A Paper Defending the Interests of the Workers and Farmers

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## The Spanish Revolution And Its Lessons

### **Broadest United Front Led Workers Revolt**

by Bertram D. Wolfe

As we go to press the Spanish proletariat, judging from meager government-censored cable dispatches, seems to be fighting a losing battle. Its defeat would mark the end of the brief bourgeois-democratic republic of 1931 and the assumption of direct power by the Jesuit leader G.1 Robles and his Catholic-clerical Robles and his Catholic-clerical bands. Behind him stand the big industrialists, the great landlords, the Catholic clergy, the Catholic student groups, the corps of higher army officials, the Fascist organizations of the "gilded youth," the decadent nobility, the monarchists of all shades of "legitimacy"—the whole consolidated bond of the whole consolidated band of uniformed cowled—hooded—black-shirted reaction, elevated into unstable power on the blood-stained bayonets of the pretorian Guardia Civil Civil Guardia Guardia Guardia Civil (Civil Guard), Guardias de Asalto (shock troop guard), secret police, and "Republican" army.

### The Spanish Proletariat Is Not 'Finished."

The heroic Spanish proletariat seems to be defeated, but assuredly it is not decisively crushed. The general strike, crumbling in many places, is still on. The embattled miners still hold large areas of rugged Asturias and are performing exploits of epic proportions as they repulse attack after attack of lagged. It is therefore this methe whole luxurious apparatus of airplanes, cannons, gas bombs, machine guns, tanks of the consolidated military forces of "Resolution of many social strata to Hitler's rule.

The increasingly difficult econsolidated the strategy of the strategy o arplanes, cannons, gas bombs, machine guns, tanks of the con-solidated military forces of "Re-publican" Spain. A class that fights in that fashion, that shows such unity welded in the battle's fire, such heroism and such comprehension of is historic role, can be defeated, but it cannot so easily be completely crushed. It has met its "July days' or at worst its "1905".\*\*

### Germany, Austria, Spain!

Germany, Austria, Spain! rising curve of militancy and unity. In Germany, thanks to Social-Democratic Freachery and Communist tactical incompetence, a defeat without a struggle—a crushing blow from which the working class has not yet recovered.

In Austria, the same elements of treachery and sterile impotence, but a last minute, rather, a "zero hour" correction forced by the masses on the Social-Democracy and on the Communist Party, result in a heroic rear guard action and unification of Socialists and Communists in a common front forged in the fire of struggles. Hence, in place of a demoralized rout, an orderly, covered fighting retreat, with forces intact. Austrian fascism sits insecurely on its bayonets. The Austrian working class is uncowed. It is reorganizing its forces with great rapidity under a purified and corrected leadership. It will be heard from again in the not very distant It will be heard from tion of whether or not there is a

#### Responsibility Of Social-Democracy

In Spain, too, the theory and practice of Social-Democracy pre-

\* Temperary defeat of the Russian working class in July 1917.
\*\* Date of the first Russian Revolution, which the defeated, proved a prelude to the second.

(Continued on Page 2)

### Church Revolt Grows in Germany

**Demonstrations Before Brown House** 

The revolt of the independent Protestant churches against Nazi coordination is assuming ever more serious proportions. In an effort to behead this church revolt, its leaders, Bishop Meiser was de-clared deposed and held a virtual prisoner. The answer to this act was a protest demonstration be-

fore the Brown House in Munich.
The rebellious church leaders refused to comply with the edict of the Nazi Reichbishop Mueller, who had ordered all protesting church leaders to vacate their offices. Instead the deposed church dignitaries printed proclamations which were to have been distributed to all attending services. These were promptly confiscated by Nazi police. Despite the fact that congregations were sprinkled with Nazi spies, police and Brown Shirts, these proclamations were read from the pulpits.

Tho religious in form these mass protests against the Nazi murder regime are of great import as indicative of the widespread hostiliby to the Fascist regime. The church is the only field in which the process of coordination has

nomic condition and the intensive organization of illegal trade unions creates the possibility that the suffering German masses will also come forward on the economic field, during the coming winter months, to voice their opposition to the Nazi regime.

IN THIS ISSUE

THREE STEPS FORWARD TWO STEPS BACKWARD by Bert Wolfe

TROTSKY'S ROAD TO SOCIAL DEMOCRACY

WILLIAM Z. FOSTER

The Communist, January 1929.

"What is the future of the A.

Are they definitely in de-

F. of L. and the craft unions gen-

cline as labor organizations? This question of perspective of the A.

F. of L. becomes very important

because in it is involved the ques-

real base for the development of

the new industrial union move-

"The A. F. of L. is definitely in

decline as a labor organization. It

ment . . . .

unorganized."

### **CPGSendsLetter** to Communist **Opposition**

Trade Union Pact Agreed Upon

Further steps towards cement-ing unity of action of the communist forces in Germany have just been taken. These are clearly indicated in an exchange of communications between the Central Committee of the Communist Party of Germany and the National Committee of the Communist Party of Germany (Opposition).

Immediately after the conference between these two organizations as presented in the last issue of Workers Age, the Central Committee of the Communist Party of Germany wrote a letter to the CPGO. This is the first communication written by the Central Committee of the CPG to the CPGO on the basis of comrade to comrade. After enumerating a number of alleged "principle dif-ferences" which it declares it still has with the CPGO, the CC of the has with the CPGO, the CC of the CPG hastens to assure the National Committee that its "representatives did not demand" a statement of capitulation "and were merely interested in trying to convince" the comrades of the CPGO that they adhere "to untenable political views."

The letter of the CC while

The letter of the CC while clearly indicating that Communist unity is no immediate probability still declares its full agreement with our proposals that the units of the official CP, remnants of the Social-Democratic groups, and the CPGO jointly build "illegal trade unions." It is interesting that this letter desists from the customary official CP slime and slander. Instead it even hails the fact that the CPGO recognizes the sincerity of the official CP proposals for united action. Thus the CC of the CPG underscores in its letter to the CPGO the following: "And since you yourself state both orally and in written form that you are firmly convinced that our united front proposals to all anti-Fascist workers and working class groups within Germany are sincere—that these proposals are not maneuvers due to a turn in the

foreign policy of the Soviet Union, as the Prague Social-Democratic on Page ntinued

JAY LOVESTONE

Workers Age, May 14, 1932.

## A. F. L. Meet Endorses **Vertical Unionism**

### Paterson Dyers In Strike Call

1500 Silk Workers Now On Strike

Paterson, N. J.

All negotiations, between the Dyers of Paterson and the manufacturers, have been broken off when the employers refused to renew the agreement which expires on October 25. The issue over which negotiations broke off was the provision on recognition of the union which the employers reject now.

The Dyers Union has announced that all preparations are being made to call out 25,000 dyers thus paralyzing the entire industry in Paterson.

About 1500 silk workers are now on strike as a result of the refusal of the silk bosses to recognize the union. The bosses, insisting that the agreement was abrogated when the Paterson silk workers walked out during the general textile strike, have opened a well organized drive to destroy the union conditions. The union's reply to these wage cuts, increase of machine load and refusal of recognition was a series of mill strikes.

At the same time Eli Keller. head of the Paterson silk union who had been opposed to calling off the strike in Paterson, urged that only a national silk strike can stop the open shop drive of the employers. Telegrams to Gorman of the U.T.W. and President Green of the A. F. of L., were dispatched during the A. F. of L. convention asking for authorization of a general silk strike.

The Paterson silk workers, hard pressed for funds, have broadcast appeals to all trade unions and labor organizations. The U.T.W. as well as the New Jersey State Federation of Labor have endorsed

All funds should be rushed to the American Federation of Silk Workers, Paterson District, Pat-

### **Executive Council** Is Enlarged

Whether the famous 'Frisco fog is thicker than "Bill" Green's class collaboration policy is a matter of dispute. One thing is beyond dispute, however, despite the great defeats suffered by labor within defeats suffered by labor within the past few stormy months for which the A. F. of L. burocracy was largely responsible, no censure of their actions or battle against them found presence in the convention in any impressive or significant fashion. Two forward stone taken by the convention of the convention ward steps taken by the convention were the enlarging of the executive council and the decision to inaugurate industrial unionism. The last found recognition because sooner or later the pressure from sooner or later the pressure from the A. F. of L. ranks would force such action, and the realization of this fact would place Green & Co., in a bad position. Then too the big boys rallied under the standard of John L. Lewis were getting too strong to supply with additional ammunition in his battle against Green. It was largely through the efforts of this Lewis group, whose aspirations for dominance in the A. F. of L. are well known, that steps were taken to enlarge the executive council. These seven new vice presidential officers elected were: John L. Lewis, United Mine Workers of America; David Dubinsky, International Ladies Garment Workers Union; George L. Berry, Printing Pressmen and Assistants Union of North America; W. L. Hutcheson, United Brotherhood of Carpenters: Edward J. Gainor National Association of Letter Carriers; Harry Bates, Bricklayers, Masons and Plasters Union, and Daniel J. Tobin, International Brotherhood of Teamsters All the old members. of Teamsters. All the old members were re-elected. This break with the past is welcome for it allows more latitude to a great potential progressive movement in the Federation.

Opposition to the A. F. of L. old-guard was present however. Resolutions calling for a break with the old parties and placing the Federation on record for a Labor party was introduced by Hugo Ernst of the restaurant workers and others. Other resolutions calling for more militant policies were killed by the parliamentary trickery of the fat boys. So flagrant was this procedure that, the New York Times reported the introducers of the resolutions as joining in the laughter which greeted the old "gag" game. But the forward steps taken such as vertical organiza-tion in mass industries, opposi-tion to Fascism, enlargement of the Executive Council, are more significant as straws in the wind indicating the beginning of an awakening in the ranks of the Federation, rather than a change smash a leadership which has repeatedly sold it out and throttled all possibilities for organizational extention and victorious action for higher standards of living.

Still chained to the Roosevelt chariot, the Green machine attempted to bolster faith in the Administration by having the convention adopt a series of demands to be proffered to the NRA. Pleas for class collaboration were long (Continued on Page 2)

Party Members, Please Comment KUTNIK The Communist International

"There could be nothing more No. 18-September 20, 1934. fatal to the American labor move-"The opinion which had existed that the A. F. of L. is as dead as a doornail, that it is losing its ment in general and to the revolutionary movement in particular than the illusion that the A. F. of L. can no longer grow . . . . The membership, that it will not organize the unskilled workers, that therefore, there is no need to reckon with it has resulted in a American Labor, still too weak to outlook is clearly for an ingress into the trade unions, for sharp-ened class conflicts involving millions of workers in trade unions as well as millions of sorely pressed unorganized. In the course of these struggles the unorganized are

great deal of harm. Such views were at one time expressed among the revolutionary miners' union leaders (at the time when the U. likely to pour into the unions, a decisive force, the leaven germinat-M. W. A. had organized 85 per cent of the entire mining industry), in the textile workers' union and even in the steel union." ing a new spirit of struggle, milican not and will not organize the tancy, and power in these organ-

Bertram Wolfe

"WHAT NEXT IN SPAIN?" Sunday Oct. 21, 8 p. m.—51 W. 14 St.

## The Spanish Revolution

(Continued from Page 1) gress. In the columns of the New masses and the Daily Worker, and pared the defeat of the prole-tariat. It was the Socialist con-fidence in bourgeois democracy, the Socialist insistence on "constitutional legalism"—on playing the
game according to the enemies' cided to enter the Ananza Oprera rules made so that the enemy can- at a meeting of its Central Compossibly lose—that prepared mittee on September 11 and 12, blood bath thru which the 1934, almost a year after their ini-Spanish proletariat, the Socialist tiation and less than three weeks workers more than others, are now before the revolution proke out! wading. It was the Azana govern- Party pamphiets were still on sale ment of socialist-petty-bourgeois at the end of September, declaring Republican collaboration which the Alianza Obrera to be "the placed the present officers in focal point of all reactionary charge of the army. It was the forces and the "holy alliance of Azana government which not only failed to dissolve but even announced its decision publicly on strengthened the shock troops of September 15 and did not even reaction, the Guardia Civil and have time to complete the "face-Guardias de Asalto. It was the saving" negotiations for its en-

coalition government with Largo trance, when the general strike Caballero as Minister of Labor and armed uprising began. The that alienated the masses by em-Guardia Civil against strikes and peasant uprising. It was the Social-Democratic leaders that "persuaded" the peasants to leave the settlement of the land question Revolution to "constitutional and legal" measures, which left the big landowning class intact to form their armed, fascist bands and subsidize and engineer the counter-revolution that has now broken loose in Spain. Three years of Socialist coalition rule left the forces of reaction intact, its economic power undisturbed, its military-political on any of the promises of the Reverence on the Reverence of the apparatus actually strengthened, the problems of the Spanish Revolution and having supressed its of the working masses for prolution unsolved, nay untouched, the masses bewildered, disorientated, disorientated, disillusioned, of September 18th: tated, disheartened, and largely passive, and in some sectors, a alienated from the Republic and the leadership that had fulfilled none of the promises that the 1931 dicalists but these had nothing to Revolution had made. Yet the Socialist youth, the Socialist masses,
and at least one Socialist leader,
and at least one thing from the German and Austrian events. If in Germany the Socialist turn was made after the battle and in Austria at the very zero hour, in Spain it was made at the eleventh hour, just a little snace before the Fascist-clerical

If the Socialist Party did not great left swing began in the ranks of the poverty-stricken, courage-ous, instinctively militant workeris the most dangerous form of somunist Party debating whether or not it should relinquish its precious

proletariat, local soviets on a ready to enter into a "Federation porarily beaten. And to defend it Spanish scale, that led the general of Spanish Republics." Obviously, against imperialist intervention if strike and uprising now in pro-

Revolution

The Revolution was precipitated Socialist minority in the cabinet Hitler." came disorientated, disillusioned, of September 18th: clean abomination, a workers' government. Then the masses turned groups in the country who are

space before the Fascist-clerical reaction lanched its attack.

Responsibility Of The

Responsibility Of The

Responsibility Of The

Responsibility Of The An incompleted revolution either goes forward or backward. It learn from Germany and Austria cannot stand still. On November till the eleventh hour, the Communist Party did not learn till a scant minute before midnight! If there is any country in the world the important self-defeating licans went into the connection. where the impotent, self-defeating licans went into the opposition. from this convention. The raw sectarian line of the Communist Then came press censorship (in material meanwhile for a powerful International has showed its bankruptcy most glaringly, it is Spain!
So feeble was its connection with the masses that the Revolution of 1931 took it by surprise! When the great Socialist and Anarchist union federations with over a million members each swing into action.

International has showed its bankruptcy most glaringly, it is Spain!
Genunciations of El Socialista
by the police), government-protected, armed fascist demonstrations, attacks on labor organizations, hell let loose against the peasantry by members each swing into action.

International has showed its bankruptcy most glaringly, it is Spain!
Spain!

Inen came press censorship (in less than a year more than 94
ruptcy most glaringly, it is Spain!
Socialista
by the police), government-protected, armed fascist demonstrations, attacks on labor organizations, hell let loose against the peasantry by still leave the problem. "Kerensky still leave the problem." members each swung into action, the Guardia Civil. On the other still leave the problem, "Kerensky the Communist Party was again side Alianza Obrera, a united caught nodding over little play-toy red unions of its own! When the lution included virtually all mass organizations and political groups Perspectives of the poverty-stricken, courageous, instinctively militant workerpeasant masses that make up the
Spanish Socialist Party, the Communist Party busied itself sniping
at the leftward-struggling Socialist movement, taking pot shots at
a "cleanly" distance with an airrifie labelled "left social-fascism with political aims in Madrid,
Barcelona, Asturias. At the same

organizations and political groups in the country, (tho the anarchist
leaders were still resisting the entrance of the Syndicalist Unions
nationally and the official Communist Party was only swept in
by the "new turn" in mid-September), and great general strikes
with political aims in Madrid,
Barcelona, Asturias. At the same

leaders were still resisting the entrance of the Syndicalist Unions
is fighting for its life. It has
shown unexampled unity and
solidarity, the greatest united front
of the workers since November
1917. But the revolution has also
shown that even unity and heroism are not enough. Besides unity Barcelona, Asturias. At the same ism are not enough. Besides unity

cial-fascism." The great uprising caught the still diminutive Communist Party debating whether or munist Party debating whether or not it should relinquish its precious toy in favor of more effective weapons pointed in another direction.

When the Socialists, after a bitwhen the Socialists, after a bitter internal fight, joined with the Communist Opposition (Maurin group) and Trotskyites (Nin group which is now breaking with Trotsky on the question of entrance into the Social-Demogracy) and the Basque provinces increased their resistance to the centralizing tendencies of the antirepublican reaction. On October 3, the Lerroux government was force only in Catalonia, Galithus sterile impotence of the sterile im trance into the Social-Democracy) in the Alianza Obrera, formed on Maurin's initiative in Catalonia, and when the Alianza spread like wild fire throughout the Social-Democracy the Lerroux government was formed the Lerroux government was formed with Gil Robles and two other leaders of his clerical-fascist group as members. The answer of the spanish revolution—lack of adequate clarity and leadership. wild fire throughout the Republic Spanish proletariat was the gen- Yet, even if the revolution is and dragged in the Syndacalist as eral strike on Oct. 5, immediately suppressed, the proletariat will well as Socialist unions in all key places, the Communist Party again

The answer of the petty-bourded, underword united than ever, and forgot capitalism and fascism in geoisie was a withdrawal from the the zeal of a furious, impotent war | Cortes and a call to arms to save | Spanish working class has not yet of naughty names against the united front of the Spanish property-bourgeois regional autonomunited front organs of the Spanish separate republic in Catalonia, fury of Fascist terror if it is tem-

# **VOTE COMMUNIST**

uncompromising foe of capitalism, do we call upon all workers to Vote Communist! The Communist

Party, our Party, despite all its vicious ailments of yesterday and

today, espouses those principles

whose adoption by America's toil-

ing millions is the sole guarantee

or the end of wage slavery, must

in this election campaign be sup-

ported by every militant worker.

The Communist Party is the un-

relenting foe of reformism and the

parties of Capitalism. Your vote

for Communism will indicate your

determination to save the Amer-

ican workers from the menace of

Fascism. The agents of Social

Democracy, the Trotskyites, whether in or out of the 2nd International, are disseminating the

filthiest falsehoods about the

Communist Party in an effort to picture the Third International as

bankrupt—no longer "a possible

ism. . . ." The issue in this elec-

as far as this election campaign

Vote Communist: to register

your recognition of the New Deal

is an instrument of Wall Street;

Democracy which leads to defeat

to register your determination to reject the suicidal road of Social-

before the Fascist horde, and to

emulate the Russian workers

whose road led to victory—te

OPEN MEETING

"The YCL and the New Turn"

Min Lurye

Oct. 24, 1934—8:30 P. M.

STUYVESANT CASINO

Auspices: Communist Youth

(Opposition)

For

**Breakfast** 

Lunch

Dinner

or a

Southern

Waffle

**Midnite** 

**Patronize** 

Bradley's

Cafeteria

6th Avenue

& 14th Street

instrument to overthrow Capital-

in the coming election! Vote Communist! The Commun ist Party, standing firmly on the foundations of revolutionary Marxism, is the only party representing the interests of the American workers and farmers. The Communist Party (Opposition) takes this occasion to point out to the workers of New York that it is fully behind the election campaign being waged by the Communist Party. While we have in the sharpest fashion fought against policies and practices of the official Party which have been and are today detrimental to its own advance and also of the class it represents, the basic principles upheld by the Communist Party are our principles as well. Because, the Communist Party is the only tion is clear: Communism versus Party in the elections which is an Capitalism. The American "Trotskyites" tell us they prefer neither,

### C. P. G. Sends Letter To **Communist Opposition**

(Continued from Page 1) by the great bourgeoisie in attempt- | Party | leadership | maintains—we ing a "legal" transition to fascism, ask you to tell your followers in the Socialist petty-bourgeois coalition government established by the Revolution of 1931 with a Socialist majority in parliament and a letariat for the joint overthrow of the pro-

"The CC of the CP is at all

### A. F. of L. Meet Endorses Vertical Unionism

(Continued from Page 1) and frequent. No radical depar-

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### The Road to Communism

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## Three Steps Forward — Two Steps Backward by Bertram D. Wolfe

All party members and sympathizers should study the unsigned editorial article printed in No. 18 of the Communist International under the title "The Brandlerites and their Letter to the E.C.C.I." True, imperfectly, it is being abandoned. And geois exceptionalism prevents the real dissome of it is already outdated since it was written prior to the formation of a bloc between the German Communist Party and the German Communist Opposition. Yet it is a document of great importance for HOW NOT TO four reasons:

1. It is the first public document of the Communist International in six years ad- change its line without democratic discus- clarity will be furthered. dressed to the International Communist Opsion. A party that values the quality of its

circumstances co-operation is possible between the Communist Oppositions and the

masses cannot change its line by diplomacy, tude towards the Socialist Parties, proconspiratively, behind the backs of the
posing genuine united fronts (not merely
posing genuine united fronts (not

tion that under certain circumstances the re-admission of the sections of the International Communication of the Internation of the International Communication of the Internation of the International Communication of the Internation of the International Communication of the Internation of the Internation of the Internation of the Internation of the In

"THREE STEPS FORWARD"

The petty misrepresentations that take and an earnest effort to regain the configuration of the article should not blind the dence of those sections of the proletariat terms as: "The Rights denied the necessity up much of the article should not blind the dence of those sections of the proletariat readers to that which is new in it. The that have been alienated. misrepresentations, tho somewhat toned down, are "old stuff". But the article as torial in the "Communist International" is what good is served by the juggling in the a whole, is not "old stuff". And that concerned rather with the reputed Chinese which is new is of fundamental importance. diplomatic sport of "saving face."

First: There is the declaration:

no objections to the meetings proposed

Second: There is the suggestion that "the only thing that could bring useful

Third: Here is the recognition that certain political prerequisites exist for negotiations on such (i.e. Communist)

When we bear in mind that till recently the official parties and International would have no relations with the Opposition (except those involved in name-calling) no conferences, no united fronts, no debates or discussions, except where mass pressure occasionally forced such relations, then the above statements represent a startling change, three big steps forward.

WHAT HAS CAUSED THE CHANGE?

Under the irresistible pressure of events the Communist International has been A DISCUSSION forced to make a sharp turn in the direction of the trade union, united front, and mass work tactics advocated by the Communist Opposition. It becomes increasingly impossible to attack our policies as "counter-revolutionary" while the International a genume discussion needs clarity. It is cies. It is increasingly impossible to keep on denouncing the Communist Opposition and at the same time reeducate the parties to adopt the tactics for which that Oppo-

## The Comintern Answers the International Communist Opposition and National Textile Union in America, and the Scottish Red Miners Union, and have led the German Communist Party to cooperate with us in building non-partisan Communist Opposition

iecting that tactical line.

CORRECT MISTAKES

2. It is the first admission in any official organ of the Comintern that under certain circumstances co-operation is possible be respective Communist parties.

3. It contains the first official declaraganized workers by a union-splitting dual ping the unhappy formulation of "social declarational Communist Opposition into the Comintern is possible.

A In many respects it is a model of the continuous openly announcing their abandonment, giving guarantees that they will not we welcome its adoption. But what value 4. In many respects it is a model of how be repeated in the future. What is needed is there in attacking us for having advocatnot to further such joint work and how not to bring about Communist unity.

By The Hard Tespects to is a model of now not to further such joint work and how is an open declaration that the line is being changed, a genuine, democratic discussion preliminary to the 7th World Congress and impression that the new line is not sincere? party conventions, a serious attempt to re- Why construe our demands for united front

Unfortunately, instead of this, the edi-

It is "face-saving" that makes the editorial maintain that there is no change of ideological fight these past five or six years "The Communist Parties of Germany, line in the very article that gives number-France, U.S.A. and Switzerland will have less evidences of the change. It is "facesaving" that causes the editorial to maintain that the line has been right all of the past six years when it is necessary to edu-face-saving and confusion in place of clarity cate the parties as to why it has been wrong and to convince the masses that the errors WHAT LINE DO WE results would be for each national group of the Brandlerite-Lovestoneite Association to apply to the C.C. of the corresit not high time to give some thought to the wise words of Lenin on the method of correcting mistakes?

"The attitude of a political party toward its own mistakes is one of the seriousness of the party and of how it the editorial: fulfills in practice its obligations to"The prowards its class and towards the toiling masses. To admit a mistake openly, to disclose its reasons, to analyse the conditions which gave rise to it, to study attentively the means of correcting it these are signs of a serious party. . .

Inese words of Lenin are as true as ever and they make all such considerations as "tace-saving" seem quite unworthy of a movement which takes seriously its connection with the masses.

NEEDS CLARITY

After retusing to discuss with us for six years, the article makes some attempt at discussion. This is to be welcomed. But is beginning to adopt many of those polinot neithed by a deliberate confusion of the line of "the last six years" with the line of the s xth year, or of the past three months.

sition has been denounced. Nor is it any artificially manufactured differences are united front call of the E.C.C.I. we hailed longer possible to maintain that these tac- fished out of the abandoned junk pile and when it appeared, as the first big step we welcome the postponement of the tical proposals were departures from Com- trotted out again in their stead. What away from sectarianism and back to a Lenmunist fundamentals and differences "on good purposes is served by exhibiting once inist line on the united front. The discissibility exists for clear, comradely discussions of the control of the contr princ ple" when the International itself more those hoary falsehoods and slanders pline of the Comintern we have always been sion, for growing unity in joint work, for an auopts the proposals. In brief, the sectar-that Brandler believed in the "peaceful ready to accept provided only that it is the restoration of inner party democracy, auopts the proposals. In brief, the sectarian line of the past five or six years has
social-Democracy", or that Lovestone "deSocial-Democracy", or that Lovestone "deSocial-Democracy" of American

That Brandler beneved in the peacetar ready to accept provided only that the based on genuine democratic centralism.

But "the chief decisions on tactics" is an oppositions in the Seventh \* Comrade Brandler had written to the Ex- fended the bourgeois theory of American other question. ecutive Committee of the Communist International Communist Opposition proposition of fraternal delegates from the Opmission of fraternal delegates from the Op
recutive Committee of the Communist International in and prosperity (!) and prosperity (!) and would congress, which we hope will heal the congress, which we hope will heal Which tactics must we accept? The tactics of united from the congress, which we hope will heal which tactics must we accept? The tactics of united from tactics of united from tactics of today? The decisions based on the theory of "social fasmission of fraternal delegates from the Opmission of frat position to the 7th World Congress; (2) such words as "renegade" and "counter-cism" or those based on the latest instruc-leadership, and correct in its policies, an Cooperation between official parties and volutionist" is to be welcomed. But why, if tions of the Communist Party of Germany International equal to its mighty tasks. Opposition in joint struggle; (3) Discussion mud-slinging is abandoned in its wholesale as to attitude toward the socialist workers?

of tactical differences with a view to elimform, should it be continued in retail? It The tactics that split the trade unions and

Editor's Note:—In the next issue Com-World Congress, on an international scule. spect of the masses?) but, and this is more are dissolving the National Miners Union and Democratic Centralism.

this inevitably involves a new attitude to- cussion of our still existing differences on wards those who were expelled for rea smoke screen, namely the question of me-chanical transference of tactics from land to land without considering the concrete peculiarities of each country. Let us ra-A party of democratic centralism cannot ther discuss this in earnest and unity and

educate party members and sympathizers, and an effort to win the leftward moving for a most determined struggle against the for the leftward moving socialist workers? Who if not we have been carrying on the against Austro-Marxism? And still worse, what purpose is served in the next sentence by the equivocal condemnation of the "united front from above"? Once more,

> SUPPORT? The article informs us that the reunification we have been fighting for is possible. Quite properly it attempts to state the Comintern's demands and preliminary

the Communist Parties and the Comin- ity." stone and Bringolf, each one individually, accept the decisions of the Thirteenth Plenum of the E.C.C.I.? If Brandler and Co., desire unity with the Comintern . . . they must openly and publicly recognize the correctness of the Comintern, of its program, of the decisions of its Congresses, of its last decisions regarding the united front and on Germany, and its tactics and discipline.'

A tall order! The program of the Com-It does not help to clarify the actual to draft it, have defended it at all times tactical differences that still remain when and never ceased to stand upon it. The

underground class trade unions in Ger-

As to the Congresses and Plenums, which shall we accept, the decisions of the 6th World Congress, which was a transition and compromise congress or the decisions jected all the good and systematically raised all the bad in the 6th World Congress into a sectarian ultraleftist system? And can we both accept the tactical decisions of the Tenth Plenum on social fascism, united front from below and unionsplitting, and the decisions of the Communist Parties of Austria, France, and Germany which begin to correct them and in many cases to interpret them out of exist-

As to the Thirteenth Plenum, does the editorial writer want us to accept all its decisions? Does he? Does the Comintern still accept all its decisions? The Thirteenth Plenum resolutions contain the form-

"Social Democracy continues to be the MAIN social prop of capitalism even in countries of open fascist dictator-

Can we accept that? Do you accept it? It is true of most countries where bourgeois democracy prevails. It has never to date been true of the United States where the main social prop is the two-party system. It certainly cannot be squared in Germany with your invitation to the undervery next line which smuggles in Otto Bauer ground socialists to cooperate with you in a struggle against fascism.

There is Kuusinen's formulation at the 13th Plenum:

"Against Social Democracy, for the united front with the working masses.' Can we accept that? Do you?

At the 13th Plenum Weinstone's proposal for a federation of independent trade unions was approved. We cannot support that, and there can be no fundamental tactical agreement on trade union work in America so long as union-splitting continues. Even the dissolution of the T.U. U.L. unions is not enough. Our agreement, when it comes, must be for constructive conditions in political terms. But again trade union work, to build the mass unions, most important and surest criteria of the confusion in place of clarity. I quote from to strengthen them and to win them for progressive and militant policies, not to "The program, the chief decisions of split them again at the next "opportun-

tern on tactics and principles, have been Is it not clear that what is needed is published . . . tremendous importance is not a wholesale endorsement of all tactical attached to the call of the E.C.C.I. on decisions good and bad alike, but an earn-March 5, 1933, in connection with the est review of all the decisions of the last united front, and its decision of April six years, a genuine discussion and then 1, 1933, regarding the situation in Ger- an open correction of those that were ermany. Do Brandler and Company ac- roneous and the consolidation of the cept these decisions? Do Brandler, Loveline by the 7th World Congress? Your editorial says:

"If Brandler and Co. really intend to raise this question, why wait for the Seventh World Congress?"

Is this not rather frivolous and unworthy when we remember that our letter was written to the Comintern just before the 7th World Congress was postponed!

We desire unity, as we always have. And we desire the unity to be sound and the basis to be the healthy one of democratic centralism and a correct tactical line. But Seventh World Congress so that the pos-World Congress, which we hope will heal

insting them, if possible, and re-establish not only relards unity (how could our par-built the R.G.O., the T.U.U.L. and other rade Wolfe will conclude his comment on ing Communist Unity. The letter requested ty accept an advocate of "crooked com- such unfortunate federations of member- the article in No. 18 of the Communist International Communication Communist International Communication conferences in each country, and, at the 7th merc al methods" and still deserve the re- less unions? Or the tactical decisions that ternational by a discussion of "Discipline

The Joint Council of Knitgoods ment for its members. The aim of Unionism to be given every bers who cannot attend the central charge to union members.

Monday evening. In addition, school, courses in American History through lectures always and Dramatics tory, Unionism and English will headed by Albert Bell, Director. bers, through lectures, classes and literature a union consciousness, loyal and intelligent support of the union and an understanding of the problems confronting the work-

Knitgoods Union Sets Up ers in the knitgoods industry and in the general labor movement.

Educational Dep't

A central school will be started forum at which prominent leaders will also be organized gymnasium

JOIN THE CPO-Nelson is General Manager, has this school, there will be classes ment.

t the Union Headquarters, 28 in the labor field will lecture on and swimming classes for m Workers Union, of which Louis Graham Avenue, Brooklyn. At various aspects of the labor move- and women. established an educational depart- in American History and Elements | For the convenience of the mem- tion will be provided free

All classes, lectures and instr

NEW DEAL AND AMERICAN LABOR Sun., Oct. 28, 8 p.m.—51 W. 14 St.

um	JOIN THE CLO-
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Tucker P. Smith

# Trotsky's Road to Social Democracy

History has a reputation for playing strange tricks but surely no turn of events was ever so startling-or at least appeared so Fourth Internationaltheir fundamental criticism of the Communist International always nounced that the "Stalinist" Com-"And now suddenly they famous "eleven points" embody-right-about-face and land ing the hallowed dogmas of the both feet in that very camp. Trotskyist faith. How then was In France the handful of disciples of the "Master" have officially proclaimed their entry into the S. F. I. O. (French Socialist had grown indistinguishable from Party), not, of course, without another split and another inner crisis. over to this very Second Inter-In Czechoslovakia, they have done national? the same. In Great Britain, the Trotskyites had entered the left
Socialist Independent Labor Party
some months before. In the United
States, they are now negotiating

Trotskyist Reasons
For Capitulation

The arguments the Trotskyites
offer in extenuation are hardly for unity with Muste's American convincing, however glittering and Workers Party, a group somewhat pretentious they may be. Cersimilar in complexion to the I. L. tainly they are hardly the argu-P. And where, as in Belgium, the local Trotskyites have not yet taken the decisive step themselves, they are hastening to endorse the political conduct of their comrades in other lands.

taking they are hardly the arguments we have been accustomed to hear from Trotsky. Is it a justification for joining the Social-democracy that the Trotskyite Communist League is small and weak and cannot be effective in-

"Left" Opposition Embraces Second International

at first sight—as the recent action of the French Trotskyites in giving up their independent existence and joining the Socialist Party.

Stepping Stone To Second

About a year or so before this desperate act of political suicide, and joining the Socialist Party.

The property of the French Trotskyites in giving up their independent existence and joining the Socialist Party.

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mounced that the "Stalinist" Communist parties had gone the way of the old Socialist parties and the old Socialist International. A new Communist organization of the "Stalinites"? Have they not always affected a superior for the Communist Opposi
"Fourth International" was it not Trotsky who always lectured us on the absolute indispensability of political and organizational independence for any Communist organization claiming a revolutionary roll of the leben of the communist opposition of the Communist Opposiscorn for the Communist Opposi"Fourth International," was the self-righteous scorn of great political need of the day
"Was it not Trotsky who so savtion, the self-righteous scorn of simon-pure Communists for back-sliding opportunists "with one foot in the camp of Social-demo-for this Fourth International—the ous stages of the Chinese revolu-

by Will Herberg

real strength of a revolutionary ternational for alleged infractions of this inviolable principle at various stages of the Chinese revoluous stages of the Chinese revolution and in the episode of the Anglo-Soviet Unity Committee?

Or is it much of a justification to point to the undeniable menace of Fascism and the need for proletarian unity? Fascism was an letarian unity? Fascism was an even graver menace in Germany in 1932 but it never occurred to Trotsky to urge the German Communists or even his own followers munists or even his own followers to return to the Social-democracy.

Reseign the cold: Note the Social Sistency of our uncompromising men of principle! In their indigment of principle the canticipated is to be obtained by unity of action on the basis of joint agreements and not by self-stultifying attempts to reconcile the irreconcilable within the framework of one political organization. Or has his views and those of the Social

Labor Groups Score Fascism

in New York on Friday, October 12, as working class groups af-filiated to the Columbus Day Unfascist demonstrators in Columbus Circle and hurled their defiance and anger at Fascist publicity stunts in the United States. The

upon you, and the American work-About 5000 anti-Fascist demonstrators who attended the rally Fascist forces in America.' heard Fascism, its American proponents, and the role of the Italian Joseph Lash of the Student L. I. Speakers included: Hugo Oehler, Communist League; Sizemore, I. dents of New York University who W. W.; Saul Held, Communist incurred the wrath of President Party (Opposition); Gomberg, Young Peoples Socialist League, etc. The speeches of Oehler and many speeches both camps retired Sizemore were marred by their to Yankee Stadium and its vicin "theoretical" tangents. Oheler in- ity. sisted that a 4th International was a prerequisite for a successful YCL Sulks fight against Fascism while Size- Cops Club more boosted the stock of his own In the vicinity of Yankee Sta-

by Herbert Dawn

occasion for this anti-Fascist protest demonstration was the projected ceremonies before the Columbus monument in the Circle, in which over 300 Italian students which over 300 Italian students visiting the United States were to be welcomed by Governor Lehman and other "dignitaries." The ceremonies were held, but the youthful emissaries of Mussolini's propaganda machine failed to appear. Negotiations for unity were under way in the batting of an eye-lash, ganda machine failed to appear. | Into the Fascist hell, because the were promised a glorious future of The Circle assumed the aspect jobs and happiness, have witnessed of a battlefront, as the radical more than 15 years of Fascist rule of a battlefront, as the radical youth and adult organizations affiliated to the United Front Committee massed before a truck equipped with loud speakers, flaunting banners with the slogans, "Stamp Out Fascism," "Fascism We here have learned valuation and work camps, them We here have learned valuation and work camps, found themselves too more than 15 years of Fascist rule in Italy and over one year in Germany. We have seen this younger skyites to address a united demonstration—prisoners of their program? On the one hand, a dismonstration—prisoners of their program? On the one hand, a dismonstration—prisoners of their program? On the one hand, a dismonstration—prisoners of their program? On the one hand, a dismonstration—prisoners of their program? On the one hand, a dismonstration—prisoners of their program? On the one hand, a dismonstration—prisoners of their program? On the one hand, a dismonstration—prisoners of their program? On the one hand, a dismonstration—prisoners of their program? On the one hand, a dismonstration—prisoners of their program? On the one hand, a dismonstration—prisoners of their program? On the one hand, a dismonstration—prisoners of their program? On the one hand, a dismonstration—prisoners of their program? On the one hand, a dismonstration—prisoners of their program? On the one hand, a dismonstration—prisoners of their program? On the one hand, a dismonstration—prisoners of their program? On the other, a crude and one program? On the other, a crud figurating banners with the slogans, "Stamp Out Fascism," "Fascism Means Tyranny & War," hurled their indictment of Fascism across the Circle. Separated by a cordon of Pol'ce the Fascist camp clustered about the base of the Columbus monument brandished their heavy wooden canes and attempted to charge the anti-Fascist forces as the loud speakers blared forces as th ganda and activities in America. their presence to the Fascist A. F. of L. officialdom in the in- and so, by the process of extension determined and eloquent fashion. In Europe, our organization was No direct clash occurred. No doubt the very first to point the way for the very first to point the very first but the Fascist forces were disappointed at their inability to attack the radical vouth forces gran the organization of an illegal and so, by the process of extension, and more attack the radical vouth forces gran the organization of an illegal and so, by the process of extension, the victorious working class action.

The Young Communist League, not to be outdone, and more plant to point the way for the process of extension, did the Trotskyite groups outside cooperating with the official Communist Party in the interests of pleased to parade as the only of the process of extension, and more plant to point the way for the process of extension, and the park.

General Defense Committee. Non-Partizan Labor Defense, Young Peoples Socialist League, munist Youth Opposition, Il Proletario Group, Il Martello Group. \_

izations (C. P. and S. P.) are the powerful one, the one guarantee-ing the greater freedom of action—the S. P.? Apparently Trot-connection with class struggles in sky has forgotten the lectures he once read to Urbahns and his friends on the fundamental distincdium shortly after the Columbus the spot, too, and the two working class anti-fascist lines passed one another on the street as a furious we can do no less than to reexchange of invitations for "united commend to the Trotsky of today front" wafted to and fro. Were it his own words of yesterday! more truly the tail-end of a Russian faction.

way to get inside is to join the S. P. So runs the next line of

both unprincipled and impractical.

To trade political principles for

a place in the sun of the united

front is a strange course to be ad-

vocated by the "uncompromising" and "intransigent" Trotsky. And like all "clever" and "practical"

the omnipotent Stalin can keep

them out of a united labor front:

nation over the (anticipated) political surrender of the "Stalin-

lesson in revolutionary irreconcil-

Not unconscious of the weakness

not for its tragic aspects one was sorely tempted to howl with laughter at its ludicrous aspects. The Pending Merger With The A. W. P. Here in the United States the

However startling the new de-The following organizations parture of Trotskvism may appear avoid any of this taint, they religiously abstained from any direct contact with the class struggle and altogether as a surprise to those who have eyes to see and minds prided themselves on their sterile American workers Party, Socialist Party, Communist League, Communist Party (Opposition). Il Marte & Group, I. W. W., Italian Republican Party, Young Circle League, Communited to its national conference (see the November 1, General Defense Committee)

The Birth Of The Fourth International But towards the end of 1932 the whole situation changed. The succession of the Workers Accounts of th American Workers Party, to understand. Almost a year ago, 1933 issue of the Workers Age, whole situation changed. The suc-

Discussion Supplement): the present realignment of forces in the international catastrophe came to naught. The labor movement is the trans-formation of Trotskyism from (Continued on Page 7) formation of Trotskyism from

a tendency in world Commun-ism to the ideological focal point of a new international centrist concentrations.

And in its resolution adopted by the Plenum of the Communist Party (Opposition) on July 1,

"After the mortal blows dealt to reformism in Germany and Austria, Trotskyism became the most virulent source of a now centrist-reformist ideology. ..... The Trotskyites are developing the theory that the hope of the working class lies in the fictitious regeneration of Social-democratic parties and in some cases are there-. fore preparing to go headlong

Thus on the basis of our own fundamentally correct analysis of labor movement, we were able to foretell a year in advance the ulimate political suicide of Trotsky-Of course, when we made this forecast, we met with the most vigorous protestations of Communist virtue on the part of the virulent attacks upon us because of our "baseless slanders." Well, life

Why was it possible warn in advance of where the Trotskvite road would lead? How surrender themselves—and well in advance at that! This is a new are we to explain this new departure in the light of the whole history of Trotskyism?

of their defense, the Trotskyites The Sham of Trotskyist bring out their main political justi-

Nothing about Trotskyism can izations (C. P. and S. P.) are the same—they are both Centrist grasped that the much vaunted parties. Why not, therefore, join "internationalism" of the Trotskythe more promising one, the more ites is a fraud and a sham and

Russian Trotskyism

Up to 1933 Trotskyism at home way in the batting of an eye-lash, but the Young Communist League, long notorious for its "United Front" wallings stood sheepishly ever, will not be termed Communist League, with the Mustelles into a "new of an eventual failure of the First revolutionary party," which, however, will not be termed Communities of the entire Soviet econin opposition to permitting representatives of the CPO and Trotskyites to address a united deprogram? On the one hand, a disnot remember the days, not so appointed at their inability to attack the radical vouth forces who held their ground in disciplined fashion. Infuriated by the red banners, by the determined youthspanners, by the determined youthspanners, by the determined youthspanners and the militant speeches in Italian and English, the American disciples of Mussolini could but vent their rage by attack the radical vouth forces attack on the police cordon which resulted in considerable skull clubbing. This saved the working class, to work with us in the common struggle. Such unity its solutions. For the Trotsky-ties, however, it constitutes the police cordon which resulted in considerable skull clubbing. This saved the working class, to work with us in the common struggle. Such unity its solutions. For the Trotsky-toenstites, however, it constitutes the police cordon which resulted in considerable skull clubbing. This saved the working class, to work with us in the dual unionism. For the Trotsky-toenstites, however, it constitutes the after a frontal attack on the police cordon which resulted in considerable stand on the police cordon which resul In their extreme anxiety to par ure of Trotskvism may appear avoid any of this taint, they religiexistence as a small propaganda

cess of the First Five Year Plan "A very significant phase of was definite and sure and all of

# Youth Labor Under the NRA Codes

by Saul Held

When the NRA codes were being written by the "hard boiled business men" the ever-pressing when that, which was attempted labor was but one blow in a series yesterday by stealth, was brazenly and openly sanctified by the Roosevelt Administration in the Apprenticeship—The Key

form of a national apprenticeship—The Rey
scheme.

"Apprenticeship Proposal Seeks
Place In Industry For 100,000
Younger Workers" one newspaper informs us. And, Secretary "Ma"
Porking is hear graphing in the Administration was selling itself as "production was selling itself as Perkins is busy scurrying about "humanitarian" deed, while the setting up state boards empowered carefully laid plans for creating a regulations for the interpretation to supervise the absorption of source of labor below code minithousands of youngsters into in- mums remained unadvertised and dustry. But what is behind this the germs of which were buried

Seeking A New Supply of Cheap Labor The industrial lessons of the past labor being dropped like hot coals quarter century were not forgotten the time was opportune for more when B'g Business sat down to efficient and less hidden action in write the codes. That great age- line with creating this cheap supshifts had occurred in the indus-trial working force during this ship system is today being hur-period, that the industrial popula-riedly created—a source of labor tion resembled a candle which was whose compensation shall be far elimination of the very young and the pertinent facts in the case. the old worker), and the causes codes. Thus it was recognized that, oblivion:

Apprenticeship - A Menace to American Unionism need upon Big Business for a child labor could no longer be plentiful and very cheap supply of utilized for highly mechanized inlabor, as "jockies" for the "billion dustry because the industrial plant wild horses" of industry, was not demanded greater endurance and forgotten. Many little windows in the code edifices were left wide be found in adolescents; secondly, open so that an abundant supply the most desirable source of cheap youth labor could be stealthily labor is to be found in that agesmuggled into the industrial plant. group possessing the essential labor But scarcely had the first year of specifications—the younger workthe New Deal become history ers; thirdly, the abolition of child

latest scheme, and how does it fit into the New Deal's larger pattern?

deeply in the code provisions. But now, with labor on the defensive battling on the ancient ground of collective bargaining for union ism's very life, and the Blue Eagle's pretenses at being pro

being burnt at both ends (the below code minimums. Here are Even a cursory examination o underlying this process found the codes plainly indicates that in frank acknowledgement in the dustrial child labor is headed for

Third year ......48%

Fourth year .......51%

We are quite certain that five year

periods are not essential for the

acquisition of average skill in any

particular trade. It is hardly to the

eredit of the American Federation

of Labor, in this connection, that it

retains its antiquated notions of

apprenticeship, thus playing direct-

Employers have already utilized

the absence of safeguards for learners and the menace of the

Codes Codes with 18-year minimum for all employment Codes with upper limit of 18 and lower limit of 16 Codes with basic 16-year minimum, with unspecified occs. prohibited under 18 years

MINIMUM AGE PROVISIONS IN 468 CODES

Codes with miscellaneous provisions higher than

16 years Codes with 16-year minimum for all employment Codes with exemptions allowing employment of

From the meagre information at hand all indications are that industrial child labor has been eliminated to a very large extent from

A Restful Haven for

Open Shoppers
When it come to the problem of the older ranks of youth labor, that most precious section of the laboring force for big industry the plans were far less "humanitarian." Beginning with the Cotton Textile Code, we find that this code set no limit upon the number of workers who might be classed "new apprenticeship" assumes conas learners or, the bottom wage crete form. "Vocational Schools which might be paid them. We Watched By Market" the Journa' discover that youngsters have of Commerce of May 16th informs worked for weeks as "learners" us. In the needlecraft industry without getting a single penny ir many manufacturers in small comcompensation. Courtenay Dinwid- munities find it difficult to secure die has reported that "Closely rel- numbers of trained operatives (sic) ated to the learner provisions, are to run new machinery. Further: lower war ra'e for juvenile employees, usually defined in the codes as workers under 18. Such a wage differentiation, especially in industries or departments of industries where the work can be learned easily within a few weeks, tends to encourage the employment of low paid iuvenile workers in place of more higher paid adults . . . "
(my emphasis—S. H.) The code for the iron and steel industry exempts learners from the minimum wage rate without any safeguards whatever. Examining the apprentice provisions in the codes we are struck by the excessively long neriods specified in some codes for the apprenticeship period (photoengraving, plastering, etc.). Typical of such codes is the one for the Heating, Piping, and Air Conditioning. The training period is five years and the following per centages of a journeyman steam fitters wage are specified as the

First year ......32% Second year ......36%

Scrapping All Code Provisions From the few facts cited above t is very clear as to the kind of cheap labor supply being created under the NRA. The codes contain nnumerable loopholes which will enable employers to take full advantage of a golden opportunity. It is to be noted that wherever indirected against small business. dentured apprenticeship programs are set up by an employer, all code

> f certain labor provisions of codes f fair competition as they may effect apprentice training procrams in industry, and the meat of it is contained in the following

an association of employers tion of the trends we observed in which provides for at least the last few decades. 2,000 hours of reasonably continuous employment for such for labor? Another lever by which person and his participation in trade associations hope to pry an approved program of train-

ing as hereinabove provided. "3. A Committee shall be established by the Secretary of ment of Labor. Nothing could be clearer! That

which has stealthily been attempted in the Codes, is now brazenly ned for many years. ed as an apprentice by any sanctified in unequivocal terms. Amember of an industry subject side from the desire of Big Busimum wage, or for any time in for reasons given above, there are contemplates taking such steps. excess of the maximum hours several other factors, which spur training program approved by working age" (Soule). Secondly abor be defeated

ductivity per industrial unit. Insuch Agency, until and unless such certificate is revoked.

"2. The term "Apprentice," as used herein shall mean a person of at least 16 years of age. son of at least 16 years of age line material to man the industrial who has entered into a written plant. It is difficult, therefore, to contract with an employer or envisage anything but an accelera-

What are the wider implications

unionism from the workers' tenacious grasp, thru the supplanting of older workers by younger ones, trained by the trade associations Labor to advise such Secretary in the exercise of the powers herein conferred, and to perherein conferred to the conferre form such other functions as the Secretary may direct. Such Committee shall be composed of Committee shall be composed of one or more representatives of ficiaries of the "new apprenticethe Office of Education, the Na- ship" will be the big industries; it tional Recovery Administration, will soon be apparent that despite and the United States Depart- the social-worker sweetness of the advance publicity on this program, it is an objective for which Big Business has dreamed of and plan-

Will the young men of the Civil to a Code of Fair Competition ress for the creation of such a industry too? Already the rumors at a wage lower than the min-slave system of apprenticeship multiply that the Administration

excess of the maximum hours of labor, established in such code. if such member shall have obtained from an agency to be obtained from a control of the factors, which spur on this new slave plan for youth is another "New Deal" menace to labor! Only if the trade unions obtained from an agency to be designated or established by the Secretary of Labor, a certificate over 20. There will be a rise in the ship and fight now for trade unions of the ship and fight now for trade unions of the ship and fight now for trade unions of the ship and fight now for trade unions of the ship and fight now for trade unions of the ship and fight now for trade unions of the ship and fight now for trade unions of the ship and fight now for trade unions of the ship and fight now for trade unions of the ship and fight now for trade unions of the ship and the permitting such person to be proportion of those between 20 and control of apprenticeship can this employed in conformity with a 45, who are of the most effective the conformity with a 45, who are of the conformity with

# The American League Congress

Being a member of the CP, and incidentally not of the Opposition, I should have liked to give my Second U. S. Congress against War and Fascism, which I attended, in the official organ of my Party, the Daily Worker. But I is an article telling that it was the broadest united front in history, not dominated by any group, with be gotten in a campaign against literature. It was selling a pamphiliterature. It was selling a pamphiliterature. It was selling a pamphiliterature. perfect harmony and unity of all was and fascism. elements in the historic struggle against war and fascism. I leave to those who wish to lie, to distort facts and delude themselves, credentials committee, he pulled a to write such articles and in this piece of political chicanery by lyway hinder the formation of a real ing about the number of delegates down the masses. Such terroristic united front along a clear and acceptable minimum program. There
11 from the SP officially,—at anfore, wanting to give my true im-pressions and criticism of the were told there were 4—105 from Congress, I recognize that only the Workers' Age, of all working class 4 from the Jewish Workers Party, papers, would print it, and use it, he concluded by saying "and from

could not find words to express it. 'The growth of the vocation | the delegates who were not memal school for training factory bers either of the Party, the operatives is the outgrowth of Y. C. L., or the Party-controlled the denial by code authorities of

is that schools have been started intended to break in young people to fit themselves for factory employment. They may or not be paid for what they the fraternal delegates, numberate the product their laders of every organization is exactly what nappened at the first session Saturday morning, and Dr. Harry Ward, the non-not do, because we would see that the fraternal delegates, numberate the product their leaders in tavor of the Congress, did exactly as Browder said he would.

The delegates left with the highest pixel as they would ston war that they had established the manner of every organization is exactly what nappened at the first session Saturday morning, and Dr. Harry Ward, the non-party front of the Congress, did exactly as Browder said he would.

impressions and criticism of the cluded the vast number of 121 am aware that the only thing the certainly indicative of the almost Daily would print on the Congress negligible influence of the Party

When Donald Henderson, C.P. member, gave the report of the not to fight against communism, 'he Communist Party Opposition but as a weapon in the struggle one delegate." The audience for unity. for unity.

First of all, the united front was impotent group sending a single person. This is what Henderson wanted. But what they did not But comrades, especially you who known was that there were at were at the Congress, you know least six delegates who had been what a fraud this is. It is doubt-

ful if there were ten per cent of representing branches of the CPO. Before the Congress a fraction was nothing more than a grand meeting of all Party members was and enthusiastic demonstration. Held at the Workers School of The delegates had nothing to say mass organizations. The tremend-Chicago with Browder reporting. in formulating the line of the Conthe denial by code authorities of exemptions for employing additional apprentices above duly regulated numbers. There has recently been a valid reason for of the strength of the strength of the strength of the Congress.

The denial by code authorities of mass organizations. The tremend-ous applications. The tremend-ous applications. The tremend-ous applications of the C. P. Of course, there was no discussion at all on the political line of the Communist fraction of the Congress. One thing that cannot be denied is the steam roller tactics that were used at the least sign of op-open control of the congress. There has the total of learners the total of learners are the steam of the congress. adding to the total of learners below the status of regularly constituted apprentices. No procession has been made for this class of workers.

"In various towns and cities" of the strength of the Congress, adding to the total of learners but of the weakness. Here was shown the narrowness of the Congress. It is not enough for the credentials committee to report that there were 247 from Defense that the there were used at the least sign of opposition to the Party line. This was shown especially at the Youth Congress, when an anarchist who said she represented a caucus of the congress that the there were the congress that the the there were used at the least sign of opposition to the Party line. class of workers.

"In various towns and cities there has recently been noticeably increased activity to enlist ably increased activity to enlist that there were 247 from Defense and Civil Rights Organizations of the Lovestoneites made any nominations, they would be killed by the nominating committee, and if they were made from the floor, was clamped down without sixual and content of the support of the Soviet Union's inner policy. She was clamped down without a committee, and if they were made from the floor, was clamped down without a committee, and if they were made from the floor, was clamped down without a committee, and if they were made from the floor, was clamped down without a committee, and if they were made from the floor, was clamped down without a committee, and if they were made from the floor, was clamped down without a committee, and if they were made from the floor, was clamped down without a committee. the aid of local Government officials in increasing employment
in those communities. The result
is that schools have been startintegral of local Government of picture of the Congress's composition could only be gotten if the
chairman would refer the
nomination to the Nominating
Committee of the Presidium. This
is exactly what happened at the
first cassion Saturday morning.

> Fascism, so that the American | could do so, then they would be The trade union delegation in- workers would be armed for the right,

struggle against it. Delegate after marine strike areas and from the South, got up and said, "We have them. The American League itself added to this confused and let called "California's Brown Book," which is a detailed account

of terror in California, starting rule as that now scourging Germany may seem far away, yet this fascism which stamps out every last vestige of civil rights, is now showing itself throughout America—with the State of California one of the areas of greatest intensity.

According to such a definition, then over 1,000 years before the dawn of this epoch Charlemagne was a Fascist although Fascism we were told, is the last stand of the epoch of imperialism.

The delegates came from all lover the country, and the Congress

hands are engaged in making is 430 from the IWO, Russian Na- As for the Congress itself, one united front that would stop war intended for sale by those tional Mutual Aid Society, etc., would have expected at least a and defeat the fascists. And if a private employers that supply from all different branches, lanchear definition of the meaning of lot of applause and wild cheering learners minimum wage: the raw materials for produc- guages, and cities.

## THE NRA BOOSTS TRUSTIFICATION

WORKERS AGE

A fierce debate has been raging amongst the highlypaid economists as to the effect of the NRA on the immediate economic situation.

No doubt the NRA has had some effect as an artificial stimulant. The Government has spent many hundreds of millions of dollars in a desperate effort to set in motion the wheels of production. In the mair, however, the extent to which there has been a revival in this country must be registered as part of the general crend throughout the principal capitalistic countries within the last two years. The exact extent to which the New Deal's economic policies have stimulated revival in this country can not be measured accurately. Suffice it to say, that the claims of the Administration are ludicrous. Surely Roosevelt would have a hard time standing up to day for the claims made by his Administration, one and a half years ago, that by April, 1934 there would be "a complete restoration of prosperity," and that the number of families on the relief rolls would be reduced from 3½ million to 400,000. To-day there are approximately 5 million families on the relief rolls.

As a matter of fact, some countries, without resorting to such systematic and energetic artificial stimuli as has the United States, have made as much headway, if not more, within the same period. It is significant that recent months have seen this trend towards revival checked on a world scale. From this reversal of trend, the United States has not been immune; quite the contrary is the case. Reversal of trend, downward, has recently been rather marked in the United States.

A few figures will clearly indicate this. From June to October, 1933, according to the A. F. of L. Executive Council, 2200,000 were re-employed. On the otherhand, from October, 1933 to June, 1934, only 100,000 were reemployed. In June, 1933, 450 went back to work, but in June, 1934, 425,000 were laid off. The Federal Reserve Board Index is about 23 per cent lower than that of a year ago. The summer slump was rather painful, the July decrease in employment and payrolls being the worst for any July since 1919. The Department of Commerce was forced to admit in its survey covering July and part of August that: "Contraction in business activity during July was in excess of the usual seasonal decline, and weekly data available for August indicates a continuation of the sagging tendency."

This accounts for the atmosphere of discouragement now prevailing in business circles, which were flushed with the rosiest optimism about a year ago.

Of course, the real test of the NRA even as an artificial, temporary stimulant is yet to come. The test will really come when the Government discontinues pouring vast sums of money into industry and agriculture, that is, the day when the Government suspends its heavy spending. Judging from what happened when the CWA was dropped, it is safe to say that were the Federal Government to suspend its spending program to-day, immediate conditions would be even worse. Naturally, such policies of subsidies, grants and contributions are no small burden to the Federal Treasury. For instance, Mr. Keynes has estimated that the Government must borrow for spending a minimum of \$400,000,000 a month to keep up revival at a pace that "will ultimately pay off borrowers."

In the long run, it must be emphasized that the effect of the economic policies of the New Deal only multiplies and aggravates the sources of the next crisis. Why?

The Second United States Con-, Browder making a speech in which

gress Against War and Fascism he stooped to outright falsehoods.

with the sole exception of the Daily sentatives from a much larger

form of gushing praise from "lib- utter such falsehoods is not acci-

erals" as to the leadership being dental. The above declaration was

supplied by the Communist Party not made so much to hoodwink the

Sectarianism Still Rules

The Roosevelt Program V.

by Jay Lovestone

More Rationalization — Less Workers Let us first look into the problem of rationalization of industry. The NRA, in some of its codes, has, at least on paper, tried to discourage the introduction of new machinery and limit the rise in productive capacities, as in the textile industry. This effort of the NRA has already given and will continue to give the impression that the aimy of the unemployed is reduced. Even if the NRA were able thru these schemes to reduce the army of the unemployed by 5 or 6 million, the new sources of unemployment, now in the making, will serve to aggravate the situation. For instance, the extension of the "workspreading" schemes to the field of distribution will not check this trend because of the lack of organization amongst the workers in these industries. A genuine shortening of hours is not conceivable without an effective labor organization fighting the enforcement of a shorter work week. It is sad, but true, that no significant trend towards unionism is at present apparent in department,

#### NRA Boosts Trustification

variety, and general merchandising lines.

To-day, no one will dispute that the NRA has enhanced the trend towards monopoly in the United States. Many of the champions of the NRA have sort of looked upon monopoly as synonymous with "planned economy." The high-priests of the New Deal have raved consistently about the virtues of their planning as indicated in the great number of codes adopted. Actually, what we have had is not at all planned economy, which must be social in its basis to be genuine, but only a sort of Codified chaos. The Petroleum Code, for instance, had been considered in the heydays of the New Deal as a model code by the oil magnates. To-day, Mr. W. T. Holliday, of Cleveland, president of the Standard Oil Company of Oh.o, is compelled to tell the annual convention of the National Petroleum Association that the marketing code of the petroleum industry is "Breaking down of its own weight because of lack of enforcement. . . Pro-ration is like attempting flood control by building the dam at the bottom of the valley rather than seeking to control the head waters.'

The Darrow report minced no words in emphasizing the role of the NRA in fostering the monopoly trend. Granting that the anti-trust laws, which were put on the ice by the NRA, did not effectively check the inexorable trend towards monopoly. However, the mere lifting of these provisions served as a source of great encourageof trustification. Thus, Senator Borah, indefatigable champion of the American middle class in the United States, is prepared to put back on the statute books the Sherman anti-trust restraints lifted by the NRA. Over this there will be a serious conflict within the ranks of the employing class, as is evidenced by some of the latest court decisions. Federal Judge Marcus B. Campbell has held that the NRA represents a change in social theory and modifies the principles involved in the anti-trust laws. Said Judge Campbell:

"That theory applied by the Sherman Anti-Trust

Act was that competition would best preserve a free and orderly flow of interstate commerce, while by the Industrial Recovery Act that social theory has been modified by the provision of a system of supervised regulation of trade practices affecting interstate com-

That the poor are worse off despite the promises of minimum wage payments in certain industries, and that the very rich are better off, can be seen from the latest report of the Collector of Internal Revenue. Thus the reports for last March tax payments indicate the foiowing: The taxes paid by persons with incomes of more than \$5,000 leaped from \$88,599,235 last year to \$109,-766,752 this year. This is the trend as of March, 1934, in comparison with the corresponding period of 1933. The concentration of wealth is continuing under the New Deal at an accelerated pace. The general trend of income tax payments to-day is towards a decline in the number small taxable incomes and a substantial increase in the individual taxable incomes of more than \$5,000, and an even bigger increase in corresponding earnings during 1933. This covers the first nine months of the New Deal. With n this time America has witnessed its most rapid concentration of wealth in the hands of the upper middle and uppermost layers of American society.

We must look beneath the income tax figures to see the trend a little more clearly. There are millions who are not getting enough to fall even within the lowest income tax bracket. In the first quarter of this year the statistical wage was supposed to have increased 71/2 per cent. During this period food costs actually increased 16.7 per cent, and clothing and furnishings rose by 27.5 per cent. Contrast with these figures the following: The number of companies reporting deficits in the first half of this year decreased from 46 per cent of the total in 1933 to 24 per cent in 1934. Besides, the Federal Reserve Bank of New York recently declared that in its compilation of net profits for 407 industrial and mercantile corporations, the first six months of this year, indicate that they were five times those of the first half of 1933.

Still the employers, the big property owners, are not satisfied with even this sw.ft tempo of concentration of ownership in the country. Mr. James W. Gerard, former ambassador to Germany, made a fervent plea the other day, for the investors of the country, advising the formation of a national organization for the purpose of assuring protection for security holders. He said in part: "They (American investors) are the target for every political experiment in every state in the Union and Congress. They are not given the slightest consideration at any time. They are treated contemptuously." Pursuing the same plea, Mr. Malcolm C. Rorty, president of the American Management Association, openly proposed to have cartels, trusts, immediately replace the NRA, and not wait for any more steps of regulation.

Said Mr. Rorty: "Such producers who chose to operate independent of the cartels would be required to pay a small tax, and any producer, whether a cartel member or not, would be penalized for cutting prices or for overselling his quota as fixed by the cartel."

Thus Amer.ca has traveled in its trust policies the following road: from feeble persecution to investigation, from investigation to instigation, and from instigation to open subsidization and organization by the Government.

like grip to the edification of the that we must broaden the basis of this movement politically, and that Yes, comrade Hathaway spoke doesn't mean that this movement work of the dual union and its on the necessity of a United Front. lives or dies because of its ability supporters. These elements urge He said, in dealing with the necessory or failure to bring together the sity of bringing about united acpolitical groups."

child, the American League. From its very inception the League was painted a startling scarlet by the C.P., and an iron grip clamped on 70% of the total number of deletion of these fundamental differences. Actually the Second Congress had a much narrower base than nist Party, with the full realization of these fundamental differences. A few individuals from Y.M.C.A.. Socialist location of these fundamental differences and of the property of t the League apparatus, killing at gates represented the Communist ences and of the need of clarify- als, etc., does not mean a wider the League apparatus, killing at conce the possibility of building a mass anti-war organization. Without trade unions, without the majority of working-class political parties, no genuine anti-war movenent is conceivable.

Browder Lies

Brow posed these "double dealers" and

divide and confuse the workers, failed in its attempt to disrupt the meeting. The membership voted to accept the report of the executive committee and of Manager Nelson.

In his report Louis Nelson discussed the attempts of the bosses' Association to break down union conditions in the mills, thru wage ployment of non-union labor and even moving their shops away from New York City. The union took an aggress stand to combat the bosses. Stoppages and mill strikes have been called and in many cases have resulted in winning improved con-

fronted not only the opposition of the bosses but also the disruptive the workers to disregard the union and "take things in their own hands." In the mills these same people fail to follow their own revolutionary advice and are always ready to compromise with the bosses. Nelson effectively ex-

In Face-Saving
The sorry plight of the League in this connection was so glaring that it necessitated Comrade Earl

They came not to deliberate, to the car out of the bag in the crud-unions and political groups, and the end of the utilization of such a movement to eulogize the official Party.

Share of the Anti-rascist rung of th

BOOKS all-even political honor!

THE AMERICAN FARMER AND HE AMERICAN FARMER AND that the hope of "reforming" the hope of "reforming" the hope of "reforming" the Jesness. University of Minne- party was dead as a Communist of the new departure, Trotsky had repair to the new departure, Trotsky had repair to the new departure, Trotsky had repair ago!

needs without a profound and undesirable reorganization of farmand a new International. desirable because there is no em- mg at was to create a pase for the ployment available for the dis- reconstitution of Russian Trotskyin three; of wheat, more than one successful formation and growth acre in five on the basis of the of a new International." Thus average for the period (1920 to 1930) and slightly less than one tional" as the lever for the formaacre in seven as late as 1930, when surpluses were piling up in the United States: of rice, over one acre in five; and of corn, over 14 percent of the acreage if we folk. The ethnologist, Redfield, is in the nature of the case, turn out to be a Second-and-a-Half (Can-

result in the balance of trade.

sumption that the years 1931 and good examples? For the answer 1932 were a nightmare, that read the indignant and outraged presently workers will be employ-ed again and the world come back men and women who are com-lived indeed. authors, basing their arguments the face of this, the good profeson the period 1920-30, pay no sor might be accused of hypocrisy. serious attention to the trend I shall call it ignorance, real or toward smaller exports even in feigned. that period; nor do they heed the The Negro farmer is impover-

farmer. It does not compare the realize that "ignorance" here situation of American farmers means cultural exploitation. The it itself to become the new and rethis book would conclude that he can be. was going to be ruined if he kept the foreign market and unemployed if he lost it. But which is impossible to find any merit in hotter in a given two of farm.

everyone interested in the Negro in slavery and the landlord in 1919!—this is the essence of the question. First, because of the factual material it contains; secondular material it contains material mater

tions and conclusions are for the most part weak and irrelevant. It may be uncharitable, but he must stand sponsor for the introductory of chapter by Dr. Robert E. Park.

The theory of Dr. Robert E. Park.

One simply could not brush aside the world-transforming results of the world-transforming results of the Russian Revolution, that one issued by the Gitlow group attacks in the confusion among the conf The theory of Dr. Park is, that

sota Press.

The thesis of the American Farmer and the Export Market is that we should secure our export challenge the C. P. S. U. for the international had met its August that we should secure our export challenge the C. P. S. U. for the international had met its August that the charged that the communist international had met its August that the charge the course to his usual high-sounding phrases and superficial analogies.

The thesis of the American A new party had to be built in the charged that the Communist International had met its August that the charged that the charg market since we cannot reduce control of the Soviet state. Trans- 4, had "betrayed" the cause of the our agricultural output to domestic lated into German, French and revolution in Germany. Behind ing in the cotton, tobacco, corn and hog and wheat regions—un- clear that what Trotsky was aim- first steps on the road back to placed farmers. A loss of the export market means in the case of cotton "eliminating half the acreage; in that of tobacco, one acre in three of white the control of the case of the control of the case of cotton age; in that of tobacco, one acre in three of white the control of the control of the case of the control of t

capitulation of Rakovsky and other

stalwarts showed how utterly

include in our calculation net ex- of the same opinion. In another ports of pork and lard as well as form, in the slogan of "Self-Detercorn during this period, though mination for the Black Belt," the the percentage was reduced to 9.2 Communist Party has advanced the same theory. However, in the But any measures tending to practical work of approaching the raise prices will also tend to make Negro, they have in all but the it impossible for our products to formal statement, had to abandon this theory. So here, at the very the AAA, if it succeeds in the point at which the theory must program of restricting output and be applied, Dr. Johnson has had raising prices, will only take away to abandon the methods of folk more and more of the export investigation and study the Negro markets. The authors of the book as a specially exploited group of suggest that we keep our exports by lowering tariffs, allowing im-No matter under what heading ports and restoring international the subject is discussed—these 612 ing point of contemporary Centrtrade. The unlikelihood of this happening is shown by the author's Alabama—be it hygene, marital Communism' to 'Real Democracy', own remarks. About 90 percent of relations, education, church, or the total value of farm products is sold in the domestic market; phatically the effect of this social right Centrism whose vulgar charonly ten percent abroad. What are and economic exploitation. Unable acter was hardly hidden by its we to import? Possibly flaxseed to shake off his "scientific" train- supplisticated Marxist phraseology and sugar; but it is admitted that ing, however, the author informs if we imported all of our flaxseed us that the Negro lives in the and sugar very little change would miserable "home" typical of the section because the incentive to enthusiasm for the match and be-The American Farmer and the better housing is lacking in the sides they were themselves not side they were the side that the side

"normal." Consequently, its pelled to live in these hovels. In

hotter in a given type of farm- his understanding of the "tradiing, the frying pan or the fire, he tion of the plantation system" revolutionary movement in the would not discover from these that impedes the progress of the authors. exploited Negro. The plantation RACHEL HINSDALE system's tradition • is responsible for the Negro's bondage today it all is the "new party" in the Soviet Union! SHADOW OF THE PLANTA- but Dr. Johnson has not yet dis-TION by Charles S. Johnson. covered the ecenomic content of University of Chicago Press, the slave system or of the "tradition" that succeeded it Vou cannot ward. Today he is himself trying ward. Today he is himself trying 1934. \$2.50.

This book should be read by leave out the role of the master leave out the role of the master World Communism. Back before

Trotsky's Road to Social Democracy

The Road To

this screen of extremely "revolutionary" indignation at the "Sta-linites," he proceeded to take the Social-democracy, a journey he has just completed! Trotsky was caught in the power

Socialism (the Second Inter-Thus national) and revolutionary Socialism (the Third International) there can be no distinct and stable tendency in working class politics. No matter how utterly to be a Second-and-a-Half (Centrist) International, must therefore, in the long run, be doomed to ultimate absorption in the main body of Social-democracy. These ideas, which Trotsky once expounded so clearly, he may now perience! The first approach to the

"Fourth International" was the venture of a block between the International Left Opposition and the various split-off Centrist selves! parties, groups and grouplets. Trostkyism assumed a new aspect.
It became the ideological gather-

But this stage proved extremely unstable. The Centrist groups curiously enough, showed Export Market is not a very use-ful book. It is written on the as-but why are there not enough good examples. much of a base for a Fourth In ternational. The very weakness of much of a base for a Fourth In organized Centrism internationally made the first stage of Trotskyis degeneration very brief and short

## Trotsky "Unwinds

The next and latest stage has come as a natural outgrowth of the whole Fourth Internationa that period; nor do they heed the fact that in some products American farmers could not capture an enlarged market even at ruinous-ly low prices.

Like most books on agriculture

The Negro farmer is impover-to come as a natural outgrowth of the whole fourth International orientation. The Communist International is dead politically, "consumed by the raging cancer of Stalinist National-Socialism." The converted tendency of the control of t this one is not written for the exploitation, but Johnson should only genuine Communist tendency with that of other farmers pro- chapter on education reveals this constituted Communist movement ducing the same things in the clearly. Alabama, with the lowest world market. There is no analysis per capita expenditure for educaof what standard of living an American corn-hog farmer, for example, can have if he sells in the child as per black. This is extract the course of the last fifteen world market. A farmer reading ploitation as much as anything years of political development, to STACHEL HOLDS THE FOAT boat, consequently when we see turn back on the road that has

condly, becauses it demonstrates that a science of sociology is precisely what the "sociologist" of cotton farms and plantations" the American university does not is not needed to lend universal.

Who knows better than Trotsky that he is but re-enacting an old tragi-comedy? Surely he recalls his animated polemics with the the current issue of "Labor Front" the American university does not is not needed to lend universal old German ultra-lefts who carried validity to the facts already noted. out their own return to Social-Dr. Johnson has adopted a tell- Then the special conditions of ex- democracy under the slogan of a by verbatim interviews he presents apparent in their historic guise; by verbatim interviews he presents apparent in their historic guise; by verbatim interviews he presents apparent in their historic guise; by verbatim interviews he presents apparent in their historic guise; by verbatim interviews he presents apparent in their historic guise; by verbatim interviews he presents apparent in their historic guise; by verbatim interviews he presents apparent in their historic guise; by verbatim interviews he presents apparent in their historic guise; by verbatim interviews he presents apparent in their historic guise; by verbatim interviews he presents apparent in their historic guise; by verbatim interviews he presents apparent in their historic guise; by verbatim interviews he presents apparent in their historic guise; by verbatim interviews he presents apparent in their historic guise; by verbatim interviews he presents apparent in their historic guise; by verbatim interviews he presents apparent in their historic guise; by verbatim interviews he presents apparent in their historic guise; by verbatim interviews he presents apparent in their historic guise; by verbatim interviews he presents apparent in their historic guise; by verbatim interviews he presents apparent in their historic guise; by verbatim interviews he presents apparent in the present apparent in the presents a the case of Negro exploitation in the forces impeding the progress the clearest light. But his assump- of the Negro cannot be hidden, one simply could not brush aside M. C. STEWART cone may disagree with it! Surely Irrespective of the merits of this mittee.

(Continued from Page 4) tion of a Trotskyist party in the lacksliders as to the inevitable consequences of their fatal step in returning to

Trotskyism No Longer

A Communist Tendency But the last act has not yet been played. Once in the Socialrights. The pompous pseudo-Marxist phraseology will avail

the question that, from their proud position in the Social-democratic parties, the Trotskyites will still epithets of "opportunists" and 'Centrists" at the Communist Opposition and the official Communist parties respectively. But no one will take them seriously

As a tendency in the world Communist movement Trotskyism have been an individual instructor is dead, consumed by the raging for each territory containing not cancer of its own false political program and system; Whatever contact it will have with the Communist movement in the future, will be exclusively from the outside. And perhaps it is just as well for all concerned . . . .

## In the next Issue

by Will Herberg

by Jay Lovestone FIVE YEARS OF

WORKERS AGE by A. M.

CENTRALISM by Bertram D. Wolfe

by Jim Cork

by George F. Miles

and other articles in the

NOVEMBER FIRST ISSUE tile strikers with provisions.

The item below is taken from of the constant exploitation. the current issue of "Labor Front" formerly Gitlow's paper but now being published by Fields who controversy, we have no part in it

NOTICE

### The Farmers and the AAA

by Agrarian

As a dirt farmer I wish to give few facts concerning the midwestern farming situation and also urge a closer union between the farmers and the city laborers.

I have neither time, energy nor

ability to explain the A.A.A. to

a person unfamiliar with a farm-

ers exact status but I can truthdemocracy, the Trotskyites will fully say, the only understanding rapidly pass over to the right. necessary is that the already poor Their rabid anti-Bolshevism, disguised as anti-"Stalinism," together with their fanatical anti-with increasing measure. A Soviet bias will alienate the left- wealthy farmer very rarely signward moving elements in the ed up for the plan because he Social-democracy and will drive could withstand the depression up the Trotskyites themselves straight to this point but the poorer farminto the arms of the extreme er is nearly forced to take all the rights. The pompous pseudo-Marxist phraseology will avail them nothing; the inner logic of their political orientation is deciwe were supposed to receive in At any rate, the action of the Trotskyites has a certain hygienic, cleansing effect politically. The recourse has an individual farmer great game of "right and left" is against such violation of the at an end! The "left of the left" pledge—(it really wasn't called a has now merged with the "right of the right." It is not out of the right." It is not out of the right. The answer to my question is obpledge—(it really wasn't called a vious. None whatever. I know of several cases right in my immediate neighborhood and can get continue to hurl their outworn facts on many others in the country (and the number in the state is appalling) where farmers are losing their contracts entirely because they planted too many acres of corn when it was merely a misunderstanding. With the staff of well-paid leeches that were em-

> too many farms. When a farmer wishes for rain does he stop to think that he is not cooperating with the present administration? They have made the statement that the drought was a blessing.

ployed in the A.A.A. there could

Henry Wallace claims that no one will go hungry this winter. "Of course," he says, "Pork chops and T-Bone steaks will not be plentiful but with certain changes of diet there will be plenty of food for all." Let us all use liberal minded reasoning and ask our-17 YEARS OF SOVIET GROWTH selves how every one can have enough to eat this year, when there were thousands of people who went hungry last year. Using Wallace as authority: we had a FIVE YEARS OF C.P.O. WORK surplus of food last year and we still operate under the same method of distribution. With all the destruct on of food and curtailment of production (besides the drought), doesn't it seem barbarous to encourage a simplification of diet. We realize though that pork chops and T-Bones will be obtainable by Wallace and his ilk. Furthermore, they will not be classed as a luxury but a com-DISCIPLINE AND DEMOCRATIC mon necessity for his everyday existence.

The farmers and city laborers have appetites and desires of a very s milar nature so, figuratively speaking, they are in the same slanderous articles in the papers about one or the other let us discount them about 99½ percent. wise, when farmers are in trouble the city workers should be help-ful and understanding. At the present time it would be an ideal point in this drama of strife for the farmers to practice this brotherly act and furnish the tex-

This I feel is a rather feeble plea to the working class to become class conscious but if I could only transcribe my feelings into writing I could make more people feel the impending danger

split from Gitlow over the ques- and are not responsible for the statements of the Gitlow group. In view of the decision of the

latter on August 23, 1934, to join

The sectarian character of the of-

on many occasions, the American the outside world. What unions League Against War and Fascism were represented? Who representfrom its very beginnings was pre- ed them? This trifling matter has destined to be a tragic abortion. not been answered or publicized! ficial Communist Party, inevitably | The Liberal became an organic feature of its child, the American League. From

section. This of course is hardly Knitgoods Workers For whose dual union policy serves to enough for giving a "non-partisan" coloring to the Congress, so once In American League Meet again this coloring, this camouflage, was supplied by our well known liberal friends, Dr. Harry Joint Council of Knitgoods Work-Ward, Roger Baldwin, etc. These ers Union, held on Thursday Ochas come and gone, leaving scarce- Declared this pundit of pap: "We prominent names were in their

ly a dent on the mind of the American workers. To all observers, presentation particularly representation particul The functioning of the Presidi-Worker, the Congress was intent on but one primary function—the glorification of the Communist Party. The "non-partisan" char-party to brazenly and the communist party to brazenly sentatives from a much larger and of the Congress upon which the aforementioned were naturally prominent was unique. The chairman Ward, and the communist party to brazenly to brazenly to brazenly to brazenly the congress was intent number of trade unions, showing that the trade union movement is naturally prominent was unique. The chairman Ward, and the communist party to brazenly to brazenly the congress upon which aforementioned were prominent was unique. The chairman Ward, and especially Roger Baldwin, man-administration forces who had acter was farcically paraded in the the Communist Party to brazenly overed in every conceivable fash- administration forces who had form of cushing project from "like attention to be a series from "like attention to be a series from "like attention to be a series from the series from "like attention to be a series from the series fr ion to prevent discussion of a "controversial" nature which would mar the "peace and harin the fight against War and Fascism. As has been declared by us delegates, who knew who was represented, but as the publicity for What unions of the Congress. Thus the CP held the Presidium in a vice-

party leaders and members.

# Progressive Leadership

The membership meeting of the tober 11, attended by over 2,000 workers, gave overwhelming support and endorsement of the pol icies of the Progressive Administration of the union of which cuts, increased machine load, em

the discredited former

In this work the union has con-

## Workers Age

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### The Roosevelt Peace Plan

T has been sometime since the ruling class of this country has had as crafty a spokesman as Roosevelt in the White House. But is appears to us that the last "fire-side message" of the President marks a point of departure, not only in his tactics, but also in his ability to "put it over" for Wall Street. For some time Wall Street has been getting the jitters because of the uncertainty pervading certain phases of the so-called Recovery Program. Anxious to maintain and to extend its gains, the most powerful group of financial and industrial magnates hastened to launch an offensive against the alleged radicalism of the Roosevelt administration. Se effective was this offensive that the "Brain Trust" was sent reeling, the professors were sent bleeding, Moley was commissioned to wine and dine the big fellows privately, and Roosevelt rushed to assure his masters that he can be counted upon.

The latest message of the President was a message to Wall Street. It was a guarantee that nothing will be done that shouldn't be done-in the eyes of Wall Street. It reminded the financial overlords of the country how much they have gained under the NRA. Yet the very temper and manner of delivery of the message betrayed that the President himself sort of got the jitters and lost that aggressive confidence and buoyant spirit characterizing his first few months of the "New Ordeal."

Insofar as labor is concerned directly, the message has significance in but one respect. We refer to the proposal for a truce between the capitalist and the working man. Roosevelt wants the worker to play ball with him; that is, to stop fighting for better conditions and the right to organize. Roosevelt wants the employer to play ball with him; that is, let the status quo remain. This means, let the wages, which are insufficient, continue; let the workers who are unorganized, remain unorganized; let the company unions which are financed by the employers and blessed by the Code Authorities continue to remain sacrosanct in the eyes of the great umpire, in the eyes of the Chief Executive—Roosevelt. This is the sort of a truce that the lion makes with the lamb when they both get together and stay together.

The Roosevelt administration is, from the point of view of labor, not in a very fortunate, strategic position to-day. Even the most purblind can see clearly that the honeymoon days of the NRA are gone, and if not yet fully forgotten, the memories are increasingly less pleasant. The President himself, the medicine man of Wall Street politics, tho he still has considerable prestige amongst the great mass of the workers, is no longer anywhere nearly as popular as he was a year ago at this time. General Johnson was honorably discharged in order to save this fading nimbus around the capitol dome. The textile workers do not find the Rooseveltian statistics luscious or satiating. The automobile workers now know that Roosevelt, with the help of Green, dealt a smashing blow to their organization efforts some months ago. The steel workers have also learned to lose ever less love on their "friend" in the White House.

Clearly it is necessary for the chief New Dealer to look for a breathing spell; hence the proposal for a truce. However, let no one credit Roosevelt with originality in this piece of thread-bare strategy. Wilson tried it during the war when conditions were much more suitable for the success of such ventures. Even our engineering president, Hoover, tried to work this gag in 1929 when stocks went "the way of all flesh." Roosevelt really understands that the class struggle can not be legislated out of existence even on the installment basis of, let us say, ninety days. It is most encouraging to note that there has been no response to this Roosevelt plea; in fact, the White House itself is not following up this "no strike" plea with any vigor. It did not hit the target because there was no target to hit. In the steel, rubber, automobile, and textile industries, the workers will within a few months answer Roosevelt's plea in unmistakable terms.

Bitter struggles are on the order of the day in these industries. Let us keep one thing in mind. In the White House we have a slick foe and not a steady friend. The length and strength of the picket lines, the size and militancy of the unions, the determination and stick-to-it-iveness of the workers—these will decide the tide of battle. No help can be expected from the White House, the stock exchange, the Senate or House of Representatives, the brain trust, the code authorities and the statistical peddlers of he New Deal. Let the Roosevelt message be a reminder. Let the Roosevelt "no srike" plea be a warning. Big fights are ahead. The preparations must be launched immediately. The efforts to secure victory must

## Trade Union Notes

few words about Paterson. A most difficult situation faces the workers there. Stimulated by the open shop leaders among the Paterson, has called upon Green to the do-nothing policy of the strike in the silk industry. Winant Board, a union busting

T is again necessary to say a are cut on strike and, so serious is manufacturers and encouraged by authorize the calling of a general

Under such circumstances what campaign is under full swing. Not only did the Paterson bosses re- Party supporters? One would exfuse to recognize the agreement, pect that these would be in the which they consider as abrogated by the strike, but they have also maintain the morale of the work-

certainly are but in causing deinoralization, weakening the union, and thus doing yeomen service for tne open shoppers.

Paterson has become a concentration point for all of the party's trade union brain trust. Jay Rubin, Ann Burlak and even the mighty Hathaway have descended upon l'aterson, like vultures, in an enort to pick the bones clean. Under their excellent tutorship union meetings are broken up, fist fights started and the normal unctioning of the union destroyed. This at a time when the greatest solidarity is needed. It is also not unimportant to mention that at the very tail end of this antiunion parade are the handful of discredited Trotskyites and Muste-

It is with such tactics that the Communist Party desires to show the textile workers "how strikes can be won."

N the previous issue we called attention to a new effort of the C.P. to launch a dual union among the miners. Not having seen any violent denials we proceed to another case.

All class conscious workers were stirred by the militant effort of the rank and file workers to take control of the Amalgamated Association of Iron and Tin Work-The militant stand of the delegation while in Washington, and the sharp words addressed to President Roosevelt, indicated a healthy spirit among the member-Now, a sane progressive trade unionist would come to the conclusion that further progress depends on cultivating and developing this movement, but not the C.P. members, afflicted with the scourge known as the "left" madness.

We learn, on excellent authority, that a number of secret conferences have auready been held with the aim of splitting the Amalgamated Association and setting up a new industrial union. Considering the steel industry's bitter hostility to recognition of unionism in general, the present effort to split the workers ranks is sheer idiocy and is against the best interests of the workers. The reactionary leadership must be fought inside the union not assisted by taking the militant workers out of the union. Splits strengthen the burocracy weaken the unions.

VERY brass button in the Labor Department and in the NRA apparatus has been running around with a sheaf of documents telling whomever it may concern that this is not the biggest strike wave we ever had. maybe it isn't but its a pretty good strike wave anyway and its not over by a long shot. speaking of strike waves we must consider one factor which never existed in any previous upheavals in the industrial life of our country. I refer to the direct intervention of the government, thru the NRA or thru Presidential "influence," which has throttled numerous strikes before they even got under way or cut short the duration of strikes by ordering workers back to work pending endless investigations. An examina-tion of some statistics will enus on this figures taken from Monthly Labor Review, United States Department of Labor.)

When we compare the time lost thru labor disputes in 1928 (a year of unparalleled "prosperity") with the same figures for 1933 (the first year of NRA) we are inclined to write down 1933 as a year in which labor showed less strike activity than in 1928, for the figures show 31,556,947 days lost in 1928 as against only 14,818,847 in 1933. But these figures present but a distorted picture, for actually 1933 showed a tremendous increase in the number of workers involved in strikes—812,137 as against only 357,145. The key to this apparent contradiction is the strike breaking role of NRA, which during the first year of its life, cut down the number of days lost per striker from 88.3 in 1928 to 18.2 in 1933.

There are certain indications however of a beginning of realization that NRA has been prolific creased from 13.6 to 16.8. Despite only in the production of Boards the most strenuous efforts of NRA,

## Workers Age to Appear As Weekly on January 1

#### THE NEW WEEKLY WORKERS AGE

The Age will begin its appearance as a weekly on January 1. It will be a four-page, large-sized sheet, containing such new features as a current events column by Jay Lovestone, a book review column by Bert Wolfe, international news by Brandler and Thalheimer, weekly cartoons and drawings made especially for the Age and many other features to be announced. The price will be \$1.50 for a year, 75 cents for a half year.

The prospect of a weekly Age gives increased significance to the drive for one thousand new subscribers by January 1st.

During the drive period only, a free copy of Lenin's "Left-Wing" Communism will be given with each subscription while sub-getters will receive Rivera's "Portrait of America" for twelve subscriptions and a combination of a framed portrait of Lenin and a copy of "Left Wing" Communism for securing six subs.

The quotas assigned for units of the CPO are still in force for the weekly Age Drive. But units and members have a new and added incentive-to "Build the Age for Unity," to build toward an improved, more widely-circulated, weekly Age.

Many units, and individual comrades have brought in Greetings to the Fifth Anniversary issue of the Age. The deadline on these greetings is October 25—see that they get in by then.

### UNITS PLAN MEETINGS TO BUILD FOR COMMUNIST UNITY

The recruiting drive of the CPO to bring 500 new workers into our struggle for Communist unity opened October 15.

A few of the plans made by the units to publicize the practical work and tactics of the group include bi-weekly forums to be organized in the Bronx and Brownsville sections of New York, two open educational meetings in Boston with comrade I. Zimmerman speaking, a series of meetings in Montreal, Chicago and other centers.

The two most popular subjects at the moment are the New Turn in the Comintern and the estimate of the A. F. of L. convention.

The drive opened in New York with a mass-meeting at Stuyvesant Casino with Comrade Lovestone speaking on the New Turn. Several new members were recruited at this meeting with many more signifiying their intention of taking classes at the New Workers School.

### We want 1000 new Subs by 1934

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workers in Washington which told strikes are increasing both in vol-President Roosevelt that NRA to ume and duration. them is the initials for National Run-Around. The first seven months of the current year show 1934 will far exceed that of 1933. indications that this attitude, tho It must be remembered that the not sweeping the country yet, is growing.

The number of workers involved of July 1934 was 690,767 as compared to 293,500 for the same period in 1933, an increase of over 163%. What is even more important, the duration of strikes increased from 4,012,065 man days lost in the first seven months of 1933 to 11,646,930 for the same period in 1934 or an in-

It is to be expected that the strike wave for the full year of figures given above do not include the general textile strike. It is also quite probable that the first in strikes from January to the end reports of the textile boards will set off a new series of textile strikes. Already the silk workers are making demands upon the A. F. of L. for a general silk strike.

Let the cheerio boys in Washington gloat over the fact that it it not the greatest strike wave, as long as union recognition remains a burning issue for American trade unionism, as long as the cost of the economic crisis continues to weigh down the laboring masses, as long as wages continue to lag begun to cut wages and rob the ers, helping to beat back this ofworkers of other hard fought fensive of the workers, but such
gains. Many hundreds of workers is not yet. In the forefront they