fighting, and that 100 federales were slaughtered, and had entered a house for refuge. Dodd was there caring for Craven. Both were unarmed. The house was broken into by rebels and both men were then deliberately murdered on the spot.

DISCUSS 7TH AVE. BETTERMENTS.

City is Asked by Greenwich Villagers to Pay for Improvements.

Discussion of cost for extending Seventh avenue to Carmine street, widening Varick street from Carmine to Franklin street, and extending Varick from Franklin to West Broadway, attracted 200 people to a hearing by the Board of Estimate yesterday.

Residents of Greenwich village and of lower Seventh avenue urged the improvement should be charged to the city at large.

The matter was referred to the select committee of the board for consideration. The chief engineer has recommended that 55 per cent of the cost be assessed outside the immediate district.

PIANO WORKERS ATTENTION!

MASS GENERAL MEETING—ON— Sunday, September 22 1:30 P. M.

AT NEW YORK TURN HALL 85th Street and Lexington Avenue

All piano workers of Greater New York regardless of their affiliation, whether union or non-union, are earnestly requested to be present.

Come and hear the answer of your bosses. We have nothing to lose but our chains.

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## The Best \$15 Suit You Ever Had

Men entirely familiar with the points of difference between hand and machine tailoring especially appreciate our clothes. This is the main reason why they fit and retain their shape.

We don't say they are worth \$40, or any such gush, but we know lots of stores that get \$20 for these same suits. The assortment comprises all colorings in brown, gray and blue mixtures.

We also have a quantity of Snappy Suits from our sale still selling at \$6.75, \$9.75 and \$12.75

Also Shirts at sale prices 69c, 87c and \$1.15

Exclusive Patterns in Our Custom Tailoring Department

Satisfaction or Your Money Back on Everything You Buy.

# Pickards

430 Sixth Avenue  
N. E. COR. 26TH STREET, NEW YORK CITY  
Clothing Tailors Furnishers Hatters  
Open Saturday Night Until 10:30 o'Clock. Mail Orders Filled.

### WHAT IT COST TO GET NOMINATIONS

Congressional File Statement Showing Amount Spent to Be Chosen by Their Parties.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 19.—Statements showing the expenditures of thousands of dollars by Congressmen in an effort to recapture the nominations of their parties for re-election to the House are on file with the Clerk of the House and were made public today.

Representative Thomas, of Kentucky, spent \$4,301.50 in his campaign. Representative Daisell, of Pennsylvania, who was beaten for a renomination, spent a total of \$3,499.55. Representative Vane, of Pennsylvania, spent \$4,225. Representative Hobson, of Alabama, spent \$1,050. Mrs. Katherine Williamson, who was a candidate for Congress from a Colorado district but was defeated in the primary, confessed to having spent \$30.

Under the Rucker law, passed at the last session of Congress, each candidate for the nomination must file statements of expenditures both before and after the primary elections and must also state what, if any promises of office were made as an inducement to obtain support of their candidacy. In almost every case the candidates filing statements swear that they made no promises of jobs to anybody.

Candidates who spent over \$1,000 are: Representative Richardson of Alabama, McDermott, of Illinois, who spent \$2,390.55; Representative Foss of Illinois, who spent \$1,635.30; Representative Pickett, of Iowa, who spent \$2,310; Representative Helm, of Kentucky, who spent \$4,149.15; Walter Elder, of Louisiana, \$1,050; Representative Parran, of Maryland, \$2,272; Charles E. Patton, of Pennsylvania, \$1,405.32; Representative A. Mitchell Palmer, of Pennsylvania, \$2,155.65; Representative J. N. Lanham, of Pennsylvania, who spent \$1,007.60; Representative Underwood, of Alabama, who spent \$250; Speaker Clark, \$50; Minority Leader Mann, \$27.94; and Uncle Joe Cannon, \$187.10.

Ninety-three present members of the House certified that their primary campaigns cost them nothing.

PALMIERI DEMANDS PROBE.

Former Judge John Palmieri, candidate for Attorney General on the Progressive ticket, in a statement issued yesterday, declares that the charges made against him recently were made by a little clique of bosses, and he demands that the hearings into the charges be held openly. At a meeting of the State Executive Committee of the party yesterday a special investigating committee was appointed.

TO ACQUIRE BUSH TERMINAL.

The city is to acquire the Bush Terminal warehouses and plant in South Brooklyn and install the Bush company as operator on a 5 per cent profit basis and operate it as a municipal waterfront terminal. Formal action will be taken by the Board of Estimate to acquire the property on October 1.

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# SPORTS

## GIANTS LOSE FIRST

Reds Stop Teareau's Winning Streak. Second Game Called at End of Ninth, With Score Tied.

The Giants had their hands full yesterday keeping the Reds from winning two games. They were beaten, 3 to 1, by the Red revivalists in the first game, and the second session was a nine-inning tie, 2 to 2, in which the Giants were passed in the ninth and then by a determined effort tied the score in their half and prevented double discomfiture. The finish of the second game was in the gloaming, and both games were played in fitful showers on a mushy field, and under sullen clouds. In the first game Jeff Teareau was beaten after winning seven straight battles. It wasn't all his fault that he was stopped. The first run off him was earned, but the Reds wouldn't have scored again but for a fumble by Doyle in the ninth. Jeff was as hard as ever to hit, but Suggs, of the Reds, was just as hard. The Cincinnati pitcher in both games was very much Greek to the Giants, who let several chances go by because of swatting which bordered on the puerile.

There was rattling good fielding on the soggy turf. Herzog giving a scintillating exhibition, making some star stops and wielding the cudgel better than most of his mates. He had more life than most of them, too. So far as results go and except in spots the playing of the Giants was rather lacking in luster. The team is making little headway with the lat and this week is in one of those nonproductive spells which has marked its inconsistent course this season.

The second game drifted along seven innings with reciprocal blanks. Both Fromme and Matheuson, aided by the gloaming, battled at their mercy. In the ninth inning Matty took too many chances with a batter—Almeida, the Cuban, who had been play for him—and the first thing he knew he had passed Almeida. That was his only pass, but it beat the Giants out of a victory, for two hits and two sacrifices followed and two runs resulted. In sheer desperation the Giants collected three hits in their half and hammered home a run. The game was called on account of darkness and could have been called at the end of the eighth for the same reason. The scores:

FIRST GAME.						
Cincinnati.	A. B. R. H. O. A. E.					
Beecher, lf.	2	0	0	1	0	0
Kyle, cf.	1	0	0	2	0	0
Knisely, cf.	4	2	1	0	0	0
Hoblitzel, 1b.	3	0	1	2	0	1
Mitchell, rf.	4	0	0	2	0	0
Phelan, 3b.	2	0	0	2	1	2
Grant, ss.	4	1	1	2	3	0
Egan, 2b.	4	0	1	3	1	1
Severoid, c.	4	0	1	5	1	0
Suggs, p.	4	0	0	6	0	0
Totals	31	3	6	27	12	4

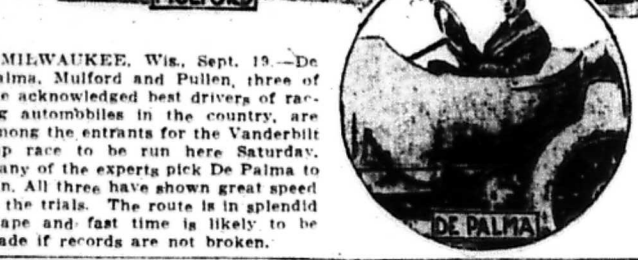
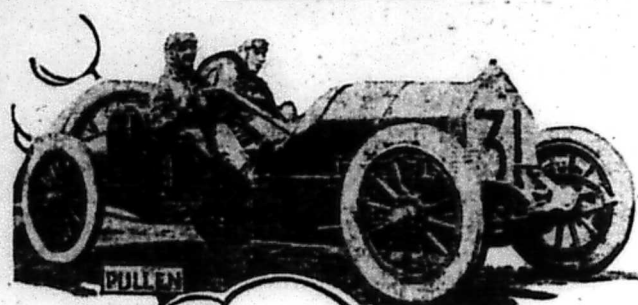
New York. A. B. R. H. O. A. E. Devore, lf. 2 0 0 0 0 0 0 Meyers, c. 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 Doyle, 2b. 4 0 1 3 4 1 Snodgrass, cf. 4 1 2 1 0 0 0 Murray, rf. 4 0 0 0 0 0 0 Merkle, 1b. 4 0 1 1 0 0 0 Herzog, 3b. 4 0 1 2 2 0 0 Wilson, c. 4 0 0 6 0 1 1 Fletcher, ss. 3 0 1 3 4 0 0 McCormick, p. 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 Teareau, p. 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 Totals 35 1 7 27 14 3

First base on errors—Cincinnati 2, New York 3. Left on base—Cincinnati 7, New York 10. First base on balls—Off Suggs 2, off Teareau 3. Struck out—By Suggs 2, by Teareau 6. Three-base hit—Knisely. Sacrifice hits—Phelan, Devore. Stolen bases—Phelan, Merkle, Herzog. Double plays—Grant, Egan and Hoblitzel; Fletcher, Doyle and Merkle; Herzog, Doyle and Herzog. Umpire in chief—Johnstone. Field umpire—Eason. Time—2 hours.

SECOND GAME.						
Cincinnati.	A. B. R. H. O. A. E.					
Kyle, lf.	4	0	1	0	0	0
Knisely, cf.	5	2	0	0	0	0
Hoblitzel, 1b.	4	0	1	1	0	0
Mitchell, rf.	4	0	1	3	0	0
Almeida, 3b.	3	1	0	1	2	0
Grant, ss.	4	1	1	4	0	0
Egan, 2b.	4	0	2	4	1	0
Clarke, c.	4	0	1	4	0	0
Fromme, p.	4	0	0	1	0	0
Totals	35	2	9	27	13	1

Newark, N. J., Sept. 19.—After calling eleven witnesses, the Grand Jury brought to an end today its probe of the Motordrome accident, September 5, in which Edward Hasha, Johnny Albright and six spectators were killed. Subpoenas had been issued for twenty, but the jury contented itself with the testimony of little more than half that number. The witnesses were examined under the direction of Prosecutor Wilbur A. Mott.

## THREE DARING AUTO DRIVERS WHO WILL COMPETE FOR THE VANDERBILT CUP



MILWAUKEE, Wis., Sept. 19.—De Palma, Mulford and Pullen, three of the acknowledged best drivers of racing automobiles in the country, are among the entrants for the Vanderbilt cup race to be run here Saturday. Many of the experts pick De Palma to win. All three have shown great speed in the trials. The route is in splendid shape and fast time is likely to be made if records are not broken.

## DODGERS BREAK EVEN WITH CHICAGO CUBS

Peevishness among the Cubs was evident just after the Brooklyns had trimmed them, 9 to 6, in the first game of the double-header at Washington Park yesterday. As they realized that victory had been tossed away and they could not solve Knetzer, the Dodgers' relief pitcher, during the last four innings, the Chicago growled and snarled at one another until there was open warfare on their bench. According to the story circulated after the trouble, Tinker, who is acting manager in the absence of Frank Chance, called Johnny Evers down for leading on a force hit by Williams in the final round. Evers was tossed out at second when by fast running Tinker argued that he would have beaten Kirkpatrick's heave. When the last man had been retired there was a sudden rumpus on the Chicago bench. Tinker was seen in the act of swinging a blow in the direction of Evers. In the mixup it looked as if these star players had clinched. Other members of the team grabbed Tinker's arms and the next moment a plain clothes detective jumped between the belligerents.

It was all over in a minute, and during the second game, which the Cubs won by a score of 12 to 4 in six innings, Tinker and Evers indulged in several heart to heart talks while covering their positions in the field. The scores by innings: First game—Cincinnati, R. H. E. Chicago, 9 6 0 0 0 0 6 9 3; Brooklyn, 6 2 0 1 0 0 0 0 12 2; Batteries—Madden, Richie and Archer; Curtis, Knetzer and Miller. Second game—Cincinnati, R. H. E. Chicago, 4 0 1 2 0 4 12 12 0; Brooklyn, 12 0 1 0 0 4 8 3 3; Batteries—Reulbach, Smith and Archer; Stack and Phelps, Allen and Miller.

## OTHER BASEBALL GAMES.

National League. At Boston, First game—R. H. E. Pittsburgh, 2 0 0 0 1 0 0 0 6 9 3; Boston, 0 0 0 0 4 0 0 0 7 19 3; Batteries—Cooper, Adams and Gibson; Hess and Kling. Second game—Pittsburgh, 10 1 3 0 3 0 8 16 2; Boston, 0 0 1 0 3 2 1 7 13 0; Game called at the end of the seventh inning on account of darkness. At Philadelphia—Philadelphia-St. Louis game postponed on account of rain. American League. At Chicago—R. H. E. Philadelphia, 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 3 1; Chicago, 0 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 2 1; Batteries—Houck and Egan, Coombs and Lapp; Walsh and Sullivan. At St. Louis—Washington, 0 0 0 2 0 1 1 0 4 9 1; St. Louis, 2 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 2 6 2; Batteries—Hughes and Williams; Hamilton and Alexander. At Cleveland, First game—Boston, 0 0 1 1 1 3 9 7; Cleveland, 2 0 4 0 3 9 10 1; Game called on account of rain. Batteries—Hall, Van Dyck and Cady; Steen, Kaler and Carisch. Second game—Boston, 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 5 2; Cleveland, 2 0 0 0 2 2 8 10 0; Game called on account of darkness. Batteries—Bedient and Nunamaker; Baskette and O'Neill.

## STANDING OF THE CLUBS.

National League.			
Team	Won.	Lost.	P.C.
New York	95	42	.693
Chicago	86	52	.623
Pittsburg	85	55	.607
Cincinnati	70	69	.504
Philadelphia	64	72	.471
St. Louis	58	82	.414
Brooklyn	52	87	.374
Boston	45	95	.321

## JOHNNY KILBANE SHADES O'KEEFE IN TAME BOUT

By JOHN J. HAAS.

Johnny Kilbane, the featherweight champion, and Eddie O'Keefe, the Philadelphia boxer, fought through ten light but clean rounds of boxing at Madison Square Garden, with the honors slightly in the title holder's favor as the conclusion. It was a purely defensive combat, neither contestant attempting to do more than give an exhibition such as can be witnessed by any one in the gymnasium quarters of the various pug. Naturally neither had was ever in danger of a knockout by clean punches landed in any round. The only damage inflicted by either man was a slight cut on Kilbane's lip, caused by a left hand jab delivered by O'Keefe in the initial session.

Kilbane hit much the harder, doing his best work in the clinches. O'Keefe's favorite blow was a lightning jab that landed often, but which carried little steam. His short reach had something to do with his defeat, besides the important point of his being overweighted by four pounds. Kilbane's performance displeased the fans, and it is possible that had O'Keefe assumed a more belligerent attitude against him he would have easily held his own.

Willie Beecher, the Ghetto lightweight, punching savagely with both hands that landed freely, halted Tommy Gary, of Chicago, in the fifth round during the first scheduled ten-round fight of the evening. Body punishment especially contributed to the Chicagoan's downfall. Beecher showed vast improvement in his hitting, chasing the other from pillar to post through their terrific force and accurate delivery.

Paul Kohler, of Cleveland, lost to Jack Goodman in the second conflict. It was Kohler's first appearance here, he suffered a bad attack of stage fright, from which it took him some time to recover. He fought better in the closing rounds, but could not even up the score. Willie Scott and Eddie Gillespie drew in a monotonous six-round struggle in the preliminary clash.

## COULON TO FIGHT WILLIAMS.

CHICAGO, Sept. 19.—Johnny Coulon tonight announced that he had closed arrangements for a fight at Madison Square Garden, New York, with Kid Williams on October 18. Williams is now regarded as one of the most dangerous bantam contenders, but Coulon hopes to convince him otherwise.

## RICHE AGAIN VICTORIOUS.

Young Richie, the paperweight knocking out kid, added the illustrious name of Young Diamond to his already long list of K. O.'s at the Olympic A. C. Friday night. Richie is desirous of meeting the best lad of his weight in the business. His manager, Saul Richter, can be found at 33 East 111th street.

## STOPS FUNERAL PICTURES.

CHICAGO, Sept. 19.—Jack Johnson has obtained an injunction in Superior Court restraining the management of a negro theater from exhibiting motion pictures of the funeral procession of Mrs. Etta Duryea Johnson, the champion's wife, who committed suicide.

## GREENBERG WINS MILE RUN.

Murray Greenberg won the one mile run in 4 minutes and 45 seconds, and Charles Muller came second at the dual meet held by the Crescent A. C. at Forbes Field, Pittsburg, Pa.

## GAMES SCHEDULED TODAY.

National League. Cincinnati at New York. Chicago in Brooklyn. St. Louis in Philadelphia. American League. New York in Cleveland. Boston in Detroit. Philadelphia in St. Louis. Washington in Chicago.

# GREATEST SOCIALIST DEMONSTRATION EVER SEEN IN NEW YORK CITY



EUGENE V. DEBS

## Madison Square Garden



EMIL SEIDEL

Under the Auspices of

# LOCAL NEW YORK SOCIALIST PARTY

SUNDAY, SEPTEMBER 29  
DOORS OPEN 1 P. M. SHARP

## GRAND CONCERT WILL PRECEDE THE SPEECHES

TICKETS 75c, 50c, 15c  
THE 35c AND 25c TICKETS ARE ALL SOLD

Boxes Accommodating 6 Persons, From \$3 to \$4

On sale at Socialist Headquarters, 239 East 84th Street; office of The Call, 409 Pearl Street; Intercollegiate Society, 105 West 40th Street, and at all Socialist Party Meetings in New York County. Address all mail orders to J. Gerber, 239 East 84th Street, New York.

### Buy Your Tickets Now

### YANKEES STILL LOSING

Outright Tigers but Drop Third Straight Game to Their Opponents by 6 to 5 Score.

DETROIT, Mich., Sept. 19.—Although New York outbit the Tigers today, they dropped the third straight game by a score of 6 to 5. Keating outpitched Boehler but was wild, passing five men. Triples by E. Onslow and Crawford, mixed with errors in the third and eighth innings, were responsible for five runs.

Boehler was replaced by Lake in the eighth. The field was a quagmire and the weather cold. The score:

Detroit.	A. B. R. H. O. A. E.
Rush, ss.	1 2 0 0 0 7 1
Corrigan, 3b.	4 1 0 1 1 1
Crawford, lf.	3 1 0 0 0 0
Cobb, cf.	3 0 1 1 0 0
Yeuch, 1b.	4 0 0 0 0 0
Louder, 2b.	4 0 0 2 0 1
E. Onslow, 1b.	3 1 2 15 0 1
H. Onslow, c.	2 0 0 0 0 0
Boehler, p.	2 0 0 0 4 0
Lake, p.	0 0 0 0 0 0
Jones	1 1 0 0 0 0
Totals	29 6 5 27 15 3

New York. A. B. R. H. O. A. E. Keating, 3b. 4 1 0 1 1 1 Chase, 1b. 5 1 1 10 0 0 Daniels, cf. 4 0 2 0 0 0 Lelivelt, lf. 5 0 1 4 0 0 Simmons, 2b. 5 0 0 3 4 1 Hartzell, rf. 3 0 0 1 0 0 McMullan, ss. 1 1 0 2 0 0 Williams, c. 4 2 2 5 2 2 Keating, p. 4 0 1 0 5 0 Totals 38 5 9 24 12 4

\*Batted for Boehler in seventh. Detroit, 1 0 2 0 0 2 0 0 2 New York, 0 1 0 0 0 3 1 0 5

Hits—Off Boehler 8 in 7 innings; off Lake, 1 in 2 innings. Two-base hits—Daniels, Williams. Three-base hits—Crawford, E. Onslow. Struck out—By Boehler 4 (Midkiff, Williams, Keating 2), by Lake (Wild fern), by Keating 3 (Louder, Cobb, Boehler). Stolen bases—Cobb, Daniels. Base on balls—Off Boehler 3 (Daniels, Hartzell, Midkiff), off Keating 3 (Bush, Corrigan 2). Double plays—Louder and E. Onslow; McMullan, Simmons and Chase. First base on errors—Detroit 1, New York 2. Left on base—Detroit 3, New York 4. Umpires—O'Loughlin and McGroovy. Time—2 hours.

### Official Labor News Greater New York

All items appearing in this department are supplied by the authorized officials of the unions concerned. All matter should be addressed to the Labor Editor of The Call.

### JOURNEYMEN TAILORS' UNION, LOCAL NO. 390.

By Thomas Sweeney.

The general meeting of Local 390 was all that could be wished for. The hall was filled to its capacity. President Berg presided and the regular order was gone through quickly. Organizers Carot, Jacobs and Sweeney addressed the meeting, talking as their subject the reorganizing of 390 into language branches. Their remarks were well received, which goes to show that the majority of the members fully realize the value of the branch plan.

Louis Haffer was elected to fill the unexpired term of Emil Glass, deceased, as business agent. Ten dollars was donated to the Socialist campaign fund.

An Italian and German branch was organized Thursday evening.

General Secretary E. J. Brans and A. Carot will address the 106th anniversary of the Tailors' Union, of Boston, Mass., on September 24. They speak at New Haven on the 25th, and at Newark, N. J., on the 26th or 27th inst.

M. A. Klein, of Newark, has been appointed general organizer of the Journeymen Tailors' Union of America to devote his time to Newark and the surrounding cities in the State.

Local 173 held a regular meeting Tuesday evening at 106 West 31st street. The locked out men of Cohen's, of Brooklyn, received their lockout benefit. They are adding to their ranks. The union pays benefits to all who quit scabbing. Local 390 will pay the members a local benefit, which will make their income large enough to keep the wolf from the door as long as the lockout lasts. The pickets report that there are a bunch of hard-looking fellows hanging around Cohen's store. There was no such people in sight before the lockout. The man in blue calls there frequently and drops in to make his report. Mr. Cohen was observed trying on a blue coat with very bright buttons. The wages earned in Cohen's shop were so small that to state it here leaves room for doubt. It would not average 20 cents an hour.

### DESERTIONS WORRY NAVY YARD OFFICIALS

Desertions among the enlisted men at the navy yard and marine barracks have been going on with such regularity lately, the officials have decided to call a halt. With a view toward checking the number of runaways, steps have been taken in the hope of stopping the wholesale desertions.

Just what action the officials will take was not disclosed. In fact, the yard officials only half admitted many of the men who have overstayed their leave are classed as deserters. One of the officers said a conference has been called for the purpose of talking over the desertion question, but he said it is not on account of an extra large number of men being in that class.

### OPTICIAN AND OPTOMETRIST, NEW YORK.

When you are troubled with your eyes, have your eyes examined by Dr. B. L. Becker's OPTICAL PLACE. 218 East Broadway, Tel. 2885 Orchard. Dr. L. Isaac, Ave. bet. 114th and 115th St. 1703 Fulton Ave. bet. Rockaway and Throgs Neck, Brooklyn. I am with The Call since The Call started.

### OPTICIAN AND OPTOMETRIST, BROOKLYN.

I. M. KURTIS, Expert Optician, 1028 Broadway, Brooklyn. Glasses \$1 & up. Open Ev'g.

### DENTISTS—New York and Brooklyn.

DR. A. CARR SURGEON DENTIST. Special Liberal Prices for Comrades.

DR. Ph. Lewin Surgeon Dentist, 550 Brook Ave. Cor. 149th St. Bronx.

DR. S. BERLIN SURGEON DENTIST, 22 East 104th St. Cor. Madison Ave. Tel. 540-L Harlem.

DR. HENRY J. COOPER Surgeon Dentist, 271 E. 78th St., COR. SECOND AVENUE. Special Liberal Prices for Comrades.

### George Oberdorfer

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THE PRACTICE OF PHARMACY IS OUR SPECIALTY

### Call Advertisers' Directory

### PHYSICAL CULTURE Restaurants

52 Riverside St. NEW YORK CITY. 106 E. 23d St. 27 Beekman St. 229 Fulton St. 615 Sixth Ave. 57 W. 11th St. PHOENIX, 27 Kingston St. NEWARK, 54 Clinton St. PHILA., 626 Chestnut St.

TRY NATURE'S DIET TODAY. Take home a loaf of Physical Culture Bread. Interested patrons can help the good work by utilizing it possible to establish over 5000 throughout the United States. For particulars, address Physical Culture Restaurants Company, 650 Broadway, Manhattan.

### MANHATTAN CLOTHIERS, MERCHANT TAILORS AND HATTERS.

Elkard, 123 E. 4th Ave., cor. 29th St. Clothes with Union Label.

### CLOTHIERS, MERCHANT TAILORS, UNION-MADE CLOTHES ONLY.

Elkard, 123 E. 4th Ave., cor. 29th St. Elkard, 123 E. 4th Ave., cor. 29th St. Elkard, 123 E. 4th Ave., cor. 29th St.

### UNION CLOTHIER.

Elkard, 123 E. 4th Ave., cor. 29th St. Elkard, 123 E. 4th Ave., cor. 29th St. Elkard, 123 E. 4th Ave., cor. 29th St.

### MASSACHUSETTS UNION SHOES.

B. W. Lockwood, 114 Delaware St. NEWARK, N. J.

### ATTORNEYS, COUNSELLORS AND LAW—BOSTON.

Harold S. Rowley, 48 Tremont St. Boston, Mass.

### ALL AMERICA AND EDUCATIONAL SHOES, UNION MADE.

Berkman Bros., 1210 Washington St. Boston, Mass.

### SURGEON DENTIST—BOSTON.

J. T. Truitt, 20 Cornhill St. Boston, Mass.

### PHOTOGRAPH STUDIO.

L. W. Brown, 1210 Washington St. Boston, Mass.

### UNION LABEL PAPER.

J. M. Bick, 1210 Washington St. Boston, Mass.

### ALLEGED MAIL THIEF HELD.

Charles Rappaport, 17, of 1427 Madison avenue, was arraigned before United States Commissioner Gilchrist yesterday on a charge of stealing packages out of the parcels post drop box in the Madison Square office. He was held in \$1,000 bail.

### BABY DIES OF DOG BITE.

Edward Horan, 3 years old, of 444 West 57th street, died yesterday in Roosevelt Hospital, where he had been carried by his mother Wednesday night after a stray dog with whom he was frolicking had knocked him down.

### CIGARS.

We are handling you a 10c straight Clear Havana Box of 50 for \$2.25

J. London, 10 New Chambers St.

# SOCIALIST NEWS OF THE DAY

## Classified Advertisements

SMALL ADS THAT BRING RESULTS. Try an insertion in The Call, the most closely read daily paper.  
RATES UNDER THIS HEADING ARE: 1 insertion, 7c per line; 2 insertions, 15c per line; 7 insertions, 35c per line. Seven weeks to a line.  
All authorized advertising agencies and any Western Union Telegraph office in Greater New York will accept advertisements for The New York Call at above rates.

All matter intended for publication in this department must be in this office by noon of the day preceding that on which it is to appear. The publication of matter telephoned in cannot be assured. All meetings should be at 8 p.m., unless otherwise stated.

### MEETINGS TODAY

#### MANHATTAN AND BRONX.

**Business Meetings.**  
German Groups—Helligate, Cafe Helligate, 1754 Second avenue; Bronx, 100 Courtlandt avenue; Bronx Women, 100 Courtlandt avenue.  
Bronx Polish Branch—705 Courtlandt avenue.  
Bronx Russian Branch—1363 Fulton avenue.  
**Open Air Meetings.**  
Branch 3—13th street and Third Avenue, Marie B. MacDonald and I. Phillips.  
Branch 4—43d street and Eighth Avenue, A. Cabot and Max Sherover.  
Branch 5—96th street and Broadway, John Lutheringer.  
Branch 5—125th street and St. Nicholas Avenue, E. J. Dutton and William Karlin.  
Branch 5—133d street and Lenox Avenue, H. Harrison.  
Branch 6—Carl Schurz Park, foot of East 84th street, August Claessens.  
Branch 9—Tremont and Bathgate Avenues, J. C. Frost.

#### NOONDAY.

Branch 1—Broad and Wall streets, John Lutheringer.  
Bronx Socialist Sunday School.

A very important meeting of the Bronx Socialist Sunday School Committee will be held tonight at the Lincoln Hall, 1258 Broadway. All the members are requested to be present.

#### No Circle 6 Meeting Tonight.

Owing to the Jewish holiday, there will be no meeting of Circle 6 of the Young People's Socialist Federation tonight. The next literary meeting of this circle will be held on Friday evening, September 27. Besides a splendid literary program, there will also be a lecture on astronomy, to be delivered by A. Sackin. Every one is invited to attend.

The circle invites those members of the federation whose circles have failed to reopen to come to its meetings and bring their friends along. The circle meets every Friday evening at 143 East 103d street.

#### Minutes Branch 2.

A meeting of Branch 2 was held at 14 East Broadway on Tuesday. Twelve applicants were admitted to membership. Upon the report of the campaign manager it was decided to have the organizer call a special campaign meeting of all party members in the district at the earliest possible date.

The organizer reported that he was arranging with Comrade Benini to teach a class in public speaking, also that he was trying to arrange four duplicate lecture meetings in Cooper Union. The organizer was instructed to confer with the Education Committee.

It was moved that we instruct the delegates to the Campaign Committee to work out plans for keeping better control of speakers. It was also moved that we consider position of librarian vacant and that we elect a Library Committee of two instead. Comrades Berman and Smigel were elected.  
J. O. SMIGEL.

#### The Garden Meeting.

That the Madison Square Garden meeting on the afternoon of September 29 will be a success is beyond question, and this is not written to boost the meeting, but with the intention of notifying all those who want to attend to get their tickets now.  
The 25 cent tickets are all sold and only a few of the 35 cent tickets are still on hand, in fact, so few that they may all be sold when this appears. Of the 50 cent tickets, there are only a few hundred left, and less than 100 of the 75 cent tickets. The \$6 boxes are all sold and but one \$5 box left. Six of the \$4 boxes and about a dozen of the \$3 boxes are still to be had.

There are a number of choice seats in the office now, they having been returned by Comrades who had them for sale. Therefore, all those who want to be at the meeting, and who do not get their tickets now while they are still to be had, will be disappointed, as it is quite certain that the tickets on hand will be sold quickly. Those who come first will be served first, and the first comers will get the best tickets.

#### Notes From Headquarters.

The Central Committee of Local New York will meet tomorrow at Room 7 of the Labor Temple. All delegates are requested to attend.

The total vote of Local New York on National Referendum C was 1,175, 69 being cast in favor and 1,104 against the proposal to recall National Campaign Manager Barnes. The following branches failed to send in their vote: Downtown and Williamsbridge German branches, and all Polish branches, the Russian Branch and the Slovak Branch.

The vote on the State referendum to increase the dues 5 cents a month for the benefit of the daily English press closes on September 30. Branch secretaries should see that the vote of their branches is sent in time to be counted.

#### Minutes Executive Committee.

The Executive Committee met on September 16 at 239 East 84th street. Present, Schonberg, Aleinikof, Sackin, Aquilith, Sackheim, Heldemann, Rubinow, Lichtsheim, Shulman, James, Faulstich and Berlin. Sackin chairman. Minutes of September 9 approved. Minutes of special meeting of September 13 approved.

Communication from John Sparo in regard to lectures to be given at 9th A. D. Branch 2—Fifth Avenue and 74th street, Harry Kantor and Bert Kirkman.

10th A. D.—Flatbush and Seventh Avenues, Alex Scott and A. DeMilt.  
14th A. D. Branch 1—Bedford Avenue and South 4th street, Harry Watson.  
20th A. D. Branch 2—Bushwick Avenue and Hancock street, Charles H. Matchett and James Savage.

#### NOONDAY.

Navy Yard, Flushing Avenue entrance, Harry Kantor.  
Third Avenue and 36th street, Alex Scott.  
Noble and West streets, James Savage.

#### 23d A. D. Committees to Meet.

The Campaign Committee and Reception Committee will meet at the headquarters, 1701 Pitkin Avenue, tonight at 8:30 o'clock. All of the members of these committees are requested to be present on time.

#### South Brooklyn Entertainment.

Socialists of South Brooklyn are asked not to forget the entertainment and dance tomorrow night at the Bay Ridge Forum, 315 47th street, for the benefit of the Agitation Committee of the 9th A. D. An interesting program will precede the dancing and refreshments will be served. A good time is assured all who attend.

#### Special Campaign Meeting, 22d A. D.

There will be a special campaign meeting tonight at campaign headquarters, Linwood street, near Fulton street. Every member is urged to attend and help in the work.

#### More Help Needed in 23d A. D.

Socialists and sympathizers living in Canarsie and Barren Island are reminded that the 23d A. D. is putting up a hard campaign in an endeavor to carry the district. There are enough Socialists in Brownsville to do the work, but more assistance is needed in Canarsie and Barren Island. Those who are willing to help in the good work are requested to call Wednesday, Friday and Monday evenings, and Sunday mornings, at headquarters, 1701 Pitkin Avenue. Ask for Organizer Hurok. The help of every Comrade is needed. The 23d A. D. expects every Socialist to help make "this our year."

#### QUEENS.

#### Open Air Meetings.

Branch Glendale—Myrtle and Cooper Avenues; chairman, J. Roun; speakers, W. Kulkman and H. J. Sutton; Platform Committee, H. Werthmuller.  
Branch Maspeth—Zeidler Avenue and Williams street; Maspeth; chairman, O. Hatje; speaker, M. Rosenberg; Platform Committee, G. Schnitzenhofer.

#### NOONDAY.

Branch Woodhaven—In front of Lalace & Grogan's-agate factory, L. BERGER  
SINGS  
Singers and Transparencies a Specialty  
29 W. 116th St. Tel. Harlem 3879

Woodhaven, chairman, P. J. Flanagan; speaker, M. Rosenberg.  
Branch Metropolitan.

A business meeting of Branch Metropolitan will be held tonight at Giocci's Hall, Woodward Avenue and Linden street. All Comrades must be present, as important matters will be taken up.

#### Branch Jamaica.

Branch Jamaica, of Local Queens, holds its regular semi-monthly meeting tonight in West End Park Casino, Fulton street and Van Wyck Avenue, Jamaica, at 8:30 o'clock. All members of the Socialist party in this part of Queens Borough are urged to attend and discuss the work of the coming campaign. New members are coming in at every meeting, and the branch is going to make a big showing at the polls.

#### What Branch Maspeth Is Doing.

Branch Maspeth is holding two and three street meetings a week, but under great difficulties. At Laurel Hill, where two meetings were held, the audience at both times presented the chairman and speakers with a beautiful bouquet of overripe tomatoes. The men and children made so much noise that it was impossible for one to hear a word the speakers had to say. Of course, a stuffed-out policeman was present, but not representing the Socialists, he closed his eyes and shut his ears. At the last meeting, on Tuesday evening, a man standing but five feet from the speaker pushed his way through the crowd and behind the speaker. There he took hold of the bottom of the platform and attempted to upset it with the speaker on it. Only for the timely warning of a Comrade nearby this trick would have been carried out successfully. The platform belonging to the branch is a very high one and looks more like a stepladder when erected, and a speaker falling from it would receive severe injuries.

The people in this section are employed in chemical works and other factories in Laurel Hill. Not one of them knows anything about Socialism, and it is an easy matter for the old party leaders to send them to the Socialist meetings and try and break them up.  
Organizer G. Schutzenhofer, in speaking of the determination of his branch to keep up the fight, said yesterday:

"We will not give up, and we are going to distribute literature this Sunday morning and get these poor fellows to read our platform, and after they do this no promoter can lead them to do what they have been doing. A report was made to Third Deputy Commissioner Walsh by our campaign manager, and we have been assured better protection in the future. We will hold a meeting at the corner of Boulevard and Washington Avenue next Monday evening, September 23. All members of Branch Maspeth are asked to be present and support their speakers.

"The literature brigade will start from this same corner Sunday morning at 9:30 o'clock. Come and join it."

#### BROOKLYN.

#### Business Meetings.

1st and 2d A. D.—157 Montague street.  
9th A. D. Branch 3—315 47th street.  
12th A. D.—16th street and Fifth Avenue.  
22d A. D. Branch 3—675 Glenmore Avenue.  
Russian Branch—143 McKibbin street.

#### Open Air Meetings.

5th A. D.—Sumner Avenue and McDonough street, J. T. Hill and J. A. Behringer.  
9th A. D. Branch 2—Fifth Avenue and 74th street, Harry Kantor and Bert Kirkman.

10th A. D.—Flatbush and Seventh Avenues, Alex Scott and A. DeMilt.  
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#### What Branch Maspeth Is Doing.

Branch Maspeth is holding two and three street meetings a week, but under great difficulties. At Laurel Hill, where two meetings were held, the audience at both times presented the chairman and speakers with a beautiful bouquet of overripe tomatoes. The men and children made so much noise that it was impossible for one to hear a word the speakers had to say. Of course, a stuffed-out policeman was present, but not representing the Socialists, he closed his eyes and shut his ears. At the last meeting, on Tuesday evening, a man standing but five feet from the speaker pushed his way through the crowd and behind the speaker. There he took hold of the bottom of the platform and attempted to upset it with the speaker on it. Only for the timely warning of a Comrade nearby this trick would have been carried out successfully. The platform belonging to the branch is a very high one and looks more like a stepladder when erected, and a speaker falling from it would receive severe injuries.

The people in this section are employed in chemical works and other factories in Laurel Hill. Not one of them knows anything about Socialism, and it is an easy matter for the old party leaders to send them to the Socialist meetings and try and break them up.  
Organizer G. Schutzenhofer, in speaking of the determination of his branch to keep up the fight, said yesterday:

"We will not give up, and we are going to distribute literature this Sunday morning and get these poor fellows to read our platform, and after they do this no promoter can lead them to do what they have been doing. A report was made to Third Deputy Commissioner Walsh by our campaign manager, and we have been assured better protection in the future. We will hold a meeting at the corner of Boulevard and Washington Avenue next Monday evening, September 23. All members of Branch Maspeth are asked to be present and support their speakers.

"The literature brigade will start from this same corner Sunday morning at 9:30 o'clock. Come and join it."

#### BROOKLYN.

#### Business Meetings.

1st and 2d A. D.—157 Montague street.  
9th A. D. Branch 3—315 47th street.  
12th A. D.—16th street and Fifth Avenue.  
22d A. D. Branch 3—675 Glenmore Avenue.  
Russian Branch—143 McKibbin street.

#### Open Air Meetings.

5th A. D.—Sumner Avenue and McDonough street, J. T. Hill and J. A. Behringer.  
9th A. D. Branch 2—Fifth Avenue and 74th street, Harry Kantor and Bert Kirkman.

10th A. D.—Flatbush and Seventh Avenues, Alex Scott and A. DeMilt.  
14th A. D. Branch 1—Bedford Avenue and South 4th street, Harry Watson.  
20th A. D. Branch 2—Bushwick Avenue and Hancock street, Charles H. Matchett and James Savage.

#### NOONDAY.

Navy Yard, Flushing Avenue entrance, Harry Kantor.  
Third Avenue and 36th street, Alex Scott.  
Noble and West streets, James Savage.

#### 23d A. D. Committees to Meet.

The Campaign Committee and Reception Committee will meet at the headquarters, 1701 Pitkin Avenue, tonight at 8:30 o'clock. All of the members of these committees are requested to be present on time.

#### South Brooklyn Entertainment.

Socialists of South Brooklyn are asked not to forget the entertainment and dance tomorrow night at the Bay Ridge Forum, 315 47th street, for the benefit of the Agitation Committee of the 9th A. D. An interesting program will precede the dancing and refreshments will be served. A good time is assured all who attend.

#### Special Campaign Meeting, 22d A. D.

There will be a special campaign meeting tonight at campaign headquarters, Linwood street, near Fulton street. Every member is urged to attend and help in the work.

#### More Help Needed in 23d A. D.

Socialists and sympathizers living in Canarsie and Barren Island are reminded that the 23d A. D. is putting up a hard campaign in an endeavor to carry the district. There are enough Socialists in Brownsville to do the work, but more assistance is needed in Canarsie and Barren Island. Those who are willing to help in the good work are requested to call Wednesday, Friday and Monday evenings, and Sunday mornings, at headquarters, 1701 Pitkin Avenue. Ask for Organizer Hurok. The help of every Comrade is needed. The 23d A. D. expects every Socialist to help make "this our year."

#### QUEENS.

#### Open Air Meetings.

Branch Glendale—Myrtle and Cooper Avenues; chairman, J. Roun; speakers, W. Kulkman and H. J. Sutton; Platform Committee, H. Werthmuller.  
Branch Maspeth—Zeidler Avenue and Williams street; Maspeth; chairman, O. Hatje; speaker, M. Rosenberg; Platform Committee, G. Schnitzenhofer.

#### NOONDAY.

Branch Woodhaven—In front of Lalace & Grogan's-agate factory, L. BERGER  
SINGS  
Singers and Transparencies a Specialty  
29 W. 116th St. Tel. Harlem 3879

REGISTER NOW!  
**ERON PREP. SCHOOL**  
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A Broadwinner's Academy, with an attendance of twelve hundred every evening. Officers: Gen. Civil Service and Commercial courses.  
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Hirsch and H. Nussbaum, Frankford Avenue and Tooga street, C. W. Ervin and Joseph Domes.

#### MASSACHUSETTS.

#### Boston.

The Boston Socialists will hold a big parade on the evening of October 3, when Eugene V. Debs speaks in the Arena. The parade will be in sending out the following letter to labor and progressive organizations, soliciting their support in making the parade a big success:

"Eugene V. Debs, Socialist candidate for President, will speak in Boston, October 3, under the auspices of the Boston Socialist Club. The Arena, the largest hall in Boston, has been engaged for the occasion; this hall will hold 5,000 people, and the concerted effort of all class-conscious workers in this section of the State is needed to make the meeting the success it should be.

In order to advertise this meeting to as many workers as possible, it has been decided to parade from Park Square to the Arena. We would like to have your organization march with us; if you cannot march as a body, urge your members to march as individuals. As the expense of this meeting will be large, we shall rely on voluntary music for the parade. The committee wishes to get out all hands and martial music available, and would like to know at once if you will be in a position to furnish any for the occasion; also, the committee would like to know what suitable banners and transparencies you can bring with you.

The parade will start at 7:30 p.m., sharp, from Park Square. Admission to the Debs meeting will be 10 cents, seats 15 cents, and box seats 25 cents. This is the only time that Debs will speak in this part of the State in this campaign; so order your tickets early, as we may be sold out long before the meeting.

"Let us know as soon as possible what part you can take in the parade, and we will make this an occasion to be remembered, and cheering the increasing solidarity of labor."

#### Stockbridge.

Monday evening, William Bessemer, of Cleveland, Ohio, gave a most effective Socialist address in front of the soldiers' monument, nearly opposite the Red Lion Inn. About one-fourth of the voters of the town, besides a sprinkling of women, were present. Comrade Bessemer told some pretty strong truths to the citizens of this town, where many of the wealthy class come to spend their summers. Not a few of the wealthy class on the veranda of the inn opposite listened to the address.

An active Socialist club has existed in this town now for more than a year, and one of its members, Comrade Gottschalk, carriage painter, is candidate for State Representative, and another member, Comrade Vigorant, is running for the State Senatorship on the Socialist ticket this fall.

#### ASTORIA.

#### ITALY.

The Socialists of Rome have again renewed their stand against the Treaty of London, and have resolved to take no part in the celebration to mark the anniversary of the accomplishment of national unity, because it will be a militaristic affair. This action was resolved upon at a lively meeting of Local Rome, held Tuesday night.

#### NEW JERSEY.

#### Jersey City Street Meeting.

Communipaw and Pacific Avenues, Charles Ufert.  
Bayonne Street Meeting.  
22d street and Broadway, L. Magnat, of Paterson.

#### Essex County Street Meetings.

5th Ward—Bremen street and Hamburg place, P. L. Quinlan.  
3th Ward—Bloomfield Avenue and North 6th street, H. G. Thayer.  
2d and 7th Wards—Washington and Market streets, T. Alex Cairns.

#### Keany Street Meeting.

Speaker, Leo Harkins, of Camden.

#### Newark.

A regular meeting of the 9th Ward Branch will be held tonight in the grillroom of St. Stephen's Church, Elizabeth and Clinton Avenue, entrance on Clinton Avenue at the rear of the church.

#### Elizabeth.

The proposed picnic of Local Union County will be held at Bellewood Park, N. J., Sunday, September 22. Trains leave Lyons Farms depot at 9 a.m. Tickets, including refreshments, 1.25; children over 5 years old, 50 cents.

There will be no lecture at Professor's Broad Street Theater because of the picnic. The following: Sunday, September 23, Socialist Assemblyman Mauter, of Pennsylvania, will be the speaker.

#### Guttenberg.

Branch 2 Guttenberg will hold a business meeting tonight at Progress Hall, 25th street and Broadway. All members are urged to attend.

#### Union Hill.

Branch 2 of Union Hill will hold its regular meeting tonight at 420 Gardner street.

#### PHILADELPHIA.

#### Open Air Meetings.

Front and Ontario streets, Herman Anders and Phil Hirth.  
8th street and Girard Avenue, Charles Sehl and G. Cornelius.  
Front and Diamond streets, H. E. Close and W. C. MacLeod.  
Amber and Sargeant streets, J. P. Clark and Harry Lawson.  
52d and Ludlow streets, William Nagel and C. W. Hawkins.  
Midvale and Ridge Avenues, Albert

#### THE GREAT GARDEN MEETING, SEPT. 29

A monster mass meeting will be held at Madison Square Garden Sunday, September 29. Doors open at 1 p.m. Speakers: Eugene V. Debs and Emil Seidel, Socialist candidates for President and Vice President; Charles Edward Russell and Gustave A. Strebel, Socialist candidates for Governor and Lieutenant Governor of New York.

There will be a picked band of forty pieces and a great chorus of the Workingmen's Singing Societies. Seats, 15, 25 and 35 cents. Floor seats, 50 and 75 cents. Boxes, \$3 to \$10, seating six to ten in box. Mail orders to Julius Gerber, Socialist party headquarters, 239 East 84th street.

#### UNION AND SOCIETY DIRECTORY

#### Brotherhood of Machinists

Headquarters, 31 Park Row, N. Y. City  
L. M. HARRIS, Local No. 1, Treasurer, 100  
for Temple, 243-245 E. 84th St., New York

#### JOURNEYMEN TAILORS' UNION, LOCAL NO. 390.

Headquarters, Club and Reading Room, 106 W. 21st street. Free employment bureau, 9 to 12 a.m. Delegate Body meets every fourth Monday, 5 p.m.

#### BAKERY AND CONFECTIONERY WORKERS' UNION, LOCAL NO. 104.

meets the first and fourth Friday evenings in the month at 145 South 1st street, New York City.

#### INTERNATIONAL UNION OF BRICKLAYERS AND MASONS OF AMERICA, LOCAL NO. 11.

meets every Monday evening at 248 E. 84th st.

#### CARRIAGE, WAGON AND AUTOMOBILE WORKERS' INTERNATIONAL UNION, LOCAL NO. 127.

meets the second and fourth Thursdays at the Labor Temple, E. 84th st.

#### CARRIAGE, WAGON AND AUTOMOBILE WORKERS' UNION, OF BROOKLYN, MEETS EVERY MONDAY EVENING AT LEVER'S RESTAURANT, 100 WILLOWBY AVENUE, BROOKLYN.

#### UNITED BROTHERHOOD OF CARPENTERS AND JOINERS, LOCAL UNION NO. 457.

meets every Monday evening at 100 W. 11th street, New York City.

#### UNITED BROTHERHOOD OF CARPENTERS AND JOINERS, LOCAL UNION NO. 145.

meets every Monday evening at 145 South 1st street, New York City.

#### PEARL BUTTON WORKERS' UNION, LOCAL NO. 147.

meets every Monday evening at 147 E. 73d st. H. Kurz, 439 E. 80th st., Pres.; N. Groves, 135 Avenue C, Cor.

#### ANNUNCIATED SHEET METAL WORKERS' INTERNATIONAL ALLIANCE, LOCAL NO. 3.

meets every Friday evening at 100 W. 11th street, New York City.

#### SOCIALIST EDUCATIONAL CLUB OF HUDSON CO., N. J.

meets every Wednesday evening at 100 W. 11th street, New York City.

#### PAPER CIGARETTE MAKERS' UNION, LOCAL NO. 98.

meets every Monday evening at 100 W. 11th street, New York City.

#### WOOD CARVERS AND MODIFIERS' ASSOCIATION, LOCAL NO. 1.

meets every Friday evening at 100 W. 11th street, New York City

# The New York Call

DEVOTED TO THE INTERESTS OF THE WORKING PEOPLE  
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VOL. 5. FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 20. NO. 261.

## "WE" GET THE BENEFIT

Just a few days ago we were rejoicing exceedingly in the news that we are to have a record grain crop, and in consequence the cost of living which has worried so many of us was to decrease. As the experts said, cattle and hogs are fed on grain, grain was abundant, and more cattle could be fed. Poultry are fed on grain, and more ducks, geese and hens would be raised. It all seemed too good to be true, but while it may have been true, the facts in the case are not good. Beef has at last reached a higher level than it attained at any time since the Civil War. We are accustomed, quite accustomed, to beef reaching new altitudes. But in the face of the boasted grain crops, and the Republican and Democratic parties claiming they were responsible for the terrestrial and climatic conditions that brought those crops forth, the action of beef is distinctly disheartening.

Roosevelt is in the West, where the steers come from. Yet, he has not done a thing to remedy it. Wilson has many plans for many things, but he has not tackled the cost of beef or other necessities of life. President Taft has all he can do to attend to his golf, so he has been silent on this important subject, as he has been on others. Chafin, of the Prohibitionists, may allege that the reason beef is high is because the grain is being used to distill the demon rum instead of fed to the cattle, but facts would easily overthrow his contention.

Perhaps it will gradually dawn upon the people that they will have to take into their own hands this petty problem of their means of living instead of leaving it, as hitherto, in the hands of those who have looked upon it as a gambling proposition. They may be aroused to the point where they will realize that the production, handling and cooking of their food is a great, personal, social proposition, and to leave it in the hands of gamblers means, and must always mean, that countless thousands will be deprived of an adequate supply of food.

This latest increase in the cost of beef, after what Charles Edward Russell illuminatingly called the "greatest trust in the world" had been dissolved, and coming as it does right in the glowing heat of a Presidential campaign, shows how much entrenched capital thinks of court decisions. Of course, it is possible to claim that there is a real shortage. But who created it? There can be the claim that the ranchers and farmers and feeders have become discouraged and have ceased raising cattle. But who forced them to do it? Those who raise the cattle are not going to profit materially from this enormous jump in prices. As previously, the increase is going to go into the big, receptive pockets of the packers.

As far as the people are concerned, there is no cause of concern. The people are hardened to their lot, and they are satisfied with the station in which God in His omnipotence has placed them, and with the dinner the packers in their generosity accord them. They are getting the breakfast, dinner and supper for which they voted. Millions of them are throwing up their hats in ecstatic anticipation of getting the same allowance in the future.

That is, most of them are. But there is an increasing number who are intelligently, inflexibly and strenuously opposed to it. They intend to serve the donkey, the elephant and the bull moose up as a delicate appetizer before they are through. They intend to put the Packing Trust out of business and take the business over themselves. The present combination of food trusts and railroads is responsible for the low rations the workers are receiving, and the people themselves are responsible for the combinations. But the people are awakening, and the glorious success of the Socialist meetings, the growing enthusiasm and the growing opposition, are all indicative of the awakening of the people. They are going really to solve this great beef problem, going to put it on its right basis, and going to elevate it from its present position as a gambling proposition to what it really should be, a recognized social science.

## THE SOCIALIST CAMPAIGN

All the Socialist exchanges are mighty fine reading these days. They have hope, life, punch, go, true humanity, endless courage, unquenchable aspiration in them. They are recounting the local doings of the Socialists, and the Socialists are doing many things. They are working. They are fighting. They are planning bigger work and bigger fights, and they have the means of making these possible.

When the campaign opened, just previous to our national convention, the party members were discussing several important questions among themselves, and at times the earnestness that went into the discussion looked as though there was a quarrel on. An opponent of Socialism, at the present moment, would do well to take advantage of the "quarrel." He would meet with one of the biggest surprises of his life.

In certain sections of the country, particularly in the Eastern big cities and manufacturing towns, there have been many Socialist meetings, and vast quantities of Socialist literature were distributed. There were some immediate results. There are some for which we shall have to wait.

This year our Presidential and Vice Presidential candidates have been plowing and sowing new fields. Those of The Call readers who have followed the reports of the meetings of Eugene V. Debs and Emil Seidel cannot but rejoice not only in the work they have been doing but also in the field in which they are doing it. The work has been crushingly hard, and will steadily grow harder as the campaign progresses, but those who are doing it are sustained by the best body of Socialists this country has ever seen.

What is done in the national campaign is reflected in the local campaigns, and this part of the story is shown in the various Socialist papers: They are the best, the most uplifting, the most inspiring reading any one can have at the present time. The basis of this is the fact that the party is really at work. With all their high priced men, their specialists and their abnormally trained writers, the capitalist press is rather heavy reading just now. It lacks go and it lacks backbone. In a way, this is due to the fact that those who do the writing do not believe what they write. The Socialists believe what they write, and are going to fight for it, and they believe what their speakers and candidates are doing, and are going to fight for it, and they are going to fight all along the line.

A Socialist paper, the smallest of them from the smallest towns, is an inspiration and a spur to go on fighting. It is a mighty big thing that so many thousands of men and women, banded together as Comrades, are in the great struggle with such whole-hearted enthusiasm. It is the greatest fact in life today—and if you don't believe it, get any Socialist paper published anywhere and compare its utterances with those of any great capitalist paper published anywhere.

Whether this will ripen this year in a big increase in the vote, cannot be predicted. It will ripen in a big increase in the solid membership of the party, and in more and ever more members being drawn into the cause and trained to fight for the cause. That in itself is one of the reasons why the campaign is so splendidly worth while and why we should fight forward with an ever-increasing zeal and hope.



## AN OPEN LETTER TO MR. EBERSOLL

Editor of The Call:  
In the name of Ernest Crosby, whose voice can no longer be heard—we protest.

Mr. Crosby was not only not a Socialist, but reiterated the fact in and out of season. We simply know Mr. Ebersoll to be misinformed, we refer him to any of Mr. Crosby's personal friends, and to his own emphatic statements in the Single Tax Review and elsewhere.

From every standpoint it is unfair and unjustifiable in this case mistakenly quoted, no doubt, to attack positions to a mind as clear and definite as Mr. Crosby's, a man who was also very tenacious to interpret his own thought to the world. He expressed himself in word and deed publicly and privately, after a manner, so unswervingly open and true, there was no opportunity for misconception, no place for subtleties.

This was a number of years ago, and had Mr. Crosby lived, we devoutly believe and hope he would have identified himself with his superb powers to the advance of the Socialist movement.

Ernest Crosby was one of the great ones of earth, great enough to have his influence grow with the years, and we owe a debt particularly to Mr. Ebersoll, today for bringing his name to remembrance in The Call. Mr. Crosby is never forgotten by those who knew and loved him, and he may still be known through his "Plain Talk in Psalm and Parable" and "Swords and Plowshares."

We all need Mr. Crosby—always. We are forced to differ also with Mr. Ebersoll's estimate of Mr. Purinton, whose writings many of us have long followed. Mr. Purinton must become a Socialist, by all means; he needs Socialism, but Socialism equally needs Mr. Purinton.

Are we not all in need of a deeper understanding of the science of psychology—a practical knowledge of the power of mind, which Mr. Purinton has given years of his life to master? It is a weapon, and just as much of a weapon as the tomahawk and arrow of another age, only used for more beneficent and efficient service. There is deep significance in Mr. Purinton's statements, however much he misses, but we can neither credit or prove his statements unless we have delved ourselves in these subtler realms of thought.

The science of mind we know is thousands of years old, but only today filtering to us, the masses.

An avowed and great Socialist—Ed Carpenter—is an adept in this understanding, and Mr. Crosby used to say "We must live to have Carpenter known."

Ed Carpenter's art and literature is not the kind Charles Edward Russell makes such a justified and noble protest against in this morning's Call—such a splendid, timely, always timely, and magnificent call to deeds and life, this quoted article from the Coming Nation (September 13). Carpenter's books are the fruit of the very noblest living, and today the frequent quotations from his work in The Call, many of us note with enthusiastic response as of striking significance in a daily newspaper.

Yes, it would seem, all means and all methods are needed in the Socialist party to help dispel the nightmare of suffering and economic injustice.

Provided one is grounded in conviction in the underlying essential principles of Socialism are not all points of meeting and understanding, acceptable and needed that have grown out of an honest life's experience? Not applicable in the least to Mr. Ebersoll, but to many are Goethe's too-frequently quoted words from the second part of "Faust":

"What you don't touch is lying leagues afar,  
What you don't grasp is wholly lost to you.  
What you don't reckon—think you—can't be true,  
What you don't weigh, it has no weight, alas!  
What you don't coin, you're sure it will not pass."

Bernard Shaw says somewhere: "As man grows through the ages he finds himself bolder by the growth of his spirit, and dates more and more to love and trust, instead of to fear and to fight."  
MARGARET LACEY.  
Sept. 13, 1912.

## "PROFIT AND PRUDENTIAL SONS."

Editor of The Call:  
The literature of all races is interesting and full of nuggets of truth discovered by the very experience of life conditions. For life, in reality, is one, and its fundamental essentials common.

Every human being (and even all higher animals) seem, by necessity, to go through three orders or steps of evolution. All experience (touch, sight, hunger for physical life, then the hunger for mental life, and for emotional life. They must get a physical base, or fulcrum, for the others. But no one can observe the wisdom of ant, bee, beaver, fox, etc., without seeing their astonishing exercise and growth in "mental" processes, and science today recognizes clearly the identity and kindred nature of all mind (upon all planes or degrees of its progress); though man may arbitrarily name the different types by varied terms, such as "instinct," "reason," "intuition," "inspiration," etc. But most remarkable of all, we are compelled to recognize, also, a vast hunger and demand (far beyond the physical or mental) for "emotional" expression and expansion. For the joy of song in the bird, for play in the kitten, for affection and confidence in the dog, etc., are not only proofs of this kinship with us and adaptation to our own human nature and emotional necessities, but, strangely enough, we see our own moral tendencies to excess or to disproportion antityped and forecast (as though "for warnings" in the stutony of the hog, the cruelty of the wolf or hyena, the duplicity of the

## snake, the careless joy of the brief, loving butterfly and reckless moth.

In fact, we see that the one development of our higher nature and of human society is based on steadily advancing and improving these very "lower" nature, or dispositions, and all disordered natures, latent in all of us. The highest necessity in life is order, proportion, harmony, balanced and concordant co-operation and control of organic parts and powers of "life total." It is the key to beauty and happiness on any plane of existence. Now, as we look about us (in history or contemporary society) we see the whole horizon filled with this stupendous struggle—to understand and to adjust. And the blame, pain and revolt comes when and wherever we have not understood or adjusted. Science is man's effort to understand. Ethics is man's effort to adjust, while "morals" derived from the Latin "mores"—custom—is, historically, the changing and advancing "habits" of men, varying greatly at different times and places, according to the degrees of comprehension and adjustment, to better association with nature and with each other. These stuffs from habits into conventions or local codes, which are doomed, like a tree's bark, to expand, crack and reeften with expanding growth of intellect and emotion.

It is a matter of intelligence and temperament in different individuals, and even in the same individual under different environment influences and experiences as to how fully and "well" he himself can or will utilize his little span of life to comprehend and adjust himself to nature and his times.

We need the greatest toleration and sympathy for each other's blunders or shortcomings. These obligations may be due partly to our own as well as another's point of vision or point of attainment.

A "prodigal" of today may be a "miser" of tomorrow, and vice versa, because his point of view or personal experience has been radically altered. There is a familiar charge, made by the critics of the poor and of the whole working class, that these are "improvident" spendthrifts, wasting their time, if not driven by economic pressure, and owing their stringer circumstances "largely to drink," etc. Yet childish as these charges mainly are, from the obvious impossibility of the working class "wasting" much time or money when it has to support such a vast horde of far more idle and wasteful upper class parasites on its back, and that the producer has far more right to be "prodigal" with what he has toiled to produce than the Harry, Thaw or Annie Gould who have never produced at all. Still, let us grant that much precious life, strength and substance is "wasted" in various ways in all classes, and perhaps most of all in America. Doubtless vast pain, poverty and sorrow could be avoided all around if there were not so many prodigal sons or daughters in all classes. Yet let us look a moment at the Hebrew story about the wise and tender-hearted father who stored up representative of balanced justice and generosity between the puritanical, avaricious "older brother" and the more emotional, improvident "younger brother."

At least the younger brother had obeyed the first law of scientific inquiry: he had tested fact by experience and had learned and profited. In will and character, by discovering the "actual relations of the three orders of phenomena—physical, mental and moral." He finally discarded the "animal," learned to "reason" accurately and attained "emotional" tenderness, sensitiveness, honest self-criticism and moral heroism and a superiorly generous "older brother" and the more emotional, improvident "younger brother."

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## THE PETITION OF A STRICKEN WOMAN.

Editor of The Call:  
"Give me death, Deliver me from a dark and endless torture—save from an eternity of torture! Oh, kind and merciful people, show mercy unto me and end my unendurable misery!"

This pleads a young woman lying paralyzed in a Hoboken hospital. Her name is Mrs. Harris. She is the mother of three children and the wife of an unhappy tradesman. Her body is completely paralyzed. She cannot move. She cannot stir. The ability to make the least gesture is denied her. Not a single member of her body can she command. Her limbs are immobile, as if petrified. Her mind alone remained intact. A living mind burdened with a dead body.

She has wants, but not the ability to satisfy them. She has desires, but not the power to gratify them. She has wishes, but not the strength to realize them. She has feelings, but not the means to express them. She sees, she hears, she feels, she longs, she craves, but her senses, her feelings, her thoughts, her emotions, her memory, her consciousness—all cause her nothing but pain. They are dagger points that pierce and rend her soul. For, she cannot stir. Motion—the essential to all living things, the prime factor of all life—is taken from her, an inert, inactive, inanimate mass of useless matter her body has become. Her mind alone remained intact. A living soul entombed in a dead body.

Motionless and helpless the unhappy woman lies on her bed of torture, listening to the sepulchral silence of the graveyard. Her minutes stretch into hours, her hours into days, her days into years, her years into centuries.

And each day is like a year—a year whose days are long. Soon time

## loses its meaning. Day merges into night and night into day. All arbitrary distinction of the calendar disappears. Time becomes one long, endless moment of pain, an eternity of suffering.

Science has failed her. No arts of man can resuscitate her body. Her malady is beyond human aid. Prominent physicians, eminent men in the field of science, have ruminated the field of medical lore and found it of no avail. Her case is incurable. No power on earth can restore her health. Nature had condemned her to death, then, men-fashion, changed the sentence to a life-long death. To live without hope! To suffer without relief! What abysmal agony! What incurable woe!

Motionless and helpless, the unhappy woman lies on her bed of torture, listening to the sepulchral silence of the graveyard. Her child stands at her bedside. Tears roll down the tender boy's cheeks as he watches his beloved mother helpless and in pain before him. The mother looks at him and her heart is bleeding. Oh, how she longs to lift the child in her arms, to press him to her breast, to feel his warm breath against hers, to kiss those sweet, tearful eyes and face! But alas! She cannot move. Her limbs obey her not. They are lost of wood attached to her sides. Never, never again will she fondle the loving child in all her life will she be able to gather the boy into her lap and sing him the song of her youth. The pleasures of maternity are never to be hers again. They are gone, forever gone. What pain! What measureless pain!

Motionless and helpless, the unhappy woman lies on her bed of torture, listening to the sepulchral silence of the graveyard. On a stool at her bedside her husband sits. Distress, baleful distress is engraven on his features. He feels with his stricken wife, feels her sorrow, her anguish, her affliction. He feels her misery and her hopelessness. Impotency, dark impotency weighs upon his soul. His eyes are moist, filled with sympathy.

The wife gazes at him and her heart is aching. Oh, how she longs to embrace him, to tender him in her arms, to feel his strong heart beat against hers to cheer and console him as she did of old. But alas, she cannot stir! Her limbs obey her not. They are lost of wood attached to her sides. Never, never again will she feel the tender caresses of the man she loves. The joys of womanhood are never to be hers again. The sweet dream of youth, delicious fancies of childhood, whither, whither have ye fled so soon?

"Give me death! Deliver me from a dark and endless agony, save me from an eternity of torture! Oh, kind and merciful people, show mercy unto me and end an unendurable misery!"

This pleads the unhappy woman in her petition to the State of New York. What answer will the Legislature give to this strange and heart-rending plea? Will they deny her the mercy they show to animals? Will they refuse to a human being the pity they would hesitate upon besting a wounded dog wriggling in the throes of death from taking a gun and ending the poor thing's agony? Why, then, forbid a kind hand from administering a dose of painless chloroform to this sufferer? What is the objection? Who will benefit by her prolonged misery?

What! Will the state administrators say to this pining invalid: "Dear woman, we cannot grant what you implore for that would upset our established traditions, our superstitions concerning life and death handed down to us from our dead ancestors, do not permit such favors. We have no right to take life except from those that do not wish to die. We have no scruples against murdering seven healthy persons in one morning, provided it is in accordance with our law. But to end the unnecessary agony of an inch-by-inch-dying woman, to put to eternal sleep a racked soul—this we may not do. That would positively upset our delicate complexion. Dear woman, you must endure the unendurable, for we are cowardly and dare not brave the opinion of the many. They are in our midst, soft, melting sentimentalists, who cower before the word death, and who would condemn us for so unprecedented an action."

Nature is a force—a blind inexorable force. She has neither feelings nor sensations, neither thoughts nor perceptions. She is neither wrong nor right, neither good nor bad, neither cruel nor gentle. Nature is emotionless. Her bolts strike, not where they ought, but where they fall. Her flames sweep not before the innocent, she chooses the fair and the stout alike. The plow is subject to her laws not less than the wicked, the saint not less than the brigand. Nature is indifferent.

Men alone have hearts, and it is to the hearts of men that this stricken woman appeals.

ISRAEL GABRIEL.  
Philadelphia, Pa.

## SERRY THE RANKS!

O serry up the ranks for Truth!  
And march for Justice! On!  
We'll never flinch, nor yield an inch,  
Until our Cause is won!  
All the way is clear as day,  
Beneath our "social" sun!  
As we go marching to glory!

O serry up the ranks, my boys!  
And let the bugles call!  
There's food enough and stacks of stuff,  
And work should be for all!  
Make the millionaires let go,  
And hear the children's call!  
As we go marching to glory!

Then serry up the ranks! Once more!  
And lend a hand for Right!  
We've borne the strain, and know  
We see the shore in sight!  
"A world to gain!" Then break into centuries!  
And show our manhood's might,  
As we go marching to glory!

## Socialists and Unaccepted Challenges

By FRANCIS THANE.

Many years ago, when Socialism was scornfully ignored by all so-called "right thinking" persons as a subject unworthy of public consideration, when the propaganda attracted little attention despite the persistency of the outdoor speakers, every opportunity was eagerly seized to secure publicity to the cause, and challenges to debate were continually hurled, not only into the main camp of the enemy, but also against representatives of other minor movements not in agreement with Socialism. In those days the chance to break a lance in public with a Single Taxer (the prominent Democrat or Republican would even deign to notice our existence) was regarded as a gift from the gods, which it would be a sort of impley, or at least, reprehensible negligence, to overlook. Even an anarchist could be made to serve on occasion, though the supply of these for debating purposes was exceedingly limited. In fact, anybody or anything that didn't agree with Socialism could be utilized, could only succeed in dragging it upon what we called the "public platform."

On such occasions often numbering as much as forty and at times rising to fifty and sixty, with some very exceptional occasions on which enthusiasts declared that "there could not have been less than a hundred present."

In those days the Socialist agitator would joyfully drop everything for the chance of mingling in the fray with any of the above, sincerely thankful to them for the opportunity and their condescension in noticing him at all. No matter how "warm" the campaign was waxing, he would temporarily stop hustling for Matchett and Maguire to topple the water wagon, or prove to the satisfaction of the world in public debate that Single Tax was all right as far as it went, but that it didn't go far enough. These were the days when publicly was the breath of life to the Socialist movement, and the smallest installment of it was thankfully received. Those were the days, to use a sporting idiom, in which we were "getting our reputation."

And in this year of grace, 1912, we have secured it, at least to the extent of scoring challenges from those petty antagonists over whose names we have climbed into the spotlight of publicity many years ago, and whom we now scorn as insignificant. If we do not indeed regard their defiance as unmitigated presumption, like all the others, we disdainfully kick away the ladders by which we climbed, which is the way of the world, and therefore perfectly proper and entirely consistent with the dignified and elevated position we have attained. Gratitude for past favors accorded does not count with us any more than with others.

And now, be it noticed, when a great national campaign is on, when we are calculating our vote by the hundreds of thousands, and when every Socialist speaker is giving every ounce of his energy to the campaign as immeasurably the most important work to hand, these challenges are being returned upon us from similar quarters, and Socialists are being held up to public ridicule as cowards for not dropping their work and attending to the strident defiance of some obscure, ignorant, insignificant and presumptuous creature who challenges them to do battle to the death against the national champion.

As we write, some half dozen challenges of this sort from aspiring Socialist killers of all weights, except the heavyweight class, lie upon our desk, each containing a most impolite invitation to come forth and die.

We notice, too, as perhaps the maximum of unmitigated gall and nerve, an invitation from the editor of the Common Cause and Live Issue—the Catholic organs fighting Socialism—to Eugene V. Debs to step at once into the arena and bend his haughty crest to that redoubtable Hebrew champion of the Catholic Church, Davery Goldstein. Debs, speaking daily to audiences of from five thousand to twenty thousand people, is, on pain of being declared a coward, compelled to come forth and take the coup de grace from this pitiful creature, while the clerical "princes of the blood," like Farley, Gibbons and O'Connell, sit, as becomes their high station, as spectators in the lists, and propose to view in safety the overthrow of Debs and Socialism at the hands of the knightly Galahad, Sir Davery Goldstein, whose strength is as the strength of ten, because his heart is pure," as per guaranteed ad in the papers above mentioned.

And yet they say that the Church is a paragon of humility, and fiercely resents the charges of insolence and arrogance brought against her by her malicious enemies!

That Debs is too busily engaged in incomparably weightier matters goes without saying, but perhaps if Farley, Gibbons or O'Connell were substituted for Sir Davery, the Socialist candidate might consider the proposition—might, we say, as we cannot definitely commit him. It might be worth trying, however. The parties named can at least be regarded as "reputation." Sir Davery has none, or at least what he has is not good—not good enough for the average Socialist, to say nothing of Debs.

## THE JEWS AND CATHOLICISM

By FRANCIS THANE.

The Rev. Father Timothy A. Hickey, of St. Brendan's Catholic Church, Avenue O and East 12th Street, Sheepshead Bay, has given the Jews of his neighborhood permission to hold their New Year services today in St. Brendan's Hall in Coney Island avenue. The Jews say that but for the priest's generosity they might not have been able to hold the services.

Nearly 400 Hebrews live in the vicinity of the church. For some time they have been unable to hire a hall big enough for their holiday observances.

A committee headed by Philip Oberg called on the priest and explained the dilemma. Father Hickey at once placed the parish hall at their disposal and said no rent would be charged for it.

The priest said last night that there was nothing unusual in his action. History teaches, he said, that the Catholics have always been friendly with the Jews. He added that he was very glad to be of service to his neighbors.—New York Sun, September 18, 1912.

"History teaches that Catholics have always been friendly with the Jews," I must admit that I was astonished when I read that unctuous statement. It was new to me, so I began to look about for histories. The first "history" I found was "Bible History," by the Rt. Rev. Bishop Gilmore, D. D., which is used as a textbook in the Catholic schools of this country. The expressions of Roman Catholic friendliness for the Jews which I find in it are daily taught to more than a million future citizens of the United States. If this be friendliness, may the Jew exclaim: "Lord, deliver me from my friends!"

I append a few extracts:  
The murdered Abel is a figure of Jesus Christ, while Cain is a figure of the traitor Judas and the Jewish people, who put our Saviour to death.—Bible History, p. 13.

The Jews would not [sic] understand the spiritual kingdom promised by Christ, hence they rejected Him. On the cross He legged His Father to forgive them, but, as a punishment for their sin in having rejected Him, they are today wanderers on the earth, and will be to the end of time.—Ibid., p. 61.

As David had to contend against two enemies, Saul and Abimeon, so have two enemies arisen against Christ and His church—the first Judaism, which the church replaced; the second, heresy.—Ibid., p. 80.

For eighteen hundred years has the blood of Christ been upon the Jews. Driven from Judea—without country, without home—strangers among strangers—hated, yet feared—have they wandered from nation to nation, bearing with them the visible sign of God's curse. Like Cain, marked with a mysterious sign, they shall continue to wander till the end of the world.—Ibid., p. 209.

The Jews have a dreadful account to give to God; they persecuted the prophets, they crucified the Saviour, they put to death the apostles.—Ibid., p. 235.

As the Jews have persecuted Christ, so they also persecuted His apostles, and were the first to rise up against Christianity. They scourged St. Peter and John, stoned St. Stephen, cast St. James headlong from the roof of the temple, and beat out his brains with a fuller's mallet. . . . Wherever the Jews were in power, there for a time God permitted these persecutions, but in time their punishment came, first upon the Jews, then upon the Romans. In the year 69 the Jews revolted against Rome, when Titus the Roman general, collected an army and besieged Jerusalem. Soon famine, then pestilence set in. The city was torn by factions from within, while the Romans battered down the walls from without. Neither young nor old were spared. Jerusalem was doomed. The prophecy of Christ was about to be fulfilled. Forewarned, the Christians fled. Within one year more than one million Jews died from pestilence or were killed by the Romans. The city was taken, the temple burned, the people sold into slavery, and thus dispersed over the world, as we now find them, without country or King. Truly the blood of Christ is upon them.—Ibid., p. 259.

As said, this is what the church is teaching every day to more than a million pupils—sowing seeds of religious hatred in the minds of innocent children. It is clearly a matter of public policy and should not be permitted.

## Effective Literature Distribution

By GEO. H. SPANE.

Beyond question the distribution of literature is the most effective method of propaganda, but the two parties can be more quickly convinced to the care of the undertaker by the following methods are adopted in distribution:

Never give away a piece of literature if it is possible to get money for it. The chances for reading it are thus greatly enhanced.

Let every street meeting be a regular street meeting to secure and to sell and introduce literature.

House to house distribution should be done methodically and consistently with week, otherwise it is a waste of time and energy. It is far better that literature should be distributed six weeks in succession rather than the same amount of literature should be distributed each week with a week's elapsing between each distribution.